



ORION



NASA's Orion spacecraft is built to take humans farther than they've ever gone before.

Orion will serve as the exploration vehicle that will carry the crew to space, provide emergency abort capability, sustain the crew during the space travel, and provide safe re-entry from deep space return velocities. Orion will launch on NASA's new heavy-lift rocket, the Space Launch System.

NUMBER OF CREW		. 4
MISSION DURATION	21 DA	YS

	ARTEMIS I	ARTEMIS II
GROSS LIFTOFF MASS	72,000 lbs	78,000 lbs
TRANS-LUNAR INSERTION MASS	53,000 lbs	58,500 lbs
POST TRANS-LUNAR INSERTION MASS	51,500 lbs	57,000 lbs
USABLE PROPELLANT	16,000 lbs	19,000 lbs

HEIGHT	50 ft
DIAMETER	TOWER: 3 ft BASE: 17 ft
WEIGHT AT LIFTOFF	ARTEMIS II: 16,700 lbs ARTEMIS II: 17,000 lbs
TOTAL PROPELLANT MASS	5,700 lbs

MASS F

PROPELLANT THRUST

MASS

 ABORT MOTOR
 7,600 lbs
 4,700 lbs
 400,000 lbs

 ATTITUDE CONTROL MOTOR
 1,700 lbs
 650 lbs
 7,000 lbs

 JETTISON MOTOR
 900 lbs
 350 lbs
 40,000 lbs

11 ft	HEIGHT
16.5 ft	DIAMETER
330 cu ft	HABITABLE VOLUME
690.6 cu ft	PRESSURIZED VOLUME
220 lbs	LUNAR RETURN PAYLOAD MASS
12 THRUSTERS 160 lbs Thrust Each	REACTION CONTROL SYSTEM

WEIGHT AT LIFTOFF

MASS AT LIFTOFF

NOMINAL LANDED MASS

ARTEMIS I ARTEMIS II

20,600 lbs

18,200 lbs

20,500 lbs

15.7 ft	HEIGHT
16.5 ft	DIAMETER
4 SOLAR ARRAYS 15,000 SOLAR CELLS 62 ft WIDE 11KW POWER	SOLAR WINGS
24 THRUSTERS 50 Ibs Thrust Each	REACTION CONTROL SYSTEM
110 lbs Thrust Each	AUXILIARY ENGINES
6,000 lbs THRUST	ORION MAIN ENGINE

ARTEMIS I

ARTEMIS II

30,900 lbs 34,300 lbs





Launch Abort System

Will carry the crew to safety in the event of an emergency during launch or ascent atop the agency's Space Launch System rocket.

Crew Module

The pressurized part of the Orion spacecraft where crew will live and work on their journey to the Moon and back.



power generated by solar arrays, and life support systems including water, oxygen, and nitrogen.



Spacecraft Adapter

Attaches the Orion spacecraft to the Space Launch System rocket.