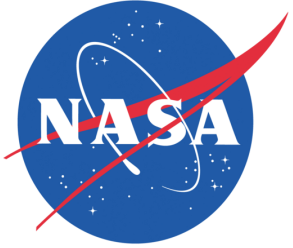


RIT



NASA GRC



# SSTP 2016 Partnership Development of a Nano-Enabled Space Power System





RIT NanoPower Research Labs  
Dr. Seth Hubbard, Dir.  
Dr. Stephen Polly  
Dr. Brian Landi  
Dr. Ryne Raffaele  
2 Ph.D. Students, 2 M.S. Students,  
and 4 undergraduate researchers



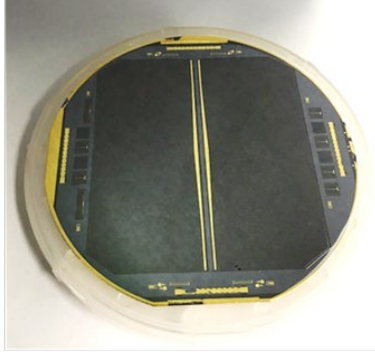
NASA Glenn Research Center  
Dr. Geoffrey Landis



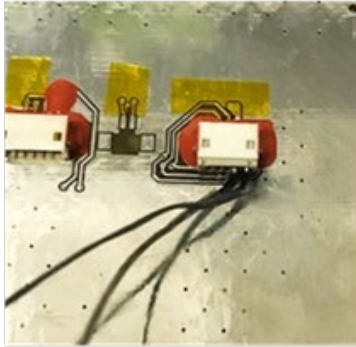
RIT/NY BEST Battery Prototyping Center  
Dr. Matthew Ganter, Dir.



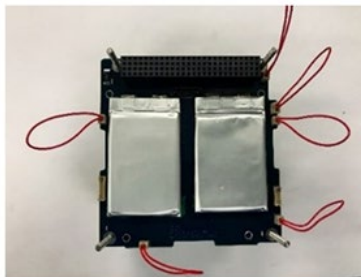
Celtec Technologies Inc.  
Dr. Chris Schauerma, CEO



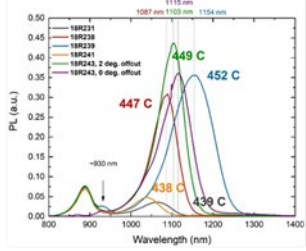
Quantum Dot Enhanced Multi-Junction III-V Solar Cells



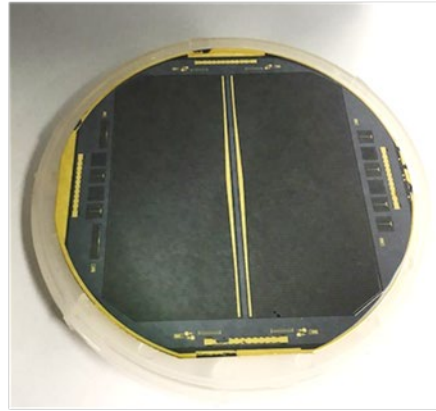
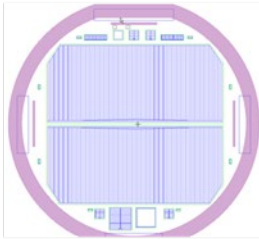
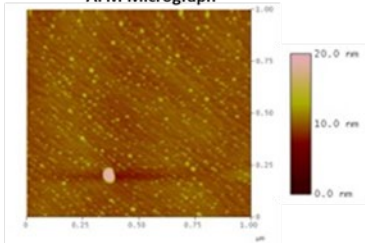
Carbon Nanotube Wiring Harnesses for CubeSats



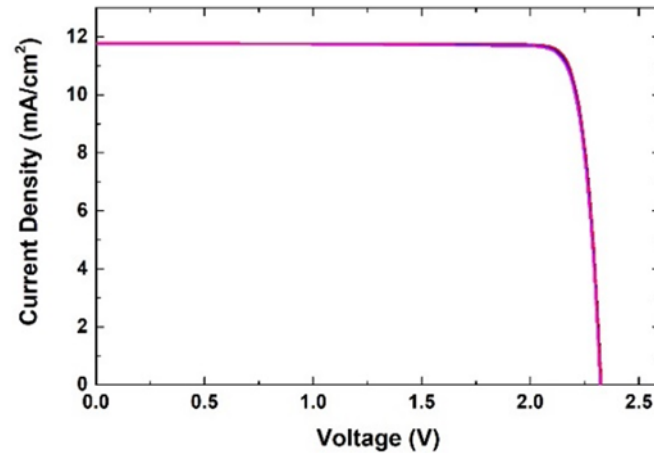
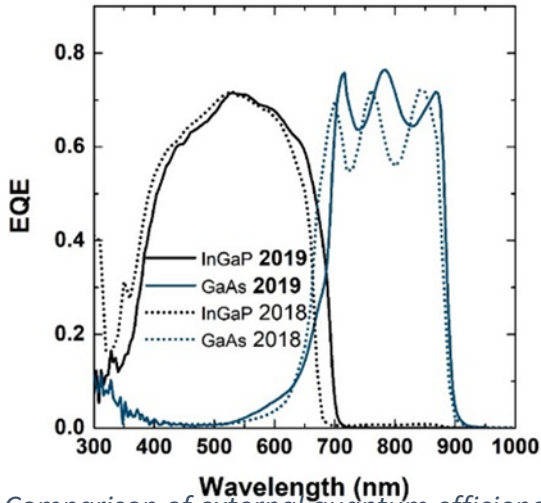
Carbon Nanotube Enhanced Lithium Ion Batteries



RIT Grown InAs Quantum Dot AFM Micrograph



RIT QD/QW enhanced photovoltaic cells were characterized and finished through electroplating gold contacts with a RIT designed mask.

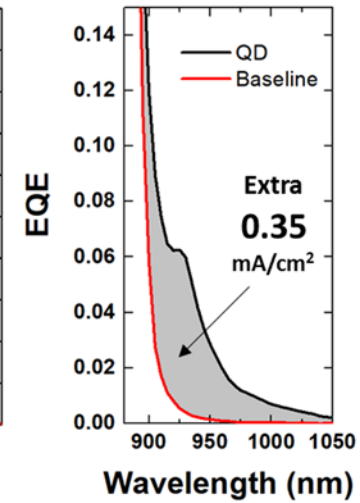
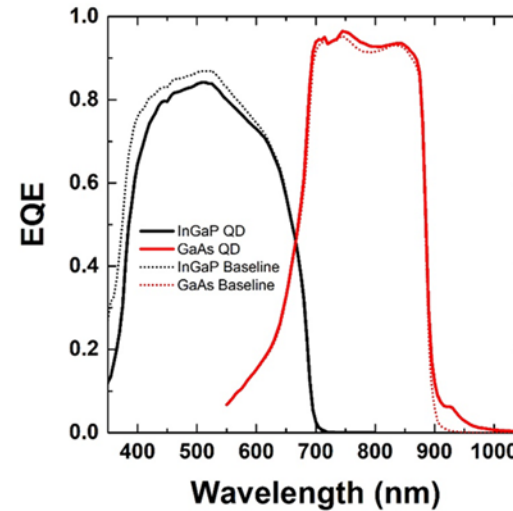


Comparison of external quantum efficiency from initial round and final round of 2J tandem without QDs (left). Light I-V for new 2J InGaP/GaAs tandem devices measured under simulated 1-sun AM0.

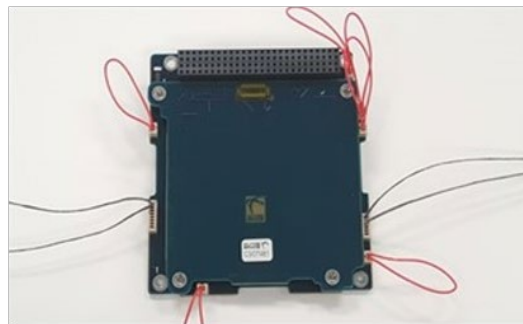
Large cells	$I_{sc}$ mA	$J_{sc}$ mA/cm <sup>2</sup>	$V_{oc}$ V	FF, %	Eff., %	Power, mW
Baseline	432.69	16.15	2.346	63	17.55	642.3
QD	440.60	16.44	2.146	69	17.90	649.5

Small cells	$I_{sc}$ mA	$J_{sc}$ mA/cm <sup>2</sup>	$V_{oc}$ V	FF, %	Eff., %
Baseline	3.29	15.11	2.345	80	20.84
QD	3.33	15.29	2.165	76	18.50

Area 26.8 cm<sup>2</sup>



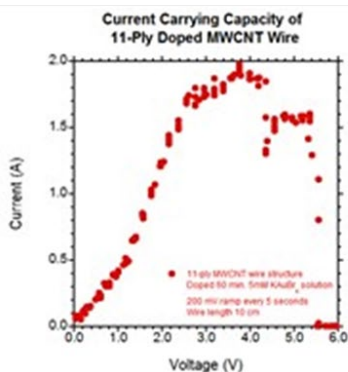
Performance and comparison of external quantum efficiency from final round of 2J tandem with and without QDs measured under simulated 1-sun AM0.



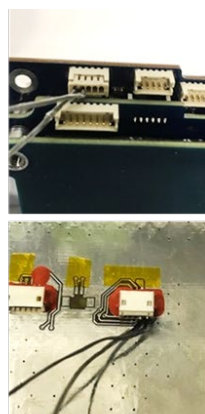
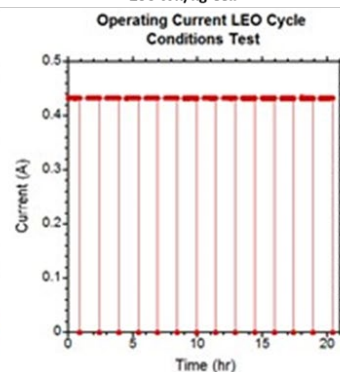
A comparison of a commercial Clyde space wire with functional and form factor all CNT wire replacements. Images of the wires can be seen (top left) along with integration into a Clyde space board (top right).

Parameter	Clyde Space Wire	Functional Replacement	Form Factor Replacement
Material	Copper with Insulation	5 mM KAuBr <sub>4</sub> Doped MWCNT Yarn with Insulation (22-ply)	Undoped MWCNT Yarn with Insulation (11-Ply)
Resistance/Length (Ohm/m)	3.25	3.26	13.89
Mass (g)	0.2004	0.1308	0.0384
AWG	20	16	20

Current Carrying Capacity of Doped CNT Wires

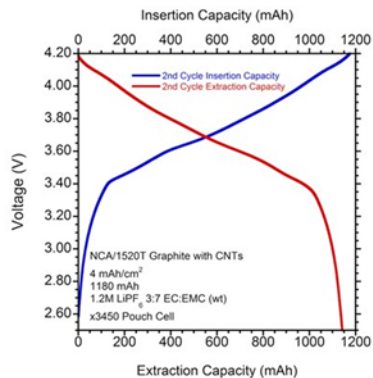


LEO Cycle Test 20% DOD RIT Baseline 250 Wh/kg Cell

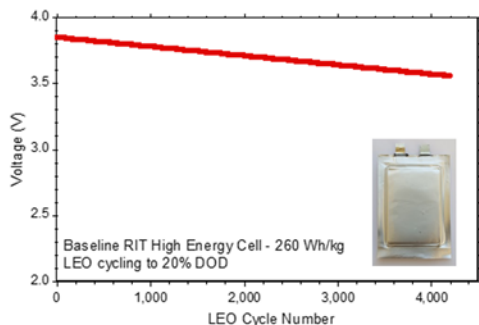


Metal-free carbon nanotube space wire harnesses were fabricated and tested for (left) current carrying capacity, (middle) LEO charge/discharge duty cycles, and (right) terminated with CubeSat interconnects.

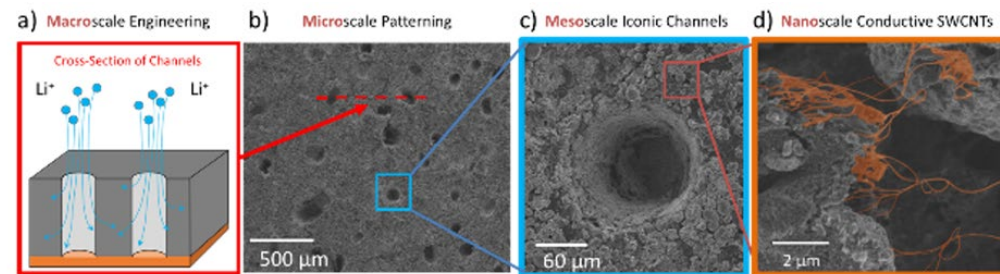
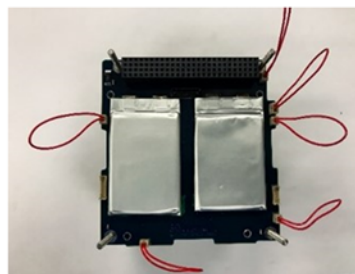
260 Wh/kg Formation Cycle



LEO Cycle Life Testing – 20% DOD

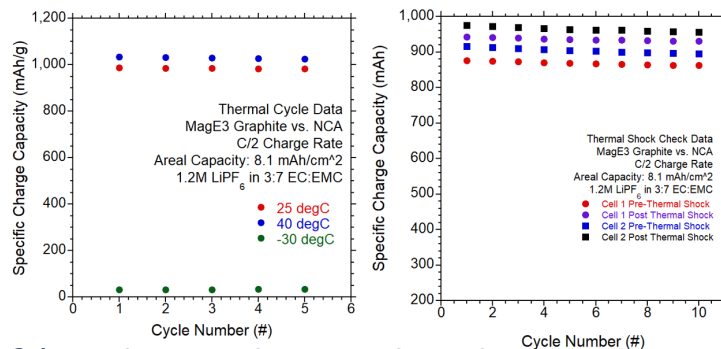


CNT Enhanced Cells on Power Board



Charge/discharge voltage curves for the CNT enabled lithium ion pouch cells, (middle) LEO cycling of the CNT-enabled pouch cells, and (right) the pouch cells integrated onto the Clyde space CubeSat EPS power board.

Thermal Shock Chamber



Thermal shock chamber (left). Electrochemical cycling at 25°C, 40°C, and -30°C (middle) and cycling post-thermal shock (right)

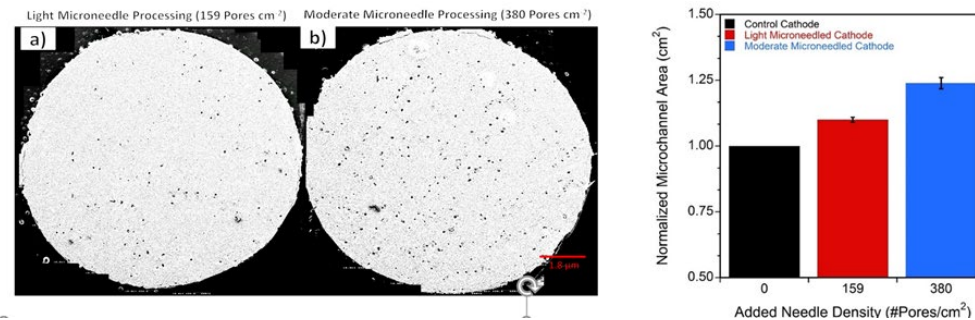
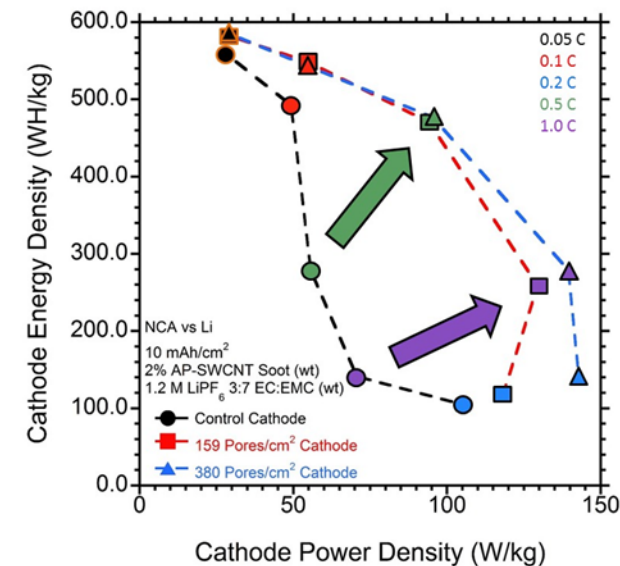
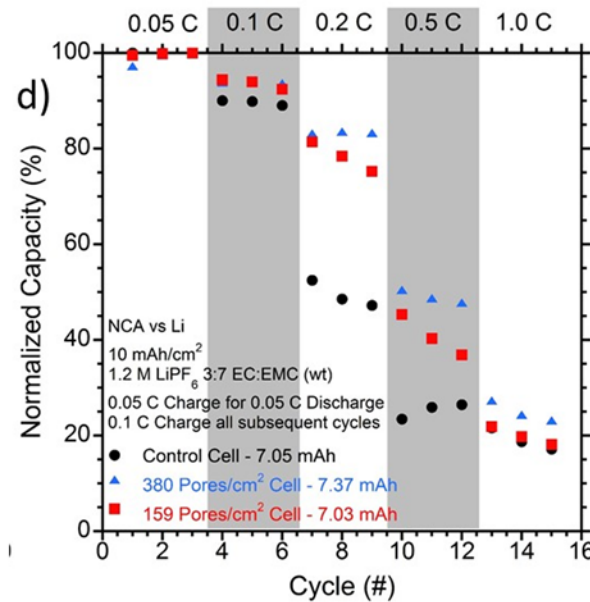
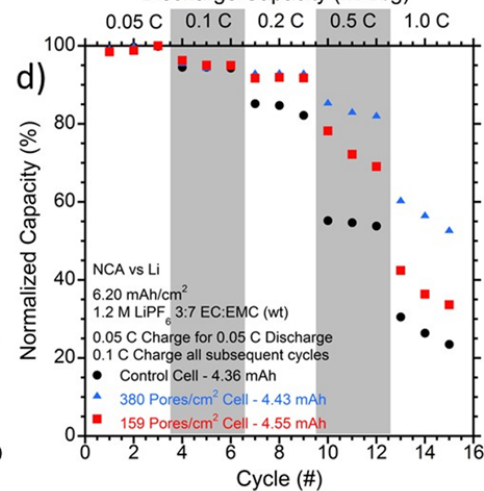
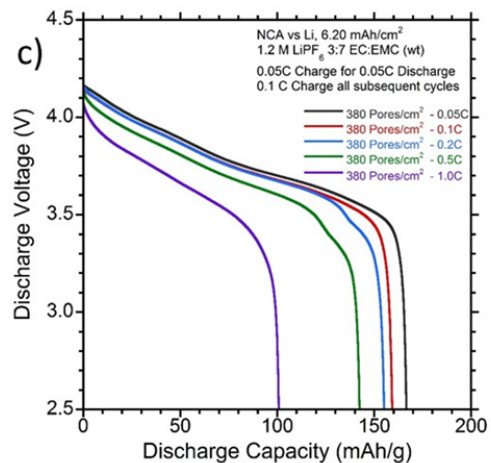
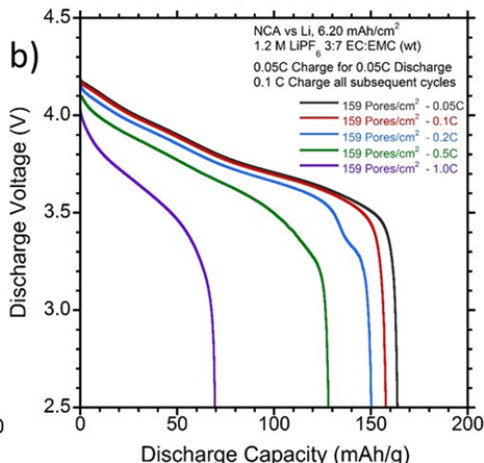
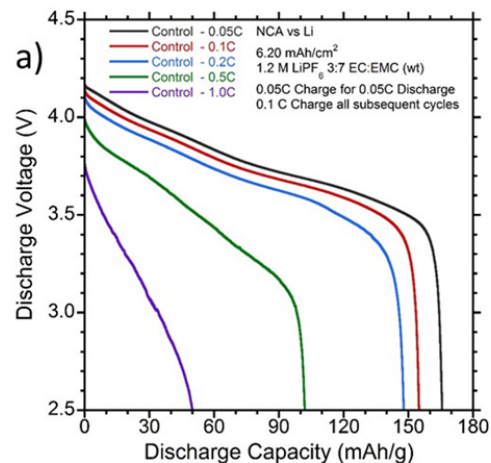
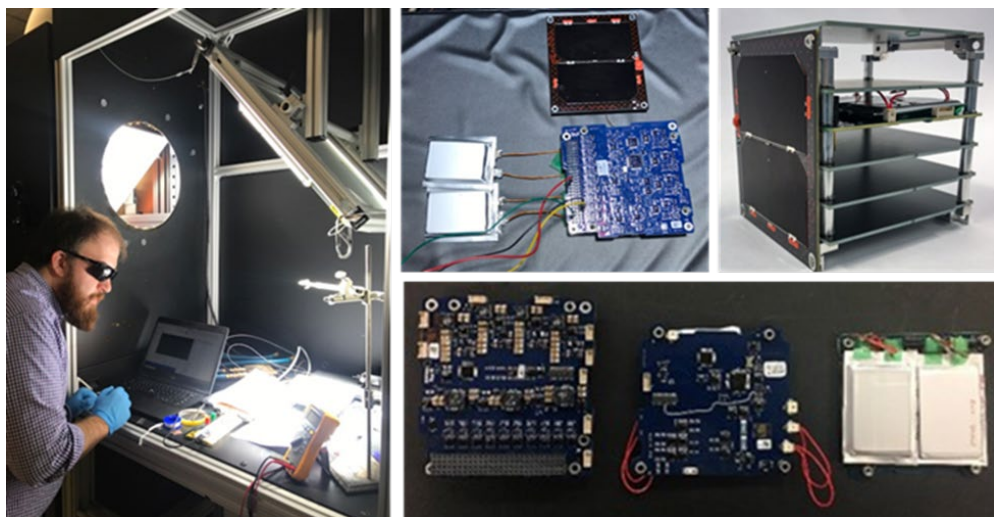


Diagram and SEM images of microscale patterning and CNT additive incorporation (top). Microscope images of micro needling (bottom left). Pore density of compared electrodes.

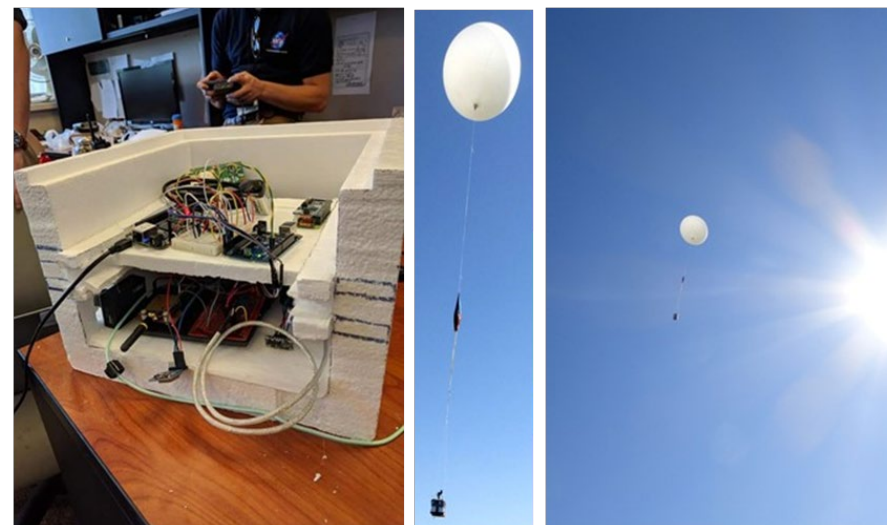


*Rate and energy density comparison of varying pore densities at 10 mAh/cm<sup>2</sup>.*

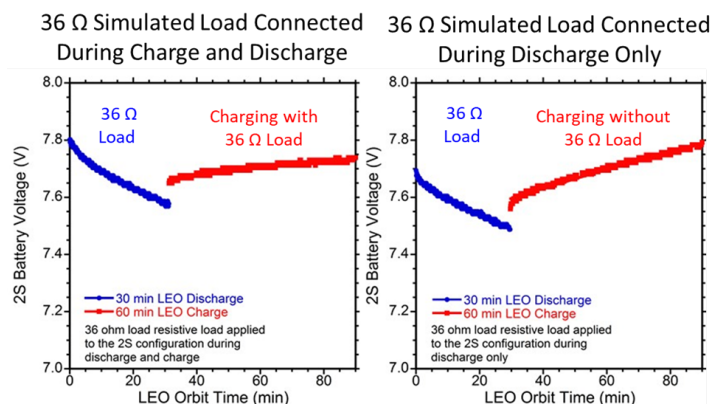
*Electrochemical testing of varying pore density at 6.2 mAh/cm<sup>2</sup>.*



NASA Glenn Research Center Summer Balloon Launch



*Simulated LEO cycling under AM0 Illumination with and without an applied load.*



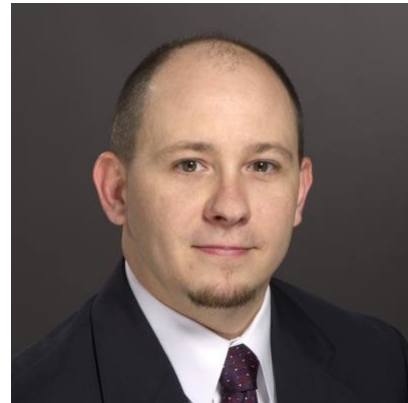
NASA Glenn Research Center summer high-altitude balloon launch, Dayton, OH (Photo Credit: NASA GRC)



## Questions?



Dr. Seth Hubbard  
RIT NanoPower  
Research Labs  
smhsps@rit.edu



Dr. Brian Landi  
RIT Carbon Conductors  
and Advanced Batteries  
bjlsps@rit.edu



Dr. Geoffrey Landis  
NASA Photovoltaics &  
Space Environments  
geoffrey.landis@nasa.gov



Dr. Matthew Ganter  
RIT/NY BEST Battery  
Prototyping Center  
mjgvpr@rit.edu



Dr. Chris Schauerma  
Cellec Technologies  
chris@cellectech.com

## Slurry Mixing and Roll-to-Roll Electrode Fabrication



Mixing and Coating from Small Volume to Multiple Liters

## Pouch Cell Equipment



34 x 50 mm up to 250 x 250 mm Cell Sizes

## Cylindrical Cell Equipment



18650, 21700, and 26650 Cell Sizes

» ***RIT BPC works with universities, start-up companies, material and cell manufacturers to prototype and test battery materials and custom electrode formulations in coin, pouch, and cylindrical cell formats.***

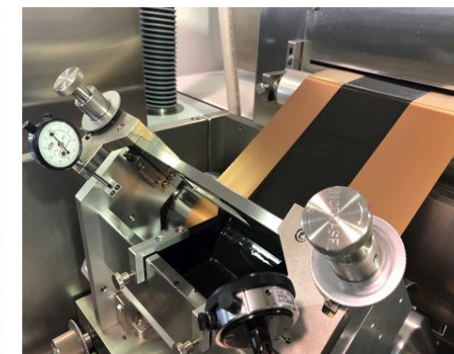
» ***All process steps are completed within dry room environment which is key to working with many new battery materials.***

### Mixing and Milling Equipment



- Small volume up to multiple liter slurry mixing
- Flacktek DAC100 – 100g planetary centrifugal bladeless mixer for small volume mixing
- Primix 1L planetary mixer has temperature control and vacuum to uniformly mix slurries
- Filmix high speed thin-film mixer can run in batch (50-90 mL) or continuous mode to homogenize slurry before coating
- Buhler laboratory bead mill can wet mill materials to the nano-scale

### Roll-to-Roll Coating and Slitting



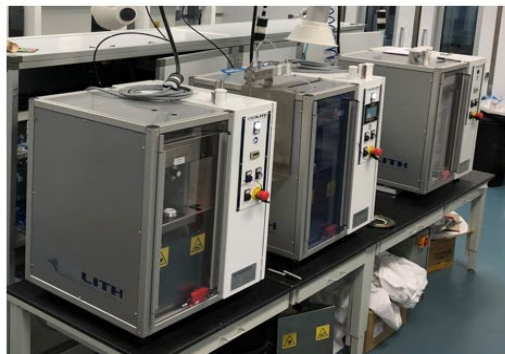
- Slot-die or knife over roll coating up to 330 mm web width
- 1L displacement tube slurry dispensing
- Edge alignment guide for accurate double sided-coating and rewind
- Forced-air floatation oven for drying
- Integrated slitting unit with two differential rewinds to slit cylindrical cell electrodes and custom widths

### Roll-to-Roll Calendaring



» **Larger batch and continuous slurry mixing, coating, calendaring, and slitting now possible in the BPC. This enables more consistent and larger volume of cells to be produced. This equipment has enabled a wide variety of new projects.**

## Cylindrical Cell Prototyping-Pilot Equipment



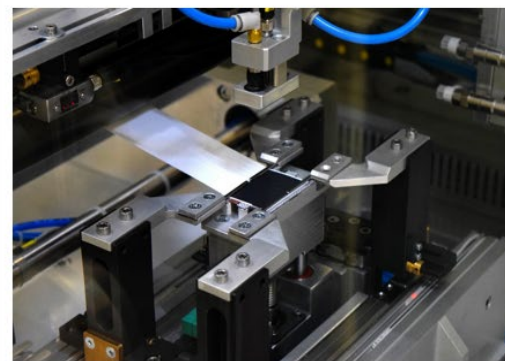
- Automated electrode winding
- Ultrasonic tab welding to strip
- Resistance welding of negative contact to can
- Ultrasonic welding of positive contact to cap
- Grooving machine
- Vacuum electrolyte filler
- Crimping machine



18650, 21700, and 26650 Cell Sizes

## Pouch Cell Prototyping-Pilot Equipment

- Electrode Punching
- Z/Z Pick and Place Stacking
- Ultrasonic Welding
- Pouch Forming
- Top and Side Pouch Sealing
- Electrolyte Filling
- Degassing & Vacuum Sealing



34 x 50 mm up to 250 x 250 mm Cell Sizes

» **Cylindrical cell line is operational and has led to a increased number of products to build cylindrical form factor. The BPC is in the process of adding a larger cell size capability (up to 16 Ah) with ~94 mm x 150 mm cell size tooling.**