

May 22, 2023

M2M Architecture Industry Webinar

NASA Headquarters, Washington D.C.



NASA's Moon to Mars Architecture: *Avenues for Engagement*

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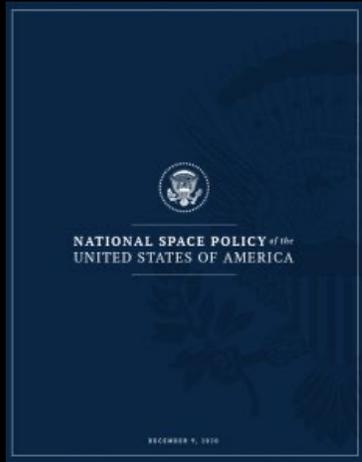
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Deep Space Exploration Priorities



“...Human and robotic space exploration missions will land the first woman and person of color on the Moon, advance a robust cislunar ecosystem, continue to leverage human presence in low-Earth orbit to enable people to live and work safely in space, and prepare for future missions to Mars and beyond.”

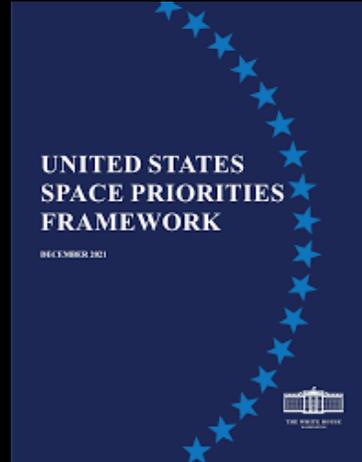
— The White House U.S Space Priorities Framework, Dec 2021



Space Policy Directive-1
December 2017



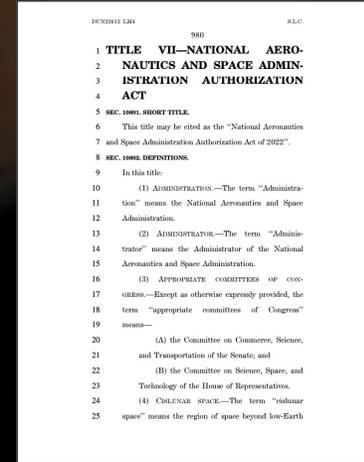
National Space Council
March 2019



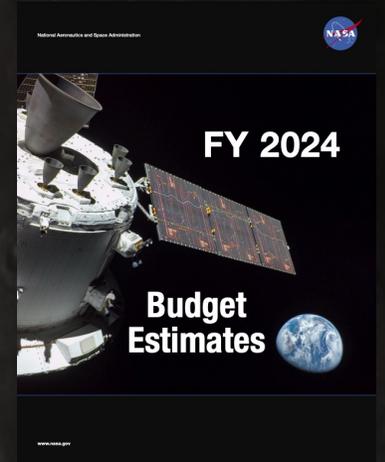
Space Priorities Framework
December 2021



NASA Strategic Plan
March 2022



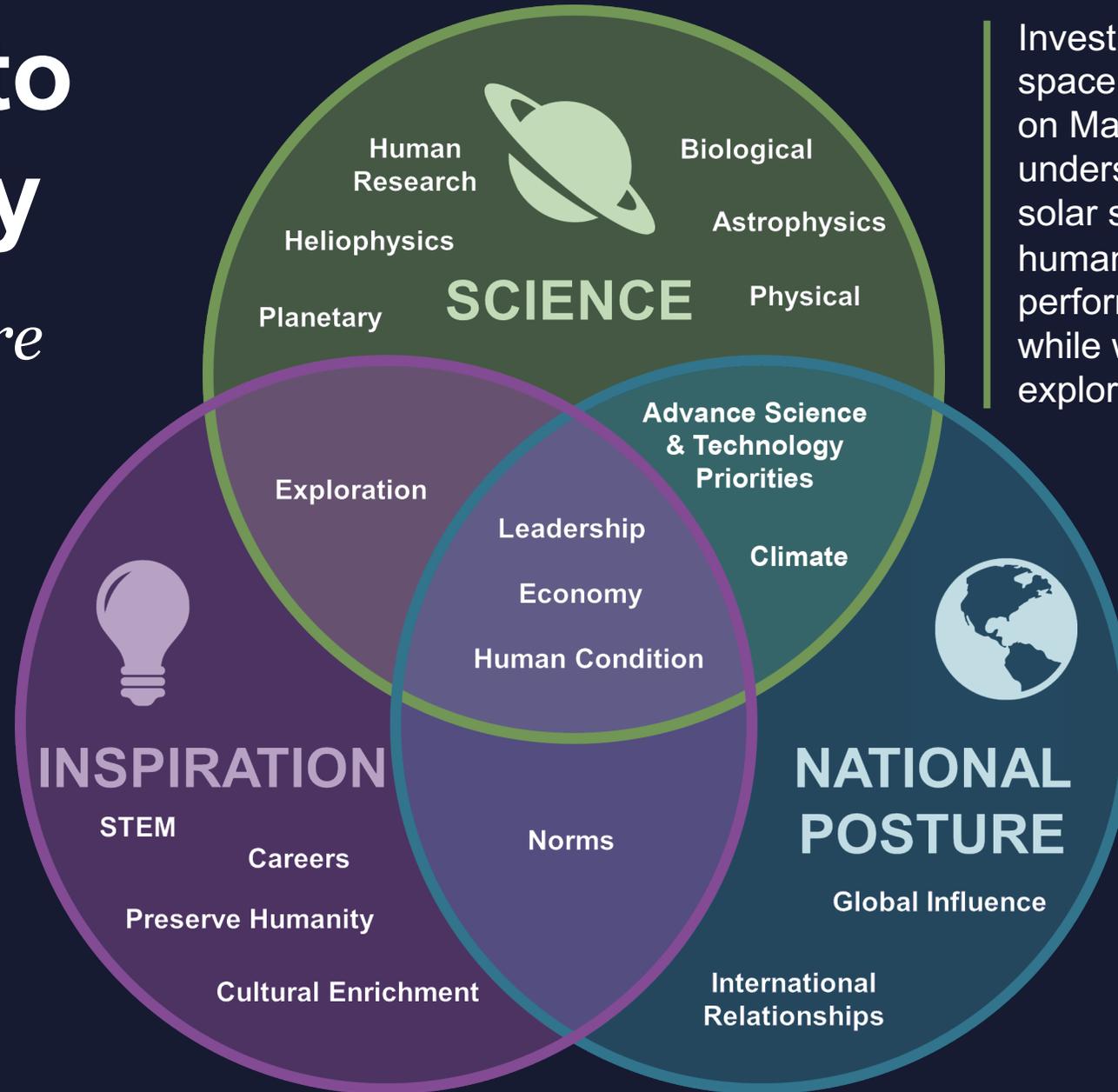
NASA Authorization Act
July 2022



President's Budget Request
March 2023

Benefits to Humanity

Why We Explore



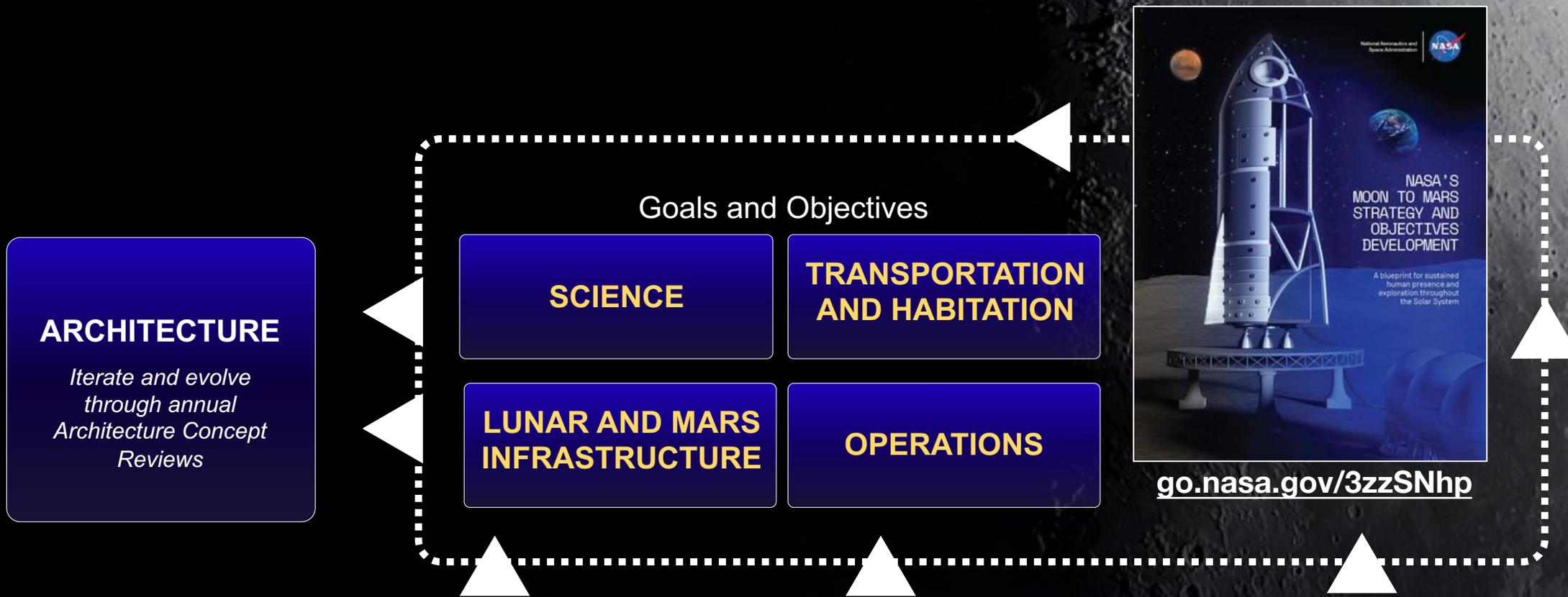
Investigations in deep space, on the Moon, and on Mars will enhance our understanding of the solar system, Earth, the human body, and how to perform new operations while we are out there exploring.

Accepting audacious challenges and succeeding through perseverance and tenacity in the face of adversity motivates current and future generations to dare mighty things.

What we choose to do, how we do those things, and who we do them with greatly impacts our place in the world today, our quality of life, and our possibilities for the future.

NASA's Moon to Mars Strategy and Objectives

A blueprint for future human exploration (Architecting from the Right)



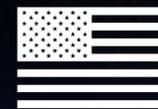
Requested feedback on these objectives in summer 2022 from the following key stakeholders:



NASA workforce: our greatest asset

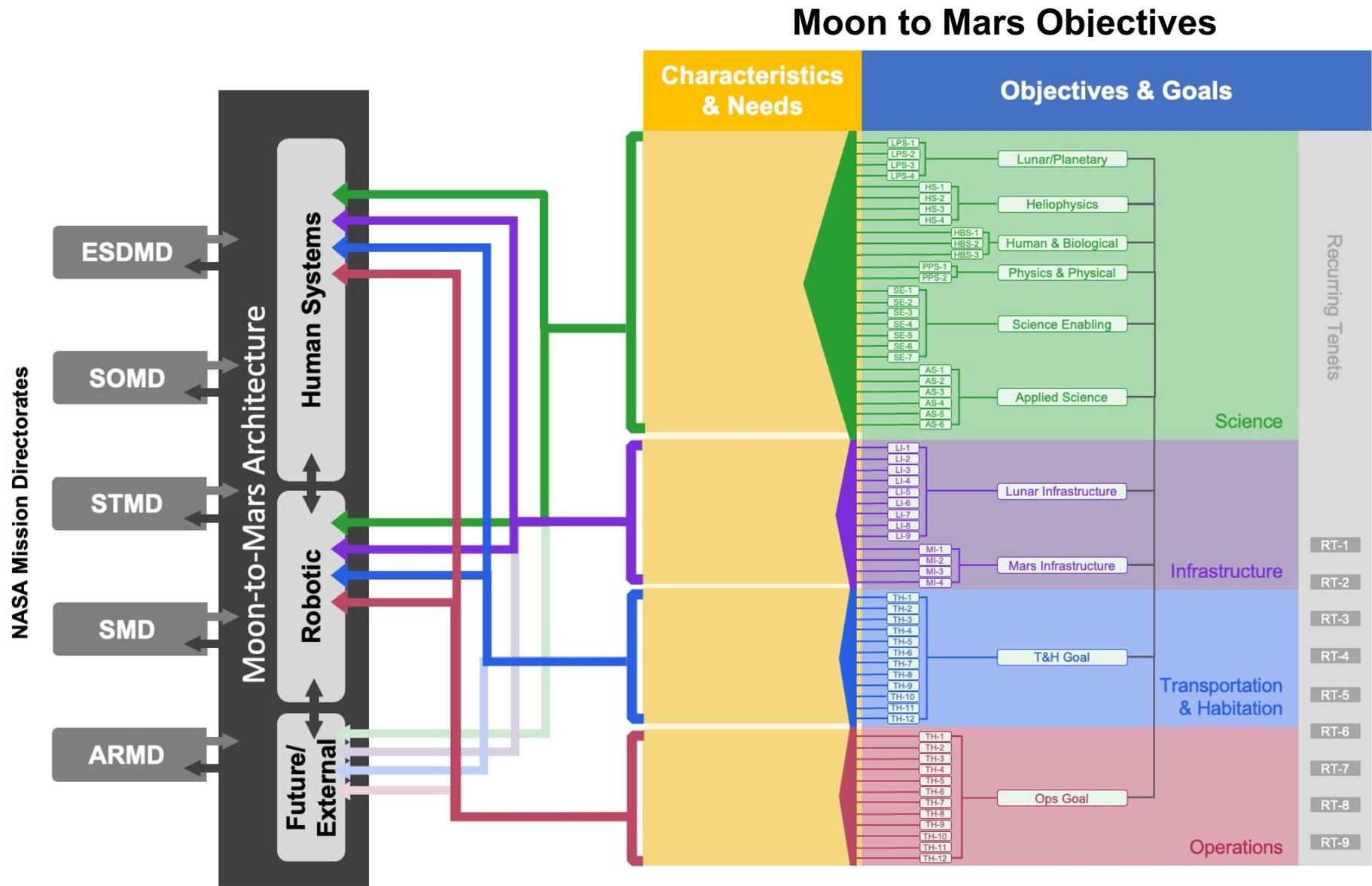


International partners: our key current and future, anticipated collaborators

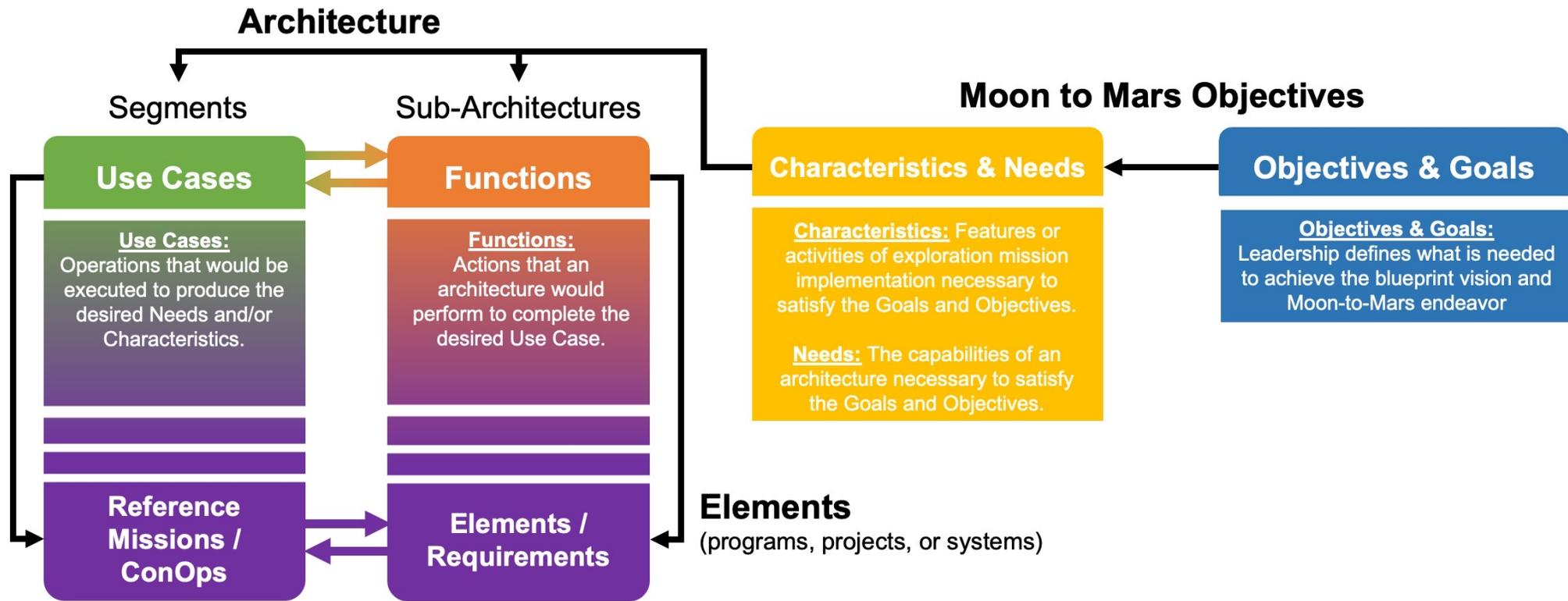


U.S. industry, academia, DOE, NIH, NSF, etc.: our national leaders in space research and capabilities

Architecting from the Right



Architecting from the Right



Architecture organized by Segments and Sub-architectures in the ADD to group similar features and express progression of capabilities over time.

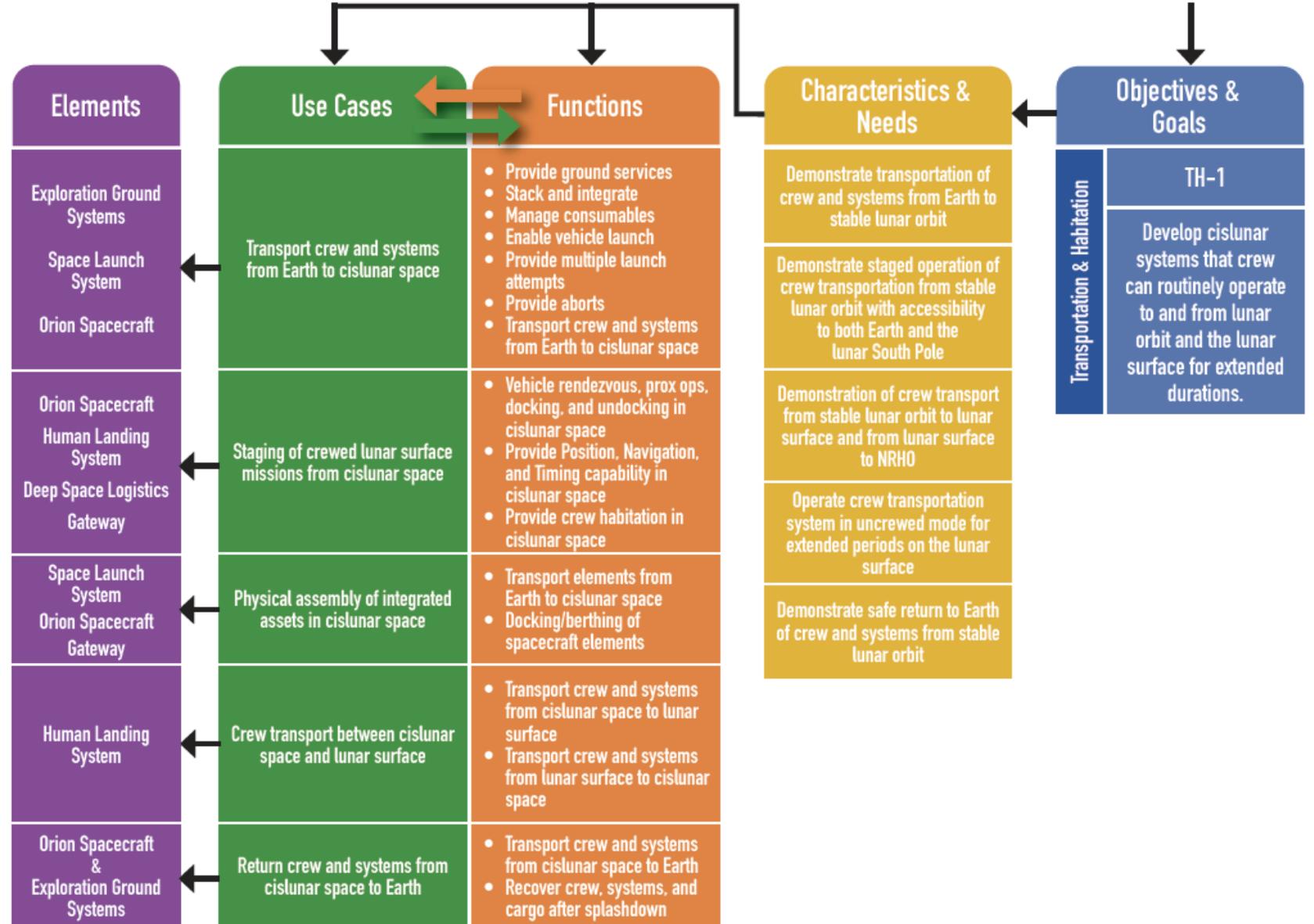
The Architecture process requires a decomposition of Moon to Mars Objectives to element functions and mission use cases to complete the process of “architecting from the right.” This establishes the relationship of executing programs and projects to the driving goals and objectives.

Example Objective Decomposition

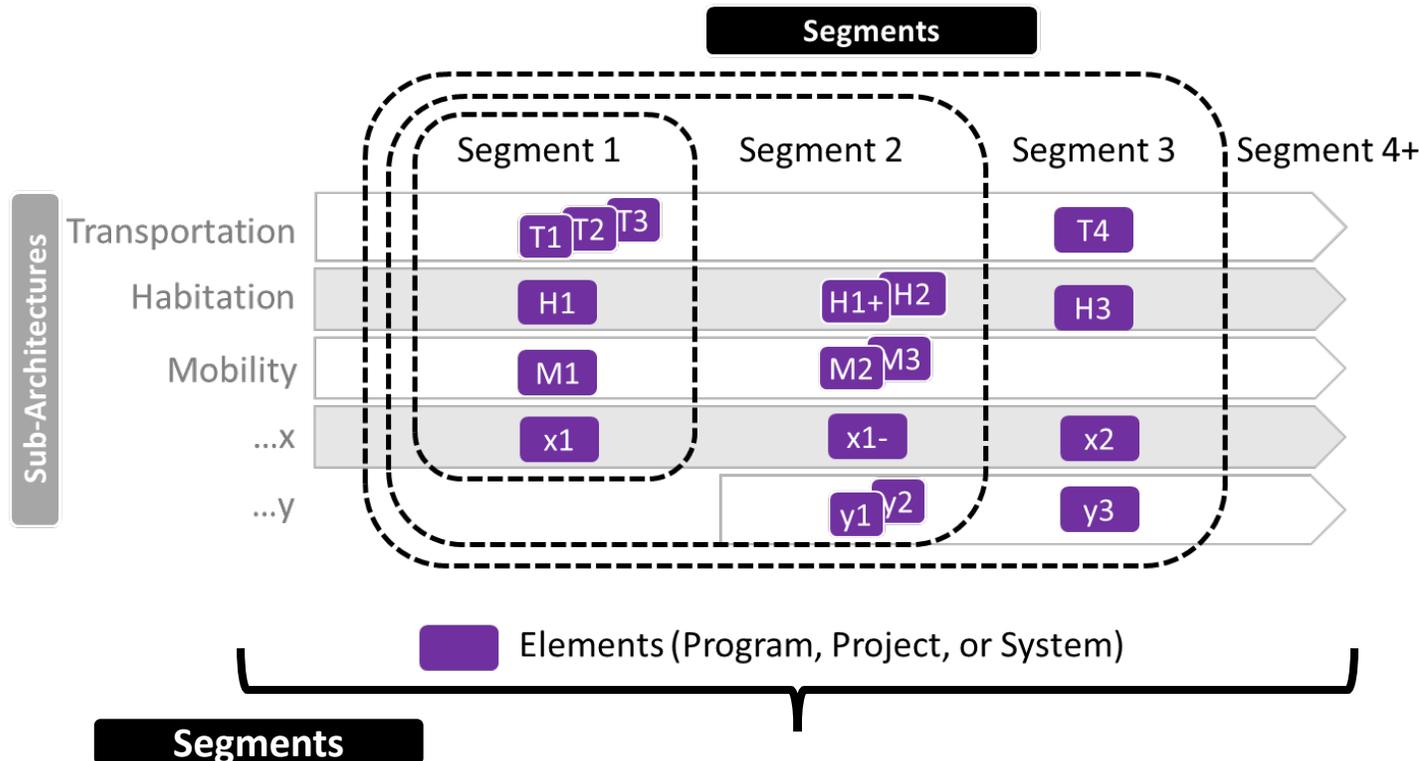
Example of the full distillation of the objectives into lunar-specific Use Cases, Functions, and Elements for the *Human Lunar Return* segment using one of 12 Transportation and Habitation Objectives.

ARCHITECTING FROM THE RIGHT

Start Here



Architecture Framework



Sub-Architectures

A group of tightly-coupled systems, functions, and capabilities that perform together to accomplish architecture objectives.

Ex: Transportation Systems: Contain common functions (e.g. RPOD) & need to ensure end-to-end allocation for crew transport from Earth to destinations to safe return

Segments

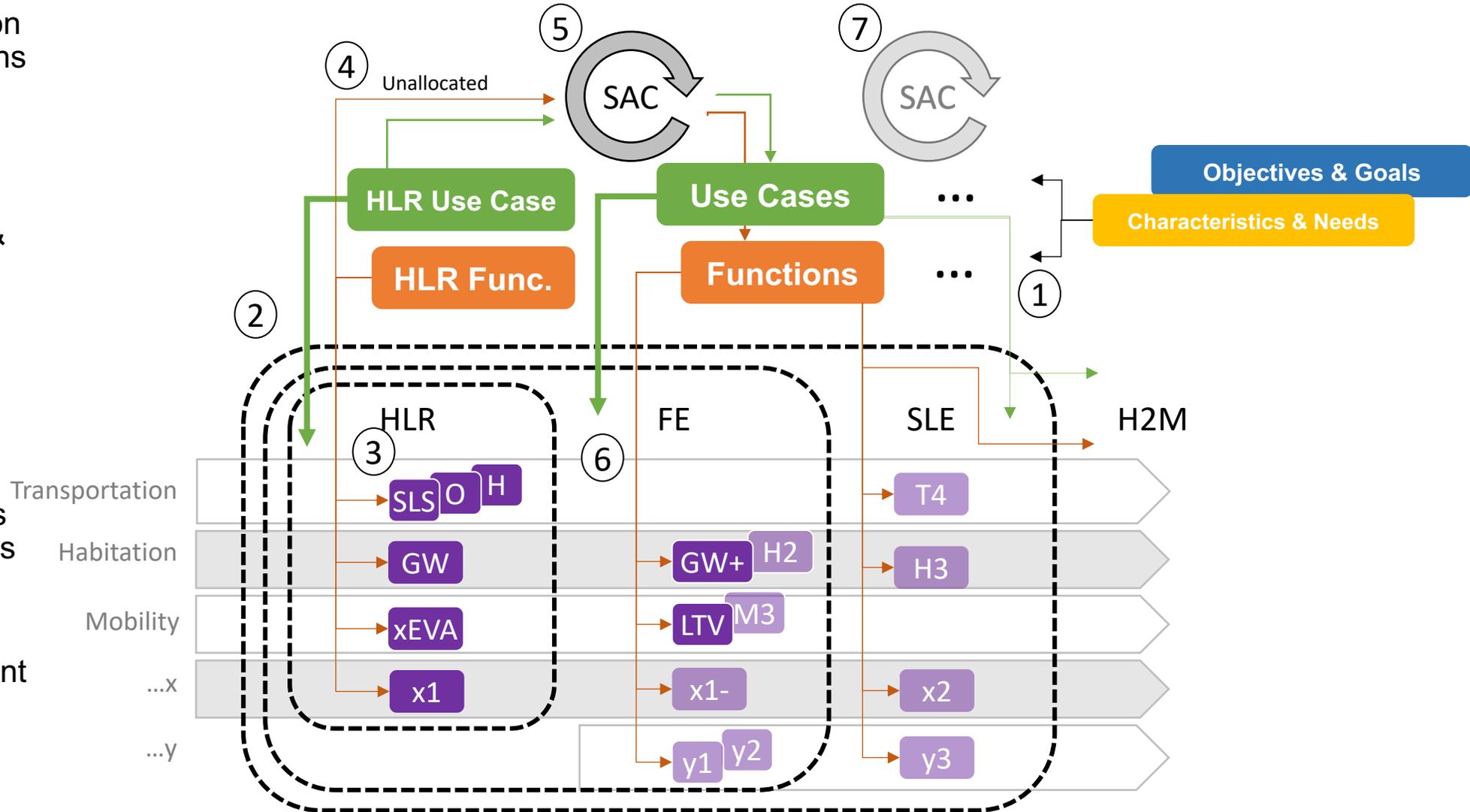
A portion of the architecture, identified by one or more notional missions or integrated use cases, illustrating the interaction, relationships, and connections of the sub-architectures through progressively increasing operational complexity and objective satisfaction.

Ex: Human Lunar Return integrated use case similar to current Artemis IV operations

Architecture Iteration Process



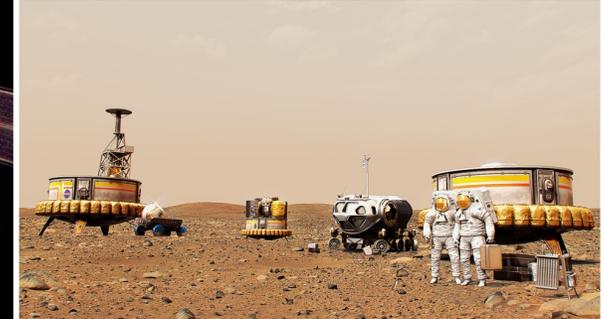
1. Objectives decomposition to Use Cases & Functions
2. Element allocations and traceability performed to initial Segment (HLR)
3. Program requirements & ConOps implement allocated architecture needs
4. Unallocated functions (gaps) re-enter SAC process
5. SAC trades and analysis identify element solutions or definition of new program/projects
6. Definition of next segment and included elements begins
7. Repeat



Segments and Sub-architectures



Segment: A portion of the architecture, identified by one or more notional missions or integrated use cases, illustrating the interaction, relationships, and connections of the sub-architectures through progressively increasing operational complexity and objective satisfaction.



Human Lunar Return

Foundational Exploration

Sustained Lunar Evolution

Humans to Mars

Initial capabilities, systems, and operations necessary to re-establish human presence and initial utilization (science, etc.) on and around the Moon.

Expansion of lunar capabilities, systems, and operations supporting complex orbital and surface missions to conduct utilization (science, etc.) and Mars forward precursor missions.

Enabling capabilities, systems, and operations to support regional and global utilization (science, etc.), economic opportunity, and a steady cadence of human presence on and around the Moon.

Initial capabilities, systems, and operations necessary to establish human presence and initial utilization (science, etc.) on Mars and continued exploration.

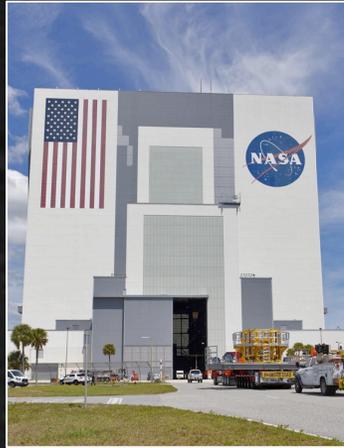
Focus for ACR 22

Focus for ACR 23

Sub-architecture: A group of tightly-coupled systems, functions, and capabilities that perform together to accomplish architecture objectives.

- Communication, Positioning, Navigation, and Timing
- Habitation
- Human Systems
- Logistics
- Mobility Systems
- Power
- Transportation
- Utilization Systems

Human Lunar Return Segment



EXPLORATION GROUND
SYSTEMS



ORION SPACECRAFT



SPACE LAUNCH SYSTEM



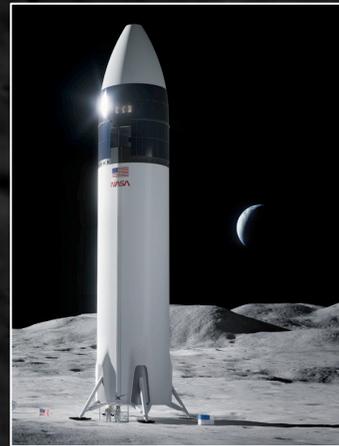
GATEWAY



DEEP SPACE LOGISTICS



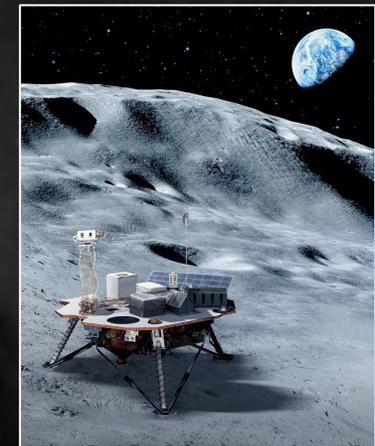
xEVA Systems



HUMAN LANDING SYSTEM



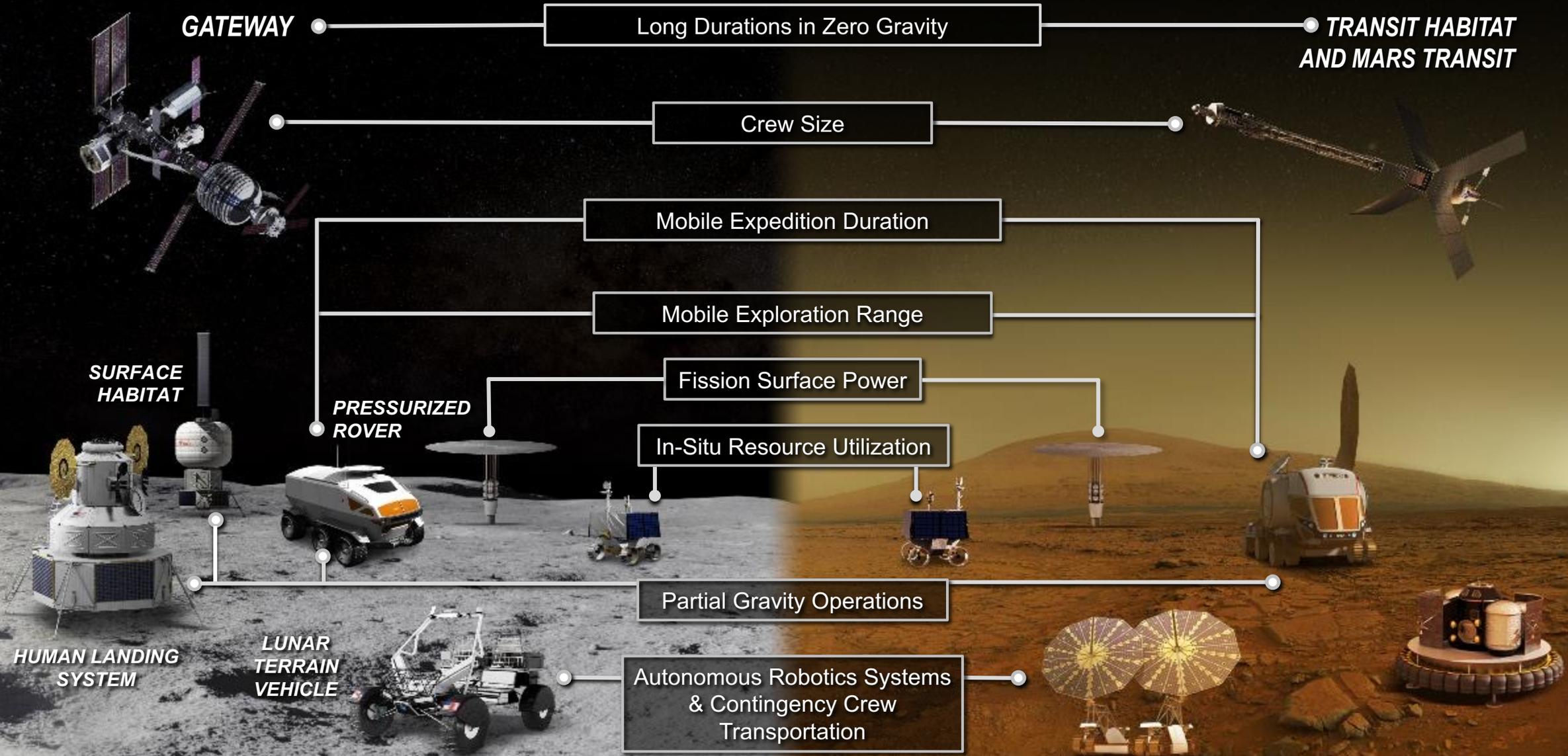
COMM, POSITIONING,
NAV, TIMING (CPNT)



COMMERCIAL LUNAR
PAYLOAD SERVICES

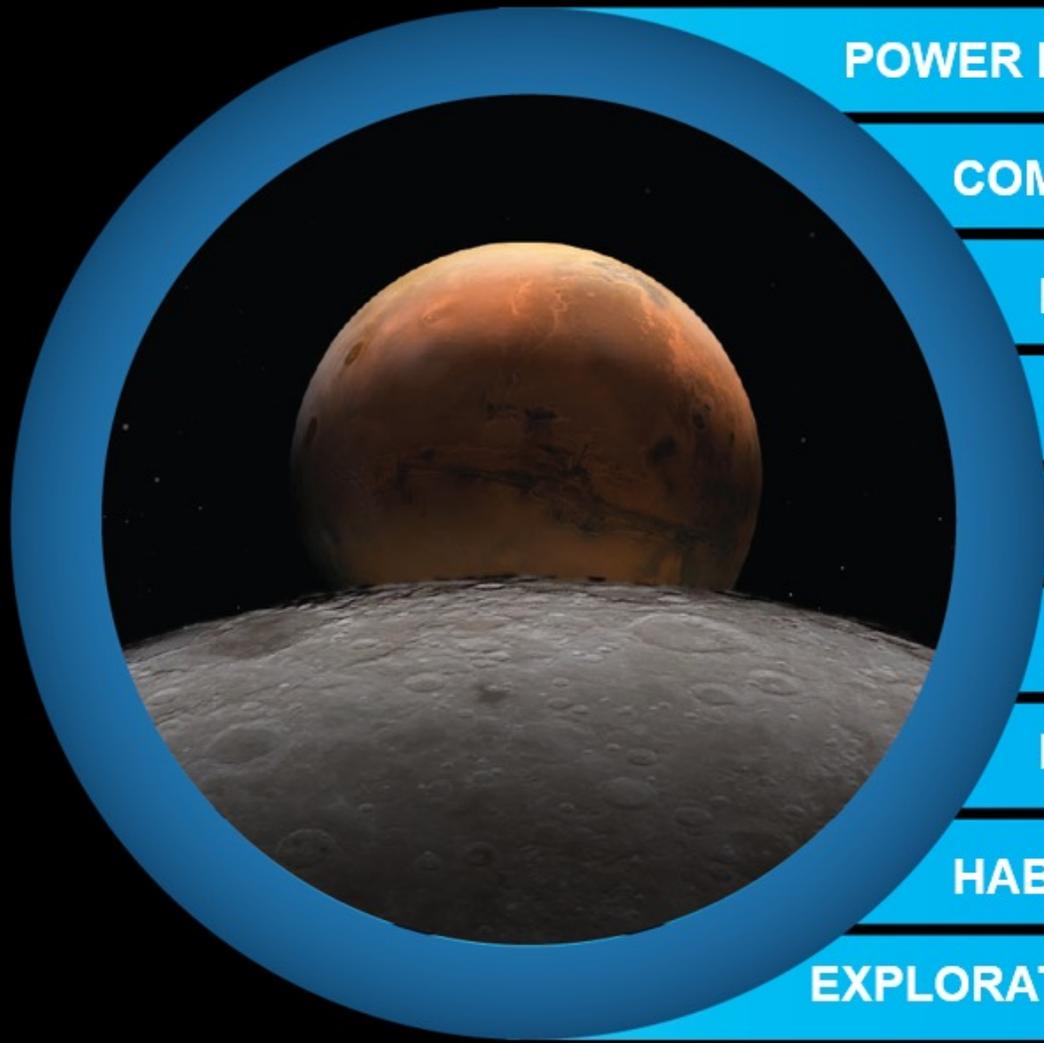
Moon to Mars Exploration Strategy

Scientific exploration and operations at the Moon will help prepare for the first human missions to Mars



Areas for Collaboration

The Moon to Mars architecture is flexible, and there are opportunities to contribute, creating opportunity.



POWER INFRASTRUCTURE AND DISTRIBUTION



COMMUNICATION AND NAVIGATION



LUNAR ENVIRONMENT MITIGATION



ROBOTICS AND MOBILITY



LOGISTICS



UTILIZATION OPERATIONS



LUNAR SAMPLING AND CURATION



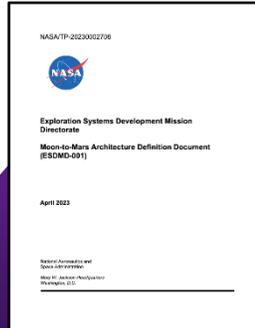
HABITATION AND CREW HEALTH SYSTEMS



EXPLORATION SYSTEMS AND OPERATIONS ANALOG TESTING



Architecture Concept Review Products

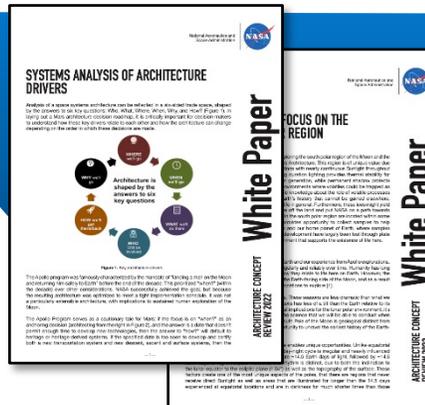


Architecture Definition Document
Detailed documentation of a snapshot of NASA's human spaceflight architecture and exploration strategy

Moon to Mars Architecture Summary
High-level overview of NASA's Moon to Mars architecture and exploration strategy



www.nasa.gov/MoonToMarsArchitecture



White Papers
Six papers on architecture study details for frequently discussed topics

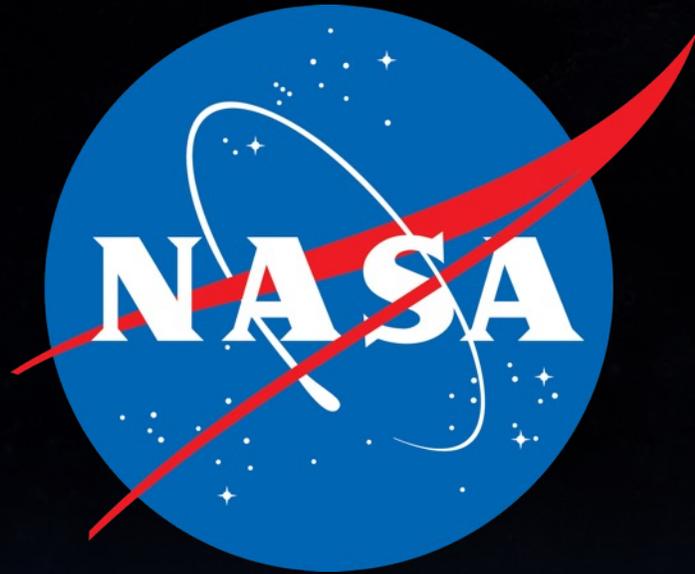
Engagement and Feedback



- The Moon-to-Mars architecture will be continually refined based on the development of our current programs, inputs from U.S. commercial and academic space communities, international partners, other stakeholders, and ongoing work to increase detail on the architecture products.
- A NASA-led in-person workshop is planned for June 27th – 28th. It will be geared toward soliciting feedback via small group discussions from U.S. commercial and academia on the Moon-to-Mars architecture processes and documentation. The location of the workshop will be in the greater D.C. area.
- Stakeholders can also provide feedback through nasa.gov/MoontoMarsArchitecture and during existing interactions, including conference meetings and partner discussions.

A composite image showing the Moon in the foreground, Mars in the background, and the Earth's horizon at the bottom. The Moon is a large, grey, cratered sphere. Mars is a smaller, reddish-orange sphere. The Earth's horizon is a thin blue line at the bottom of the frame.

Questions and Answers



www.nasa.gov/MoonToMarsArchitecture

National Aeronautics and Space Administration