15475 Porphyritic Pigeonite Basalt 406.8 grams



Figure 1: Photo of 15475. NASA S71-46626. Sample is 5 cm across.

Introduction

15475 was collected from the rim of Dune Crater – along with 15476, 15485, 15495 and 15499 (Swann et al. 1971). It is a porphyritic pigeonite basalt with beautiful texture (figures 2, 3 and 11). The vuggy nature of the sample is illustrated in figures 1 and 10.

15475 has been found to be about 3.4 b.y. old and has been exposed to cosmic rays for about 500 m.y. It has micrometeorite craters on some surfaces and its lunar orientation is known from surface photography.

Petrography

McGee et al. (1977), Takeda et al. (1975), Ryder (1985) and Schnare et al. (2008) described 15475. It is a coarse-grained porphyritic basalt dominated by large subhedral pyroxene crystals (up to 1.5 cm) set in a subophitic matrix of anhedral pyroxene and plagioclase (figure 2). Pore space is vuggy, rather than vesicular. Interstitial phases include pyroxferroite, chromiteulvospinel, cristobalite, ilmenite, K-rich glass, tranquillityite, whitlockite and rare blebs of troilite.

Lofgren et al. (1975) and Grove and Walker (1977) performed nucleation and cooling rate experiments on basaltic melts made from synthetic mixtures that approximated Apollo 15 basalt. Takeda et al. (1975) used augite exsolution in pigeonite to determine that 15475 was one of the slowest cooling basalts fro Apollo 15. Taylor et al. (1973) used the partioning of Zr between ilmenite and ulvospinel to determine cooling rate.

Mineralogy

Olivine: none

Pyroxene: The large clinopyroxene crystals in 15475 are chemically zoned towards Fe-enrichment. Brown et al. (1972), Takeda et al. (1975) and McGee et al. (1977) reported the composition (figure 4).

Mineral	logical	Mode	of	15475
IVIIIUI ai	luzicai	TITUUL	UI.	101/0

Mineralogical Mode of 19475										
_	Sample Catalog	Rhodes and	McGee et	Schnare et						
Olivina	Dutiel 19/1	HUDDaru 1975	al. 1975	al. 2000						
Unvine				0.0						
Pyroxene	75	64	64	59.7						
Plagioclase	20	24	24	30.2						
Opaque	4	2.9	2.5	2.1						
Silica	0.5	0.6	2.6	3.6						
Mesostasis		1.7	2	7.4						



Figure 2a: Photomicrograph of 15475,13 by C Meyer @ 30 x.

see also figures 11 a,b

Plagioclase: McGee et al. (1977) and Schnare et al. (2008) give the composition of plagioclase as $An_{84.93}$.

Tranquillityite: Brown et al. (1972) reported finding 12 grains of tranquillityite (table 2) within interstitial cristobalite crystals in 15475.

Whitlockite: Brown et al. (1972) determined the chemical composition of whitlockite in 15475 by electron microprobe.

Spinel: 15475 contains opaques with chromite cores zoned to Cr-ulvospinel (El Goresy et al. 1976).

Chemistry

Mason et al. (1972), Chappell and Green (1973), Rhodes and Hubbard (1973), and Wanke et al. (1975) determined the major element composition, while Wanke et al., Gros et al. (1976), Wolf et al. (1979) and Hughes and Schmidt (1985) reported trace elements (table 1). The composition is that of a typical pigeonite basalt (figures 5 and 6).

Schnare et al. (2008) determined the composition of mineral separates, but they probably aren't pure.

Radiogenic age dating

In an abstract, Snyder et al. (1997) reported Rb/Sr and Sm/Nd internal mineral isochrons for 15475 (figures 7 and 8). Lee et al. (1997, 2000 and 2002) and Kleine et al. (2005) studied the Hf-W and W isotope systematics of 15475, while Compston et al. (1972) and Nyquist et al. (1973) reported the isotopic composition of Sr.

Cosmogenic isotopes and exposure ages

Eldridge et al. (1972) and O'Kelley et al. (1972) determined the cosmic ray induced activity of $^{22}Na = 32 \text{ dpm/kg.}$, $^{26}Al = 40 \text{ dpm/kg.}$, $^{46}Sc = 3 \text{ dpm/kg.}$, $^{54}Mn = 23 \text{ dpm/kg.}$ and $^{56}Co = 11 \text{ dpm/kg.}$ for 15475.



Figure 2b: Photomicrograph of 15475,13 by C Meyer (a) 30 x (crossed polarizer).

Pepin et al. (1974) and Drozd et al. (1974) determined a cosmic ray exposure age of 473 ± 20 m.y. by ⁸¹Kr method.

Other Studies

Bhandari et al. (1973) studied solar and cosmic ray tracks as function of depth.

Processing

A slab was cut through the middle of 15475 (figures 9 and 10). There are 19 thin sections. One end piece is on public display at the American Museum of Natural History in New York.







Figure 3: Thin section photomicrograph of 15475,11. NASA S71-52216. Scale unknown, but about 4 mm.



Figure 5: Chemical composition of 15475 compared with that of other lunar basalts.

Table 2: Composition of tranquillityite in 15475.

	Brown et al. 1972
0.00	
SI02	14.4
TiO2	21.8
AI2O3	1.4
FeO	43.5
MnO	0.3
MgO	0.6
CaO	1.4
ZrO2	14

1000 1000 sample/ chondrite 10 15555 ref. 1 1 La Ce Pr Nd Sm Eu Gd Tb Dy Ho Er Tm Yb Lu

Figure 6: Normalized rare-earth-element diagram for 15475 (data from Wanke et al. 1975); 15555 for comparison.



Figure 7: Rb/Sr isochron for 15475 (from Snyder et al. 1997).



Figure 8: Sm/Nd isochron for 15475 (from Snyder et al. 1997).

Summary of Age Data for 15475									
	Rb/Sr	Sm/Nd							
Snyder et al. (1997)	3.43 ± 0.15 b.y.	3.37 ± 0.05							
These are reported with the new decay constants.									

reference weight SiO2 % TiO2 Al2O3 FeO MnO MgO CaO Na2O K2O P2O5 S % sum	Rhodes73		3 Wiesmann Hubbard73		nn75 73		Gros76 Wolf 79		O'Kelley72		Mason 72		75	Chappell73	
	47.82 1.96 9.52 19.95 0.29 8.28 10.65 0.24 0.04 0.07 0.07	(c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)	1.65 8.29 0.32 0.042	1.9 0.3 0.05	(b) (b) (b)			0.051	(a)	48.32 1.57 9.23 20.17 0.31 9.54 10.33 0.27 0.05 0.05	(e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e)	48.99 1.75 9.77 19.8 0.25 8.4 10.76 0.3 0.05 0.05 0.06	(d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d)	48.32 1.77 9.59 19.83 0.3 8.72 10.77 0.31 0.05 0.06 0.04	(c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)
Sc ppm										100	(5)	47.7	(d)		
v Cr Co Ni	9	(c)		3092	(b)	35	(d)			4500 56 50	(f) (f) (f) (f) (f)	3630 44.6	(d) (d)	4174	(c)
Zn						1.1	(d)			0	(1)				
Ga Ge ppb						5.2	(d)			3	(f)			2.9	(c)
As Se Rb Sr	1.2 117	(c) (c)	0.696 111	0.514 110	(b) (b)	92 0.89	(d) (d)			<5 96	(f) (f)			0.58 106.8	(c) (c)
r Zr Nb Mo Ru	29 89 5.9	(c) (c) (c)	84	107	(b)					65	(f) (f)			22 75 6	(c) (c) (c)
Rh Pd ppb Ag ppb Cd ppb In ppb						<0.4 0.72 2 0.46	(d) (d) (d) (d)								
Sh ppb Sb ppb Te ppb Cs ppm						0.34 2.5 0.037	(d) (d) (d)								
Ba La Ce Pr			45.2 4.01 13.1	61.2 5.76 15.5	(b) (b) (b)					47	(f)	59 5.47 15	(d) (d) (d)		
Nd Sm Eu			8.87 2.93 0.481	11.5 3.66 0.96	(b) (b) (b)							11 3.45 0.92	(d) (d) (d)		
Tb Dv			4.59	5.45	(b)							0.79 4.72	(d) (d)		
Ho			27		(b)								(-)		
Tm			2.1		(0)							o 45	(1)		
YD Lu Hf Ta			2.35 0.35 2.7	3	(b) (b) (b)							2.45 0.38 2.37 0.34	(d) (d) (d) (d)		
vv ppb Re ppb Os ppb Ir ppb						0.003 0.01 0.015	(d) (d) (d)								
Au ppb						0.009	(d)					7	(d)		
Th ppm U ppm			0.11	0.15	(b)	0.135	(d)	0.4 0.12	(a) (a)						

Table 1. Chemical composition of 15475.

technique: (a) radiation counting, (b) IDNS, (c) XRF, (d) RNAA, (e) wet chem., (f) OES





Figure 9: Cutting plan for 15475. NASA S72-33024. Edge of cube is 1 inch.



Figure 10: Subdivision of slab (,133) cut from 15475. NASA S75-27005. Cube is 1 cm.

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Figure 11a: Photomicrograph of thin section 15475,150 by C Meyer (a) 20x.

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Figure 11b: Photomicrograph of thin section 15475,150 by C Meyer (a) 20x (crossed polarizer).

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