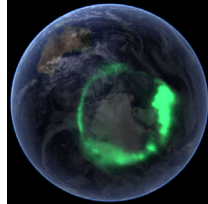
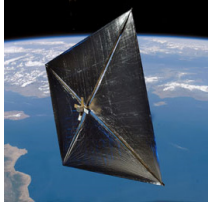




Marshall Space Flight Center

# MSFC's High Intensity Solar Environment Test (HISET) System

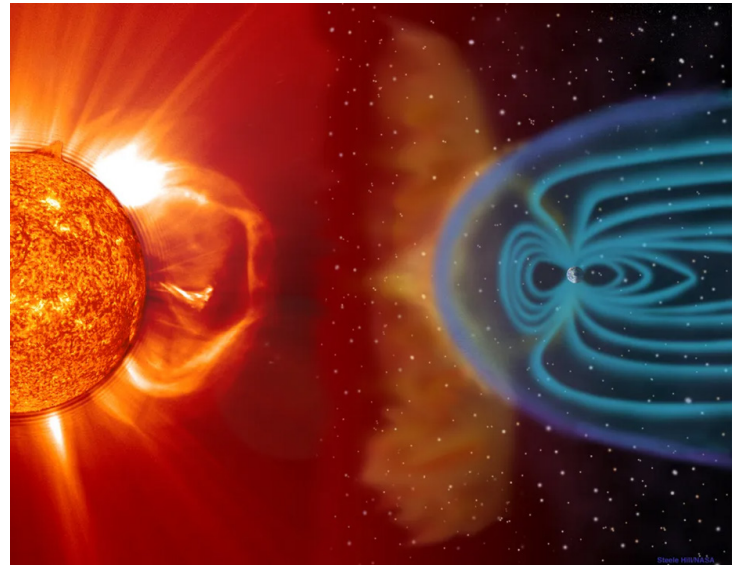


The Sun impacts all objects in our solar system, including spacecraft. When a space vehicle is exposed to the full brunt of the solar environment outside Earth's atmosphere, high energy photon radiation and charged particles (the solar wind) can overheat a vehicle, eat away at its insulation and metallic skin, interfere with experiments, blur and blemish optics and windows, and damage electric circuitry that controls power, navigation, and life-support systems.

The effects of the solar environment vary greatly with distance from the Sun. Spacecraft scattered across the solar system, whether orbiting Earth or journeying to the outer planets or approaching the Sun itself, experience dramatically varying conditions. Whatever the destination, spacecraft and crews must have robust, reliable protection from the threats the Sun poses, with the best materials available for spacecraft and heat shields, instrumentation, and spacesuits.

While some laboratories can simulate solar radiation environments or bombard samples with electrons and protons, only one site in the world combines the solar photon and solar wind environments in the sample plane: the High Intensity Solar Environment Test (HISET) system at NASA's Marshall Space Flight Center. HISET delivers the full solar spectrum of light and

a range of charged particle radiation and thermal conditions under vacuum, creating high-fidelity simulations of diverse combined solar environments, ranging from those inside the solar corona to those beyond the orbit of Jupiter.



**The solar wind interacts with Earth's magnetic field, impacting our planet and spacecraft.**



**High Intensity Solar Environment Test System (HISET), a truly customizable platform.**

## HISET Capabilities

A large-diameter vacuum system with a cryogenic shroud holds the sample. A high-intensity solar simulator focuses three high-power xenon arc lamps on the sample, and particle radiation is provided by a steerable proton source and multiple electron sources. A Helmholtz coil array surrounding the vacuum chamber reduces the effect of Earth's magnetic field, allowing particle beams of a wide range of energies to be aimed precisely and moved around a sample. The sample can be positioned in three axes inside the chamber. Researchers can modify and combine all HISET systems to meet the most demanding customer requirements. HISET can be configured to focus on one component of the solar environment or to capture synergistic effects associated with combinations of environments. In addition, HISET can also be converted between space and terrestrial applications.

## HISET Systems

### Solar Wind Particles

Electrons:

- 3 beam sources (electron flood guns or collimated beams)
- Flux range: 10 pA/cm<sup>2</sup> – 10 nA/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Energy range: 50 eV – 100 keV

Protons/Ions:

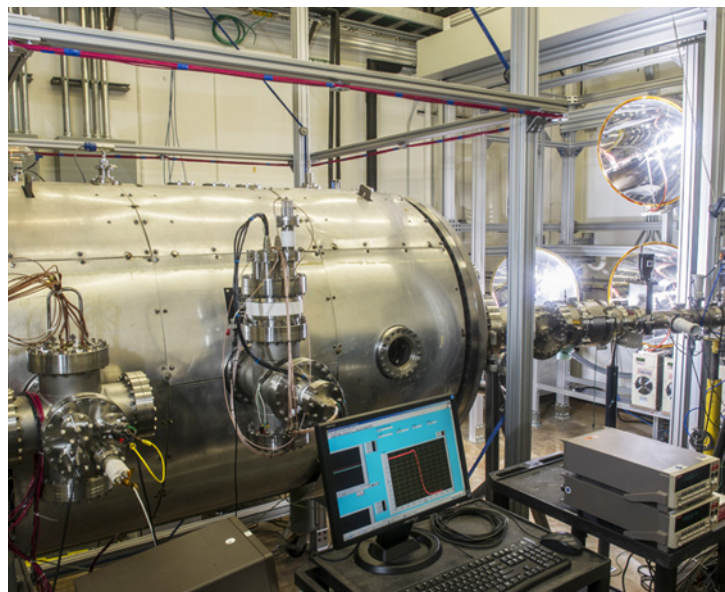
- Source with focus and steering control
- Flux range: 10 pA/cm<sup>2</sup> – 5 nA/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Energy range: 200 eV – 10 keV

### Solar Photon Radiation

- Solar simulator: 6.5-kW xenon arc lamps (3) with ellipsoidal reflectors to focus beams
- Intensity: greater than 500 kW/m<sup>2</sup>
- Adjustable beam spot size: 10-cm to 50-cm diameter
- Radiative heating: greater than 1,000 °C

### High Vacuum System

- 1.2-m diameter
- Pressure: less than or equal to 10<sup>-7</sup> torr
- Diagnostics



HISET

- Spectral radiometer
- High-temperature thermocouples
- Femto-amp current detectors
- High-intensity light power meters

### Operation

- Remote for high-radiation testing (ultraviolet and X-ray)

## HISET Applications

- High-temperature materials testing for both space and terrestrial applications
- Concentrator solar array systems testing
- Solar sail force measurements
- Materials research through calibration and qualification of science instruments to a relevant space environment (supports Technology Readiness Levels 1 through 6)
- Radiator and thermal management system testing
- Science instrument development

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Marshall Space Flight Center  
Huntsville, AL 35812  
[www.nasa.gov/center/marshall](http://www.nasa.gov/center/marshall)

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