ASTP (USA) MISSION MC17/1 Time: 09:47 CDT, 14:47 GMT 7/15/75

KIO (- Control Center. Moscow time 17 hours 55 minutes. The Soyuz spacecraft has been in flight for 2 hours and 35 minutes. The second orbit is now underway. According to the results of the radio trajectory measurements and all the information gathered during the first 2 orbits, the following parameters of the Soyuz spacecraft orbit

have been determined: maximum altitude 221.4 kilometers, minimum altitude 186.3 kilometers, orbital period 88.52 minutes, orbital inclination 51.78 degrees. Present time the ballistics groups is resolving the following problems: preliminary calculations of standard ballistical data is being carried out, which is necessary for the operations of all the other support groups in the center. Standard ballistical information contains information on the beginning of each orbit when the equator is being passed by the spacecraft. Also, the - it is necessary to determine the time of entry in - of spacecraft into shadow and exiting from Earth's shadow - also for the globe indicators of the spacecraft attitude. Ballistical experts group is now completing the preliminary calculations for the correction for the - maneuver at the 4th orbit. The time is

determined of how long the time - how long the spacecraft can remain in that orbit. Also, calculations for signal acquisition by Soviet stations is being calculated. Also, some other calculations are being made in -

at the same time. Data for the orbit and also data for the electronic and additional indicators are being done. The following information is now being given: Moscow time, this shows the central daylight time, number of the orbit, beginning of AOS of Madrid ground station. Time until the next signal acquisition by the ground station is being shown on the

electronic display board - digital display board - as well as - the

board - also the orbital parameters that we have mentioned earlier.

Ballistic -)

ASTP (USA) MISSION MC18/1 Time: 10:00 CDT, 15:00 GMT

7/15/75

KIO (- - display board as well as - the board also shows the orbital parameters that we have mentioned earlier. Ballistic group is also preparing proposals for operations for the further - for the remaining portion of the flight. This is Soviet Moscow - Mission Control

Center.)

LCC This is Apollo Saturn Launch Control. We're T minus 3 hours, 47 minutes and counting. At this time the close-out crew has

reached the pad area, gone up in the elevators, and they are now in the white room preparing to open up the command module. The pad leader is Gunner (?); with him is the backup astronaut, Bob Crippen, who will be entering the spacecraft shortly; NASA Quality Control man, Charlie

(?) nd a Rockwell International command module technician, Don (?) Rockwell International were the manufacturers of the Apollo spacecraft. Meantime back in the Manned Spacecraft Operations Building, the flight crew is preparing to sit down for breakfast; they're scheduled to have the traditional breakfast of steak and eggs, beginning ap-

to have the traditional breakfast of steak and eggs, beginning approximately 5 to 10 minutes from this time. T minus 3 hours, 47 minutes

and counting, this is Kennedy Launch Control.

KIO (This is the Soviet Mission Control Center; Moscow

time: 18 hours, 05 minutes. In one minute the spacecraft will cross the equator and begin the third orbit. The spacecraft at the present time is

over the Atlantic Ocean, over the equator; latitude 31.70 west longitude. According to the program, on the third orbit the test orientation using

the angular rate gyros will be finished. After that, there will be a

communications session with the Madrid tracking station at 18 hours and 14 minutes, and the next communications sessions will e ith - Soviet tracking sessions. After the communication sessions, the cosmonauts, according to their daily schedule, will have dinner. Further on, they will prepare for the first maneuver for orbit formation, which will occur on the fourth orbit. This is Moscow Mission Control Center.)

KIO (This is the Soviet Mission Control Center. In one minute the Soyuz spacecraft will have signal acquisition of the Madrid

tracking station if Eupatoria, Dzhusaly, Kolpashevo and Ulan-Ude ground tracking stations.)

USSR (During seven minutes, we dropped our pressure. Now

the ressure is 08, according to the (garble). There are no comments on that.) CC-M (Soyuz, this is Moscow.)

CC-M (Soyuz, SCDR (Roger.)

CC-M (Did you check the pressure integrity?)

SCDR (Repeat again, please. Did not understand.)

CC-M (Soyuz, this is Moscow. Did you check the pressure intergrity of the pressure vacuum meter? Did you register the pressure with closed valves?)

SCDR (Roger. .)
CC-M (Is it tight?)

USSR (We're still rying o Delta V on the urn - on

he roll.)

CC-M (Soyuz, this is Apollo)sic). At 8 egin communication with he ative group; at 18:18.)

ASTP(USA) MISSION MC18/2 Time: 10:00 CDT, 15:00 GMT 7/15/75

SCDR CC-M (Roger. Affirmative. 18:18.) (Soyuz, --)

ASTP (USA) MC19/1 Time: 0:17 CDT, 5:17 GMT 7/15/75

> MCC-M SCDR

(Soyuz, this is Ilja Liverov(?). How do you read me?)

Rad you very well.)

(Soyuz, n successful achievement MCC-M

of orbit. How do you read me?)

(Soyuz, this is Ilja Liverov(?). How do you read me?) MCC-M

SCDR

(We read you.)

(This is Apollo Saturn Launch Cntrol. We're T LLC minus 3 hours, 0 minutes and olding. This is a planed old period

scheduled for 54 inutes, 36 seconds duration. If all es as planned, we'll be picking up the clock again and moving down to the T inus 15

minute mark, at which time there is another hold and a brief hold also

at the T minus 4 minute mark. 15 minute mark is a 2 minute old and at the 4 nute mark - 4 minute hold. For a 5 minute, 24 second hold at the 4 minute mark. Flight crew now is in having breakfast. They're watching the launch of the Soyuz vehicle. They were not awakened this morning until 10:10, so they missed that as it happened in real time. They're settling down now to steak and eggs, while astronaut Bob Crippen prepares their spacecraft out at the pad. Countdown now in a

planed hold period, T minus 3 hours, 30 minutes and holding. Kennedy Launch Control.

(We'll launch at 450 of ground elapsed time. The KIO wind southwest. Velocity 7 meters per second. Air emperature, 28 degrees centigrade. Cloud -)

How did you read?) SCDR

(We read you well. So we wish you a successful MCC-M continuation of your flight and a happy, a successful meeting with

the Apollo. How did you read?)

(We read you well.) SCDR (How did you read?) MCC-M

(Wait one.) SCDR

(Soyuz, his s Ilja Liverov(?). MCC-M

SCDR (Standing by.)

The pollo, ow, s aving inner and we're -MCC-M they're showing it on television.)

(Soyuz, this is Ilja Liverov(?). We're now nishing MCC-M

p here.)

(Soyuz, this is Ilja Liverov(?). How do you read me? MCC-M Soyuz, his s Ilja Liverov(?). How do you read? Over.) (Soyuz, his s Ilja Liverov(?). How do you read? Over.)

(Soyuz, this is Moscow.) -M

END OF TAPE

MCC-M

```
Time: 10:25 CDT, 15:25 GET
 /15/75
     CC-M
                    (Soyuz, Soyuz. This is Moscow.)
                    (Soyuz, this is Moscow.)
     CC-M
     SFE
                    (Moscow, this is Soyuz 2.)
     CC-M
                    (Soyuz 2, we've been calling you for several
         How do you read?)
minutes.
                    (We didn't have our receiver turned on. We didn't
                         We wanted - we should have turned it on, yes?)
have time to turn it on.
                    (Soyuz, this is Moscow.)
     CC-M
                    (Soyuz 2. We read you well. How do you read,
     CC-M
Moscow?)
                    (We read you normally.)
     USSR
                    (u ave to o t - urn n the ransmitter.)
     CC-M
                    (We were just busy flying, so we didn't have time.)
     USSR
                    (How did the test go?)
     CC-M
                    (Test? We're now monitoring the conditions of the
     USSR
system after the test. At 18:20:52 we gave command to turn off the
          There're no comments on operations, so they're all the systems.
After the maneuver was 13 41 delta V 116.9. Actual time of maneuver
160 seconds.)
     CC-M
                    (Roger. Time of introduction of delta V, 160
 econds calculated.)
    USSR
                    ( )
     CC-M
                    (Understand you. Actual time of maneuver.)
                    (Roger, we're monitoring delta V.)
     USSR
    CC−M
                    (Roger.)
    USSR
                    (Moscow, this is Soyuz. For - how does the picture?)
    CC-M
                    (Is something turned on?)
    CC-M
                    (Roger.)
                    (There's o (?)?)
    USSR
    CC-M
                    (There s (?) There are - we have the lines.)
    USSR
                    (Roger.)
    CC-M
                    (Soyuz, this is Moscow. Go ahead and work with
this n our wn ent.)
    CC-M
                    (Soyuz, this is Moscow. Get ready to receive
form 7 for maneuver number 1.)
    USSR
                    (Wait one second, please. Tell us what page.)
    CC-M
                    (171.)
```

ASTP (USA) MC20/1

1D OF TAPE

```
ASTP(USA) MISSION MC21/1
Time: 10:30 CDT, 15:30 GET
7 15/75
                    (Are you ready?)
     CC-M
     SCDR
                    (Ready.)
                    (Form 7 for maneuver number 1, number 3; yaw angle
     CC-M
180; time, 19:44:00; telemetry, on 2, T program, 20 33 40; Time, (russian)
20:51:40; Delta V values will be given to you on the next orbit.
will be entered at 18:28:30. How did you receive?)
     SCDR
                    (Wait 1.)
     SCDR
                    (This is for turning on the program for maneuvers,
right? On 17.)
     CC-M
                    (Roger.)
     SCDR
                    (Yaw angle, 180; 19:44;00 time; transmitter 2 time,
20:33:40, (Russian). On the engines, Delta V and Alpha Z will - Alpha Z will
be entered later. RPR, 18:28:30.)
                    (Right. You have introduced that, but Delta V and
Alpha Z we have not - we'll give you later. We will transmit this informa-
tion to you on the next orbit.)
     SCDR
                    (Roger, (garble)
                    (You understood number 3 correctly. Further form 2 for
     CC-M
   e correction, 04. On the back-up engine, orbit 002 and 4; time for
switching on, 18:43:47. How did you read?)
                    (122, time of the period 88.50; orbit 002 and 4, time
     SCDR
18:43:48.)
                    (Roger, you got it correctly.)
     CC-M
                    (Next communication sessions - - )
     CC-M
     SCDR
                    (We're ready.)
                    (Over Madrid, 19:47 to 19:54; Moscow, 19:54 to 20:08.
                                                                            How
     CC-M
did you read?)
                    (Over Madrid, 18:49 to 18:54; Moscow, 24 to 20:08.)
```

SCDR

ASTP (USA) MC22/1 Time: 10:35 CDT, 15:35 GMT /15/75

```
(Soyuz, this is Moscow. We have back-up communications
     CC-M
20:27 to 20:35 through Orroral Valley.)
                    (20:27 to 20:35 through Orroral.)
     SCDR
     CC-M
                    (Quite right.)
     CC-MSoyuz, this is Moscow.
                     (Standing by.)
     SCDR
                    Can you dictate to us the data from page 139 which
     CC-M
you had written down.)
                     (Before the test pressure dump.)
     CC-M
     SCDR
                    (Roger.)
     CC-M
                    (This is page 139.)
                    (What's there on 139?)
     CC-M
                    (Temperature 20.)
     ACDR
     SCDR
                     (V2 on the pressure rocket meter.)
     SCDR
                    (745 was the pressure.)
     CC-M
                    (Roger. 745. Thank you.)
                     (On the ground it was 735.9.)
     SCDR
     CC-M
                     (Roger.)
                     (and, before the pressure dump, it was 885 and 15
     SCDR
millimeters - 15 millimeters drop in 7 minutes.)
     CC-M
                     (Roger, Soyuz.
                                     Thank you.)
                    (Soyuz, this is Moscow. 6 minutes before the globe
     CC-M
correction.)
```

End Of Tape

ASTP(USA) MISSION MC23/1 Time: 10:40 CDT, 5:40 MT

7/15/75

KIO (- - 18 hours, 42 minutes. We are now turning the floor over to a member f the third crew- Aleksander Ivanchenkov,

who will us about the esults of aking he test - of making the test of the tion systems hird back-up crew ember. The crew, t 17 hours, 46 began o erform a test f he orientation and uidance

s f Soyuz - he ttitude and motion control ystem. This should show he condition of all systems for automatic nd manual tation of the spacecraft under actual space flight conditions. And hen, on the results of carrying out this test of studying the spacecraft system, it is possible to judge further on on the operating capabilities of the spacecraft and also to judge on the possibilities of carrying out the program. This test is carried out on all space flights and of course, is completely normal, natural type of effort. At 17 - at 17 hours, 46 minutes, we began issuing commands and after that manual orientation of the spacecraft was performed with the Y-axis towards the ground. Oriention was maintained with a yaw angle of 0 - -)

ASTP (USA) MC24/1 Time: 10:49 CDT, 15:49 GMT 5/75

KIO (-- y axis toward the ground. Orientation was maintained with a yaw angle of 1 8 0. After this, the ionic orienta-

tion system was turned on, which should have insured maintaining the attitude of the spacecraft. Excuse, please. The infrared orientation system was turned on, which provided our orbital orientation towards the Earth. After that, the command was issued to turn on ionic orienta-

tion, which turned the spacecraft by 180 degrees and then maintained, automatically, the spacecraft with a yaw angle of 180 degrees for brak-

ing. After this, the program was switched on. This program provides for a very strictly definite sequence of switching on the various systems aboard the spacecraft and, also, provides for automatic spacecraft orientation. It will also carry out automatic program maneuvers. The program proceeded normally. There are no comments at all about the program. All the program maneuvers also proceeded without any comments

on them And at the end of this test, the command was issued to turn off the programs. The flight is proceeding according to program. The flight is nominal. There are no comments to make about the systems, the accoraft, or the condition of the crew. This is the end of the a. This is Moscow Mission Control Center.)

ASTP (USA) MC25/1 The: 10:52 CDT, 15:52 GMT

1, 15/75

This is Apollo Saturn launch control. We're at T LCC minus 3 hours thirty minutes and holding. We're scheduled to come out of this hold approximately 12 minutes after 12. This is a planned hold which could have been used to continue our cryogenic loading had we been running behind however that operation went very well and the hold was not The flight crew is - have had their breakfast. needed for that purpose. They're in the Manned Spacecraft Operations building at this time. They'll be departing the Manned Spacecraft Operations building for the pad at 12:37 p. m. eastern daylight time. At this time, out at the pad, astronaut Bob Crippen, the ackup is nside the spacecraft and he's made a variety of switch checks. Here in the firing room, astronaut Karol Bobko has taken his position at the - what's called the stony console. He is the astronaut communicator here in the firing room. Countdown proceeding well at this time. T minus 3 hours, 30 minutes and hold-

. This is Kennedy Launch Control.

ASTP (USA) MISSION MC26/1 Time: 11:10 CDT, 16:10 GMT 7/15/75

KIO (Moscow time is 19 hours 10 minutes. The Soyuz

spacecraft is - as now been in flight for 3 hours and 50 minutes. At the present time, the spacecraft is g hird orbit of the flight. At this side, it is now coming out of earth's shadow over the

Pacific Ocean. In accordance with the schedule, the cosmonauts are

finishing ir eal. The enu f the pace : n the first ay, all the arious (?) n ubes hich he osmonauts heat in a pecial heater which is located in the orbital module.

LCC This is Apollo Saturn Launch Control. We're at T minus minutes - 33 ours 30 minutes and holding. We're just finishing up that plan hold period scheduled o run from 11:18 o - 12:36. So, we'll be coming out f that d shortly. We o have two ore holds ed or the countdown. There's a ift-ff djustment hold at the T minus 5 minute mark. That's a two inute hold and that hold can vary in time omewhat to ive us the best trajectory to the orbiting Soyuz. Also, there has been planned a 5 minute 24 second weather avoidance old own at the minus 4 mark in the countdown. Now that hold will be used if we have ood eather; owever, f e an see that there is bad weather coming nto the area, e would not bserve that old and we'd

continue counting right on down to an early aunch time. The ountdown proceeded moothly his orning. The oenic uels - iquid oxygen a first and second tage and liquid ydrogen in the second stage were brought aboard starti t:40 .. his morning and hat oenic fueling was inished p about - ttle after 10:30. The Soyuz,

f course, occurred rig n ime t 8:20 r millieconds hereafter, and the light crew here at the Kennedy Space - astronauts Stafford,

Brand, and Slayton - were lerted about 10:30. They proceeded to have the raditional breakfast of teak and eggs. We are getting the alert here in the firing room that the countdown clock is about to start. Mark T minus 3 hours 3 inutes and counting. As we were saying, the crew proceeded to their raditional breakfast of teak and eggs this morning, and that was the first opportunity they had to see a re-un f the Soyuz launch which had taken place earlier. Joining them for breakfast this morning was John Young, Ron Evans, Jack Lousman, and also Dave Bauer the training officer. They are right now in the suit oom the Mnned Sacecraft Oerations Building, ning heir spacesuits and they are scheduled to leave the suit room about 12:37 for the trip out o Pd B. The weatherman continues to be coope, indicating we should ave some cattered clouds in the area but no

n or thunderstorms. We'll be ooking for winds from the southeast to 5 iles per hour. Temperature in the launch area of bout 85 egrees

ours 9 minutes and ounting. This is Kennedy Launch Control.

ASTP (USA) MC27/1

Time: 11:25 CDT, 16:25 GMT

²/15/75

This is Apollo Saturn Launch Control. We're T LCC minus 3 hours, 16 minutes and counting. At this time, we're standing by for the astronaut crew to leave the Manned Spacecraft Operations building, where they'll get into a specially designed vehicle which will carry them out to the pad. The trip out to the pad is approximately one of 20 - 20 minutes, may be a little bit less. However, there are large crowds on the highway today between the Manned Spacecraft Operations building and the pad area. These are crowds of people coming out to watch the launch and that astronaut van will have to go through those crowds, so that could be a little bit longer, 20 to 25 minutes to get out to the pad. Accompanying the astronauts will be the astronauts once they arrive at the command module and assisting them into their couches in the command module. We'll stand by at this time and alert you just as soon as the crew leaves the Manned Spacecraft Operations building. They have essentially completed their suiting and we're expecting them to leave momentarily. This is Kennedy Launch Control.

END OF TAPE

TP (USA) MC28/1 Time: 11:30 CDT, 16:30 GMT 7/15/75

ICC This is Apollo Saturn Launch Control. We're at T minus 3 hours, 10 minutes, and counting. And at this time the crew is coming out the door at the Manned Spacecraft Operations building. Tom Stafford, crew commander leading the way, followed by Vance Brand, and Deke Slayton. All three men in their space suits and carrying

portable oxygen ventilators. Thay are being followed by those suit technicians and their training officer, Dave Ballard. Actually, at this

time they've left the suit room and are getting in the elevator to go down to the first floor of the Manned Spacecraft Operations building. They'll be coming out at the first floor there and entering their specially equipped astronaut van for the 20 minute ride out to pad B. That's about a seven mile drive to pad B. They've been right on their timeline this morning. They were running just a little bit behind here, leaving the suiting room; up to that point they've been right on schedule. Coming out of the Manned Spacecraft Operations building now, there's a fairly large crowd of people there, waving to them and wishing them good luck. Stafford in the lead, waves back, as does Vance Brand. Spaceworkers cheering them as they get into ir van. John Young accompanying them. Van door being closed and ey're on their way out to the pad. T minus 3 hours, 9 minutes and

counting this is Kennedy Launch Control.

ASTP (USA) MC29/1 Time: 11:33 CDT 16:33 GMT 7/15/75

kIO (Which will be a occurring after the maneuver - have already been reported. On the fourth orbit, the Soyuz spacecraft will get in touch with the following tracking stations: the American tracking station Madrid, from 19 hours, 46 minutes to 19 hours, 53 minutes. After that it will be within communication range of the Soviet tracking stations, Tbilisi, Eupatora, Djusaly. After that the tracking station, Orroral Valley in Australia and Quito, Ecuador station in South America. This is Moscow Mission Control.)

END OF TAPE

ASTP (USA) MISSION MC30/1

Time: 11:38 CDT, 16:38 GMT 7/15/75

This is Apollo Saturn Launch Control. We're T minus 3 hours 5 minutes and counting and we're continuing to count toward a 3:50 pm eastern daylight time liftoff. So, we do have two planned built-in holds or planned hold periods between now and launch time. At the T minus 15 minute mark, there's a liftoff adjustment hold of nominally two minutes that can vary somewhat depending on the orbital parameters of the Soyuz but that could be used to give us the best trajectory to the Soyuz. At the T minus 4 minute mark, we will have a hold of 5 minutes 24 seconds duration. That hold was inserted at that time so that if we saw bad weather was on the way; we could launch 5 minutes and 24 seconds early to avoid bad weather. However, that would not give us the best trajectory toward the orbiting Soyuz so we will be hoping that you won't have to use that weather avoidance system and go early. We will be aiming for the 3:50 pm liftoff and at this time the weather appears

to be cooperating and there are no plans to go early. Now T minus 3 minutes - 3 hours 4 minutes and counting. This is Kennedy Launch Control.

```
Time: 11:48 CDT, 16:48 GMT
7/15/75
    MCC-M
                    ( - information on performing of manual orientation
and transfer to the orbital orientation mode.)
                    (Moscow, this is Soyuz. Orientation has been
completed. Yaw 180. We have orientation.
                    (Soyuz this is Moscow, Roger. Globe correction
     MCC-M
performed?)
                    (Yes, globe correction was performed at the specified
     USSR
time.)
                    (Soyuz, this is Moscow. Understand you. Over.)
     MCC-M
     USSR
                    You understood it correctly. Everything is normal.
Everything is within the normal range.)
    MCC-M
                    (Soyuz this is Moscow. Roger. Over.)
                    (Soyuz, (Garble))
     USSR
                    (We have a lot of noise of some - some kind of noise
     USSR
in our comm system.)
                    (Soyuz, this is Moscow. Roger. Over.)
     MCC-M
                    (Moscow, this is Soyuz. Do you have any data for
     USSR
us?)
                    (Soyuz, this is Moscow. So far, no. We're waiting
     MCC-M
for your data and for your reports.)
     USSR
                    (Everything is normal onboard. We're operating - )
                    (Soyuz, this is Moscow. Could you give us an
     MCC-M
estimate of the accuracy of mode maintenance?)
                    (Yes, of course. The accuracy is quite good. Maybe
within 1-1/2 degrees range. Good accuracy.)
                    (Soyuz, this is Moscow.)
     MCC-M
     USSR
                    (Roger. Copy.)
                    (Do you have any other questions for us?)
     USSR
                    (Soyuz, this is Moscow. Not so far. Waiting for
     MCC-M
communication over our ground station.)
                    (We have our noise squelch systems on, but we still
     USSR
have noise.)
```

ASTP (USA) MC31/1

ASTP (USA) MISSION MC32/1 Time: 11:55 CDT, 16:55 GMT 7/15/75

CC-M (Roger. Roger. Get ready to receive the data for

maneuver number 1. Ready? Page 171. Ready?)

LCC This is Apollo Saturn Launch Control. We're at T minus 2 hours; 47 minutes and counting. At this time the astronaut crew has just arrived at pad B at launch complex 39. The astronaut van backing up now to the pad area and the crew has not yet stepped out of the van. They will get into an elevator for a short ride up to the A level of the mobile launch platform, go inside the A level which is just below the deck and get into the high speed elevators there which will take them up to a 320 foot level of the

mobile launcher. There they cross swing arm number 9 and go into the white room area and from the white room area will be inserted into the spacecraft. Spacecraft commander Tom Stafford will be the first one to enter the spacecraft. He'll move into that center couch and be assisted from inside by Bob Crippen, the astronaut backup pilot who is already in the spacecraft. And he will also be assisted by suit technician Frank Hernandez from the front of the spacecraft. Second man to enter will be Deke Slayton and he'll move over to the right

hand side of the spacecraft once he enters. Mean time, Vance Brand will stand by back at the elevator area, the 320-foot level. He can et quite a good view of flora of the Kennedy Space Center from there and if he looks out now he will see some 70 thousand people looking

back up at him from different areas on the Kennedy Space Center. Actually hundreds of thousands of people have arrived in this general area and are lining the streets and beaches to watch this launch.

They've exited their special van now and gone into the elevator and we'll expect them up in the 320 foot level shortly. T minus 2 hours 45 minutes and counting. This is Kennedy Launch Control.

ASTP (USA) MISSION MC33/1 Time: 11:58 CDT, 16:58 GMT 7/15/75

CC-M (-- (Garble) take it off.)

CC-M (Engine burn will be in daylight.)

SCDR (We're monitoring you for 2 minutes approximately.)

CC-M (Soyuz 2, take one other radiogram.)

SFE (Form - without form.)

CC-M (After completing the maneuver, do a spin on the orientation thrusters with an angular rate of 3 degrees per second and

counterclock - -)

LCC This is apollo Saturn Launch Control. T minus 2

hours, 44 minutes and counting. At this time the two astronauts, Donald

K. Slayton and General Tom Stafford, have crossed swing arm number 9

and they're in the white rom now standing by to get ready to enter the spacecraft Vance Brand remaining with the suit technician back at the 320 foot level just outside the elevator. Remaining with Brand is suit technician Al Rockford. Frank Fernandez, the other suit technician,

is over in the white room area joining Gunner Wendt and the other members of the close-out crew who will assist the crew in getting into the space-craft and then they'll do a babin purge and leak check with the space-craft after they've got the astronauts in there and have closed the hatch. Everything continuing to move along smoothly at this time; T

minus 2 hours, \$3 minutes and counting. This is Kennedy Launch Control. END OF TAPE

ASTP (USA) MISSION MC34/1 Time: 12:02 CDT. 17:02 GMT '15/75

LCC Apollo Saturn Launch Control. We're T minus 2 hours, 40 minutes and counting. At this time, astronaut Tom Stafford is in the spacecraft. He's hooked up his communications. His first

communication was to Skip Shovin, the test conductor, back at the Manned

Spacecraft Operations building and he said to Skip, "Looks like it's a good day to fly". Skip agreed with that and they continued on with their work inside the spacecraft. They've connected the oxygen and they'll remove the portable oxygen ventilator which Stafford has been

using to breath until he got hooked up to the spacecraft oxygen. At this time, Vance Brand's standing outside the hatch and is about to go in, or Deke Slayton rather is standing outside the hatch about to go inside. They have some protective boot covers over their shoes. They removed those, once they get inside, they also remove a protective covering that's over their helmet. This is a plastic type of covering that's removed and then brought outside the spacecraft. The countdown continuing to go well. The crew now standing by back at the 320-foot level by the elevator, consisting of Vance Brand and a suit technician and they'll be coming in - be the last ones in. T minus 2 hours, 39 minutes and counting this is Kennedy Launch Control.

ASTP (USA) MC35/1 Time: 12:05 CDT, 17:05 GMT 15/75

CC-M (- knowing the entire list of data which is on

page 174 and 175 - pressure, the time, et cetera.)

SCDR (Okay.)

CC-M (And also, in accordance to the program on page

150. So yes, there will be some data there.)

CC-M (Soyuz, this is Moscow. Now the session is coming to an end. Have a good flight. And, until we see you at the - hear you at the next communications station -

SCDR (Thank you, Moscow. This is Soyuz. We are anxiously awaiting the data on the operation of the - .)

KIO (This is Soviet Mission Control Center. The communications session with the Soyuz spacecraft has come to an end with the Soviet Mission Control Center. During the last communications session the Soyuz spacecraft was in the range of the following stations:

American tracking station in Madrid, the Soviet stations - tracking ations - Eupatoria, Tbilisi, and Djusaly.)

ASTP (USA) MC36/1

Time: 12:08 CDT, 17:08 GMT

7/15/75

LCC This is Apollo Saturn Launch Control. We're at T minus 2 hours, 34 minutes and counting, and at this time Vance Brand coming across swing arm number 9 and he'll be the final one of the three crewmenbers to enter the spacecraft; he'll enter into his center couch. This morning the crew received a message from President Ford and I'll

read that message to you now. It's to the Soyuz and Apollo crews: "In

space. Although others have gone before you, you will be blazing a new trail of international space cooperation. Never before have representatives of two countries lived and worked together in space. It's an historic occasion. I know you are proud to be playing such an important part in it. As you make your final preparations for launching, I cannot

help but think how far we have gone in space in such a short period of time. Less than two decades ago, Yuri Gagarin and then John Glenn orbited the Earth, realizing the dreams of Tchaskovki, Goddard and others who believed firmly that men could fly in space. Six years ago next Sunday, Apollo 11 brought the first men to the moon; this mission was followed

y the Soviet automatic vehicle, Lunakod. Both brought back samples of the moon surface, as a result of which our knowledge of Earth's closest

neighbor has been expanded considerably. Your flight represents another stage in man's effort to further his understanding of his environment. It has already demonstrated something else; that the United States and

the Soviet Union can cooperate in such an important endeavor. Since the scientists and specialists of both countries have worked diligently and productively and in a spirit of cooperation to bring us to where we are today. I am heartened by the example of dedication and cooperation you have displayed. I am confident your efforts and example will lead to further cooperation between our two countries. The peoples of the world

will be followed - following your flight; an epic joint mission, with interest and enthusiasm. On behalf of the American people, I comment

you for your courage and vision and wish you God speed and good luck."
And that is from President Ford to the three astronauts. At this time,
Vance Brand standing by outside the hatch ready to enter the spacecraft.
T minus 2 hours, 32 minutes and counting. This is Kennedy Launch Control.

LCC This is Apollo Saturn Launch Control. We're 1 minus 2 hours 27 minutes and counting. Vance Brand now being strapped into the spacecraft and as these men get in, there are certain switches which could be bumped and which would not - this would not be detected in the control center back at the Manned Spacecraft Operations BBiulding; there's a special spacecraft control center there. Some switches would cause a noticable change in configuration and this would be picked up in the control centers. But there are those that wouldn't be noticed. They're running a switch check now with the pilots to ensure that those switches are in the proper configuration. We'll stand by and see if we can pick up any of the conversation with the three astronauts. The protective covers over the helmets at this time being removed from the men - handed from inside the spacecraft where the suit technician is working in the

front end of the spacecraft, and being handed out to the closeout team in the white room. Not much chatter now between the pilots and the control center. They did their switch checks and ran a COMM check when they first got in. We'll stand by and see if they - they'll be running some more checks here shortly. We'll stand by for those.

SPKR Okay. Everybody happy with (garble) helmets at this

time?

Yes, okay.

SPKR

Okay. High 0z flow?

CMP

We've got a high Oz flow.

PAO

Gunther Wendt coming on there for just a minute

asking Vance Brand how he was doing. Gunther Wendt's the pad leader - leader of that close-out crew.

λCDE

(Garble) my seat belt a little more. It's gotten

loose.

PAO And that is Tom Stafford.

SPKR Say it again. I couldn't hear you.

ACDR Yeah, ask Frank to tighten my seat belt.

PAO He's having a little problem with his seat belt.

ACDR Have Frank tighten up my seat belt. I've loosened up quite a bit since I've been in here.

SPKR Okay. We'll tighten it up.

PAO Tom Stafford in referring to Frank Hernandez when he asked Frank to tighten his suite belt a little bit.

ACDR I'll tell you when (garble). There you go - good.

ACDR (Garble) That's good

SPKR Good enough, Tom?

ACDR That's good. Now I feel good.

PAO We have live television from inside the spacecraft

for the first time.

ACDR Go ahead.

SPKR Okay. We have completed sequence 13 4 53(?).

ACDR I understand.

SPKR Right, and (garble).

ASTP (USA) MISSION MC37/2

Time: 12:14 CDT, 17:14 GMT

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And that's Gunther Wendt. PAO Okay. You got a go on that. Gunther, I don't ADCR want any talk on the net while you're doing that. SPKR Yea, but go on (garble). Stand by. ACDR SPKR Okay. Standing by. Okay. QZ on 459? On Van's panel 2 give me a suit SPKR compressor delta P. SPKR Roger. Suit compressor - panel - suit compressor delta P is up to .9. SPKR EZ. .75. SPKR Spacecraft test conductor Skip Chauvin talking to PAO Charlie Heffamozer(?) - I'm going to be running a voice check. SPKR Affirmative. I copy. SPKR All right. Back to 456 (garble). Can you verify SPKR acceptable data? USA (Garble) SPKR All right, I understand. All right, time flight? Go ahead. CMP I (garble) put Chet on the net until flight SPKR finishes with the voice checks. Sorry, but you've got to go. Okay. We'll qo. CMP Chauvin referring to Flight is Houston Flight PAO Mission Control Center in Houston. Roger. We read the Apollo loud and clear. Good SPKR morning. ACDR Roger. I read you about 4 by, Dick, (garble). DMP Hi, Deke. I read you loud and clear. How are SPKR you flights? DMP SEC flight voice checks are go. Alrighty. Vance, how is your VM and VHF levels? SPKR Yeah, they sound fine, Skip. CMP SPKR Okay. Crip, would you go to panle 10 and give me the FMS band and VHF thumbwheel (garble) please? Okay. S band is sitting at 6--SPKR Crip is Bob Crippen, backup astronaut in the PAO spacecraft. SPKR - VHF AM is sitting at 7. I understand. Six and seven. SPKR Power 2 flow. SPKR I understand. SPKR Countdown proceeding now. Billows of - clouds of liquid oxygen as it boils off can be seen coming from the vehicle. Will continue to top off the liquid oxygen down through the countdown till the final minutes of the count. Everything continuing well. T minus 2 hours 20 minutes and counting. This Kennedy Launch Control.

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ASTP (USA) MC38/1
Time: 12:22 CDT, 17:22 GMT
7/15/75
                    (Garble.)
     USA
                    Hey, don't let him kid you. He's been sleeping
     SPKR
in that spacecraft.
                    Right.
     USA
                    Okay. What are you reading (garble)?
     USA
                    Okay. On 6 (garble) 460 we are reading 99 percent
     SPKR
at 17:22.
                    All right. Understand. And looks like the suit
     SPKR
(garble) is coming up.
                    The suit tech has been out of the spacecraft.
     SPKR
                    All righty.
     SPKR
                    Okay. Now sequence 13,4 - 455, I've got 1.07.
     SPKR
                          Thank you, (garble).
     SPKR
                    455.
                    Roger. Readings in 462, 02 flow .72, suit temp 69,
     SPKR
02 partial pressure .3.
                    All right, Walt. You happy?
     SPKR
                    Roger, I'm happy.
     SPKR
                    All right looks like that (garble) cabin is coming up
     SPKR
super. Okay, Crip.
                    Panel 10.
                    Go ahead.
     SPKR
                    Alright. I want the VHF, FM pad comm off.
     SPKR
                    VHF, pad comm is off.
     SPKR
                    Alright, Crip, you want to grab your little favo-
     SPKR
rite little VTR cover and see if you can snake it out?
                    Okay. We'll do it. You guys have a smooth flight;
     SPKR
wake you up in the morning.
                    Thanks, Crip, for all the good work. We appreciate it.
     USA
                    Sure do, crip.
     USA
                    Okey-doke.
     SPKR
                    Okay. Vance, I've got a few switches for you to check.
     SPKR
     CMP
                    Okay.
                    On Panel 2 abort systems propellant switch, DUMP AUTO.
     SPKR
                    Verify. DUMP AUTO.
     CMP
     SPKR
                    Caution 1A, acknowledge.
                    Acknowledge.
     CMP
     SPKR
                    Mission timer running?
                    Verify.
     CMP
                    All right on Panel 2. I want you to take your suit
     SPKR
circuit water accum auto switch to position 1.
     CMP
                    One.
     SPKR
                    All right. Thank you.
     CMP
                    Roger
     SPKR
                    All right.
                                Thank you.
                    - we have removed the cover and the (garble) has left
     SPKR
the spacecraft.
     MCC-H
                    Understand? All right the protective cover is
removed, sequence 502B?
     SPKR
                    Not yet. Stand by.
                    All right. Oh the VTR cover is out.
     SPKR
                    Roger, (garble).
     SPKR
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(Garble) protective cover from the hatch counterbalanced?

SPKR SPKR

It was.

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7/15/75
                    (garble) in 502 has been completed. We have
     SPKR
removed the protective cover.
                    22 Sugar.
     SPKR
                    That'a boy.
    SPKR
                    (garble) close the hatch.
    SPKR
                           Will do.
                    Roger.
    SPKR
                           (garble) ready for closing the hatch?
    SPKR
                    Okay.
                    (Garble.)
    ACDR
                    Deke, you
     SPKR
                    (Garble.)
    DMP
                    Okay, press and hold the lock spin reset button.
     SPKR
                           And Dennis?
                    Okay.
    ACDR
     SPKR
                    Yeah?
                    Okay.
                           You latch the B2 and (garble) locked
     SPKR
indicator light and (garble) in the box here (garble). Now set the
gear box selector and the actuator handle selector to the unlatched
position.
                    Gear box is unlatched.
                                            And the handle is unlatched.
    ACDR
                    Now set the BPC hatch release selector out to BPC
     SPKR
jet.
                    Release, (garble) BPC jet.
     ACDR
                    And can you verify that the gauge pressure of the
     SPKR
counterbalance (?) is indicating in the green.
                    Yessir. She's in the green.
     ACDR
                    STC, pad leader. The hatch has been closed.
     SPKR
                    I understand. All right, pad leader, I need a
stamp on the purge setup.
                           Standby just a --
     SPKR
                    Okay.
     SPKR
                    Okay, that's 13 times 10, 22 sugars.
                    Okay, (garble) thank you. All right ECS.
     SPKR
                    Roger.
     SPKR
                    Okay.
                           You go your people, and MNQC will need
somebody on panel 227.
     SPKR
                            There they are.
                    Roger.
                    And Tom, will you take the cabin release right
     SPKR
hand valve to dump, please?
                           Cabin release right hand valve is in DUMP.
    ACDR
                    Roger.
                    All right, thank you.
     SPKR
                    All right, MNQC, back to page 111.
     SPKR
                    I 463 is verified, GIL 464.
     SPKR
                    GMR verifies.
     SPKR
                    Understand.
                                All right on panel 3 I want the UP
     SPKR
TELEMETRY command switched to normal.
                    (Garble.)
    MS
     SPKR
                    All fight, I had some cross talk. Did you get it
to normal?
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Yeah, it's normal.

ASTP'(USA) MC38/2

USA

Time:

12:22 CDT, 17:22 GMT

ÀSTP (USA) MC38/3 Time: 12:22 CDT, 17:22 GMT 7/15/75

SPKR All right, who was calling? Okay, I still (garble) 13504. 22 sugars. ACDR (garble) too slow. (Garble.) cumulatives. SPKR Roger. I got it. USA Okay, (garble) we got that on the hatch closure. SPKR . Roger. USA Thank you. SPKR Okay. Flight, execute Ace G&N uplink disable. SPKR Flight, Roger. USA Stand by for an ACE G&N disable on my mark. SPKR 3, 2, 1, Mark. Okay, G&R instead of VERB 34. SPKER And I'll verify we did not get the display. USA All right, flight. Data rate high. SPKR Transmitting data rate high. 3, 2, 1 mark. USA C&D verify. SPKR MTSC verifies. SPKR I'll verify no change in data rate. SPKR All right, thank you Bill. All right on panel 2. SPKR The UP TELEMETRY command module, switch to block. Block. CMP All right SCR 472. SPKR 472 verify. SPKR All right on panel 8. Tom, can you twist around SPKR there?

ACDR Yeah.

SPKR I want your EDS 1 BATT/A, 2 BATT C and 3 BATT B circuit breakers closed.

ACDR (Garble.) Can't verify. Hang on just a minute. (Garble) verified closed.