

# Technology Gaps Definition and Prioritization

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### NASA Architecture-Driven Technology Gaps (Why and What)

National Aeronautics and Space Administration



**Objectives and** 

Goals

How does NASA define a technology gap? From the Architecture

Decomposing from Agency Objectives



• Demand signal used globally to **inform technology investments** that align to NASA's Moon to Mars Architecture

**Characteristics** 

and Needs

- Derived from needed capability in the architecture but **solution-agnostic**
- Included in Shortfalls list, providing technology pull from the architecture for Moon to Mars missions
- Updated annually as architecture evolves and technology development close gaps

Use Cases and

**Functions** 

Decisions

## NASA Architecture-Driven Technology Gaps Annual Definition and Prioritization Process (How)

National Aeronautics and Space Administration





NASA identifies technology and capability gaps in the Moon to Mars Architecture through the objective decomposition process.

NASA prioritizes and documents gaps in the Architecture Definition Document and relies on technology development to close them. Annual processes using systems engineering tools governed by strict principles to enable rigorous, repeatable results



White Paper: Architecture-Driven Technology Gaps https://go.nasa.gov/4goQ9iq



## NASA Technology Gaps (in ADD Rev B, Appendix C) Communicating Details (Example Gap Shown)

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#### Gap Details

- Gap number, title, and description
- Architecture impact and benefits from architecture teams
- Current state-of-the art metrics sourced from technology development domain experts
- Target performance metrics sourced from architecture teams
- **Traceability** to sub-architectures, segments, UC/Fs and decisions
- **Priority bin** based on Gap Overall Prioritization Rating sourced from architecture teams
- Related **Child Gaps** are more specific

Gap ID	Gap Title						
ESDMD #0301	4D #0301 Systems to Survive and Operate through Extended Periods of Lunar Shadow						
Gap Descriptio	n	Architecture-Driven Child Gaps					
Assets on the su and induced env extreme variatio or improved pov required and wil experiments, mo	rface of the Moon will be subjected to large variations in natural vironments. The ability to survive and operate through these ns is required to enable long-duration surface operations. New ver, thermal management, and actuation technologies are l need to work together to accomplish this goal for science obility assets, habitats, and more.	<ul> <li>0301-01: Freeze-tolerant thermal components</li> <li>0301-02: Extreme temperature-tolerant mechanisms and electronics</li> <li>0301-03: Energy storage for extreme temperatures</li> <li>0301-04: Heat rejection systems for the lunar thermal environment</li> </ul>					
Architecture Im	pact and Benefits	Architecture Traceability					
Without gap clos will impact the c inability to reuse	sure, the inability to survive extended periods of lunar shadow perating lifespan of surface assets. There may also be an surface assets if systems cannot survive shadowed periods.	UC/Fs • UC-H-105 L FN-H-201 L Key Decision	- Higher Priori				
Metrics Current State o Small spacecraft to subsystems a any human-scal shadow periods Performance Ta Survive continue 10 years.	f the Art t have survived extended periods of lunar shadow with damage nd degraded capability. There is currently no state of the art for e elements successfully functioning through extended lunar	Sub-Architecture(s) We have a constraint of the second se	ity				

#### NASA Technology Gaps Priority Bin Results (in ADD Rev B, Appendix C)

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Gap ID	Gap Title	Priority Ranking	Priority Bin		Gap ID	Gap Title	Priority Ranking	Priority Bin
0801	Lunar Dust Tolerant Systems and Dust Mitigation	1			0803	Extravehicular Activity (EVA) and Intravehicular Activity (IVA) Suit System Capabilities for Mars Missions	28	
0301	Systems to Survive and Operate through Extended Periods of Lunar Shadow	2			1101	Lunar Precision Landing and Hazard Avoidance for Human Exploration	29	
0103	High-bandwidth. High-reliability Surface-to-Surface Communications	3	1		1004	Trustworthy Autonomy for Planning and Decision-making	30	1
1104	Mars Transportation Propulsion	4			1002	Autonomous Monitoring for Exploration Missions	31	4
0201	Extreme Environment Avionics	5			0802	Mars Dust-Tolerant Systems and Dust Mitigation	32	
0805	Autonomous Surface Mobility and Navigation	6			0501	Robotic and Human-Robot Inspection, Maintenance, and Repair	33	
0305	Food and Nutrition Canabilities for Missions with Long-duration Storage	7			1102	Mars Precision Landing and Hazard Avoidance for Human Exploration	34	
1103	Mars Entry Descent, and Landing for Human Exploration				1201	In-Situ Sample Storage and Processing	35	
0806	Payload Offloading Handling and Manipulation for Surface Assets	9			0402	Sensorimotor Countermeasures to Support Extended Habitation in Space	36	
0204	Lickitet Environmentel Maniferre Canadala of Currenting Deer Crosse Miniferre	10	•		0401	Crew Exercise Countermeasures to Support Extended Habitation in Space	37	
1107	Habitat Environmental Monitors Capable of Supporting Deep Space Missions	10	2		0403	Physiological Countermeasures for Extended Habitation in Space	37	
1107	Cryogenic Fluid Transfer	11	•		0404	Behavioral Countermeasures for Extended Habitation in Space	37	
1105	Mars Ascent Propulsion for Human Exploration	12			0406	Spacesuit Physiology for Deep Space Missions	40	5
0901	Scalable Lunar Surface Power Generation	13			1202	Planetary Protection Technologies for Human Exploration	41	
1001	High-performance Actuators, Sensors, and Interfaces	14			0405	Exploration Medical Capabilities for Deep Space Missions	42	
0807	Docking and Berthing between Surface Elements on the Moon and Mars	15			1106	Cryogenic Fluid Storage	43	
0303	Dormancy Recovery for Habitat Water Storage, Distribution, and Reclamation	16			0308	Radiation Countermeasures	44	
0307	Radiation Monitoring and Modeling	17			0902	Scalable Mars Surface Power Generation	45	
1003	Integrated System Fault/Anomaly Diagnosis, Decision Support, and Response	18			0104	Earth-Independent Surface Positioning, Navigation, and Timing for Deep Space Missions	46	
0804	Robotic and Mobility Systems in Extreme Cold Environments	19			0306	Advanced Structures and Materials to Enable Mass-Efficient Habitats	47	
0101	Lunar Surface Position Navigation and Timing Systems for Extreme Temperature Radiation Dust	20			0602	In-Situ Resource Identification, Characterization, and Mapping	48	
0702	Waste Management	21			0503	In-Space & Surface Transfer of Earth Storable Propellants	49	
0302	Viasie Management	21	3		0102	High-bandwidth, High-reliability Deep Space Communications	50	
0002	File Salety Opgrades for Surviving Exploration Mission Environments	22	•		0606	Mars ISRU to Support Human Exploration	51	6
0903	Power Management and Distribution between Surface Elements	23			0605	Lunar Regolith Excavation, Manipulation, and Transportation	52	Ũ
8080	Relocation of Large Assets on the Lunar Surface	24			0601	Oxygen Extraction from Lunar Regolith	53	
0202	High-Performance Onboard Computing	25			0603	Water Recovery from Lunar Regolith/Ice	53	
0701	Packaging, Transport, and Use of Conditioned Supplies and Commodities	26			0604	Metal Extraction from Lunar Regolith	55	
1005	Safe Human-Robot Interaction and Teaming	27		[	0502	In-situ Manufacturing of Spares, Repairs, and New Parts	56	

Prioritized technology gaps are grouped in bins by similar levels of preference according to the Moon to Mars Architecture perspective



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#### NASA Architecture-Driven Technology Gaps Looking Forward and Summary Overview

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Updates to gap definition and priorities occur annually in our strategic analysis cycle

- As architecture evolves (new functions, decisions, priorities)
- As technologies are developed (gap closure)
- Coordinated with NASA Civil Space Shortfalls



*What*: Prioritized technology development demand signal from architecture

Where: Architecture Definition Document

When: 2024 → Annually revised

*Why*: Focus resources to enable critical technologies for Moon to Mars exploration

*How:* Rigorous systems engineering processes and stakeholder integration





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