

Vehicle Feature Complexity Modeling

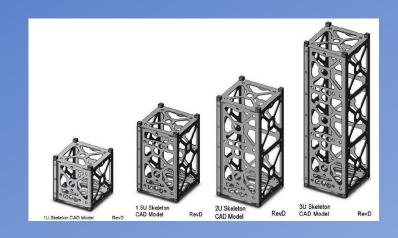
Application in the Automotive Industry

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SYSTEM MODELING APPROACH

- System Model proposed to manage the complexity of vehicle programs in the Automotive Industry
- Modeling allows to enhance variants analysis, assessment of changes and improve reliability of the project
- This approach would be applicable to manage the complexity on the Cube Sat, to get similar benefits





COMPLEXITY IN THE AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY

- Diversity of usage profiles and environments
- Multiple Target Customers
- Market Competition
- Government Regulations
- Global Deployment



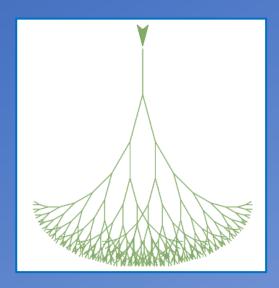
- Design Variants
- Common/shared vehicle architectures (Platforms)
- Re-use of components
- Customization
- Mass Production



VEHICLE VARIANTS

- Variants developed to meet customer expectations
- Complexity grows as features combine to form new variants
- High level vehicle variants include:
 - Body Style
 - Wheel Base
 - Box Size
 - Trim Levels
 - Packages
 - Body Colors
 - Optional Content

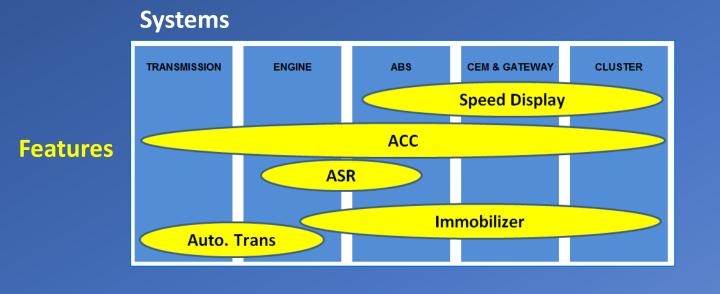
	TRIM	CARGO BOX LENGTH	STANDARD	OPTIONAL	AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION	DRIVE
REGULAR CAB						
	WT	6' 6"/8'	4.3LV6	5.3L VB	6-speed	2WD/4x4
	LS	6" 6"/8"	4.3LV6	5.3L V8	6-speed	2WD/4x4
	LT	6"6"/8"	4.3LV6	5.3L V8	6-speed	2WD/4x4
	LT 271	6'6'/8'	4.3L V6	5.3L V8	6-speed	424
4-DOOR DOUBLE CAB						
	WT	6.6.	4.3L V6	5.3L V8	6-speed	2WD/4x4
	LS	6'6"	4.3LV6	5.3L V8	6-speed	2WD/4x4
	Custom	6'6"	4.3L V6	5.3L V8	6-speed	2WD/4x4
	LT	6'6"	4.3L V6	5.3L V8	6-speed	2WD/4x4
	LT 271	6'6'	4.3L V6	5.3L V8	6-speed	424
	LTZ	6'6'	5.3L V8	6.2L.V8	6-speed 8-speed	2WD/4x4
	LTZ 271	6.6.	5.3L V8	6.2L V8	6-speed 8-speed	424
CREW CAB						
	WT	5'8'/6'6'	4.3LV6	5.3L VB1	6-speed	2WD/4x4
	LS	5'8"/6'6"	4.3L V6	5.3L V81	6-speed	2WD/4x4
	u u	5'8"/6'6"	4.3LV6	5.3L V81	6-speed	2WD/4x4
	LT 271	5'8'/6'6''	4.3L.V6	5.3L V81	6-speed	444
	LTZ	5'8''/6'6''	5.3L.V8	6.2L V8	6-speed 8-speed	2WD/4x4
	LTZ 271	5'8"/6'6"	5.3L V8	6.2L V8	8-speed	4±4
	High Country	5"8"/6"6"	5.3LV8	6.2LV8	8-speed	2WD/4x4



Typical Modern Vehicle 50-70 computers on-board > 15 million lines of software code > 1 million pages of specifications > 10,000 buildable series variants (including ECU variations per vehicle) (1)

(1) Automotive Software Systems Complexity: Challenges and Opportunities, Christopher Davey, INCOSE International Workshop-MBSE Workshop , Jan 26-28th, 2013

VEHICLE FEATURE COMPLEXITY MATRIX





Features meet specific customer requirements and are formed by multiple systems

VFCM is used to keep track of ALL feature combinations that build the vehicle variants

IMPORTANCE OF THE VFCM

- Primary official source of direction for a Vehicle Program
- Documents all the complexity of options that is able to be built
- Documents what is going to be built for specific market





TRADITIONAL APPROACH TO VFCM

- Document based matrix
- Features have relationships with vehicle variants
- Relations to other Features
- Require / Exclude Features
- Complex relationships

Downsides:

Re-work Manual updates Time Prone to error Extensive documents

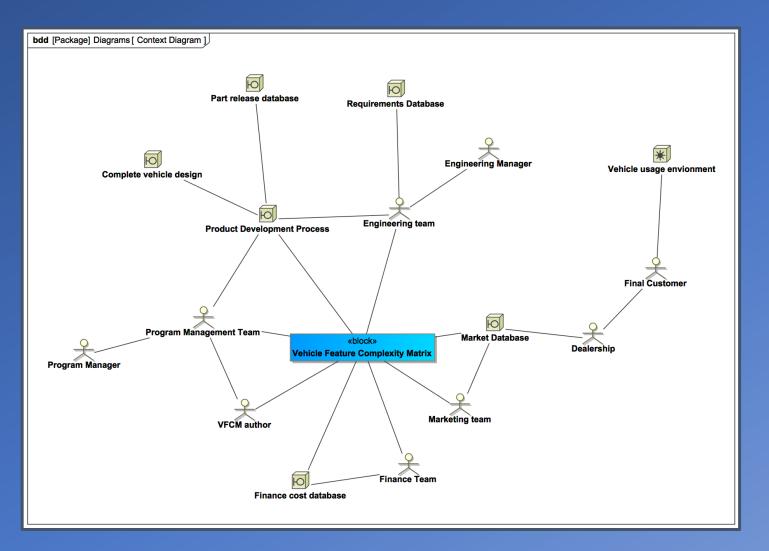
Feature	Feature Code	Vehicle Variant 1
FR WIPER	FC350	
Contains RR MIRROR 1 (FC184) when {BULKHEAD 2 (FC018), BULKHEAD 3 (FC020), BULKHEAD 5 (FC023)} is not present, and when FIXED RR WINDOW (FC462) is present, and when CAMERA 2 (FC612) is not present		Contains
Feature	Feature Code	Vehicle Variant 1
RR MIRROR	FC184	
Included in FR WIPER (FC350) when {BULKHEAD 2 (FC018), BULKHEAD 3 (FC020), BULKHEAD 5 (FC023)} is not present, and when FIXED RR WINDOW (FC462) is present, and when CAMERA 2 (FC612) is not present		Includes

Feature	Feature Code	Variant 1
RHD	FC443	O*/-
Requires (MARKET GROUP 1 (FC656), MARKET GROUP 2		O ¹
(FC657), MARKET GROUP 3 (FC658)}		
HEADLAMP 5	FC624	O*/-
Excludes MARKET GROUP 2 (FC657), MARKET GROUP 4		O ¹
(FC659), MARKET GROUP 3(FC658), BULGARIA (FC660),		
SLOVENIA (FC661), CROATIA (FC662), SLOVAKIA		
(FC663), MACEDONIA (FC664), ESTONIA (FC665), LATVIA		
(FC666), LITHUANIA (FC667)}		

Feature	Feature Code	Variant 1
LESS SIDE DOORS	FC674	S*
Contains LESS 2ND ROW R/H WINDOW (FC675)		C ¹
Contains LESS 2ND ROW L/H WINDOW (FC676)		C ²
Contains LESS CONFIG UNLOCKING (FC655) when		C ³
LIFTGATE (FC518) is not present, and when {SPECIAL		
TRANSPORT PACKAGE (FC669), SPECIAL TRANSPORT		
PACKAGE 2 (FC671), SPECIAL TRANSPORT PACKAGE 3		
(FC673)} is not present		

VFCM CONTEXT

"Interface control consists of establishing common understanding of interfaces for all project _______participants." (Weiss, 2013)

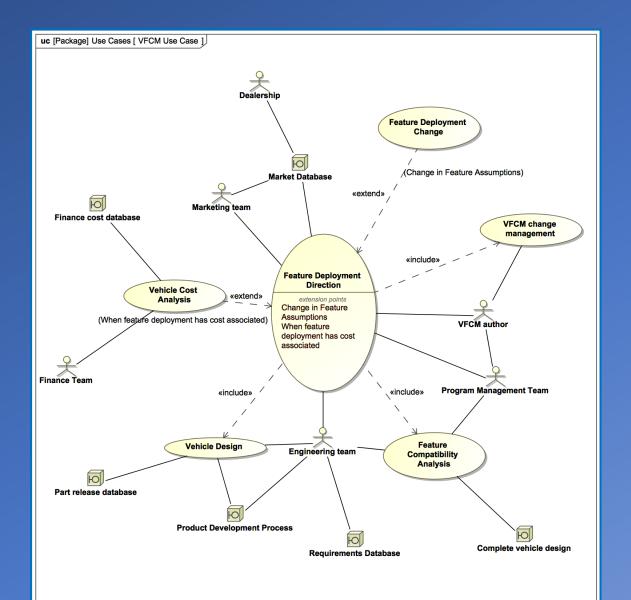


• Interfaces with stakeholders:

- Engineering
- Marketing
- Finance
- Management
- Dealership
- Final Customer
- Interfaces with boundary systems
 - PD Process
 - Part release system
 - Requirements database
 - Complete vehicle design
 - Market database
 - Finance Cost database

Vehicle Usage Environment

SYSTEM USE CASES



Main Use Case: Feature Deployment Direction

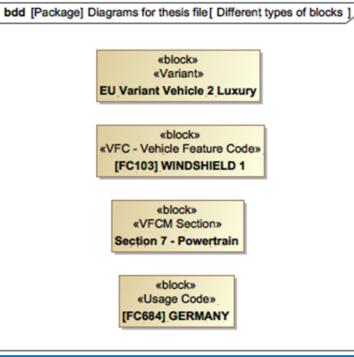
- Include
 - Vehicle Design
 - VFCM change management
 - Feature compatibility analysis

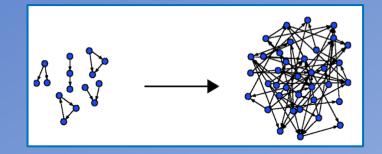
• Extend

- Feature Deployment Change
- Vehicle Cost Analysis

VFCM SYSTEM MODELING

- Base entities in VFCM are Features with a Feature Code
- Feature = Model Block
- Block Stereotype differentiate features / variants, etc....
- Blocks connected to each other represent the Features relationships
- High complexity of Feature relationships are managed by the System Model

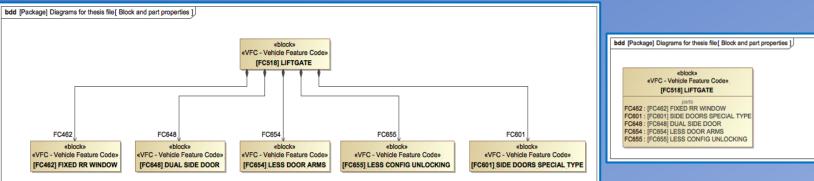




Part Properties

Owner	Feature Code
LIFTGATE	FC518
Contains SIDE DOORS SPECIAL TYPES (FC601)	
Contains available DUAL SIDE DOOR (FC648)	
Contains LESS DOOR ARMS (FC654)	
Contains FIXED RR WINDOW (FC462)	
Contains LESS CONFIG UNLOCKING (FC655)	
Parts	Feature Code
SIDE DOORS SPECIAL TYPES	FC601
Included in LIFTGATE (FC518)	
DUAL SIDE DOOR	FC648
Included in LIFTGATE (FC518)	
LESS DOOR ARMS	FC654
Included in LIFTGATE (FC518)	
FIXED RR WINDOW	FC462
Included in LIFTGATE (FC518)	
LESS CONFIG UNLOCKING	FC655
Included in LIFTGATE (FC518)	

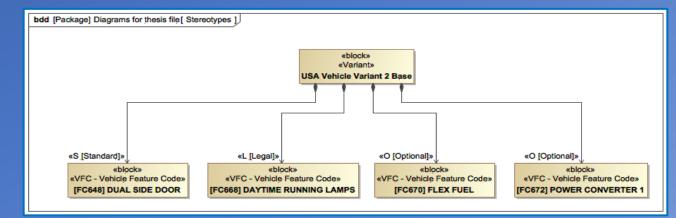
- Model Part Properties convey ownership (true connection)
- Diagrams replace complex and repetitive text relation descriptions
- Part Properties represent feature packages

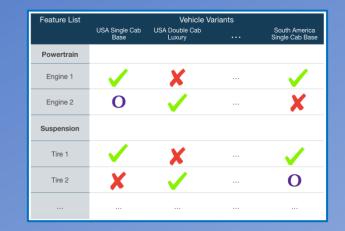


Optionality

Optionality is modeled as a part property with stereotypes

- Standard Always present
- Optional Optional can be or not be present depending on customer selection
- Legal Obligatory by legal requirements usually associated with specific markets legislation
- Mandatory Obligatory based on a strong market need or an engineering performance reason





Feature Constraints

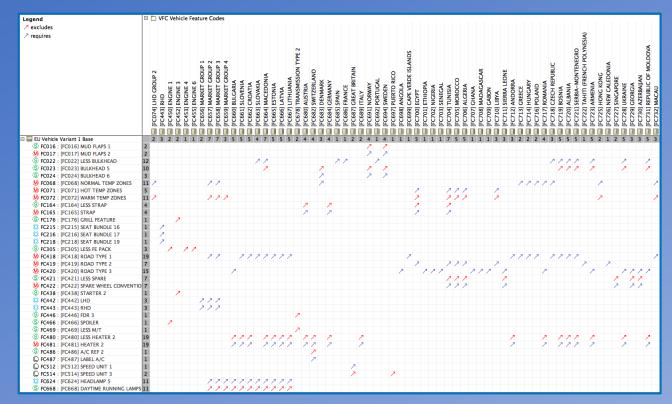
Traditional VFCM represents constraints with text:

- *Requires*: One feature/block needs other in order to be deployed
- *Excludes*: Certain feature/block is not deployed when other is present

Constraints modeled as dependency relations

Customizable matrixes allow to track dependencies

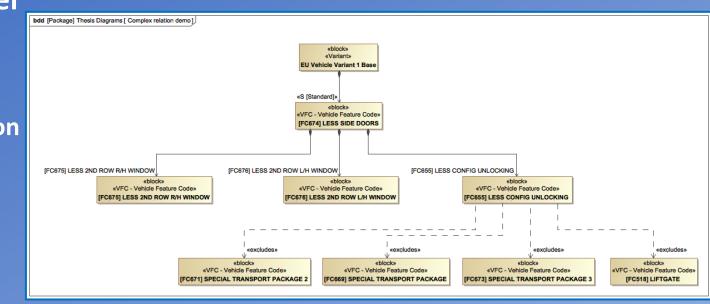
Feature	Feature Code	Variant 1
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HEADLAMP 5	FC624	O*/-
Excludes {MARKET GROUP 2 (FC657), MARKET GROUP 4 (FC659), MARKET GROUP 3(FC658), BULGARIA (FC660), SLOVENIA (FC661), CROATIA (FC662), SLOVAKIA (FC663), MACEDONIA (FC664), ESTONIA (FC665), LATVIA (FC666), LITHUANIA (FC667)}		O ¹



Feature Constraints	Feature	Feature Code	Variant 1
reature constraints	LESS SIDE DOORS	FC674	S*
	Contains LESS 2ND ROW R/H WINDOW (FC675)		C ¹
	Contains LESS 2ND ROW L/H WINDOW (FC676)		C ²
	Contains LESS CONFIG UNLOCKING (FC655) when		C ³
Compatibility is modeled using part	LIFTGATE (FC518) is not present, and when {SPECIAL		
Company is modeled using part	TRANSPORT PACKAGE (FC669), SPECIAL TRANSPORT		
properties stereotypes	PACKAGE 2 (FC671), SPECIAL TRANSPORT PACKAGE 3		
properties stereotypes	(FC673)} is not present		

Compatibility between features is easier to understand graphically

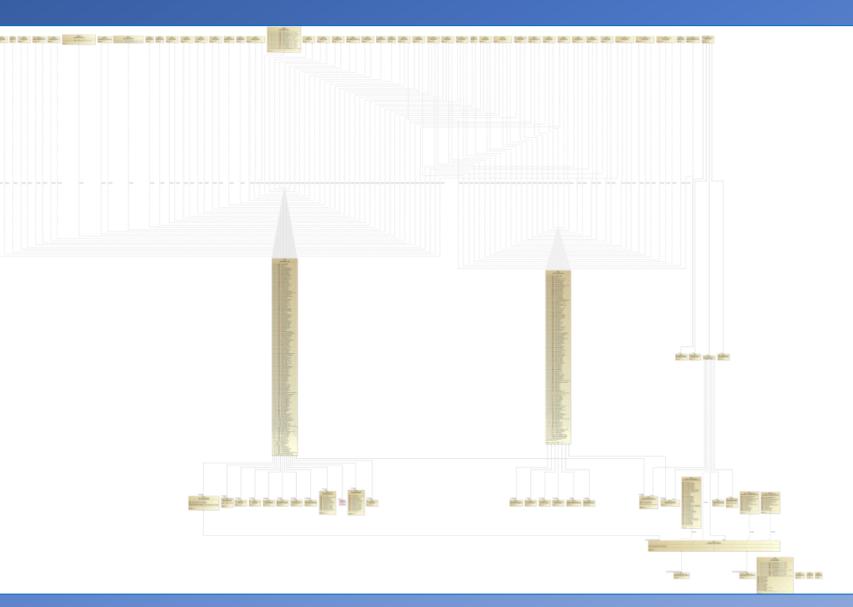
• Compatibility: Feature available depending on deployment of other features.



COMPLEXITY OF FEATURE RELATIONS

VFCM model contains highly complex relations between Features

Analysis can be customized to define levels of depth



ERROR CHECK TOOL

Custom Analysis tables can be developed easily

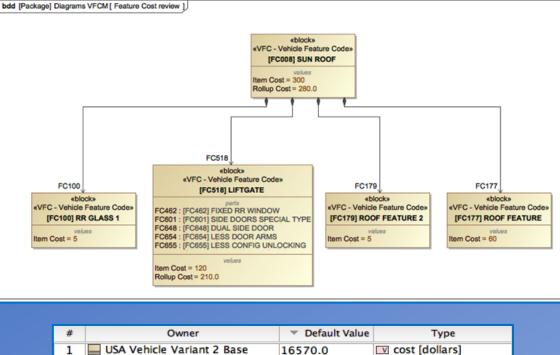
Errors and inconsistencies in the model can be minimized

Eler	ment Type: Part Property	Scope (optional): /F	C Vehicle Feature Codes 🖓	Filter: Q-
#	Name	Requires	Excludes	Potential Errors
		FC657] MARKET GROUP 2	FC668] DAYTIME RUNNING LAMPS	FC657] MARKET GROUP 2
		FC658] MANKET GROUP 3	FC659] MARKET GROUP 4	FC658] MARKET GROUP 3
		FC660] BULGARIA	FC658] MARKET GROUP 3	FC660] BULGARIA
		FC661] SLOVENIA	FC660] BULGARIA	FC661] SLOVENIA
4	S FC668	FC662] CROATIA	FC661] SLOVENIA	FC662] CROATIA
		FC663] SLOVAKIA	FC662] CROATIA	FC663] SLOVAKIA
		FC664] MACEDONIA	FC663] SLOVAKIA	FC664] MACEDONIA
		FC665] ESTONIA	FC664] MACEDONIA	FC665] ESTONIA
		FC666] LATVIA	FC665] ESTONIA	FC666] LATVIA
5	S FC674			
6	O FC001			
7	S FC007			
8	S FC009			
9	© FC016		[FC691] NORWAY [FC694] SWEDEN	
			FC691 NORWAY	
10	S FC016		FC691] NORWAY	
11	S FC016		FC691] NORWAY	
			FC694] SWEDEN	
12	S FC016		FC691] NORWAY	
			FC694] SWEDEN	
13	🛞 FC017	FC694] SWEDEN		
-		FC691] NORWAY		
14	FC017		FC691] NORWAY	
			FC694] SWEDEN	
15	M FC017	FC691] NORWAY		
-		FC694] SWEDEN		
16	FC017		FC691] NORWAY	
	CO17		FC694] SWEDEN	

COST ROLL-UP

Each feature is assigned with a cost

#	Owner	🔻 Default Value	Feature Cost [Dollars]
70	FC041] GVW 3	0	20. 0
71	FC440] EMISSIONS PACK 2	600	20 600
72	FC632] LIGHT FEATURE 1	5	20. 5
73	FC219] SEAT BUNDLE 20	220	20 220
74	FC084] REPAIR KIT	5	200 5
75	FC166] LESS GRAB HANDLE	0	20. 0
76	FC451] ENGINE 2	3000	题 3000
77	FC125] CUP HOLDER	8	20. 8
78	FC149] LESS HOOK	0	20. 0
79	FC535] FEATURE X 8	100	20 100
80	FC343] DOOR LOCKS 5	10	20. 10
81	FC248] SEAT BUNDLE 49	300	200 300
82	FC146] DOOR HANDLE 2	20	20 20
83	FC003] TRIM 2	5	20. 5
84	FC417] LUG NUT 2	5	200 5
85	FC284] LESS RR ROW 3	0	20. 0
86	FC523] SCREEN 1	0	20. 0
87	FC053] UPGRADE FEATURE P	250	250
88	FC117] GLOVE BOX 1	0	20. 0
89	FC283] RR ROW 2	10.0	20 10.0
90	FC202] SEAT BUNDLE 3	320	20. 320
91	FC445] FDR 2	5	20. 5
92	FC311] DOOR HANDLE 3	5	20. 5
93	FC273] LESS SEAT FEATURE 3	0	20. 0
94	FC470] M/T	2000	2000
95	FC193] MIRROR COLOR 2	5	200 5
96	FC446] FDR 3	5	20. 5
97	FC352] JETS	20	20, 20



1	USA Vehicle Variant 2 Base	16570.0	v cost [dollars]
2	USA Vehicle Variant 1 Luxury	19766.0	v cost [dollars]
3	EU Variant Vehicle 2 Luxury	19598.0	v cost [dollars]
4	EU Vehicle Variant 1 Base	10186.0	v cost [dollars]

Cost rolls up to higher level blocks A change in any feature is reflected automatically at all levels of the model

MODELING ADVANTAGES TO MANAGE COMPLEXITY AUTOMOTIVE

- Meet Function
 - Every block is unique, all its properties and connections reside in it.
 - All Diagrams are just representations of blocks
 - Block relationships can be analyzed graphically
 - Model replaces multiple documents with complexity specifications

Robustness

- Changes are automatically updated in all the model
- Minimization of errors and inconsistency
- Ability to create custom error proof tools using "Custom Properties"





"The essential aspect of a system is that some new functions emerge", Crawley

MODELING ADVANTAGES TO MANAGE COMPLEXITY AUTOMOTIVE

• Efficiency

- Changes are done in one model with lower effort, and in a fraction of the time
- Multiple & customizable diagrams to show the information to improve communication to users
- Easier to visualize information and make decisions
- Compatibility with MS Excel allows to import/export large amounts of data



Minimization of unintended behavior

- Avoids inconsistency and contradictions in feature deployment
- Prevent re-work
- Manages Complexity of the VFCM, and can customize scope of the analysis



EXPOSED TO THE UNKNOWN

Automotive



CubeSats AR ANTA

COMMONALITIES

- Architecture
 - Modular vs. Platform
- Requirements
 - Size
 - Weight/Mass
 - Cost
 - Buildability
 - Power

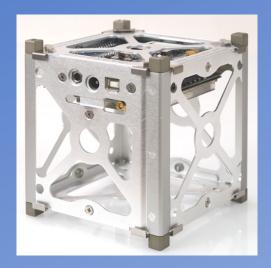
• Failure Modes

- Cost Reduction
- Design and Development Improvements

Requirements Failure Modes

Missing Incomplete Inconsistent Incorrect content Incorrect version Inappropriate design Incorrect Configuration Un-accessible Non-validated





MODELING CAN LOWER CUBE SAT COST

- Enhance reusability of technology
- Reduce effort and time to run complexity analysis
- More frequent less costly reviews
- Cost Rollup Analysis can help to to make deployment of features more cost effective
- Variant complexity analysis can aid to find opportunities to combine validation and reduce cost.
- Weight rollup analysis can help to reduce weight (cost)

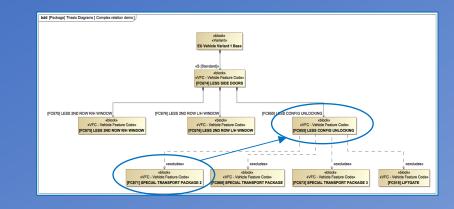
(2) The role of small satellites in NASA and NOAA Earth observation programs, Committee on Earth Studies Space Studies Board Commission on Physical Sciences, Mathematics, and Applications National Research Council, National Academy Press, Washington DC, 2000.

"a single major review of the Earth Observing System Data and Information System (EOSDIS) core system being built for NASA produced <u>over</u> <u>5,000 pages of material at a cost of several</u> <u>person-years of effort</u>." TRW estimates that the Critical Design Review for the Total Ozone Mapping Sensor, now in orbit as part of the Earth Probes program, <u>required 10</u> <u>person-years of effort.</u>" (2)



MODELING CAN IMPROVE CUBE SAT ROBUSTNESS

- Risk Management improvement
- More informed and quicker decisions to minimize risk to missions
- Reduce likelihood of errors or outdated information from document to document
- Model Error-proofing tools can locate early possible contradictions in Cube Sat variants
- Ad-Hoc and What If analysis





CONCLUSIONS

This system modeling approach:

- Improved the consistency of the information, and reduced the amount of resources to manage the changes
- Provided a greater capability to display information in more customizable way and make timely and more informed decisions
- Increased the efficiency, robustness and minimize the undesired behaviors
- Can be expanded to different functional areas of any Product Development, at the desired level of detail

SysML Approach creates a very Elegant Solution which is game-changer for the Automotive Industry