Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants

Human Health and Performance Directorate

<u>Biomedical Research and Environmental Sciences Control Board</u> (BRESCB) Controlled

Revision C

DATE 6/13/2024

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National Aeronautics and Space Administration Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center Houston, Texas Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne

Contaminants

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NASA APPROVAL SHEET

Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants

Human Health and Performance Directorate

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NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center Houston, Texas

	Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne											
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CHANGE HISTORY

Revision/P CN	Date	Authorization/ Originator/Pho ne	Description
Baseline	09/2017	CR# SA-00308	NOTE: Previous versions of the document were baselined
		Valerie E. Ryder	through the STIC Library and not "BASELINED" through a Board. Therefore, the versioning of the document will
		281-483-4989	start at BASELINE for Configuration Management purposes.
			PREVIOUS INFORMATION FROM STIC BASELINE: Errata
			Correct CAS numbers are below: 75-69-4 (Freon 11) 111-30-8 (Glutaraldehyde) 7647-01-0 (Hydrogen chloride) 5989-27-5 (Limonene)
			CURRENT UPDATES:
			Introductory page revised
			CAS number for Acrolein corrected to 107-02-8
			Compound names revised to match published NRC Vol. 5: 1-Butanol to n-Butanol; Unsymmetrical Dimethylhydrazine to Dimethylhydrazine
			C3-C8 Aliphatic Saturated Aldehydes 7-d, 30-d, 180-d, 1000-d values revised to match NRC Vol. 5 (5 ppm)
			Carbon dioxide (CO ₂) SMACs have been deleted – CO ₂ does not fit SMAC paradigm and is being managed based on expected performance and health decrements and the associated risks. NASA Standard 3001 is currently under revision to provide guidance on acceptable CO2 levels.
			Linear Siloxanes group SMACs added
			Octamethyltrisiloxane SMACs deleted (replaced by Linear Siloxanes)
Revision A	03/2020	CR# SA-02481	Clarification of SMACs for small chain alkanes (C2-C4)
		Valerie E. Ryder	versus longer chain alkanes (C5-C9) Revised SMACs for methanol
		281-483-4989	New SMACs for manganese
			Updated MAPTIS access information

Verify that this is the correct version before use.

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Revision B	11/30/2022	CR # SA-05524 Valerie E. Ryder 281-483-4989	Revised SMACs for propylene glycol New SMACs for n-hexane, hydrogen fluoride, and ethyl acetate
Revision C	6/13/2024	CR# SA-07170 Shannon D. Langford 281-483-2137	Update to acute benzene SMACs Added new SMACs for hydrogen sulfide Added notation that SMACs are set based on and applicable to ambient conditions (14.7 psi/25°C). Added clarification concerning the hierarchy of this document and specifying that this document is only a reprinting of data published and controlled in other sources.

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1.0 BACKGROUND

SPACECRAFT MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CONCENTRATIONS FOR AIRBORNE CONTAMINANTS

The enclosed table lists official Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) for selected airborne contaminants. They are based upon experiments conducted at standard pressure and oxygen environments and may or may not be applicable to altered atmospheres. The values listed in this summery document are applicable only to ambient conditions at standard temperature and oxygen (14.7 psi and 21% O2 at 25°C). These are guideline values set by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)/Johnson Space Center (JSC) Toxicology Group in cooperation with the National Research Council Committee on Toxicology (NRCCOT), through publication in the peer- reviewed scientific literature, or NASA Technical Memoranda. Based on documented guidance (NRC, 1992; NRC, 2016), NASA has established SMACs for 58chemical compounds that are particularly relevant to atmospheric contamination of the International Space Station (ISS) and targets of Exploration. Some long-term limits (1000-days) have also been established to support manned deep-space exploration. Summaries of these SMACs are presented in tabular form as part of this publication. This document provides a tabular summary of values that have been previously established based on guidelines established by NASA and the National Research Council's Committee on Toxicology and vetted and published through the NRCCOT and/or non-NASA scientific literature and NASA Technical Memoranda. Complete documentation of the rationale used to establish the values summarized here is provided in the reference section below.

Short-term (1- and 24-hour) SMACs apply to off-nominal situations, such as accidental releases aboard a spacecraft. These limits permit risk of minor, reversible effects, such as mild mucosal irritation. In contrast, the long-term SMACs are set to fully protect healthy crewmembers from adverse effects resulting from continuous exposure to specific air pollutants for up to 1000 days. Because allergic reactions or chemical idiosyncrasy to certain airborne pollutants are very difficult to predict, crewmembers with allergies or unusual sensitivity to trace pollutants may not be afforded complete protection, even when long-term SMACs are not exceeded.

Conversely, exceedance of a SMAC does not mean that health impairment is certain (there are many other factors that influence ultimate health outcomes), although it does indicate that the crew may be subject to increased risks that must be closely evaluated. Environmental pollutant control to mitigate exposure will likely be triggered.

These values have been specifically established for human spaceflight and are not intended to apply to other situations, such as ground operations. The SMACs take into account a number of unique factors such as the effect of space-flight stress on human physiology, the uniform good health of the astronauts, and the absence of pregnant or very young individuals.

Crewmember exposures involve a mixture of contaminants, each at a specific concentration (C_n). These contaminants could interact to elicit symptoms of toxicity even though individual contaminants do not exceed their respective SMACs. We assume that the effects of a toxicologically similar group of compounds are additive. The air quality is therefore considered Verify that this is the correct version before use.

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acceptable when the toxicity index (T_{grp}) for each toxicological group of compounds is less than 1, where T_{grp} is calculated as follows:

$$T_{grp} = C_1/SMAC_1 + C_2/SMAC_2 + ... + C_n/SMAC_n$$

Toxicological groups are defined according to the target organ and the nature of the toxic response from exposure to the compounds in the group. As shown in the table of SMACs, the target organ and toxic effect can change depending on the duration of exposure.

In addition to official SMACs used for the evaluation of spacecraft air, the JSC Toxicology Group sets interim 7-day SMAC values that are posted to the "MAPTIS" database, which is used to evaluate materials and hardware off-gassing data. Following registration, these values can be accessed at: https://maptis.nasa.gov/. For help with registration or using MAPTIS, contact MAPTIS support at maptissupport@mail.nasa.gov.

2.0 PUBLISHED SMACS



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SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical	1 hr		1 hr 24 hr		7 d		30 d		18	80 d	100	0 d
Officialical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
Acetaldehyde	10	(18)	6	(10)	2	(4)	2	(4)	2	(4)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 75-07-0	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation		
REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit, (1994), Acetaldehyde, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants Vol 1: 19-38, National Academy Press, Washington, DC									Throat	Cancer		

REMARKS: Carcinogen

Acetone	500	(1200)	200	(500)	22	(52)	22	(52)	22	(52)	Not Set (Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ Effect
CAS #: 67-64-1	CNS	Fatigue	CNS	Fatigue	CNS	Fatigue	CNS	Fatigue	CNS	Fatigue	
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Acetone, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:17-41, National Academy Press, Washington, DC					CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	

REMARKS:

Acrolein	0.075 (0.17)		075 (0.17) 0.035 (0.08)		0.015 (0.03)		0.015 (0.03)		0.008 (0.02)		0.008 (0.02	
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 107-02-8	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation
REFERENCE: Langford, Shannon D. (2008), Acrolein, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:13-33, National Academy Press, Washington, DC												

REMARKS: Ceiling values

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular PNS: Peripheral Nervous System DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



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SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical		1 hr	2	24 hr	1	<u>7 d</u>	3	0 d	18	80 d	10	00 d
Offerfical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m ³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
C3-C8 Aliphatic Saturated Aldehydes	45	(varies)	45	(varies)	5	(varies)	5	(varies)	5	(varies)	5	(varies)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	Organ	Effect_	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect_
CAS #: various REFERENCE: Langford, Shannon D. (2008), C3-C8 Aliphatic Saturated Aldehydes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:34-47, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Nasal Cavity	Injury	Nasal Cavity	Injury	Nasal Cavity	y Injury	Nasal Cavi	y Injury

REMARKS: Includes propanal, butanal, pentanal, hexanal, heptanal, octanal The mg/m3 value depends on the molecular weight of the particular aldehyde.

	C5-C9 Alkanes	150	(varies)	80	(varies)	60	(varies)	20	(varies)	3	(varies)	Not Set	(Not Set)
		<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect_	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	<u>Organ</u> E	<u>ffect</u>
(CAS #: various	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Ototoxicity		
П	REFERENCE: McCoy, J. Torin. (2008), C2-C9 Alkanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:85-111, National Academy Press,	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation			CNS	Ototoxicity				
	Washington, DC	Nose	Irritation	Nose	Irritation								

REMARKS: Includes pentane, heptane, octane, and nonane and branched

EXCLUDES n-hexane

The mg/m3 value depends on the molecular weight of the particular alkane.

The fig. to take deposite of the melocular weight of the particular antalie.												
Ammonia	30	(20)	20	(14)	3	(2)	3	(2)	3	(2)	3	(2)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 7664-41-7	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2008), Ammonia, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:48-61, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache

REMARKS:

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



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SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical		hr	2	24 hr		7 d	3	0 d	18	30 d	100	00 d
Offerfical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
Benzene	40	(120)	6.7	(20)	0.5	(1.5)	0.1	(0.3)	0.07	(0.2)	0.013	(0.04)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 71-43-2	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Blood	Immunotoxicity	Blood	Immunotoxicity	Blood	Immunotoxicity	Blood	Hematological
REFERENCE: Ryder VE, Williams ES. Revisions to acute/off-nominal limits for benzene in spacecraft air. Aerosp Med Hum Perform. 2023; 94(7):544–545. Kahn-Mayberry, Noreen N. (2008), Benzene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:62-72, National Academy Press, Washington, DC									Blood	Leukemia		
Remarks:							l				1	

REMARKS:

Bromotrifluoromethane	3500	(21000)	3500	(21000)	1800	(11000)	1800	(11000)	1800	(11000)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 75-63-8	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
REFERENCE: Lam, Chiu-Wing. (1996), Bromotrifluoromethane, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:21-52, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Cognition	CNS	Cognition	Heart	Arrhythmia						

REMARKS:

n- Butanol	50	(150)	25	(80)	25	(80)	25	(80)	12	(40)	12	(40)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect_	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 71-36-3	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2008), n-Butanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:73-84, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Depression				Systemic Injury		Systemic Injury		Systemic injury		Systemic injury

REMARKS: The odor threshold and noxious odor concentrations are uncertain. These concentrations may not preclude odor detection by the crew.

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

CV: Cardiovascular

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

ppm: parts per million

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



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SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical		<u>1_hr</u>	2	<u> 4 hr</u>		<u>7 d</u>	3	0 d	18	80 d	100	00 d
Officialical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m ³)
tert- Butanol	50	(150)	50	(150)	50	(150)	50	(150)	40	(120)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 75-65-0	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity		
REFERENCE: James, John T. (1996), tert-Butanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:78-104, National Academy Press,							CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
Washington, DC									U. Blad	Injury		

REMARKS:

Carbon monoxide	425	(485)	100	(114)	55	(63)	15	(17)	15	(17)	15	(17)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 630-08-0	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2008), Carbon Monoxide, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:125-143, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CV	Arrhythmia	cv	Arrhythmia	CV	Arrhythmia	cv	Arrhythmia	CV	Arrhythmia	CV	Arrhythmia

REMARKS: Carboxyhemoglobin target

Chloroform	2	(10)	2	(10)	2	(10)	1	(5)	1	(5)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 67-66-3	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, vol 4.204-300, National Academy	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity		
Press, Washington, DC					Kidney	Nephrotoxicity						

REMARKS:

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

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PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

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SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical	1	hr	2	<u>4 hr</u>		<u>7 d</u>	3	0 d	18	0 d	100	00 d
Officialical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Not Set	(Not Set)	Not Set	(Not Set)	7	(100)	5	(75)	1	(15)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 541-02-6					RspSys	Injury	RspSys	Injury	RspSys	Injury		
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2000), Polydimethylcyclosiloxanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:151-174, National Academy Press, Washington, DC					Gonad	Toxicity	Gonad	Toxicity	Gonad	Toxicity		

REMARKS: Documented as a polydimethylcyclosiloxane

Diacetone alcohol	50	(250)	50	(250)	20	(100)	6	(30)	4	(20)	Not Set (Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ Eff	fect
CAS #: 123-42-2	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Liver	Hepatomegaly		
REFERENCE: James, John T. (1996), Diacetone alcohol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:105-116, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		

REMARKS:

Dic	hloroacetylene	0.6	(2.4)	0.04	(0.16)	0.03	(0.12)	0.025	(0.10)	0.015	(0.06)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	•	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS	#: 7572-29-4	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
Concer	itiations for delected Airborne Contaminants, vol 3.117-134, National Academy	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity		
Press,	Washington, DC	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity								

REMARKS:

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

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PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



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SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical		1 hr	2	24 hr		7 d	3	0 d	18	30 d	10	00 d
Offerffical	ppm	(mg/m³)										
1,2- Dichloroethane	0.4	(1.6)	0.4	(1.6)	0.4	(1.6)	0.4	(1.6)	0.4	(1.6)	0.4	(1.6)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect								
CAS #: 107-06-2	G.I.	GI Toxicity	G.I.	GI Toxicity	G.I.	GI Toxicity	G.I.	G.I. Toxicity	G.I.	G.I. Toxicity	G.I.	G.I. Toxicity
REFERENCE: Ramanathan, Raghupathy (2008), 1,2-Dichloroethane, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:144-161, National Academy Press, Washington, DC											Liver	Hepatotoxicity

REMARKS: Impairs host defenses against bacteria.

Dimethylhydrazine	3	(7.5)	0.12	(0.3)	0.03	(0.075)	0.017	(0.0425)	0.003	(0.0075)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 57-14-7	CNS		CNS		Blood	Anemia	Blood	Anemia	Liver	Anemia		
REFERENCE: Khan-Mayberry, Noreen N. (2008), Dimethylhydrazine, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:162-189, National Academy Press, Washington, DC									Liver	Hepatotoxicity		

Ethanol	5000	(10000)	5000	(10000)	1000	(2000)	1000	(2000)	1000	(2000)	1000	(2000)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 64-17-5	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation
Concentrations for delected Airborne Contaminants, voi 3.130-203, National Academy	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation
Press, Washington, DC	Skin	Flushing	Skin	Flushing	Skin	Flushing	Skin	Flushing	Skin	Flushing	Skin	Flushing
	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity

REMARKS:

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) JSC 20584 Rev C 6/13/2024 Page: 14



SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical	1	<u>l_hr</u>	2	<u> 4 hr</u>		<u>7 d</u>	3	0 d	18	80 d	100	00 d
Officialical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m ³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
2- Ethoxyethanol	10	(40)	10	(40)	0.8	(3)	0.5	(2)	0.07	(0.3)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect_
CAS #: 110-80-5	Blood	Hematotoxicity										
REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1996), 2-Ethoxyethanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:189-212, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Testes	Toxicity	Testes	Toxicity	Testes	Toxicity		

REMARKS:

Ethyl acetate	400	(1440)	400	(1440)	117	(421)	117	(421)	117	(421)	39	(140)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 141-78-6	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Body Weight	Reduction	Body	Reduction	Body	Reduction	Body	Reduction
REFERENCE: Williams, E.S. and Ryder, V.E. Spacecraft maximum allowable concentrations for ethyl acetate. Aerosp Med Hum Perform. 2023; 94(1):1–9.							Weight		Weight		Weight	

REMARKS:

Ethylbenzene	180	(780)	60	(260)	30	(130)	30	(130)	12	(50)	Not Set	t (Not Set)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 100-41-4	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Testes	Necrosis		
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (1996), Ethylbenzene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:208-231, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Testes	Necrosis	Testes	Necrosis				

REMARKS:

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular PNS: Peripheral Nervous System DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) Document: JSC 20584 Rev C Page: 15 6/13/2024



SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical		<u>1 hr</u>	2	<u>4 hr</u>		<u>7 d</u>	3	0 d	18	<u>0 d</u>	100	0 d
Officialical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
Ethylene glycol	25	(64)	25	(64)	5	(13)	5	(13)	5	(13)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	Organ	Effect_
CAS #: 107-21-1	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation		
REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1996), Ethylene glycol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:232-270, National Academy			CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
Press, Washington, DC					Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity		

REMARKS:

Formaldehyde	0.8	(1.0)	0.5	(0.6)	0.1	(0.12)	0.1	(0.12)	0.1	(0.12)	0.1	(0.12)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 50-00-0	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation
REFERENCE: McCoy, J. Torin (2008), Formaldehyde, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:206-249, National Academy Press, Washington, DC											Nose	Cancer

REMARKS: Ceiling values, Carcinogen

Fr	eon 11	140	(790)	140	(790)	140	(790)	140	(790)	140	(790)	Not Set	(Not Set)
		Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>								
CAS	S #: 75-69-4	Heart	Arrhythmia										
Max	ERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11), Spacecraft imum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:211-226, onal Academy Press, Washington, DC		·		·		·		·		·		

REMARKS:

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) Rev C Document: JSC 20584 6/13/2024 Page: 16



SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical		<u>1 hr </u>	2	<u>4 hr</u>		<u>7 d</u>	3	0 d	18	<u>0 d</u>	100	00 d
Offerffical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
Freon 113	50	(400)	50	(400)	50	(400)	50	(400)	50	(400)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 76-13-1	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia		
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. and James, John T. (1994), Freon 113, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 1:121-138, National Academy Press, Washington, DC												

REMARKS:

Freon 12	540	(2600)	95	(470)	95	(470)	95	(470)	95	(470)	Not Set (Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	Organ Effect
CAS #: 75-71-8 REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Dichlorodiffluoromethane (Freon 12), Spacecraft	Heart	Tachycardia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	
Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:227-239, National Academy Press, Washington, DC											

REMARKS:

Freon 21	50	(210)	50	(210)	15	(63)	12	(50)	2	(8)	Not Set (Not Set)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect	Organ Effect
CAS #: 75-43-4	Heart	Tachycardia	Heart	Tachycardia	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Dichlorofluoromethane (Freon 21), Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:175-189, National Academy Press, Washington, DC											

REMARKS:

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) JSC 20584 Rev C 6/13/2024 Page: 17



SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical		<u>hr</u>	2	<u>4 hr</u>		<u>7 d</u>	3	0 d	18	80 d	100	00 d
Offerfical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)								
Freon 22	1000	(3500)	1000	(3500)	1000	(3500)	1000	(3500)	1000	(3500)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>								
CAS #: 75-45-6	CNS	Depression										
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Chlorodifluoromethane (Freon 22), Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:190-210, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Heart	Arrhythmia										

REMARKS:

TEME TOO.												
Furan	4	(11)	0.4	(1)	0.025	(0.07)	0.025	(0.07)	0.025	(0.07)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 110-00-9	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Cancer	Liver	Cancer	Liver	Cancer		
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. and James, John T. (2000), Furan, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:307-329, National Academy Press, Washington, DC												

Glutaraldehyde	0.12	(0.50)	0.04	(0.08)	0.006	(0.025)	0.003	(0.012)	0.0006	(0.002)	Not Set	(Not Set)
•	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 111-30-8	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	RspSys	Lesions	RspSys	Lesions	RspSys	Lesions		
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (1996), Glutaraldehyde, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:271-291, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache								

REMARKS:

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) Document: JSC 20584 Rev C Page: 18 6/13/2024



SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical			2	<u>4 hr</u>		<u>7 d</u>	3	0 d	18	0 d	100	00 d
Officialical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
Hexamethylcyclotrisiloxane	Not Set	t	Not Set		10	(90)	5	(45)	1	(9)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect_	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect_
CAS #: 541-05-9					RspSys	Injury	RspSys	Injury	RspSys	Injury		
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2000), Polydimethylcyclosiloxanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:151-174, National Academy Press, Washington, DC					CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression				

REMARKS: Documented as a polydimethylcyclosiloxane

n- Hexane	200	(703)	30	(106)	2.4	(8.4)	2.4	(8.4)	2.4	(8.4)	2.4	(8.4)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 110-54-3	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity
REFERENCE: Garcia, H.D. Acceptable Limits for n-Hexane in Spacecraft Atmospheres. Aerospace Medicine and Human Performance. 2021;92(12);956-961.												

REMARKS:

Hydrazine	4	(5)	0.3	(0.4)	0.04	(0.05)	0.02	(0.03)	0.004	(0.005)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect_	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 302-01-2		Death	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity		
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. and James, John T. (1996), Hydrazine, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:213-233,							Liver	Hyperplasia	Liver	Hyperplasia		
National Academy Press, Washington, DC							Nose	Cancer	Nose	Cancer		

REMARKS: Carcinogen

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular PNS: Peripheral Nervous System DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



National Academy Press, Washington, DC

SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) Document: JSC 20584 Rev C 6/13/2024 Page: 19



1000 d **Chemical** 180 d 24 hr 7 d 30 d 1 hr **ppm** (mg/m³) (mg/m^3) (mg/m³) ppm ppm (mg/m^3) ppm (mg/m³) ppm **ppm** (mg/m³) Hydrogen chloride 5 (8)2 (3)(1.5)(1.5)(1.5)Not Set (Not Set) Organ <u>Organ</u> Organ Effect Organ Effect Organ Effect Effect Organ Effect Effect CAS #: 7647-01-0 Irritation Eye Irritation Eye Irritation Eye Irritation Eye Irritation Eye REFERENCE: Lam, Chiu-Wing and Wong, King Lit (2000), Hydrogen Chloride, Spacecraft **Aucosa** Irritation Mucosa Irritation Mucosa Irritation Mucosa Irritation Mucosa Irritation Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:60-88,

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NEWANNO.				:								
Hydrogen cyanide	8	(9)	4	(4.5)	1	(1.1)	1	(1.1)	1	(1.1)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_
CAS #: 74-90-8	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
REFERENCE: Lam, Chiu-Wing and Wong, King Lit (2000), Hydrogen Cyanide, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:330-365,	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache		
National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea		
					Testes	Testicular	Testes	Testicular	Testes	Testicular		
	•		•		•	toxicity		toxicity	ı	toxicity		
REMARKS:							Thyroid	Thyroid effects	Thyroid	Thyroid effects		
				-								

Hydrogen fluoride	3	(2.5)	3	(2.5)	0.3	(0.25)	0.3	(0.25)	0.3	(0.25)	0.3	(0.25)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect_	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 7664-39-3	RspSys	Irritation	RspSys	Irritation	RspSys	Irritation	RspSys	Irritation	RspSys	Irritation	RspSys	Irritation
REFERENCE: Lam, C-W and Ryder, V.E. Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Hydrogen Fluoride. Aerospace Medicine and Human Performance. 2022; 93(10):1–3.												

REMARKS:

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular PNS: Peripheral Nervous System DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) Document: JSC 20584 Rev C Page: 20 6/13/2024



SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical	1 hr		2	24 hr		7 d	3	0 d	18	80 d	10	00 d
	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m ³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
Hydrogen sulfide	5	(7)	1.3	(1.8)	1.3	(1.8)	1.3	(1.8)	0.3	(0.5)	Not Set	t <u> </u>
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect
CAS #: 7683-06-4	Nasal Cavity	Odor Irritant*	Nasal Cavity	Lesions	Nasal Cavity	Injury	Nasal Cavity	Injury	Nasal Cavity	y Injury		
REFERENCE: Wimberly, AA and Ryder VE. Exposure Limits for Hydrogen Sulfide in Spaceflight. NASA/TM-20240000101, NASA Johnson Space Center, 2024.												

REMARKS: *The endpoint includes increased anxiety directly related to odor irritation.

Indole	1.0	(5)	0.3	(1.5)	0.05	(0.25)	0.05	(0.25)	0.05	(0.25)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect_	Organ	Effect_
CAS #: 120-72-9	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea		
REFERENCE: Lam, Chiu-Wing and James, John T. (1996), Indole, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:235-249, National			Blood	Hematotoxicity	Blood	Hematotoxicity	Blood	Hematotoxicity	Blood	Hematotoxicity		
Academy Press, Washington, DC								Death		Death		

REMARKS: Normal turnover of indole was used to establish a lower bound of

Isoprene	50	(140)	25	(70)	2	(6)	2	(6)	1	(3)	Not Set (No	t Set)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ Effec	<u>t</u>
CAS #: 78-79-5	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Lung	Injury		
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2000), Isoprene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:89-118, National Academy Press,					Blood	Anemia	Blood	Anemia	Blood	Anemia		
Washington, DC									CNS	Neurotoxicity		

REMARKS:

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular PNS: Peripheral Nervous System DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) JSC 20584 Rev C Page: 21 6/13/2024



SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical		1 hr	2	24 hr		7 d	3	0 d	18	30 d	10	00 d
Offerfical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
Limonene	80	(450)	80	(450)	20	(115)	20	(115)	20	(115)	20	(115)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 5989-27-5	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation
REFERENCE: Lam, Chiu-Wing (2008), Limonene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:250-274, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Lung	Irritation	Lung	Irritation	Lung	Irritation	Lung	Irritation	Lung	Irritation	Lung	Irritation

REMARKS:

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Linear Siloxanes	600	(varies)	100	(varies)	100	(varies)	50	(varies)	50	(varies)	50	(varies)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	Organ	Effect_	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_
CAS #: various	Lung	Hemorrhage	Lung	Hemorrhage	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity
REFERENCE: Meyers, Valerie E., Hector D. Garcia, Tami S. McMullin, Joseph M. Tobin, and John T. James. Safe human exposure limits for airborne linear siloxanes during spaceflight. <i>Inhal Toxicol</i> , 2013: 25(13): 735-746.	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity								

REMARKS: Includes hexamethyldisiloxane, octamethyltrisiloxane, decamethyltetrasiloxane, dodecamethylpentasiloxane. The mg/m3 value depends on the molecular weight of the particular linear

Manganese	3		2		0.3		0.3		0.008		0.008	
	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	Organ	Effect
CAS #: 7439-96-5	Lung	Lesions	Lung	Lesions	Lung	Irritation	Lung	Irritation	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity
REFERENCE: Romoser AA, Ryder VE, McCoy JT. Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Manganese Compounds in Mars Dust. Aerosp Med Hum Perform. 2019; 90(8):709-719.					Nasal Cavity	Irritation	Nasal Cavity	Irritation				

REMARKS:

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

ppm: parts per million

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) JSC 20584 Rev C 6/13/2024 Page: 22



SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical		<u> 1 hr</u>	2	<u>4 hr</u>		<u>7 d</u>	3	0 d	18	<u>80 d</u>	100	00 d
Offerffical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
Mercury	0.01	(0.08)	0.002	(0.02)	0.001	(0.01)	0.001	(0.01)	0.001	(0.01)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 7439-97-6	Lung	Irritation	Lung	Irritation	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity		
REFERENCE: James, John T. and Kaplan, Harold L. (1996), Mercury, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:251-276, National Academy Press, Washington, DC					Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity		

REMARKS:

Methanol	70	(92)	70	(92)	20	(26)	20	(26)	20	(26)	10	(13)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 67-56-1	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity
REFERENCE: Scully RR, Garcia H, McCoy JT, Ryder VE. Revisions to Limits for Methanol in the Air of Spacecraft. Aerosp Med Hum Perform. 2019; 90(9):807-812.												_

REMARKS:

Methyl ethyl ketone	50	(150)	50	(150)	10	(30)	10	(30)	10	(30)	Not Set (Not Set)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ Effect
CAS #: 78-93-3	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	
REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1996), Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:307-329, National Academy Press, Washington, DC											

REMARKS: Ceiling values

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) JSC 20584 Rev C 6/13/2024 Page: 23



SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical	<u> </u>	<u> hr</u>	2	<u>4 hr</u>		<u>7 d</u>	3	0 d	18	<u>80 d</u>	100	00 d
Officialical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
Methyl hydrazine	0.002	(0.004)	0.002	(0.004)	0.002	(0.004)	0.002	(0.004)	0.002	(0.004)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect_	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 60-34-4	Nose	Lesions	Nose	Lesions	Nose	Lesions	Nose	Lesions	Nose	Lesions		
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Methylhydrazine, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:119-136, National Academy Press, Washington, DC												

REMARKS: Carcinogen

4- Methyl-2-pentanone	35	(140)	35	(140)	35	(140)	35	(140)	35	(140)	Not Set (Not Set)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	Organ Effect
CAS #: 108-10-1	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	
REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (2000), 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:240-263, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	

REMARKS:

Methylene chloride	100	(350)	35	(120)	14	(49)	7	(24)	3	(10)	1	(3.5)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 75-09-2	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity
REFERENCE: Ramanathan, Raghupathy (2008), Methylene Chloride, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:289-313, National Academy Press, Washington, DC								•		· •	·	

REMARKS: CO formation, carcinogen

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



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SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical	,	<u>1 hr</u>	2	4 hr		<u>7 d</u>	3	0 d	18	80 d	100	0 d
Officialical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
Nitromethane	25	(65)	15	(40)	7	(18)	7	(18)	5	(13)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 75-52-5 REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1996), Nitromethane, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:331-350, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Organ Blood	Effect Anemia	Organ Blood	Effect Anemia	Organ Blood	<u>Effect</u>	Organ Blood		<u>Organ</u> Blood	E <u>ffect</u> Anemia	Organ	Effect

REMARKS:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Not Set				23	(280)	5	(60)	1	(12)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	Organ	<u>gan</u> Effect <u>Org</u>		Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 556-67-2					Gonads	Toxicity	Gonads	Toxicity	Gonad	Toxicity		
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2000), Polydimethylcyclosilozanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:151-174, National Academy Press, Washington, DC					CNS	Depression				•		

REMARKS: Documented as a polydimethylcyclosiloxane

Perfluoropropane and Other Aliphatic	11,000	· · · · /		(varies)	11,000	(varies)	11,000	(varies)	11,000	(varies)	Not Set	(varies)
Perfluoroalkanes	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 76-19-7	CNS	Symptoms	CNS	Symptoms	CNS	Symptoms	CNS	Symptoms	CNS	Symptoms		
REFERENCE: Lam. Chiu-Wing (2000), Perfluoropropane and Other Aliphatic Perfluoroalkanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:137-150, National Academy Press, Washington, DC												

REMARKS: EXCLUDES perfluorocycloalkanes. The mg/m3 value depends on the molecular weight of the particular perfluoroalkane.

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



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SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical		1 hr	2	4 hr	7 d		3	30 d		180 d)0 d
Cileinicai	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
2- Propanol	400	(1000)	100	(240)	60	(150)	60	(150)	60	(150)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	Organ	Effect_	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect_
CAS #: 67-63-0	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
REFERENCE: James, John T. and Kaplan, Harold L. (1996), 2-Propanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:351-371.	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation		
National Academy Press, Washington, DC			Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	PNS	DCV	PNS	DCV		
							Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity		
REMARKS:											•	
Propylene glycol	64	(200)	32	(100)	32	(100)	32	(100)	32	(100)	32	(100)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 57-55-6	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Blood	Elevated	Blood	Elevated	Blood	Elevated	Blood	Elevated
REFERENCE: Ryder, V.E. and Williams, E.S. Revisions to Limits for Propylene Glycol in Spacecraft Air. Aerospace Medicine and Human Performance. 2022; 93(5);467-469.	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation		hemoglobin		hemoglobin		hemoglobin		hemoglobin
	CNS	Fatigue	CNS	Fatigue		Body Weight		Body Weight		Body Weight		Body Weight
	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache		Gain		Gain		Gain		Gain
REMARKS: updated from 2008, NRC Vol 5												
Toluene	40	(151)	40	(151)	40	(151)	40	(151)	4	(15)	4	(15)
	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	Organ	Effect_	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 108-88-3	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Gonads	Hormone	Gonads	Hormone
REFERENCE: Tapia CM, Langford SD, Ryder VE. Revisions to Limits					Ear	Ototoxicity	Ear	Ototoxicity				
for Toluene in Spacecraft Air. Aerosp Med Hum Perform. 2024.					Eye	Ocular toxicity	Eye	Ocular toxicity				
Garcia, Hector D. (2008), Toluene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable							1					
Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:329-347,												
National Academy Press. Washington. DC.												

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

REMARKS:

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

ppm: parts per million

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) Document: JSC 20584 Rev C Page: 26 6/13/2024



SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical	,	1_hr	2	24 hr		7 d	3	0 d	18	30 d	100	00 d
Officialical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m ³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
Trichloroethylene	50	(270)	11	(60)	9	(50)	4	(20)	2	(10)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 79-01-6	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Multi.	Cancer		
REFERENCE: James, John T., Kaplan, Harold L., and Coleman, Martin E. (1996), Trichloroethylene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:292-320, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Heart	Arrhythmia			Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity		
•									Liver	Hepatotoxicity		
REMARKS: See dichloroacetylene if alkali scrubber is present. Possible carcinogen.	'		1		'		•		•		•	
Trimethylsilanol	15	(55)	2	(7)	1	(4)	1	(4)	1	(4)	1	(4)
-	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 1066-40-6	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2008), Trimethylsilanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable		•				•		•		•		•

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Press, Washington, DC

Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:348-355, National Academy

Vinyl chloride	130	(330)	30	(77)	1	(2.6)	1	(2.6)	1	(2.6)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	Organ	Effect_
CAS #: 75-01-4	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Testes	Necrosis	Testes	Necrosis	Testes	Necrosis		
REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1994), Vinyl Chloride, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 1:185-219, National Academy	CNS	Headache	CNS	Depression								
Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Depression										

REMARKS:

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

ppm: parts per million

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder



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SMACS (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Chemical	1	hr	2	24 hr		7 d	3	0 d	18	30 d	10	00 d
Offerffical	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)	ppm	(mg/m³)
Xylenes	50	(215)	17	(73)	17	(73)	17	(73)	8.5	(37)	1.5	(6.5)
_	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	<u>Organ</u>	Effect_	Organ	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	Effect	Organ	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: 1330-20-7 (mixed)	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	Ear	Ototoxicity	Ear	Ototoxicity
REFERENCE: Ramanathan, Raghupathy (2008), Xylenes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:356-386, National Academy	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache								
Press, Washington, DC	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation								

REMARKS: Applies to each individual xylene isomer and mixtures of xylene isomers.

Abbreviations: CNS: Central Nervous System

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

CV: Cardiovascular PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

ppm: parts per million

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity RespSys: Respiratory System

GI: Gastrointestinal tract U.Blad: Urinary bladder

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APPENDIX A ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

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CAS Chemical Abstract Service

C_n Specific Concentration

CNS Central Nervous System

CV Cardiovascular

DCD Decreased Color Discrimination

DCV Decreased Conduction Velocity

GI Gastrointestinal

HA Headache

ISS International Space Station

JSC Johnson Space Center

NASA National Aeronautics and Space Administration

NRC National Research Council

NRCCOT National Research Council Committee on Toxicology

PNS Peripheral Nervous System

ppm Parts Per Million

RespSys Respiratory System

SMACs Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations

T_{grp} Toxicity Index

U.Blad Urinary Bladder