### BEYOND THE BOX: UTILIZATION OF UNDERLAYING JACS SIMULATION RESULTS FOR ADVANCED SRA AND JCL SERIES PAPER #A

#### JOHNSON SPACE CENTER

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# **BEYOND THE BOX** AGENDA/SCHEDULE ESTIMATE

- 1. Opportunity Statement
- 2. Solution Design
- 3. Model Diagnostics (could run out of time here)
- 4. Custom Visuals & Metrics (definitely run out of time here)
- 5. Crazy Ideas & Forward Work (totally skippable)

# **OPPORTUNITY STATEMENT**

## **OPPORTUNITY STATEMENT** JCL = BIG, MAGICAL DATA?

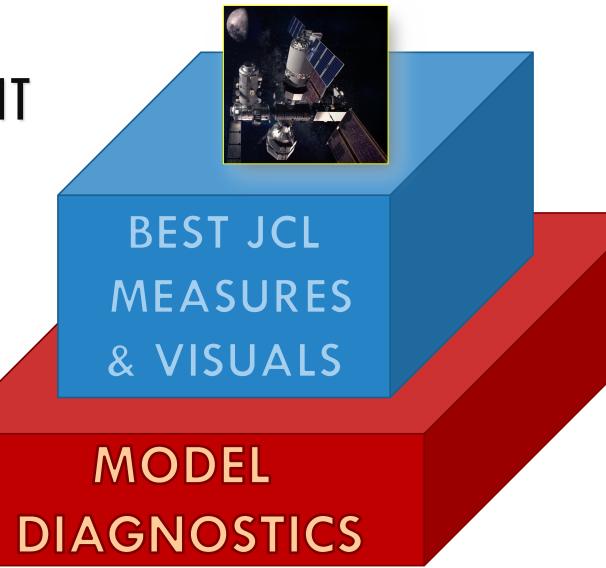
- …to what extent? Big, fun answers, big fun policy but generally small, inflexible results sets.
- Legacy tools (including the ones that no longer exist) have heavily relied on carbon-copy visuals & calculations within Closed Boxes reliance
  - Mysterious calculations, often untraceable
  - Largely, same ole JCL metrics (duration cruciality much?)
  - Same standard JCL visuals (some unique)
- Can this JCL thing this community spawned 10+ years ago tell us more? Have we yet asked, honestly, <u>What is its extensibility?</u>
- Lots of good ideas circulating... but how many are implemented formally and widely?



JCL, SRA and the like frameworks entail unutilized potential we can unlock together.

## **OPPORTUNITY STATEMENT** WE WANT TWO THINGS

- The Gateway programmatic analysis team, fast approaching its KDP-1, asked pressing questions...
  - 1. How can we use simulation results to assess the integrated model and underlying programmatic data?
  - B. Is there a way to go beyond the typical results visuals and measures to give stakeholders what they could really want?



Gateway pushed proactively for deep JCL data to drive model assessment & analysis.

# SOLUTION DESIGN

# SOLUTION DESIGN CREATION: JCL TOOLBOX

- TRI's <u>JACS</u> offers a glimpse into the promise of extensible simulation analysis via its cache file
- This paper embraces the cache file and shows our nascent and evolving approach in transforming it into new analytical measures and visuals arsenal: Our JCL Toolbox
- This is the first in a perhaps unending series of papers we will offer on this topic; stayed tuned for future NASA SCOPe and NCSS sessions.



The JACS cache file in tandem with friendly applications are a bridge toward a better JCL analysis toolset.

## SOLUTION DESIGN WRANGLE THE MASSIVE CACHE FILE, MINE FOR USEFUL SIM DATA

- We've been sitting on this data horde.
- During each simulation, JACS writes to a cache file that captures all results
  - Large: for Gateway, between 600MG to +1GB
- 307K rows...w/ analysis schedule clocking in @ ~12,000 rows @ 2000 iterations
- Do not let these numbers scare you: Gateway went big and tested (successfully) the limits of JACS, R, Excel, and the computational capability of our machines



Gateway wanted more insight. The cache file exists... so we bent it, beat it, broke it to visualize and analyze its data.

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#### Calendars

Task Sec	tion			
Task ID	Description	Context	General Info>	
1	Project Parent	Summary		
2	Fab Unit #1	Task		
3	Launch	Milestone		

Task Sta	rt Dates (TSD)				Iterations Results>					
Task ID	Description	Point Estimate	Mean Date	1	2	3		3000		
1	Project Parent	Numeric Date A	Numeric Date X	ND[1,1]	ND[1,2]	ND[1,3]		ND [1,3000]		
2	Fab Unit #1	Numeric Date B	Numeric Date Y	ND[2,1]	ND	ND		ND		
3	Launch	Numeric Date C	Numeric Date Z	ND	ND	ND		ND		

Task Fin	ish Dates (TFD)	)			ltero	itions Resu	ılts>	
Task ID	Description	Point Estimate	Mean Date	1	2	3		3000
1	Project Parent	Numeric Date A	Numeric Date X	ND[1,1]	ND[1,2]	ND[1,3]		ND [1,3000]
2	Fab Unit #1	Numeric Date B	Numeric Date Y	ND[2,1]	ND	ND		ND
3	Launch	Numeric Date C	Numeric Date Z	ND	ND	ND		ND

Task Dure	Task Duration				Itera	tions Resu	lts>	
Task ID	Description	Point Estimate	Mean (Days)	1	2	3		3000
1	Project Parent	Days A	Days X	Days [1,1]	Days [1,2]	Days		Days

CP (Criti	CP (Critical Path)			Iterations Results>					
Task ID	Description	Point Estimate	Mean (aka Criticality)		1	2	3		3000
1	Project Parent	1	0	).75	1	1	0		1
2	Fab Unit #1	0	0	).25	0	0	0		1
3	Launch	1		0.5	1	0	1		0

Sections (by task) extend vertically...

- ...Iteration results from simulation extend horizontally.
- JACS's dynamic cache design allows for same basic structure regardless of schedule and simulation size

Cache file's robust build is perfect for simulation capture.

# SOLUTION DESIGN CACHE FILE STRUCTURE

CACHE FILE SUMMARY

For Gateway saw its 307,000-row cache file and, behold, it was very good.

3000

\$

3000

1

1

0

ons Results -->

ons Results -->

ns Results -->

ons Results -->

ns Results -->

ons Results -->

3... 0

0

1

3... \$

Total (C	ost)				lter	ati
Task ID	Description	Point Estimate	Mean \$	1	2	
1	Project Parent	\$A	\$ B	\$	\$	
TI Cost					lter	ati
TD Cost					lter	ati
Total Co	st - Year 1				lter	ati
Total Co	st - Year 2				lter	ati
						_
IsActive	(Risk)				lter	at
Risk ID	Description	Point Estimate	Mean (aka Prob of Occurance)	1	2	
R1	Test Failure	1	0.75	1	1	
11						
R2	Risk #2	0	0.25	0	0	
	Risk #2 Risk #3	0	0.25	0 1	0	



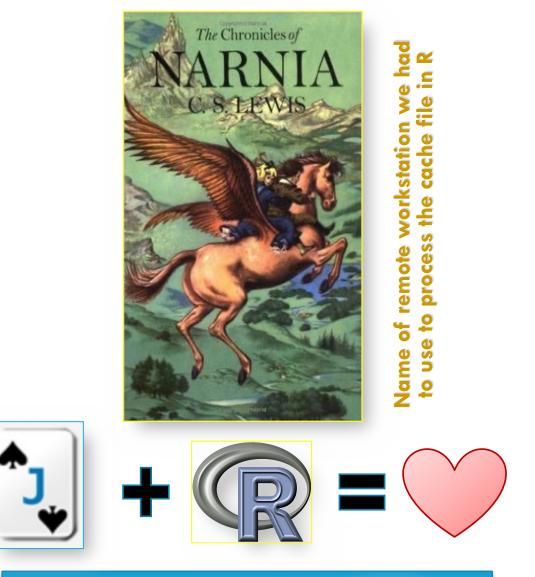
Don't forget costs, which come in several forms.

Like critical path section, risk section captures an activation indicator [0,1] per iteration.

Data like this lends itself to conditional analysis...

# SOLUTION DESIGN PROCESSING CACHE FILE

- Started with Tableau Prep, but we oft make bad decisions...
- Prep is not to be trusted; yet another beta tool
- Unstable, inconsistent behavior
- Very limited customization
- Limited statistical capability
- Took the nerd plunge and moved to R
- See above, but invert
- Highly extensible environment for data manipulation and statistical programming
- 🖵 Free (no lie)



1000 R code lines later, we can attest to the success of this combination.



## SOLUTION DESIGN PIVOT

- Native structure good for dynamic simulation results capture...
- > ... but not for data crunching.
- Transform: Put all results per iteration into separate fields (rather than have each iteration occupy its own field.)

For visual and computational analysis, data is best-ish organized per each iteration.

Task Start Dates (TSD)					Iterations Results>					
Task ID	Description	Point Estimate	Mean Date	1	2	3		3000		
1	Project Parent	Numeric Date A	Numeric Date X	ND[1,1]	ND[1,2]	ND[1,3]		ND [1,3000]		
2	Fab Unit #1	Numeric Date B	Numeric Date Y	ND[2,1]	ND	ND		ND		
3	Launch	Numeric Date C	Numeric Date Z	ND	ND	ND		ND		

Task ID	Description	Context	Iteration	TSD
1	Project Parent	Summary	1	Date
1	Project Parent	Summary	2	Date
1	Project Parent	Summary	3	Date
1	Project Parent	Summary		
1	Project Parent	Summary	3000	Date
2	Fab Unit #1	Task	1	Date
2	Fab Unit #1	Task	2	Date
			3000	Date
3	Launch	Milestone	1	Date
<b>R1</b>	Test Failure	Risk Event	1	Date
<b>R1</b>	Test Failure	Risk Event	2	Date
<b>R1</b>	Test Failure	Risk Event		

And then, wide iteration results becomes long.

## SOLUTION DESIGN JOINS INTO CSV FILE

CSV that captures risk impacts also created.

# For Gateway, this pivot'n'join process turned ~307K rows into >24 Million.

What you want: All your data in columns next to each other then declare Big Data victory

Task ID	Description	Context	Iteration	TSD
1	Project Parent	Summary	1	Date
1	Project Parent	Summary	2	Date
1	Project Parent	Summary	3	Date
1	Project Parent	Summary		
1	Project Parent	Summary	3000	Date
2	Fab Unit #1	Task	1	Date
2	Fab Unit #1	Task	2	Date
			3000	Date
3	Launch	Milestone	1	Date
<b>R1</b>	Test Failure	Risk Event	1	Date
<b>R1</b>	Test Failure	Risk Event	2	Date
<b>R1</b>	Test Failure	Risk Event		

...and then, join all pivoted sections by iteration to arrive at a full results dataset: TASK ID X ITERATION

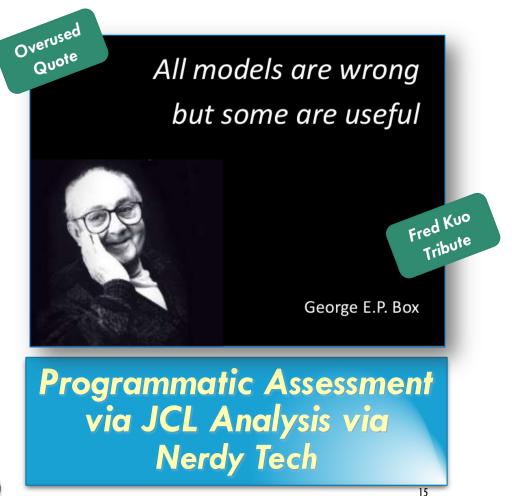
		Pr	imary -	Outpu	ut CSV			
Task ID	Description	Context	Iteration	TSD	TFD	СР	Total Cost	IsActive
1	Project Parent	Summary	1	Date	Date	1	\$	0
1	Project Parent	Summary	2	Date	Date	0	\$	0
1	Project Parent	Summary	3	Date	Date	1	\$	0
1	Project Parent	Summary						
1	Project Parent	Summary	3000	Date	Date	0	\$	0
2	Fab Unit #1	Task	1	Date	Date	1	\$	0
2	Fab Unit #1	Task	2	Date	Date	0	\$	0
			3000	Date	Date	0	\$	0
3	Launch	Milestone	1	Date	Date	1	\$	0
<b>R1</b>	Test Failure	Risk Event	1	Date	Date	1	\$	0
<b>R1</b>	Test Failure	Risk Event	2	Date	Date	0	\$	1
<b>R1</b>	Test Failure	Risk Event						

# **MODEL DIAGNOSTICS** FIRST THING YOU WANT TO DO IS NOT ANALYSIS

# MODEL DIAGNOSTICS WHAT'S WRONG (RIGHT, PERHAPS?) WITH YOUR BROKEN MODEL?

### And you may ask yourself...

- Do the stochastic critical paths make sense visually and mechanically? Are they wired properly?
- Has uncertainty been applied properly?
- Are your risks pinned correctly... and are they misbehaving?
- What is driving the shape of my s-curve? Why is it funky?
- None of these questions are easily answered within in the SOUL CRUSHINGLY-DATED MS Project environment or looking at raw sim results in tabular form...
- Data paired best with other schedule assessment tools (e.g. Fuse) and processes (see detailed guidance in NASA Schedule Management Handbook)



# MODEL DIAGNOSTICS Core schedule browser

### Foundationally, cache file enables enhanced schedule surfing.

### Cache file + R + Tableau (or Power BI) = Schedule browser

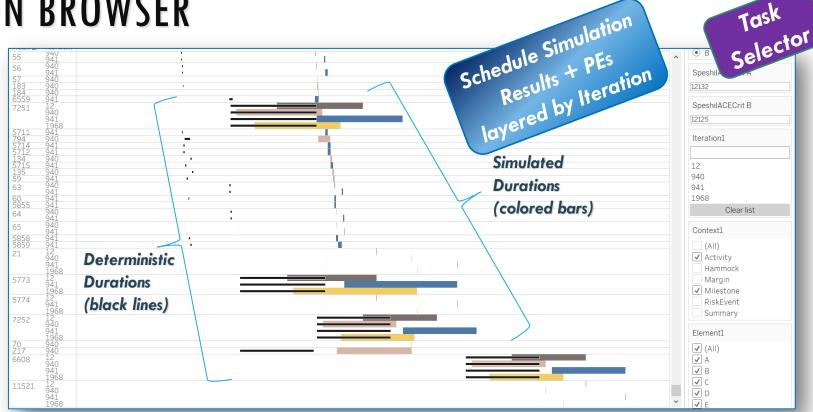
- ...view where your risks fall on the critical paths per iteration
- ...view risks firing over iterations
- Detect the weird iterations that are giving you worries...
- ...or confirm schedule dynamics and flow.



# Schedule Assessment isn't just for deterministic schedules.

# **MODEL DIAGNOSTICS** LAYERED SIMULATION BROWSER

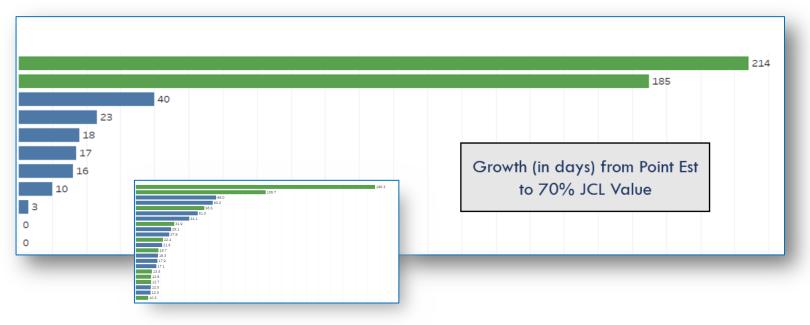
- Simulation results per iteration w/ PEs
- Extremely recently, we found we just wanted to isolate groups of iteration results to compare what's going on...
- …because any sufficiently complex programmatic model is going to behave strangely at least occasionally.
  - Code in this view can even isolate which iterations contain multiple tasks collectively fall on same critical path



Simulation results help you understand schedule artifacts that are forced to dance (and dance) together.

# **MODEL DIAGNOSTICS** Schedule and cost growth checks

- Transformed data makes it easy to check how your cost and schedule elements are growing
- Is this what you meant when you dialed in the risks and uncertainty? (lognormal distribution\*)
- Calibrated to any measure of growth you want: Mean, your favorite CL, maximum
- Doubles as bite-size stakeholder message



Big huge data enables customizable JCL assessment of input uncertainty and output growth.

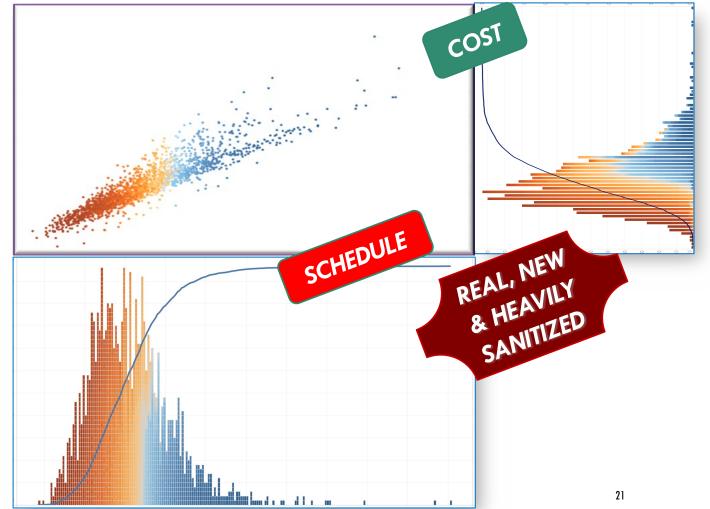
# AND SO ON MORE SCHEDULE ASSESSMENT TECHNIQUES VIA THIS TECHNOLOGY WILL BE SHARED ON A CONTINUOUS BASIS WITH THE COMMUNITY AS WE MOVE FORWARD

# **CUSTOM VISUALS &** MEASURES -PREVIEW-**THESE ARE VERY NEW AND RAPIDLY EVOLVING (BUT IF THEY'RE GOOD ENOUGH FOR OUR STAKEHOLDERS...)**

# CUSTOM VISUALS & MEASURES

- CSV file provides enough data to recreate all the traditional JCL charts and metrics
- Note: you have seen these before a millions, so I will dispense with repetition

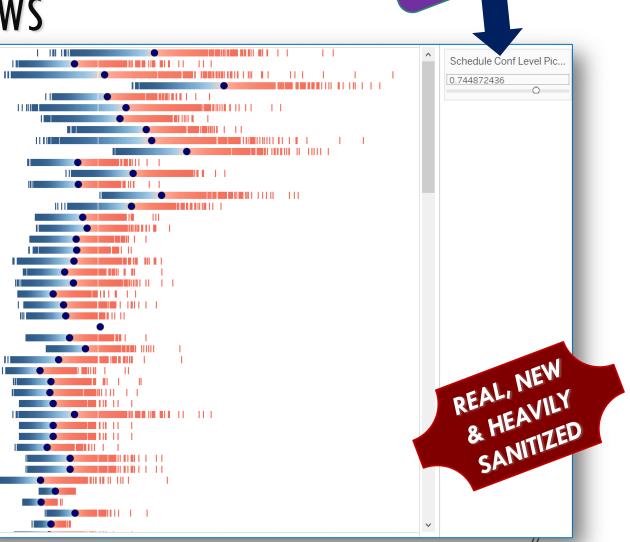
JCL Toolbox starts with legacy ideas.



# **CUSTOM VISUALS & MEASURES** RISK-ADJUSTED SCHEDULE VIEWS

- Finish date S-Curves smashed flat and colorized for confidence level
- ...+ a confidence level slider that moves your point estimate
- Communicates ranges per schedule item and potential temporal downsides (or upsides?)

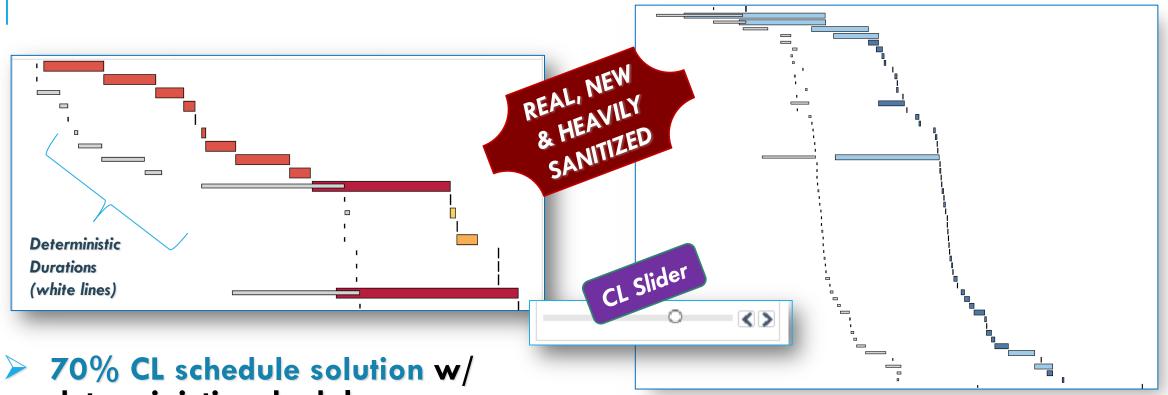
We're looking for as many intuitive ways to map simulation results onto time as possible.



FUN CL Slider for the PE

# CUSTOM VISUALS & MEASURES RISK-ADJUSTED SCHEDULE VIEWS

Toolbox allows for browsing of risk-adjusted scenarios of the schedule live.



deterministic schedule superimposed.

- …also color-coded by criticality of the task.
- You can also dial in the CL. What if program manager wants to be 'success-oriented' and see the 25% CL schedule?

## CUSTOM VISUALS & MEASURES RISK: CONDITIONAL 'IN/OUT' IMPACT



Dataset allows for extensive conditional analysis of risks

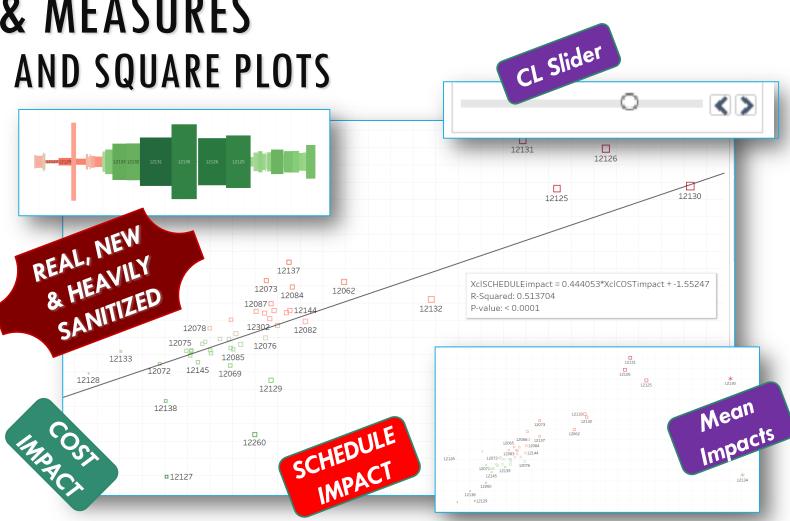
Cost or schedule

This depiction shows effects of risk omission vs activation on the global finish date s-curve

Mirrors traditionally manual process (take it from me)

## **CUSTOM VISUALS & MEASURES** RISK IMPACT: SCATTER AND SQUARE PLOTS

- Cost and schedule impacts can be scattered
  - ...with their relationship measured
- Measured at mean OR choose-your-own-CL impact calibration
- Crazy cost-and-schedule, length-and-width 'square plot' lends an intuitive, geometric feel to the size of risk impact.



2D risk charts attempt to show a combined impact story.

25

# **CUSTOM VISUALS & MEASURES RISK RAINBOWS AND BOX PLOTS**

- We had task rainbows, so....
- Smoothed density + box plots show range of risks side-by-side
- Can also be colored vs confidence level (not depicted)

Just starting to scratch surface on risk impact calcs and visuals.



# CUSTOM VISUALS & MEASURES AND MORE WEIRD, WILD STUFF WE'RE UNCOVERING...

Depiction of task MA criticality vs task finish date highlight the nonlinearity of the schedule network and the interplay amongst its elements.

Early finding: A fixed criticality index doesn't tell the whole story



Criticality

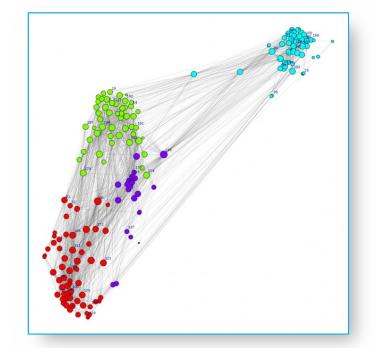
Filte

# -CRAZY IDEAS-

IF YOU THOUGHT WE WERE SANE YOU'RE AT THE WRONG SYMPOSIUM

# **CRAZY IDEAS** FORWARD WORK: CRITICAL PATH CLUSTERING

- How do we consider stochastic critical paths together?
- Our data ninjitsu can produce a massive critical path-indicator correlation matrix amongst schedule tasks can be interpreted as a graph's adjacency matrix..
- Spectral graph theory (and other methods) could break down this graph into critical path clusters...
  - ..which, as schedule chunks, could be used as a basis for work, funding or riskmitigation prioritization



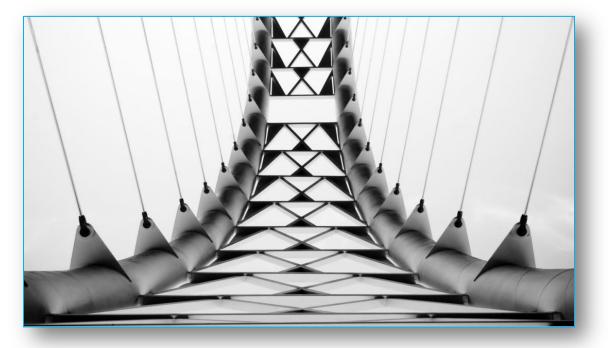
Schedules' stochastic critical paths could be conceptualized as agency nodes in a graph.

# **CRAZY IDEAS** Forward Work: Conditional RISK IMPACT ANALYSIS

Traditional ('Build-up' & 'Top-down') risk impact process, usually performed manually, requires a TON of iterations to perform conditionally...

#### Example:

- Given 50% prob risks, vanishingly few iterations will represent any active risk case combination as more risks are considered
- 2^30 = 1,073,741,824 > 1 Billion Active/Inactive cases
- A useful S-Curve needs way more than a single schedule impact iteration... like >500X. Do the math. Your computer can't do this simulation.



How can this explosive risk analysis be addressed by our conditional process address?

## **CRAZY IDEAS** Forward Work: RISK Parallelism Matrix

- Answer: let's start measuring the overlap of risks so that we can move towards avoiding manual processes.... as well as the massively iteration-intensive solutions
- Risks with high parallelism could be grouped together (via a parallelism matrix) and treated as a collective active/not condition
- Serial/parallel differentiation begin to fall away as progressive, manual systems being to converge on simple, conditional active/inactive analysis....
- ...meaning that the IN/OUT algorithm we've created would render definitive schedule impacts for groups.



Did you really plan mitigating your risks in isolation anyway? You did not.



# -CRAZY IDEAS-AND MORE TO COME AS ENGAGEMENT CONTINUES

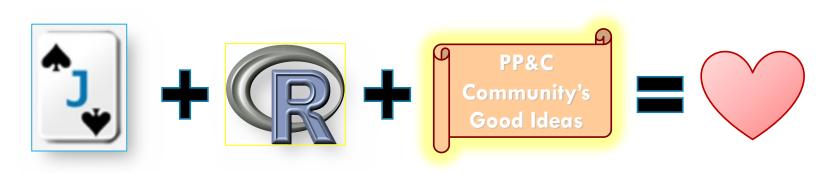
# ONE MORE THING...

# JCL TOOLBOX CODE V1.0 RELEASE — COMING SOON VISUALS AND MEASURES

- We plan to release to this community for free use (release plan TBD)
- Visualization focus
- Current: Tableau
- Future: Adaptation for Power BI
- Future: R graphics and various pretty platforms

#### Measures focus

- New, useful risk and driver measures
- Advanced metrics to supplement or replace current ones



These are the continuing voyages of our JCL extensibility journey.

Active community involvement will kickstart exponential growth in sophistication.

# THANK YOU. SEE YOU @ SCOPE AND NCSS LET'S CHAT. IF YOU'D LIKE TO LEARN MORE OR EXCHANGED IDEAS $\rightarrow$

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# BACKUP