Advanced Vehicles for Rugged, Remote, and Hazardous Locations (Manned and Autonomous)

A NEW CO-DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITY

Reference No: NNJ14ZBH022L

Potential Commercial Applications: automotive industry, Department of Defense (DoD), emergency operations (police, rescue, first responders, etc.), disaster recovery operations, remote and hazardous environments, and others

Keywords: autonomous robotic vehicle, electric vehicles, robots, robotics, high energy density batteries, active suspension, obstacle avoidance and detection, vehicle with protective environment

Purpose:

NASA JSC seeks to extend technology associated with their existing rovers for earthbound applications such as rugged, remote and hazardous environments.

These rovers can be updated and adapted to address any earth-bound application that requires an autonomous robotic vehicle or a manned vehicle with a protective environment.

Technology:

NASA JSC has developed two planetary exploration rovers, the Space Exploration Vehicle (SEV) and the Centaur 2. The SEV is a large electric rover that can function as a manned vehicle or as an autonomous robotic vehicle. The SEV consists of a chassis with six wheel modules capable of 360° of motion, enabling it to drive in any direction and to point-turn the entire vehicle, and a cabin for human-use which also serves as a mounting location for robotic sensors. The SEV chassis without the cabin can carry a variety of objects. The current SEV can cover very rugged terrain, maneuver steep inclines and perform straight-line driving at a top speed of 12 MPH using its Six Degrees of Freedom (6-DOF) chassis. The Centaur 2 rover has 4 wheel modules, and like the SEV, can point-turn and drive in any direction. Centaur 2 can carry science-payloads, geologic tools or even a Robonaut 2.



Space Exploration Vehicle (SEV)



Centaur 2

The primary technology challenges include higher energy density batteries and active suspension and obstacle avoidance/detection to achieve higher speeds in a wide range of environments. These challenges are directly applicable to the next generation of electric vehicles.

R&D Status:

The technology associated with these vehicles is advanced. NASA continuously addresses challenges associated with these technologies as advancements in specific components develop, e.g., lighter and higher energy batteries.

Intellectual Property (IP):

Multiple individual technologies associated with robotics are currently available for codevelopment and licensing. Visit <u>Robonaut 2</u> and click on <u>Licensing Opportunities</u>.

This co-development project may produce new IP that could be jointly owned by NASA and the partner or may become the property of the partner.