

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -1 of

Chapter 11.16 Job-Specific Performance Requirements (JPRs) – Detailed Descriptions

11.16.1. JPRs for Class I Asbestos Work

11.16.1.1 Class I asbestos work involves the removal of structural or ceiling Spray Applied Insulation (SAI), ceiling or acoustical decorative material, other surfacing material, or Thermal System Insulation (TSI) (i.e., piping and vessel insulation) that is considered Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) or is Presumed Asbestos Containing Material (PACM). The following requirements apply:

- a. Workers who perform asbestos Class I abatement work involving the removal of equal to or more than 260 linear feet, 160 square feet, or 35 cubic feet of ACM or PACM shall (as required by Chapter 11.6):
 - (1) Submit an asbestos project design
 - (2) Provide the JSC Environmental Office, at least 15 working days prior to beginning work, all information required to make notification to the TDSHS

NOTE: The JPR descriptions listed in paragraph 11.16.1 are the pre-approved project designs for asbestos Class I abatement activities involving less than 260 linear feet, 160 square feet, or 35 cubic feet of ACM or PACM.

- b. A decontamination area is required for Class I removal involving over 25 linear feet or 10 square feet of TSI or surfacing ACM and PACM (Reference: 29 CFR 1926.1101 (j)(1)). The decontamination area shall consist of an equipment room, shower area, and clean room in series. The asbestos workers shall enter and exit the Regulated Area through the decontamination area.
- c. The following are descriptions of JPRs I-1 through I-4:
 - (1) **JPR I-1:** Removal of SAI, acoustical or decorative materials, or other surfacing material with a cumulative total of greater than or equal to (>) 10 square feet but less than (<) 160 square feet of materials that have been identified ACM or PACM. A decontamination area is required.
 - (2) **JPR I-2:** Removal of Thermal System Insulation (TSI) with a cumulative total of greater than or equal to (>) 25 linear feet and less than (<) 260 linear feet of materials that have been identified ACM or PACM. For vessels, a cumulative total of greater than or equal to (>) 10 square feet but less than (<) 160 square feet or less than (<) 35 cubic feet of materials that have been identified ACM or PACM. Or, because of the size or geometry of the equipment involved, a glove bag is not a technically feasible method for removal. A decontamination area is required.
 - (3) **JPR I-3:** Removal of Surfacing (Spray Applied Insulation (SAI) or acoustical) or other surfacing material of greater than or equal to (>) 3 square feet of contiguous area (i.e., greater than one waste bag) and a cumulative total of spot removals less than (<) 10 square feet cumulative of materials that have been identified ACM or PACM. A decontamination area is not required but may be used.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -2 of

(4) **JPR I-4:** Removal of Thermal System Insulation (TSI) of greater than or equal to (>) 3 linear feet of contiguous area (i.e., more than one waste bag) but less than (<) 25 linear feet of materials that have been identified ACM or PACM using glove bag methods. For vessels, greater than or equal to (>) 3 square feet of contiguous area, more than one spot abatement, more than one waste bag, and less than (<) 10 square feet cumulative of materials that have been identified ACM or PACM. Never slide glovebags along piping. A decontamination area is not required but may be used.

- d. To accomplish Class I asbestos work activities in JPR I-1 through JPR I-4, a number of sequential and concurrent steps are required. The most prominent of these are listed in Table 1116-1. You will find specific details for performing all required activities by referring to accepted industry practices and procedures based on requirements found in 29 CFR 1926.1101, 29 CFR 1910.1001, and 40 CFR 763, as amended.

Table 11.16-1, Activities for JPRs I-1 through I-4

Step #	Activity
1	Ensure supervision by a properly qualified, Competent Person.
2	The assigned Competent Person shall verify training, medical, and PPE requirements for the asbestos workers are complete and current.
3	Notify and coordinate task with proper officials (facility manager, work area supervisor, Occupational Health, Environmental Office) as needed.
4	Notify Occupational Health at least 2 weeks before job start to coordinate inspections and air sampling.
5	Establish Regulated Area, post warning signs, and rope off area with barricade tape.
6	Shut down and isolate the HVAC system. Control operation/energy with a JSC Form 19A, "WARNING – DO NOT OPERATE" tag.
7	Secure and isolate the electrical system and control its operation/energy with a JSC Form 19A, "WARNING – DO NOT OPERATE" tag. Disable the fire alarm systems as necessary and obtain approval for outages from the Fire Protection Coordination Office.
8	Clean and remove furniture and fixtures, if possible.
9	Pre-clean work area.
10	Seal stationary items, and any remaining furniture/fixtures, and surfaces with polyethylene.
11	Install containment system enclosure, critical barriers, floor coverings, and airlocks (airlocks are mandatory for large enclosures; a double entrance curtain ("Z" flap) is mandatory for small enclosures).
12	Secure work area.
13	Install decontamination area (equipment room, shower area, clean room) and waste load-out facilities, as required. .
14	Install negative-pressure air system (large-scale enclosure).
15	Install negative-pressure air or HEPA-vacuum system for negative pressure (small-scale enclosure).
16	Arrange for Occupational Health to pre-inspect the enclosure.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -3 of

Step #	Activity
17	Don protective equipment and clothing and respiratory protection.
18	Maintain HEPA vacuum system in standby mode (spot-removal surfacing).
19	Wet ACM.
20	Remove ACM
21	Conduct personnel and area sampling concurrently with removal of ACM.
22	Bag removed ACM.
23	Prepare bagged ACM for disposal. Decontaminate outside of bag.
24	Clean and inspect following procedures in Chapter 11.12.
25	Arrange for Occupational Health to perform initial inspection.
26	Re-clean, as necessary.
27	Conduct final cleanup following procedures in Chapter 11.12.
28	Apply encapsulant/"lockdown" to abatement and contiguous areas.
29	Arrange for Occupational Health to conduct clearance visual inspection and clearance air sampling.
30	Decontaminate personnel and equipment by HEPA vacuum. Remove disposable protective clothing and bag as asbestos waste. Shower and exit through decontamination area as appropriate.
31	Disassemble enclosure/decontaminated system after approval from Occupational Health.
32	Call Work Control Center to dispose of all ACM and asbestos-contaminated waste. Record Work Control Pickup Ticket number on Asbestos Work Permit.
33	Disestablish Regulated Area.
34	Occupational Health provides written notification to facility manager that area can be returned to routine activities.
35	Abatement contractor writes report or provides records to Environmental Office, as required.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -4 of

11.16.2. JPRs for Class II Asbestos Work

11.16.2.1 Class II asbestos work involves the removal of, or modification to, wallboard systems, asbestos concrete materials (e.g., pipe, siding, roofing, transite board), ceiling tiles, wall tiles, floor tiles and sheeting, construction mastics, and roofing and siding shingles that are considered Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) or Presumed Asbestos Containing Material (PACM). The following requirements apply:

- a. Workers who perform asbestos Class II abatement work involving the removal of equal to or greater than 160 square feet you shall (as required by Chapter 11.6):
 - (1) Submit an asbestos project design
 - (2) Provide the JSC Environmental Office, at least 15 working days prior to beginning work, all information required to make notification to the TDSHS

NOTE: The JPR requirement descriptions listed in Paragraph 11.16.2 are the pre-approved project designs for asbestos Class II abatement activities involving less than 160 square feet of ACM or PACM.

- b. Class II asbestos work operations, where exposures exceed a PEL, or where there is no negative exposure assessment approved by Occupational Health before the operation starts, require an equipment room or area adjacent to the Regulated Area for the decontamination of employees and their equipment. The area shall be covered by an impermeable drop cloth on the floor or horizontal working surface and shall be of sufficient size as to accommodate cleaning of equipment and removing personal protective equipment without spreading contamination beyond the area (as determined by visible accumulations). (Reference 29 CFR 1926.1101(j)(2)).
- c. Tasks under Class II consist of removing wallboard, asbestos concrete materials (e.g., pipe, siding, roofing, transite board), ceiling tiles, wall tiles, floor tiles and sheeting, roofing, and siding shingles (i.e., ACM or PACM other than TSI and surfacing materials), regardless of quantity, where these materials have been identified as containing greater than 1% asbestos. Although these materials contain in excess of 1% asbestos, they are typically classified as non-friable. The removal of these materials is separated into two categories based on exposure plus two specific tasks for the removal of resilient flooring using Resilient Floor Covering Institute (RFCI) methods.
- d. The following are descriptions of JPRs II-1 through II-2:
 - (1) JPR II-1: The first exposure category is where work activities will destroy the integrity of the ACM and cause the release of asbestos fibers. The materials being removed constitute a significant source of ACM, and abatement could reasonably be expected to contaminate adjoining facilities and create airborne concentrations if proper controls are not followed. The airborne exposures are likely to exceed (>) 0.01 f/cc, or an approved negative exposure assessment is not available. These removal projects will require the use of small or large enclosures. Enclosures will require the use of an equipment room.
 - (2) JPR II-2: The second exposure category is where work activities will not compromise or damage the integrity of the ACM. The materials being removed do not constitute potentially

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -5 of

significant airborne fibers if removed intact and controlled. The airborne exposures are likely to be less than ($<$) 0.01 f/cc, or an approved negative exposure assessment is available. An enclosure may be necessary, but is not always required.

- e. To accomplish JPR II-1 and JPR II-2 tasks, a number of sequential and concurrent steps are required. The most prominent of these are listed in Table 11.16-2. Find specific details for performing all required activities by referring to accepted industry practices and procedures based on requirements found in 29 CFR 1926.1101, 29 CFR 1910.1001, and 40 CFR 763, as amended.

Table 11.16-2, Activities for JPRs II-1 and JPR II-2

Step #	Activity
1	Ensure supervision by a properly qualified, Competent Person.
2	The assigned Competent Person shall verify training, medical, and PPE requirements for the asbestos workers are complete and current.
3	Notify and coordinate task with proper officials (facility manager, work area supervisor, Occupational Health, Environmental Office, as needed).
4	For routine and scheduled O&M work, notify Occupational Health at least 2 weeks before job start to coordinate inspections and air sampling.
5	Establish Regulated Area, post warning signs, and rope off area with barricade tape.
6	Shut down and isolate the HVAC system. Control operation/energy with a JSC Form 19A, "WARNING - DO NOT OPERATE" tag.
7	Secure and isolate the electrical system and control its operation/energy with a JSC Form 19A, "WARNING - DO NOT OPERATE" tag. Disable the fire alarm systems as necessary and obtain approval for outages from the Fire Protection Coordination Office.
8	Clean and remove furniture and fixtures.
9	Pre-clean work area.
10	Seal stationary items with polyethylene.
11	Install containment system, critical barriers, coverings, and airlocks (airlocks are mandatory for large enclosures; a double entrance curtain ("Z" flap) is mandatory for small enclosures).
12	Secure work area.
13	Install equipment room (as necessary).
14	Install negative-pressure air or HEPA-vacuum system for negative pressure (as necessary).
15	Arrange for Occupational Health to pre-inspect the enclosure.
16	Don protective equipment and clothing and respiratory protection.
17	Wet ACM.
18	Remove ACM.
19	Conduct personnel and area sampling concurrently with removal of ACM.
20	Bag removed ACM.
21	Prepare bagged ACM for disposal. Decontaminate outside of bag.
22	Clean and inspect following procedures in Chapter 11.12.
23	Arrange for Occupational Health to conduct initial visual inspection.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -6 of

24	Re-clean, as necessary.
25	Conduct final cleanup following procedures in Chapter 11.12.
26	Apply encapsulant/"lockdown" to abatement and contiguous areas.
27	Arrange for Occupational Health to conduct clearance visual inspection and clearance air sampling.
28	Decontaminate personnel and equipment by HEPA vacuum. Remove disposable protective clothing and bag as asbestos waste. Shower and exit through change room as appropriate.
29	Disassemble enclosure/decontamination system after approval from Occupational Health.
30	Call Work Control Center to dispose of all ACM and asbestos-contaminated waste.
31	Disestablish Regulated Area. Record Work Control Pickup Ticket number on Asbestos Work Permit.
32	Occupational Health provides written notification to facility manager that area can be returned to routine activities.
33	Abatement contractor writes report or provides records to Environmental Office, as required.

f. The following are descriptions of JPRs II-3 through II-4:

- (1) JPR II-3: Removal of less than (<) 160 square feet of resilient sheet flooring using methods and procedures specified by the RFCI to include: (i) ACM sheeting or (ii) sheeting with ACM backing felt or adhesive. Sheeting must be cut with a box-cutter or linoleum-knife into narrow strips and rolled up without breaking using wet methods. Since the removal of the resilient sheet flooring will most likely involve an entire room or rooms, critical barriers and entry curtains are mandatory, as is polyethylene sheeting on the lower half of the walls. If the RFCI procedures are not strictly followed, removal must be conducted under JPR II-1.
- (2) JPR II-4: Removal of resilient flooring using methods and procedures specified by the RFCI to include: (i) any ACM vinyl or asphalt tile or (ii) any vinyl or carpet tile with ACM mastic, where the area exceeds 40 ft², or where waste will exceed the capacity of one standard glove bag, but involves less than 160 square feet. Critical barriers and entry curtains are mandatory, as is polyethylene sheeting on the lower half of the walls. Tiles must be removed intact. Removal procedures must not use spud bars or mechanical chippers. If these conditions are not or cannot be met, removal must be conducted under JPR II-1.

NOTE: The RFCI document, "[Recommended Work Practices for Removal of Resilient Floor Coverings](https://rfci.com/recommended-work-practices/)," may be found at <https://rfci.com/recommended-work-practices/>. RFCI procedures prohibit sanding, sawing, drilling, grinding, abrasive blasting, bead blasting, dry sweeping, dry scraping, and mechanical chipping or pulverizing of resilient flooring, lining, backing felt, and adhesive materials.

g. To accomplish JPR II-3 and JPR II-4 tasks, a number of sequential and concurrent steps are required. The most prominent of these are listed in Table 11.16-3. Workers will wear protective clothing and respiratory protection. Find specific details for performing all required activities by referring to the accepted RFCI industry practices and procedures.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -7 of

Table 11.16-3, Activities for JPRs II-3 and JPR II-4

Step #	Activity
1	Ensure supervision by a properly qualified, Competent Person.
2	The assigned Competent Person shall verify training, medical, and PPE requirements for the asbestos workers are complete and current.
3	Notify and coordinate task with proper officials (facility manager, work area supervisor, Occupational Health, Environmental Office, as needed).
4	For routine and scheduled O&M work, notify Occupational Health at least 2 weeks before job start to coordinate inspections and air sampling.
5	Notify JSC Environmental Office (JE) at least 15 working days before the job if the project exceeds EPA (Clean Air Act/NESHAP) criteria of greater than 160 ft ² for removal of ACM for them to make required regulatory notifications to the TDSHS.
6	Establish Regulated Area, post warning signs, and rope off area with barricade tape.
7	Clean and remove furniture and fixtures.
8	Pre-clean work area.
9	Seal stationary items with polyethylene.
10	Install containment system, critical barriers, coverings, and airlocks (airlocks are mandatory for large enclosures; a double entrance curtain ("Z" flap) is mandatory for small enclosures).
11	Secure work area.
12	Install equipment room (as necessary).
13	Install negative-pressure air or HEPA vacuum system for negative pressure (as necessary).
14	Arrange for the Occupational Health to pre-inspect the Regulated Area.
15	Prepare amended water/detergent solution using RFCI directions.
16	Don protective equipment and clothing and respiratory protection.
17	Remove resilient sheet flooring using RFCI methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If sheeting is fully-adhered, cut into strips that are 4 to 8 in. wide. Use these narrow strips for the bonded areas/edges of peripherally adhered sheeting. • If sheeting has not adhered or is peripherally adhered, cut areas that are not bonded into strips that are 18 in. wide. • While one worker rolls up the strip, a second worker keeps the sheeting, and especially the backing felt, wet with water/detergent solution. • For fully adhered sheeting, the backing felt will separate from the wear layer. If separation does not occur easily, use wet-scraping to achieve separation. • After removing a 12- to 18-in. width of sheeting, thoroughly saturate any residual backing felt and remove by wet-scraping. Rewet backing felt if water/detergent solution has not completely penetrated. • Place rolled-up flooring and wet backing felt into ACM waste bags. • After the 12- to 18-in. width is free of backing felt, HEPA-vacuum the cleaned area. • Repeat a–g, above, until sheeting and backing felt have been removed from the entire floor.
18	Remove floor tiles using RFCI methods:

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -8 of

Step #	Activity
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wet floor tile with water/detergent solution. Using one of the RFCI methods, carefully remove floor tiles one at a time, keeping them intact. The RCFI methods are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wet floor tile with water/detergent solution; work a short- or long-handled scraper beneath a floor tile to exert pressure in a twisting action. Thoroughly heat tile with a hot air gun or radiant heat source to soften tile and adhesive, then remove by hand or with scraper.
19	Remove carpet tiles that have been adhered to floor with ACM mastic. Pry or peel up carpet tiles; keep mastic wet with water/detergent solution. Place contaminated carpet tiles into ACM waste bags with water/detergent solution.
20	Remove residual ACM mastic using RFCI wet-scraping methods and/or adhesive solvents and place into ACM waste bags. RFCI methods allow the use of adhesive solvents with a slow-speed (i.e., less than 300 rpm) floor machine and a 3M black floor pad. If using an adhesive solvent, exhaust ventilation will be required.
21	Conduct personnel and area sampling concurrently with removal of ACM.
22	Prepare bagged ACM for disposal.
23	Clean and inspect following procedures in Chapter 11.12.
24	Arrange for Occupational Health to conduct initial visual inspection.
25	Re-clean, as necessary.
26	Conduct final cleanup following procedures in Chapter 11.12.
27	Arrange for Occupational Health to conduct clearance visual inspection and clearance air sampling, as required.
28	Decontaminate personnel and equipment by HEPA vacuum. Remove disposable protective clothing and bag as asbestos waste.
29	Disassemble enclosure/decontamination system after approval from Occupational Health.
30	Call Work Control Center to dispose of all ACM and asbestos-contaminated waste.
31	Disestablish Regulated Area. Record Work Control Pickup Ticket Number on Asbestos Work Permit.
32	Occupational Health provides written notification to facility manager that area can be returned to routine activities.
33	Abatement contractor writes report or provides records to Environmental Office, as required.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -9 of

11.16.3. JPRs for Class III Asbestos Work

11.16.3.1 JPR III-1 applies to Class III asbestos involving removal of piping insulation using a glovebag to control the expected airborne asbestos. The following requirements apply.

- a. Removal or repair of ACM or PACM insulation of less than (<) 3 linear feet at a single spot from steam, chilled water, and hot water lines and valves. Waste is limited to the amount of ACM or PACM that can be safely contained within one glovebag or within one standard waste bag. This job consists of conducting repairs and maintenance to pipes, lines, and valves. To gain access to the defective part of the pipe, line, or valve, it may be necessary to remove asbestos insulation from the item. The normal high asbestos content of these materials makes it reasonable to expect airborne concentrations of asbestos in potentially significant levels when these materials are disturbed. If the item to be worked on is small enough to fit in a glovebag and there is sufficient room for tools and necessary manipulation, use the glovebag method.

NOTE: If the operation cannot be conducted in one glovebag, or if the total asbestos waste exceeds the capacity of one glovebag or one standard asbestos disposal bag, the work must be done following procedures under Class I Asbestos Work, JPR I-2 or I-4.

- b. Accomplishing JPR III-1 activities requires a number of sequential and concurrent steps. The most prominent of these are listed in Table 11.16-4. Find specific details for performing all required activities by referring to accepted industry practices and procedures based on requirements found in 29 CFR 1926.1101, 29 CFR 1910.1001, and 40 CFR 763, as amended.

Table 11.16-4, Activities for JPRs III-1

Step #	Activity
1	Ensure supervision by a properly qualified, Competent Person.
2	The assigned Competent Person shall verify that training, medical, and PPE requirements of the asbestos workers are complete and current.
3	Notify and coordinate job task with proper officials (facility manager, work area supervisor, and Occupational Health).
4	Secure electrical systems, if possible without undue disruption to others in the area. Coordinate with the Fire Protection Office to disable fire alarms, as necessary.
5	Pre-clean the work area.
6	Seal stationary items with polyethylene.
7	Cover surface areas under abatement area with 6 mil polyethylene.
8	Establish Regulated Area, post warning signs, and rope off area with barricade tape.
9	Don protective equipment and clothing and respiratory protection.
10	Perform glovebag operations. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Install glovebag. b. Establish containment negative-pressure air flow with HEPA vacuum. c. Remove ACM using wet methods. d. Scrub and wipe down exposed piping/valves. e. Use encapsulant or "lockdown" on abatement and contiguous areas. f. Remove glovebag.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -10 of

11	Clean area.
12	Perform inspection and conduct final cleanup following procedures in Chapter 11.12.
13	Decontaminate and remove protective equipment.
14	Call Work Control Center to dispose of all ACM and ACM-contaminated materials. Record Work Control Pickup Ticket Number on Asbestos Work Permit.
15	Disestablish Regulated Area.
16	Notify facility manager of job completion.

11.16.3.2 JPR III-2 and JPR III-3 apply to Class III asbestos work involving a regulated area defined by a barricade with floor covering.

- a. This set of asbestos Class III activities require a Regulated Area defined by barrier or tape and warning signs. The Regulated Area does not require an enclosure but does require appropriate covering of horizontal surfaces with polyethylene sheeting.
- b. If at any time during the JPR III-2 and JPR III-3 activities described below, ACM is noted as delaminating or creating airborne fibers, stop the project and immediately upgrade it to Class I or Class II asbestos work.
- c. JPR III-2 jobs may consist of modifying building components (e.g., steel or concrete structural members; steel or concrete decking) that is in close proximity to SAI for which drilling, hammering, or similar activities could be reasonably expected to disturb the ACM. When it is necessary to drill through or hammer steel that is in proximity to ACM that could be disturbed by the construction or maintenance activity, take precautions to minimize the quantity of asbestos released. Precautions would include evacuating nonessential personnel within the area of the activity, and wetting ACM before work to prevent fiber release. These jobs may also consist of removing and/or replacing wall partitions in close proximity to asbestos materials and could be reasonably expected to disturb the ACM. Airborne asbestos concentrations are expected to be minimal if proper control procedures are followed. JPR III-2 activities meet one or more of the following:
 - (1) Any entry into a ceiling plenum below surfacing or spray-applied insulation/fireproofing (SAI) ACM or PACM where the ceiling opening is less than (<) 32 square feet.
 - (2) Any activity that disturbs (e.g., moves) ACM or PACM ceiling tiles below a plenum that does not contain surfacing or SAI ACM or PACM where the ceiling opening is < 32 square feet.
 - (3) Only in a mechanical room, any activity in close proximity (i.e., within 36 inches) of surfacing ACM or PACM.
 - (4) Other than in mechanical rooms, any activity in close proximity (i.e., within 24 inches) of surfacing ACM or PACM; e.g., changing lights where acoustic ceiling ACM is present.
- d. JPR III-3 activities involve the removal of ACM or PACM where the waste generated does not exceed the capacity of a standard asbestos waste bag. The materials being removed have been identified as containing (or are presumed to contain) greater than 1% asbestos, constitute a potential source of ACM, and abatement could reasonably be expected to

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -11 of

contaminate adjoining areas if proper work practices are not followed. Wet methods are mandatory and the ACM or PACM must be captured close to the removal activity and transferred to a waste bag. If waste exceeds the capacity of a standard asbestos waste bag, then Class II Asbestos work, JPR II-1 or II-2 must be used. JPR III-3 activities meet one or more of the following:

- (1) Spot removal of ACM or PACM wallboard, joint tape, or joint compound.
- (2) Removal, replacement and disposal of ACM or PACM ceiling tiles below a plenum which does not contain surfacing or SAI ACM or PACM and where the ceiling opening is < 32 square feet.

- e. To accomplish JPR III-2 and JPR III-3 tasks, a number of sequential and concurrent steps are required. The most prominent of these are listed in Table 11.16-5. Find specific details for performing all required activities by referring to accepted industry practices and procedures based on requirements found in 29 CFR 1926.1101, 29 CFR 1910.1001, and 40 CFR 763, as amended.

Table 11.16-5, Activities for JPRs III-2 and III-3

Step #	Activity
1	Ensure supervision by a properly qualified, Competent Person.
2	The assigned Competent Person shall verify that training, medical and PPE requirements of the asbestos workers are complete and current.
3	Notify and coordinate job tasks with proper officials (facility manager, work area supervisor, and Occupational Health).
4	Establish Regulated Area. Place barricades and signs around work area. Barricades must be placed a sufficient distance beyond the work zone to capture all debris from work activities and to ensure that no asbestos concentration exceeds applicable limits.
5	Move employees out of the Regulated Area.
6	Shut down HVAC system if possible without undue disruption to others in the area. HVAC system must be shut down when disturbance of ACM or ACM debris could reasonably be expected to migrate to other areas.
7	Don protective equipment and clothing and respiratory protection.
8	Conduct personnel and area sampling as required.
9	Place one layer of 6-mil polyethylene beneath work area. Polyethylene must extend beyond the work zone a sufficient distance to catch/trap any asbestos debris that may fall. If removing ceiling tiles, place polyethylene sheeting at least one ceiling tile beyond the opening in each direction. Move the boundary of the Regulated Area as necessary to ensure the polyethylene sheeting does not extend beyond the boundary.
10	When removing ceiling tiles: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Place ladder below first ceiling tile. b. As tile is lifted, HEPA vacuum the tile grid supports. c. Remove one ceiling tile. Lower carefully, maintaining horizontal orientation. d. HEPA vacuum and wet wipe surface facing plenum and exposed side(s). e. Wet wipe and HEPA vacuum tile hanger assembly.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -12 of

	<p>f. HEPA vacuum next tile to be removed, remove next tile, and wet wipe and HEPA vacuum tile hanger assembly.</p> <p>g. Repeat for a maximum of three tiles (less than 32 square feet).</p> <p>h. If unable to decontaminate tile, or if ACM or PACM tiles are being removed/disposed, place in asbestos waste disposal bag.</p>
11	<p>If performing spot removals/abatement of SAI, or acoustical decoration, or wallboard, tape, and mud:</p> <p>a. Spray spot and surrounding area with amended water and let it soak into the ACM.</p> <p>b. Cut with sharp knife or other tool so as not to generate asbestos fibers. Use a HEPA vacuum adjacent to the cutting tool to capture asbestos fibers/dust.</p> <p>c. Catch asbestos waste in container held close to removal spot/area.</p> <p>d. Clean substrate, as applicable.</p> <p>e. Spray/mist substrate and exposed side(s) of ACM with approved encapsulant.</p>
12	If applicable, modify structural components so as not to disturb surrounding ACM.
13	If applicable, carefully remove wall partitions or plaster ceiling materials so as not to disturb surrounding ACM. Remove material and dispose of as normal waste or as directed.
14	As applicable, perform work in plenum above suspended ceilings.
15	When the plenum area is below surfacing or SAI ACM or PACM, wet wipe all cables, wires, conduit, and piping as they are removed from plenum area. HEPA vacuum all other items as they are removed from plenum area.
16	HEPA vacuum work area.
17	Visually inspect above ceiling and/or around work area to ensure that there is no remaining visible ACM or PACM dust/debris.
18	Replace ceiling tiles, as applicable
19	Visually inspect and clean the Regulated Area and all equipment to ensure there is no visible ACM dust/debris. Follow cleaning and inspection procedures of Chapter 11.12.
20	Decontaminate personnel and all equipment by HEPA vacuum.
21	HEPA vacuum and wet wipe polyethylene placed beneath work area. If unable to decontaminate, carefully gather plastic and dispose as asbestos-contaminated waste. Follow cleaning and inspection procedures of Chapter 11.12.
22	Conduct final visual clearance inspection. Re-clean as necessary.
23	Decontaminate disposable coveralls; remove, and dispose of as asbestos-contaminated waste.
24	Remove respirator.
25	Call Work Control Center to dispose of all ACM and ACM-contaminated materials. Record Work Control Pickup Ticket Number on Asbestos Work Permit. Notify area supervisor that task is complete.
26	Remove barricades and signs and disestablish Regulated Area.
27	Notify Facility Manager of job completion.

11.16.3.3 JPR III-4 and JPR III-5 involve Class III Asbestos Work require a regulated area defined by an enclosure.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -13 of

- a. JPR III-4 applies to spot removal of surfacing ACM or PACM (e.g., SAI or acoustical or decorative) of less than 3 square feet in contiguous area at a single spot, and the waste generated does not exceed the capacity of one standard asbestos waste bag per individual spot. The materials being removed have been identified as, or are presumed as, containing greater than 1% asbestos, constitute a potential source of ACM, and abatement could reasonably be expected to contaminate adjoining areas if proper work practices are not followed. Wet methods are mandatory and the ACM must be captured close to the removal activity and transferred to a waste bag.
- b. JPR III-5 applies to activities which meet one or more of the following:
 - (1) Any entry into a ceiling plenum below surfacing or spray-applied insulation/fireproofing (SAI) ACM or PACM where the ceiling opening is greater than or equal to (>) 32 square feet.
 - (2) Any activity that disturbs (e.g., moves) ACM or PACM ceiling tiles below a plenum that does not contain surfacing or SAI ACM or PACM where the ceiling opening is > 32 square feet.
- c. If at any time ACM is noted as delaminating or creating airborne fibers during the JPR III-4 or JPR III-5 activities, stop the project and immediately upgrade it to Class I or Class II asbestos work.
- d. To accomplish JPR III-4 and JPR III-5 tasks, a number of sequential and concurrent steps are required. The most prominent of these are listed in Table 11.16-6. Find specific details for performing all required activities by referring to accepted industry practices and procedures based on requirements found in 29 CFR 1926.1101, 29 CFR 1910.1001, and 40 CFR 763, as amended.

Table 11.16-6, Activities for JPRs III-4 and JPR III-5

Step #	Activity
1	Ensure supervision by a properly qualified, Competent Person.
2	The assigned Competent Person shall verify that training, medical and PPE requirements of the asbestos workers are complete and current.
3	Notify and coordinate job tasks with proper officials (Facility Manager, Work Area Supervisor, and Occupational Health).
4	Place barricades and signs around work area.
5	Move employees in the immediate work area out of the Regulated Area.
6	Shut down HVAC system if possible without unduly interrupting facility work force. The HVAC system must be shut down when disturbance of ACM or ACM-containing debris could reasonably be expected to migrate to other areas.
7	Don protective equipment and clothing and respiratory protection.
8	Conduct personnel and area sampling as required.
9	Construct mini-enclosure with polyethylene, incorporate an airlock or double entrance curtain ("Z" flap). A "pop-up" (e.g., "Kontrol-Kube™") enclosure will meet this requirement.
10	Pre-clean area as necessary.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -14 of

11	As necessary, use HEPA vacuum to create a negative pressure inside enclosure.
12	<p>If removing ceiling tiles:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Place ladder below first ceiling tile. b. As tile is lifted, HEPA vacuum the tile grid supports. c. Remove one ceiling tile. Lower carefully, maintaining horizontal orientation. d. HEPA vacuum and wet wipe surface facing plenum and exposed side(s). e. Wet wipe and HEPA vacuum tile hanger assembly. f. HEPA vacuum next tile to be removed, remove next tile, and wet wipe and HEPA vacuum tile hanger assembly. g. Wet wipe and HEPA vacuum tile hanger assembly. h. Repeat as necessary for all tiles to be removed. i. If unable to decontaminate tile, or if ACM or PACM tiles are being removed/disposed, place in asbestos waste disposal bag.
13	If applicable, modify structural components so as not to disturb surrounding ACM.
14	If applicable, carefully remove wall partitions so as not to disturb surrounding ACM. Remove material and dispose of as normal waste or as directed.
15	As applicable, perform work in plenum above suspended ceilings.
16	When the plenum area is below surfacing or SAI ACM or PACM, wet wipe all cables, wires, conduit, and piping as they are removed from plenum area. HEPA vacuum all other items as they are removed from plenum area.
17	HEPA vacuum work area.
18	Visually inspect above ceiling, around work area, to ensure that there is no remaining visible ACM dust/debris.
19	Replace ceiling tiles.
20	Perform first visual inspection of the Regulated Area and all equipment below ceiling to ensure there is no visible ACM dust/debris.
21	Decontaminate personnel and all equipment by HEPA vacuum.
22	Clean, inspect, decontaminate enclosure following Chapter 11.12 procedures.
23	Conduct visual clearance inspection. Re-clean as necessary.
24	Disassemble enclosure, perform final visual inspection of area, clean as necessary.
25	Decontaminate disposable coveralls; remove, and dispose of as asbestos-contaminated waste.
26	Remove respirator.
27	Call Work Control Center to dispose of all ACM and ACM-contaminated materials. Record Work Control Pickup Ticket Number on Asbestos Work Permit.
28	Remove signs and disestablish Regulated Area.
29	Notify Facility Manager of job completion.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -15 of

11.16.3.4 JPR III-6 applies to removal of plaster and sheetrock ceilings below the ceiling plenum in buildings with ACM or PACM surfacing or spray-applied insulation/fireproofing (SAI).

- a. The JPR III-6 work consists of activities to remove plaster and sheetrock ceilings below the ceiling plenums in buildings with asbestos containing spray-applied insulation (SAI). The plaster is most often used with a wire-mesh support. The wire mesh or sheetrock supports may be suspended by wires from the overhead deck. The top side of the plaster or the sheetrock is assumed to be contaminated with asbestos debris. Removal of the plaster or sheetrock will create significant amounts of dust and debris, which could contain some asbestos debris. Partial to whole-body entry into the plenum is required for some or all of the plaster/sheetrock ceiling removal. Asbestos concentrations are reasonably expected to be low if proper precautions and procedures are incorporated into job planning. This task does not include the abatement of any ACM SAI, but has the potential to disturb the ACM SAI if precautions are not taken.
- b. JPR III-6 work requires a regulated area defined by an enclosure.
- c. If at any time ACM is noted as delaminating or creating airborne fibers during the JPR III-4, JPR III-5, or JPR III-6 activities, stop the project and immediately upgrade it to Class I or Class II asbestos work.
- d. To accomplish JPR III-6 tasks, a number of sequential and concurrent steps are required. The most prominent of these are listed in Table 11.16-7. Find specific details for performing all required activities by referring to accepted industry practices and procedures based on requirements found in 29 CFR 1926.1101, 29 CFR 1910.1001, and 40 CFR 763, as amended.

Table 11.16-7, Activities for JPR III-6

Step #	Activity
1	Ensure supervision by a properly qualified, Competent Person.
2	The assigned Competent Person shall verify that training, medical and PPE requirements of the asbestos workers are complete and current.
3	Notify and coordinate job tasks with proper officials (Facility Manager, Work Area Supervisor, and Occupational Health).
4	Place barricades and signs around work area.
5	Move employees in the immediate work area out of the Regulated Area.
6	Shut down HVAC system if possible without unduly interrupting facility work force. The HVAC system must be shut down when disturbance of plaster/sheetrock dust and ACM-containing debris could reasonably be expected to migrate to other areas.
7	Remove furniture and fixtures. Pre-clean area as necessary. Seal stationary items with polyethylene if they cannot be removed.
8	Construct enclosure with polyethylene sheeting. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Seal edges of enclosure and cover HVAC system vents to prevent escape of dust and debris. b. Install an airlock vestibule. c. Install a waste load-out area if needed.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -16 of

	<p>d. If ceiling is being removed from an entire room, cover the walls with a single layer of at least 6-mil polyethylene.</p> <p>e. Cover the floor of the enclosure with two layers of at least 6-mil polyethylene.</p>
9	Install negative-pressure air machine (large enclosure) or HEPA vacuum (small enclosure) to create a negative pressure of at least -0.02 inches H ₂ O inside enclosure.
10	Arrange for Occupational Health to inspect enclosure before work begins.
11	Don protective equipment and clothing and respiratory protection before entering the enclosure.
12	Conduct personnel and area sampling as required.
13	<p>Remove ceiling:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Gain entry to ceiling through hatch, if one exists. Otherwise, select a location to cut an opening and place ladder/work stand below. Wet the cut-line, then cut opening through ceiling. Use a HEPA vacuum (with a design used for wet application to mitigate shock hazard) to catch/collect dust generated during the cutting process. Carefully lower the cut out piece of ceiling, maintaining horizontal orientation. HEPA vacuum the surface facing plenum. HEPA vacuum the top of the next ceiling area to be removed and then cut it out. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimize generation of plaster/sheetrock dust and debris. Wet top and bottom surfaces to be cut. Catch or collect dust generated by the cutting process with a HEPA vacuum. Avoid, as much as possible, partial cutting and/or tearing down the ceiling since this creates more plaster/sheetrock dust and debris. Repeat as necessary for all of ceiling area being removed. Control plaster/sheetrock dust inside enclosure with water mist.
14	Double bag and dispose of all plaster and sheetrock waste as asbestos waste. Wet all debris as it is being bagged. Place a JSC Form 1161, " Pick-up Request for Industrial Solid Waste(s)," on each waste bag. See waste disposal procedures/process in Chapter 11.14.
15	If applicable, modify structural components so as not to disturb surrounding ACM.
16	Wet wipe all cables, wires, conduit, and piping as they are removed from plenum area. HEPA vacuum all other items as they are removed from plenum area.
17	Clean, inspect, decontaminate enclosure following Chapter 11.12 procedures.
18	Conduct visual inspection of the enclosure and all equipment below the ceiling plane. Re-clean as necessary.
19	Arrange for Occupational Health to conduct a visual clearance inspection.
20	<p>Install new ceiling and perform other construction work.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> As long as the ceiling remains open to the ACM SAI, then all work will be conducted using Class III Asbestos Work procedures as described in JPRs III-4 or III-5. Removal/Abatement of any surfacing, SAI, or TSI ACM or PACM SAI will be conducted using JPRs I-1 through I-4, as appropriate. If the abatement activities

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -17 of

	involve amounts equal to or greater than (>) 260 linear feet, 160 square feet, or 35 cubic feet of ACM or PACM, then submit an asbestos project design and provide the JSC Environmental Office, at least 15 working days prior to beginning work, all information required to make notification to the TDSHS.
21	After new ceiling is completely installed, conduct visual inspection and clean/re-clean as necessary.
22	Arrange for Occupational Health to perform a final visual clearance visual inspection and clearance air sampling.
23	Disassemble the enclosure and perform final visual inspection of area, clean as necessary.
24	Decontaminate equipment by HEPA vacuuming and wet wiping.
25	Decontaminate personnel and disposable coveralls; remove and dispose of as asbestos-contaminated waste.
26	Remove respirator.
27	Call Work Control Center to dispose of all ACM and ACM-contaminated materials. Record Work Control Pickup Ticket Number on Asbestos Work Permit and on the JSC Form 1161.
28	Remove signs and disestablish Regulated Area.
29	Notify Facility Manager of job completion.

11.16.3.5 JPR III-7 applies to repair or maintenance of equipment with ACM or PACM to include equipment that has ACM or PACM insulation, or replacement and removal of ACM or PACM gaskets.

a. JPR III-7 activities include:

- (1) The repair and maintenance of equipment (motors, engines, relays, ovens, file cabinets, etc.) that has ACM or PACM inside the unit. It does not cover equipment with ACM insulation on the outside, which must be removed before gaining access to the interior of the unit. Airborne concentrations of asbestos fibers are reasonably expected to be less than 0.1 f/cc. If equipment is known to contain asbestos and there is no intention of servicing the equipment or removing the asbestos, the equipment must be disposed of as asbestos waste (i.e., it cannot be disposed of or declared excess through the JSC Logistics Division).
- (2) Removing ACM or PACM gasket materials from valves and pipe flanges. This job does not include removing ACM or PACM from the outside of the valve or pipe joint. (Removing ACM from outside of the valves and pipe joints will be conducted under Class I asbestos work, JPRs I-2 and I-4, or Class III asbestos glovebag work, JPR III-1, as appropriate). Airborne concentrations of asbestos fibers are reasonably expected to be less than 0.1 f/cc if proper controls are followed.

b. To accomplish JPR III-7 tasks, a number of sequential and concurrent steps are required. The most prominent of these are listed in Table 11.16-8. Find specific details for performing all required activities by referring to accepted industry practices and procedures based on requirements found in 29 CFR 1926.1101, 29 CFR 1910.1001, and 40 CFR 763, as amended.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -18 of

Table 11.16-8, Activities for JPR III-7

Step #	Activity
1	Ensure supervision by a properly qualified, Competent Person.
2	The assigned Competent Person shall verify that training, medical, and PPE requirements of the asbestos workers are complete and current.
3	Notify proper offices.
4	Establish Regulated Area.
5	Place barricades and signs around work area.
6	Place one layer of 6-mil polyethylene under (around, if equipment is floor-mounted) equipment to be repaired.
7	Don protective clothing and respirator. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> As appropriate, disassemble valve or pipe flange. HEPA-vacuum/wet-wipe valve-gasket interfaces. Scrape off and collect ACM gasket materials using wet methods. Bag ACM. HEPA-vacuum/wet-wipe flange surfaces. Install new gasket. Reassemble valve piping. HEPA-vacuum/wet-wipe outside of valve and surrounding area.
8	As appropriate, open equipment. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> HEPA vacuum interior. Wet ACM material. Remove ACM (if necessary) and place in ACM waste bag, if being discarded. Replace with non-ACM if feasible. Repair equipment. HEPA-vacuum interior. Close up equipment.
9	HEPA-vacuum polyethylene and visually inspect Regulated Area.
10	Clean and inspect work area following procedures in Chapter 11.12.
11	Place all rags, materials, polyethylene, and vacuum cleaner bags into ACM waste bags.
12	HEPA-vacuum disposable work clothes. Remove protective clothing and dispose of as asbestos-contaminated waste.
13	Remove, clean, and store respirator.
14	Call Work Control Center to dispose of asbestos-contaminated waste. Record Work Control Pickup Ticket Number on Asbestos Work Permit.
15	Notify supervisor that task is complete.
16	Remove barricades and signs and disestablish Regulated Area.

11.16.3.6 JPR III-8 applies to maintenance of equipment used in asbestos abatement or decontamination work.

- JPR III-8 activities includes replacing filters and maintaining equipment used in ACM abatement and decontamination operations. This would generally include negative-pressure

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -19 of

air filtration, water filters, and HEPA-equipped vacuum cleaners. These filters would generally be expected to contain significant quantities of ACM; consequently, these units may need to be serviced within a small enclosure. When not in service, secure HEPA vacuum cleaners and negative-pressure, air filtration equipment with plastic on each inlet and exhaust opening to the unit.

- b. To accomplish JPR III-8 tasks, a number of sequential and concurrent steps are required. The most prominent of these are listed in Table 11.16-9. Find specific details for performing all required activities by referring to accepted industry practices and procedures based on requirements found in 29 CFR 1926.1101, 29 CFR 1910.1001, and 40 CFR 763, as amended.

Table 11.16-9, Activities for JPR III-8

Step #	Activity
1	Ensure supervision by a properly qualified, Competent Person
2	The assigned Competent Person shall verify that training, medical, and PPE requirements of the asbestos workers are complete and current.
3	Coordinate job tasks with proper officials.
4	Secure HVAC and electrical systems, as necessary. Ensure equipment is de-energized. Perform LO/TO procedures as appropriate.
5	Move employees in the immediate work area out of the controlled area.
6	Place barricades and signs around work area. Build enclosure as needed. Place polyethylene sheeting on work surface.
7	Don protective clothing and respirator.
8	Open filter unit.
9	HEPA-vacuum/wet-wipe filter unit covers and duct.
10	Spray filter with mist of water or a tack coating.
11	Ensure complete filter surface is covered.
12	Place filter into plastic bag, seal bag, and label as asbestos waste.
13	HEPA-vacuum/wet-wipe filter installation area.
14	Install new filter.
15	Close unit.
16	Clean and inspect work area following procedures in Chapter 11.12.
17	HEPA-vacuum work area including plastic sheeting placed beneath work area.
18	Disassemble enclosure.
19	Collect decontaminated plastic sheeting placed beneath work area, place in waste bags, and dispose of as normal refuse.
20	Conduct visual clearance inspection.
21	HEPA-vacuum work area and protective clothing. Remove protective clothing and dispose of as asbestos-contaminated waste.
22	Remove, clean, and store respirator.
23	Call Work Control Center to dispose of asbestos-contaminated waste. Record Work Control Pickup Ticket Number on Asbestos Work Permit.
24	Notify area supervisor that task is complete.
25	Remove barricades and signs.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -20 of

11.16.3.7 JPR III-9 applies to removal of one standard waste bag of (i) ACM vinyl/asphalt floor tile; (ii) non-ACM floor tile with ACM mastic; or (iii) carpet tiles with ACM mastic using procedures and methods specified by the RFCI.

Note: The RFCI document, "[Recommended Work Practices for Removal of Resilient Floor Coverings](http://www.rfci.com/index.php)," may be found at <http://www.rfci.com/index.php>. RFCI procedures prohibit sanding, sawing, drilling, grinding, abrasive blasting, bead blasting, dry sweeping, dry scraping, and mechanical chipping or pulverizing of resilient flooring, lining, backing felt, and adhesive materials.

- a. Waste is limited to one standard waste bag. If more than one waste bag will be generated, removal must be conducted under JPR II-1.
- b. Tiles must be removed intact. Removal procedures must not use spud bars or mechanical chippers. If these conditions are not or cannot be met, removal must be conducted under JPR II-1.
- c. To accomplish JPR III-9 tasks, a number of sequential and concurrent steps are required. The most prominent of these are listed in Table 11.16-10. Find specific details for performing all required activities by referring to accepted industry practices and procedures based on requirements found in 29 CFR 1926.1101, 29 CFR 1910.1001, and 40 CFR 763, as amended.

Table 11.16-10, Activities for JPR III-9

Step #	Activity
1	Ensure supervision by a properly qualified Competent Person
2	The assigned Competent Person shall verify training, medical, and PPE requirements of the asbestos workers are complete and current.
3	Notify proper offices.
4	Ensure supervision by a properly qualified Competent Person.
5	Establish Regulated Area, post warning signs, and rope off area with barricade tape.
6	Pre-clean work area.
7	Prepare amended water/detergent solution using RFCI directions.
8	Don protective clothing and respiratory protection.
9	Remove floor tiles using RFCI methods: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Wet floor tile with water/detergent solution. b. Using one of the RFCI methods, carefully remove floor tiles one at a time, keeping them intact. The RFCI methods are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wet floor tile with water/detergent solution; work a short- or long-handled scraper beneath a floor tile to exert pressure in a twisting action. • Thoroughly heat tile with a hot air gun or radiant heat source to soften tile and adhesive, then remove by hand or with scraper. • Place removed tiles into ACM waste bags with water/detergent solution.
10	Remove carpet tiles that have adhered to floor with ACM mastic. Pry or peel up carpet tiles; keep mastic wet with water/detergent solution. Place contaminated carpet tiles into ACM waste bags with water/detergent solution.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -21 of

11	Remove residual ACM mastic using RFCI wet-scraping methods and/or adhesive solvents and place into ACM waste bags. RFCI methods allow use of adhesive solvents with a slow-speed (i.e., less than 300 rpm) floor machine and a 3M black floor pad.
12	Prepare bagged ACM for disposal.
13	Visually inspect and clean the Regulated Area and all equipment to ensure that there is no visible ACM dust/debris. Follow cleaning and inspection procedures in Chapter 11.12.
14	Decontaminate personnel and all equipment by HEPA vacuum.
15	Conduct final visual clearance inspection. Re-clean as necessary.
16	Decontaminate, remove, and dispose of disposable coveralls as asbestos-contaminated waste.
17	Remove respirator.
18	Call Work Control Center to dispose of all ACM and ACM-contaminated materials. Record Work Control Pickup Ticket Number on Asbestos Work Permit. Notify area supervisor that task is complete.
19	Remove barricades and signs and disestablish Regulated Area.
20	Notify facility manager of job completion.

11.16.3.8 JPR III-13 applies to Activities required to be performed under raised computer floor and sub-floor areas (i.e., system inspections, system repairs, system installations, cable installations or removals, and sub-floor cleaning) in buildings with SAI/fireproofing or exposed acoustical decoration.

- a. This job consists of removing and/or replacing raised computer floor tiles for activities to be performed in sub-floor areas where the potential for asbestos dust exists. If proper control measures are followed, airborne asbestos concentrations are expected to be minimal.
- b. Requirements of this JPR do not apply if activities do not require physical entry into sub-floor areas (physical entry is defined as happening when any part of a human body (arm, foot, head) breaks the plane of the flooring). For example, inspections of sub-floor areas from above the floor surface are not regulated under either this JPR or Part 11.
- c. To accomplish JPR III-13 tasks, a number of sequential and concurrent steps are required. The most prominent of these are listed in Table 11.16-11. Find specific details for performing all required activities by referring to accepted industry practices and procedures based on requirements found in 29 CFR 1926.1101, 29 CFR 1910.1001, and 40 CFR 763, as amended.

Table 11.16-11, Activities for JPR III-13

Step #	Activity
1	A Competent Person shall verify that training, medical, and PPE requirements are complete and current.
2	Notify and coordinate job tasks with proper officials.
3	When feasible, shut down under-floor HVAC systems in the area. Perform operation/energy control procedures as needed (see Chapter 8.2).

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -22 of

4	Don protective clothing and respirator.
5	Remove floor tile panel and HEPA vacuum underside of panel.
6	Wet-wipe and/or HEPA-vacuum floor tile support assembly.
7	HEPA-vacuum the under-floor area where work is to be performed.
8	If activity is for removal of any under-floor equipment or cabling, HEPA-vacuum and/or wet-wipe all items as they are removed from the floor cavity.
9	Replace tiles as necessary.
10	Conduct visual clearance inspection.
11	HEPA-vacuum work area and protective clothing. Remove protective clothing and dispose of as asbestos-contaminated waste.
12	Remove, clean, and store respirator.
13	Call Work Control Center to dispose of asbestos-contaminated waste. Record Work Control Pickup Ticket Number on the Asbestos Work Permit.
14	Notify area supervisor that task is complete.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -23 of

11.16.4. JPRs for Class IV Asbestos Work

11.16.4.1 JPR IV-1 applies to activities to change air filters in comfort cooling or clean room systems in buildings with SAI/fireproofing.

- a. Air-conditioning systems contain filters that must be routinely replaced. Comfort units usually have a 1- to 2-inch-thick polyethylene pad media. Some units have roll media that is advanced automatically based upon pressure differential. Units serving computers and electronics usually have a polyethylene-pad pre-filter and a 65% efficiency secondary filter. Clean room units usually have a pre-filter, a 65 % efficiency secondary, and a HEPA final filter. All pre-filters are changed on a periodic schedule established in the FSS contractor's preventive maintenance procedure. Secondary and HEPA filters are changed at established pressure differential points.
- b. If units are above ceilings in a building with SAI, perform this activity using the appropriate Class III asbestos procedures, JPR III-2 through JPR III-6 described above.
- c. To accomplish JPR IV-1 tasks, a number of sequential and concurrent steps are required. The most prominent of these are listed in Table 11.16-12. Find specific details for performing all required activities by referring to accepted industry practices and procedures based on requirements found in 29 CFR 1926.1101, 29 CFR 1910.1001, and 40 CFR 763, as amended.

Table 11.16-12, Activities for JPR IV-1

Step #	Activity
1	A Competent Person shall verify that training, medical and PPE requirements are complete and current.
2	Coordinate job tasks with proper officials.
3	Secure HVAC and electrical systems. Perform operation/energy control procedures as needed (see Chapter 8.2).
4	Open air-handling unit filter bank/holder(s).
5	HEPA-vacuum/wet-wipe filter unit covers.
6	Wet-mist/spray filters as they are removed from the filter holders.
7	Place filters from building air-conditioning systems or similar applications in plastic bags and seal; you can dispose of them as normal refuse, since they would not be expected to contain ACM.
8	HEPA-vacuum/wet-wipe filter installation area and duct.
9	Install new filter and close unit.
10	HEPA-vacuum work area outside air-handling unit.
11	Reestablish air-conditioning unit operation.

11.16.4.2 JPR VI-4 applies to emergency response actions in response to an asbestos fiber release.

- a. This job consists of the cleanup and/or decontamination of an area that has been subjected to an incidental minor or major fiber release of either a known ACM or a material that is

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -24 of

reasonably expected to contain more than 1% asbestos. Immediate control measures can prevent further contamination of surrounding areas or adjoining facilities.

- b. Responding Environmental Cleanup and Occupational Health personnel will determine control measures to be established. Occupational Health will determine the need to perform clearance air sampling.
- c. The Environmental Cleanup contractor personnel responding to a fiber release will not proceed with the cleanup until they ensure that Occupational Health has been notified.
- d. The Competent Person for the cleanup will determine whether the cleanup will be conducted under Class I, II, III, or IV asbestos work procedures.
- e. If spills are small and the Environmental Cleanup contractor personnel establish the Regulated Area, then they will disestablish the area after final cleanup and inspection and will be responsible for removing barrier tape/warning signs. If Occupational Health establishes the Regulated Area or decides that clearance air sampling is required, Occupational Health will disestablish the area after final cleanup and inspection and will be responsible for removing barrier tape/ warning signs.
- f. Communication with all parties in the affected area is very important. Therefore, the organization responsible for establishing the Regulated Area will ensure that the facility manager and work area supervisor have been informed about the response activity, the cleanup process and clearance air sampling to be performed (if required), and the approximate duration of the cleanup. This notification may be verbal but must occur before the start of the cleanup. The facility manager and work area supervisor should be asked to inform the occupants of the affected area. Additionally, occupants/employees in nearby areas should be informed about the cleanup activity and the expected duration.
- g. The organization responsible for establishing the Regulated Area and removing the barrier tape and warning signs will provide courtesy notification to the EOC Security Dispatcher at non-emergency x34658 at the start and completion of the cleanup. Additional notification to JSC management will be made at the discretion of the responders.
- h. The organization responsible for removing the barrier tape and warning signs will also be responsible for notifying the facility manager and work area supervisor that the area is clean and operations may return to normal. These notifications must be made in writing within 2 hours of the cleanup completion; e-mail notification is acceptable.
- i. To accomplish JPR IV-4 emergency response cleanup, a number of sequential and concurrent steps are required. The most prominent of these are listed in Table 11.16-13. Find specific details for performing all required activities by referring to accepted industry practices and procedures based on requirements found in 29 CFR 1926.1101, 29 CFR 1910.1001, and 40 CFR 763, as amended.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -25 of

Table 11.16-13, Activities for JPR IV-4

Step #	Activity
1	Ensure supervision by a properly qualified Competent Person.
2	Evacuate personnel and establish Regulated Area.
3	Notify Environmental Support Contractor and Occupational Health (SD3229) of the contamination. Provide courtesy notification to EOC Security Dispatcher at non-emergency x34658.
4	Responding Environmental Support Contractor and Occupational Health personnel will determine control measures to be established and will establish the requirements for Occupational Health clearance air sampling and will determine between them the Competent Person for the cleanup activity.
5	The Competent Person will determine whether the cleanup will be conducted as OSHA Class I, II, III, or IV asbestos-related work.
6	The assigned Competent Person shall verify that training, medical, and PPE requirements of the asbestos workers are complete and current.
7	Establish the Regulated Area. Place barricades and signs around the area.
8	Build small or large enclosure as needed/as appropriate, seal all entrances and exits with 6-mil polyethylene, construct airlock or "Z-flap" entrance, and install negative pressure on containment, if needed.
9	Shut down and isolate HVAC system. Perform operation/energy control procedures as needed (see Chapter 8.2).
10	Secure electrical and fire alarm systems. Perform operation/energy control procedures as needed (see Chapter 8.2). If necessary, disable fire alarm system by coordinating with the Fire Protection Coordination Office.
11	Don protective equipment and clothing and respiratory protection.
12	Conduct personnel and area sampling as directed by Occupational Health.
13	Apply the appropriate JPR to abate or repair ACM fiber release source, as needed.
14	HEPA-vacuum and wet-wipe contaminated area(s) and contaminated furnishings.
15	Bag contaminated items that cannot be decontaminated.
16	Perform gross and final cleaning as appropriate (see procedures in Chapter 11.12).
17	Visually inspect and re-clean as required (see procedures in Chapter 11.12).
18	Contact Occupational Health as required for clearance visual inspection. Re-clean as required.
19	Decontaminate personnel and equipment with HEPA vacuum, and package contaminated materials-i.e., suits, cartridges, rags, etc.-for disposal.
20	Prepare bagged ACM for disposal.
21	Remove bagged ACM from the area.
22	Contact Occupational Health to conduct clearance air sampling, as required.
23	Environmental Support Contractor or Occupational Health personnel will disestablish Regulated Area and remove barrier tape and warning signs, as agreed upon (see statements above).
24	The Competent Person, as agreed upon (see statements above), will provide written notification within 2 hours to the facility manager and the work area supervisor of task

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -26 of

	completion and return of area to normal operations. Provide courtesy notification to EOC security dispatcher that cleanup is complete.
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11.16.5. Custodial Work

11.16.5.1 JPR-C1 applies to custodial work performed in rooms/areas with exposed or encapsulated spray-applied asbestos insulation or acoustical decoration.

- a. Some administrative work areas, conference/meeting rooms, and building lobbies have exposed ACM materials.
- b. While this ACM is not normally expected to delaminate or cause airborne asbestos fibers, take precautions to ensure that custodial staff cleaning these areas are protected and do not cause any debris to become airborne.
- c. All of these areas are posted with notifications about the hazard.
- d. The custodial staff must follow the following steps/procedures:
 - (1) Verify that asbestos awareness training requirements are complete and current.
 - (2) Do not poke at, dust, or disturb the exposed SAI or acoustical material.
 - (3) Use a properly maintained HEPA vacuum, with attachments, to clean floors and furniture. Do not, REPEAT DO NOT, use a regular vacuum in these areas.
 - (4) For Building 2S, use a dedicated vacuum cleaner, change the vacuum bag using specified procedures, and dispose of the bag as asbestos contaminated waste.
 - (5) If you spot any asbestos debris, actual or suspected, in these areas, have the facility manager contact the Environmental Support Contractor or Occupational Health for an inspection and cleanup.

11.16.5.2 JPR-C2 applies custodial work involving asbestos-containing flooring (sheeting or floor tiles).

- a. Some buildings at JSC have floor tile or sheeting that contains asbestos.
- b. While this material is normally non-friable, take care to avoid disturbing the surface of the material in a manner that would generate asbestos fibers and cause exposures to custodial staff.
- c. If you are custodial staff, follow the following steps/procedures:
 - (1) Verify that asbestos awareness training requirements are complete.
 - (2) Do not sand, abrade, or grind on floor material.
 - (3) When stripping old wax off the floor, use a wetted stripping agent to prevent dry rubbing of the floor surface, and use a machine that rotates with a speed of less than 300 rpm. (Reference OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1001(j) and 1910.1001(k)).
 - (4) Ensure there is a heavy coat of wax on the floor before polishing with a polishing machine. When polishing the flooring with a polishing machine, spray the floor with a water mist to prevent dry rubbing of the floor surface. It is desirable to use a machine that turns with a speed of less than 300 rpm.

JSC Safety and Health Requirements	JPR No.	1700.1L
	Effective Date:	12/20/2018
	Expiration Date:	12/20/2023
	Page Number	Page 11.16 -27 of

- (5) If you spot any asbestos debris, actual or suspected, in these areas, have the facility manager contact the Environmental Support Contractor or the Occupational Health for an inspection and cleanup.