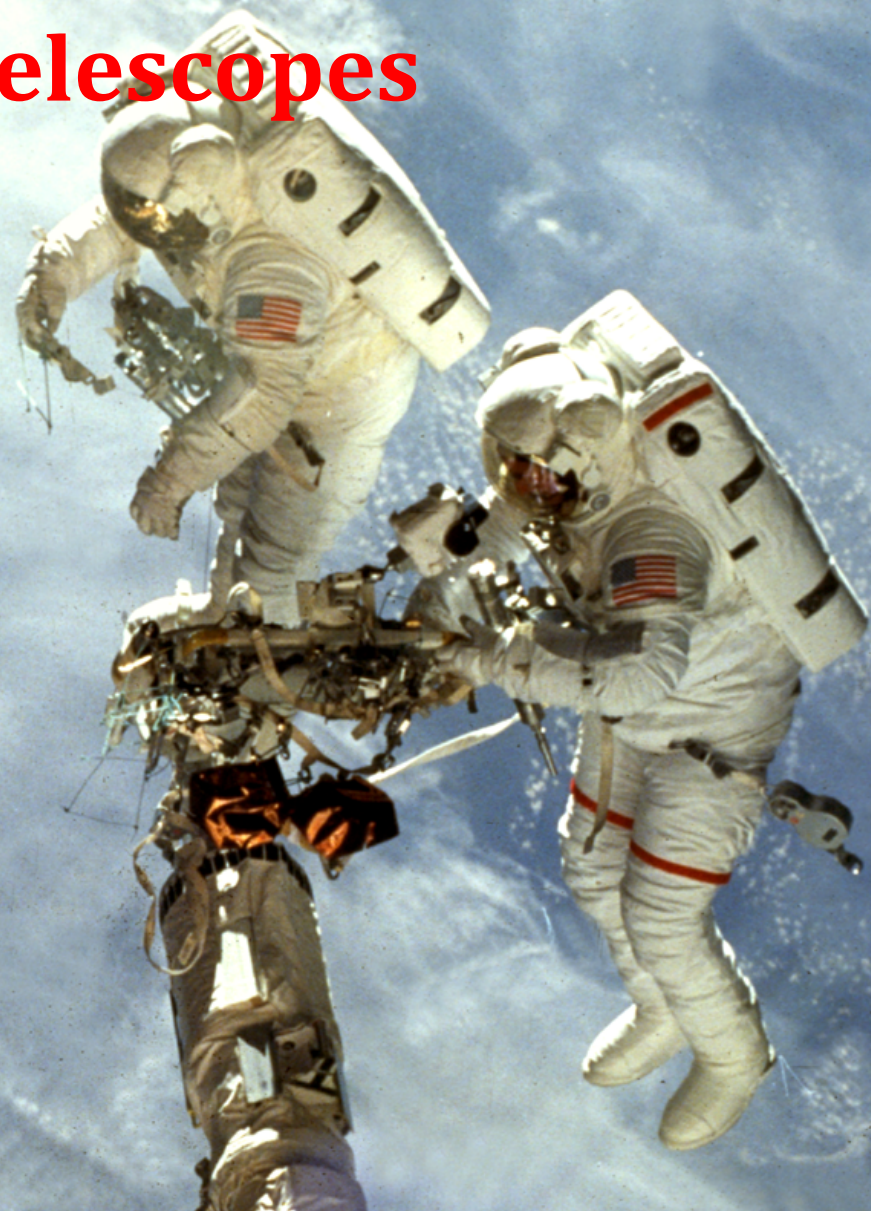
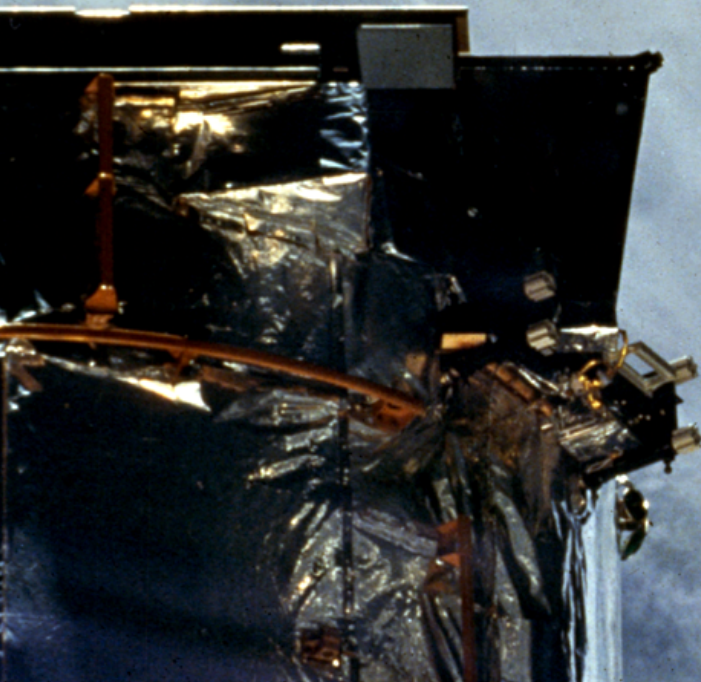


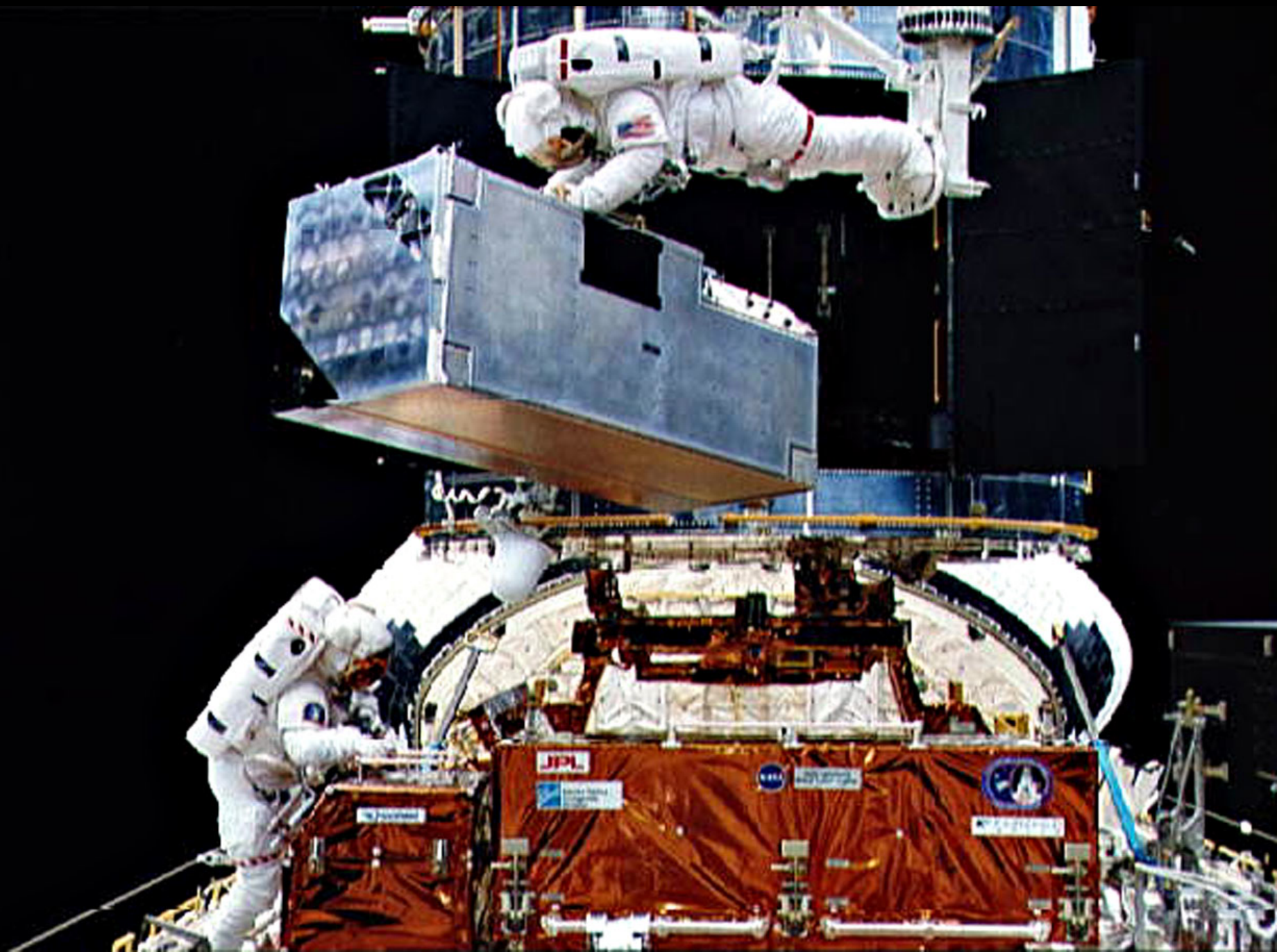
Servicing Large Space Telescopes

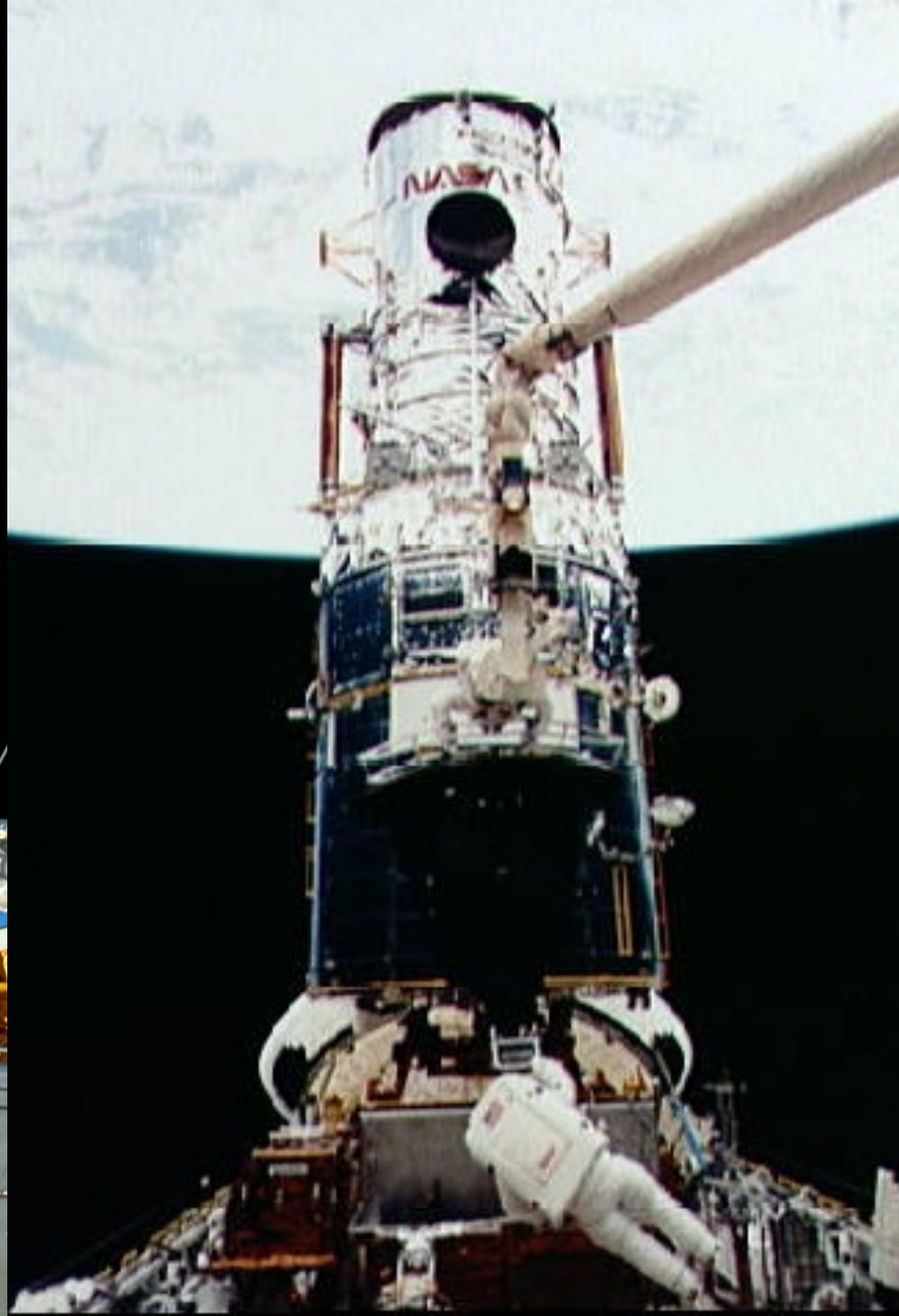
Dr. Jeffrey A. Hoffman

MIT Professor

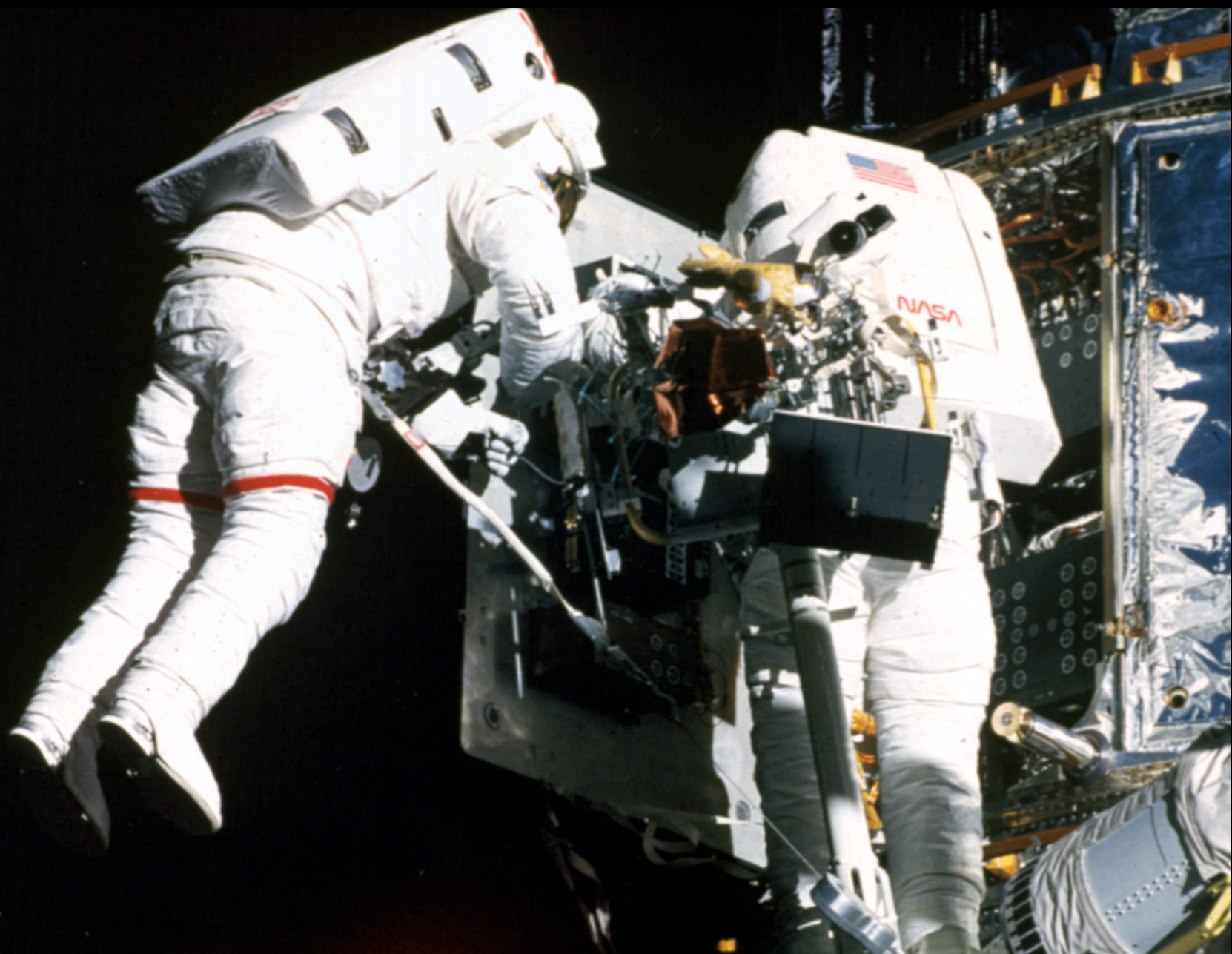
NASA Astronaut (ret.)











HUBBLE MISSIONS

De-Orbit
Mission

SM4



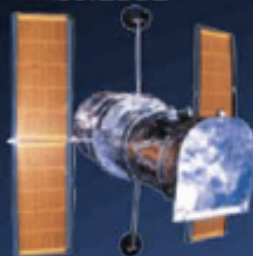
Cosmic Origins Spectrograph
Wide Field Camera 3
Fine Guidance Sensor
Aft Shroud Cooling System
Batteries
Gyros
Repair of STIS and ACS
Addition of Soft Capture Mechanism

SM3B



Advanced Camera
Solar Arrays
Power Control Unit
NICMOS Cooling System

SM3A



Gyros
Advanced Computer
Fine Guidance Sensor

SM2



Imaging Spectrograph
Near Infrared Camera
Fine Guidance Sensor

SM1



Wild Field Planetary Camera 2
COSTAR
Gyros
Solar Arrays

Launch!



1990 1993 1997 1999 2002 2008 2013



New instruments, New Discoveries

Servicing Mission 1, 1993



WFPC2

Discoveries

- ✓ Age of the Universe
- ✓ Birth and Death of Stars
- ✓ Formation of Planets and Stars



New instruments, New Discoveries

Servicing Mission 2, 1997 and Servicing Mission 3a, 1999



NICMOS (1–2 μm)



STIS (=40X Original Spectrographs)

Discoveries

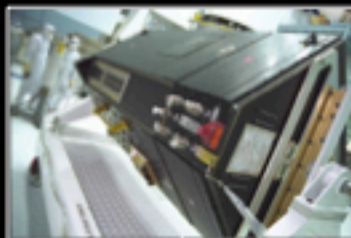
- ✓ Proof of Black Holes
- ✓ Supernova 1As
- ✓ Accelerating Universe
- ✓ Hint of Dark Matter, Dark Energy
- ✓ Hubble Deep Field



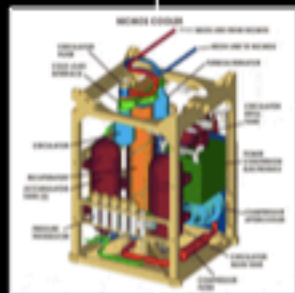
New instruments, New Discoveries

Servicing Mission 3B, 2002

ACS
(= 10X WFPC2)



NICMOS/NCS



Discoveries

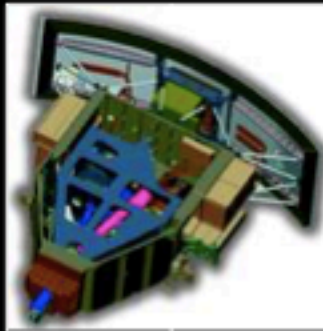
- ✓ Hubble Ultra Deep Field
- ✓ Evolution of Galaxies
- ✓ Confirmation of Dark Energy Principle
- ✓ First Direct Mapping of Dark Matter
- ✓ Survey of 160,000 stars, 26,000 light years away – 16 of which have Jupiter-size Planets
- ✓ First Detection of an Organic Molecule in the Atmosphere of a Jupiter-like planet in the Milky Way Galaxy
- ✓ Detected over 500 extremely old proto galaxies formed just after the Big Bang. One object emitted light after 700 million years



New instruments, New Discoveries

Servicing Mission 4, 2009

WFC3
(=25X NICMOS)



COS
(=20X STIS)

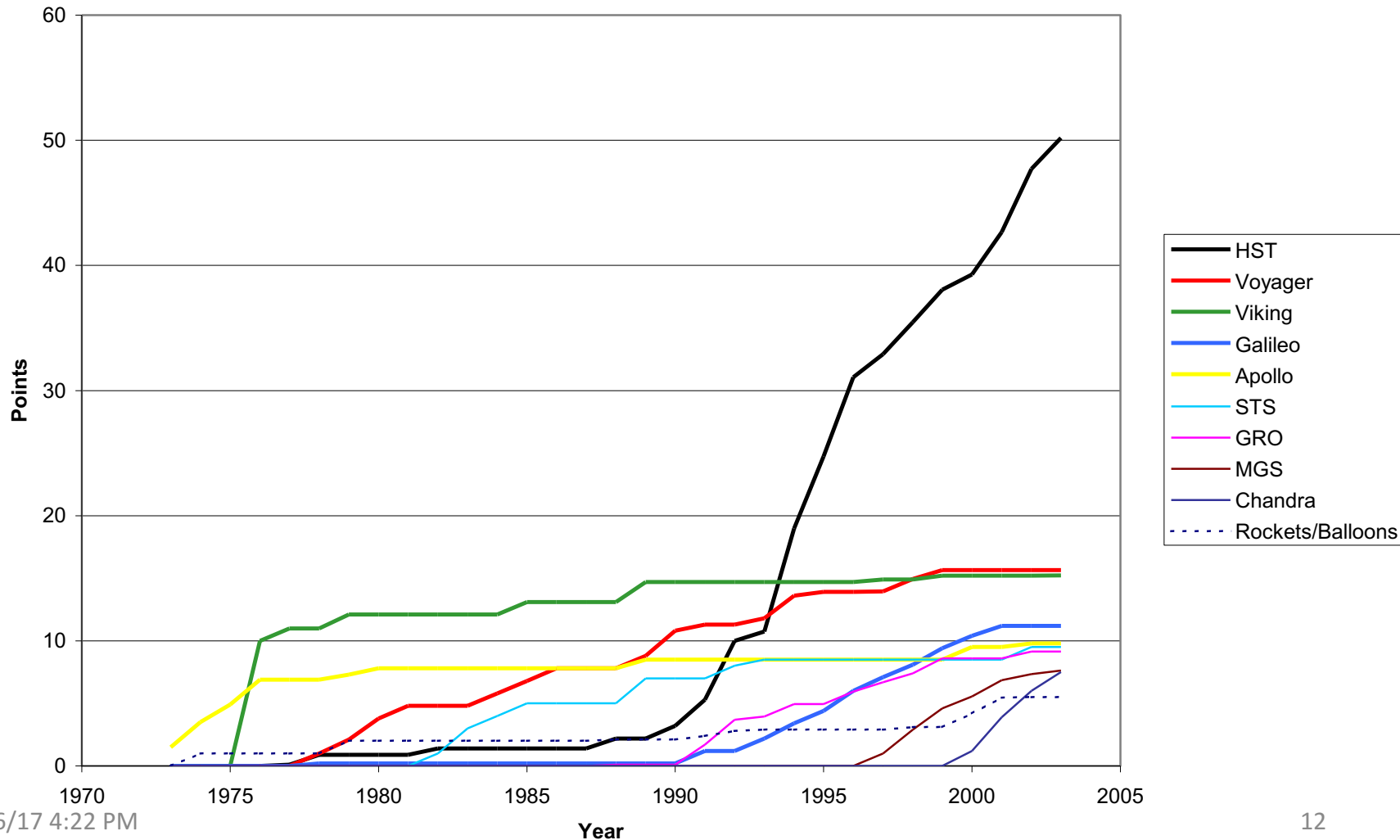


**Discoveries
Continuing**

Servicing Missions SM1 SM2 SM3A SM3B SM4

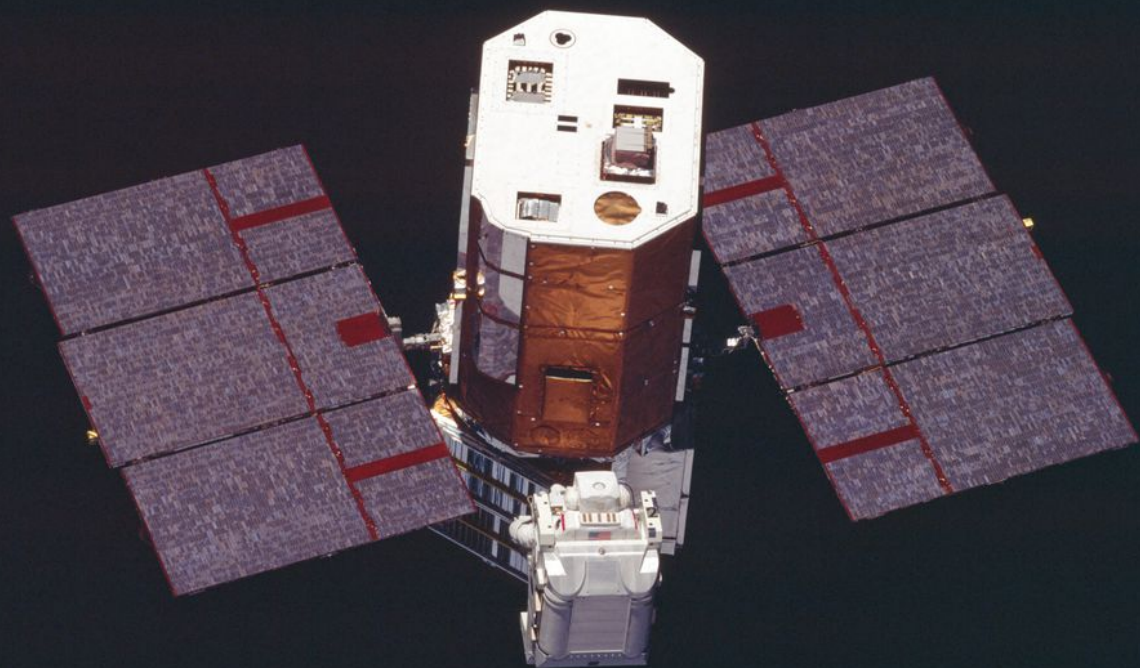
HST's Dominance of *Science News* "Annual Discoveries" List Reflects the Effectiveness of Regular Servicing by Astronauts and Collaborative Work with Science Community

Cumulative Contributions of the 10 Most Productive NASA Programs



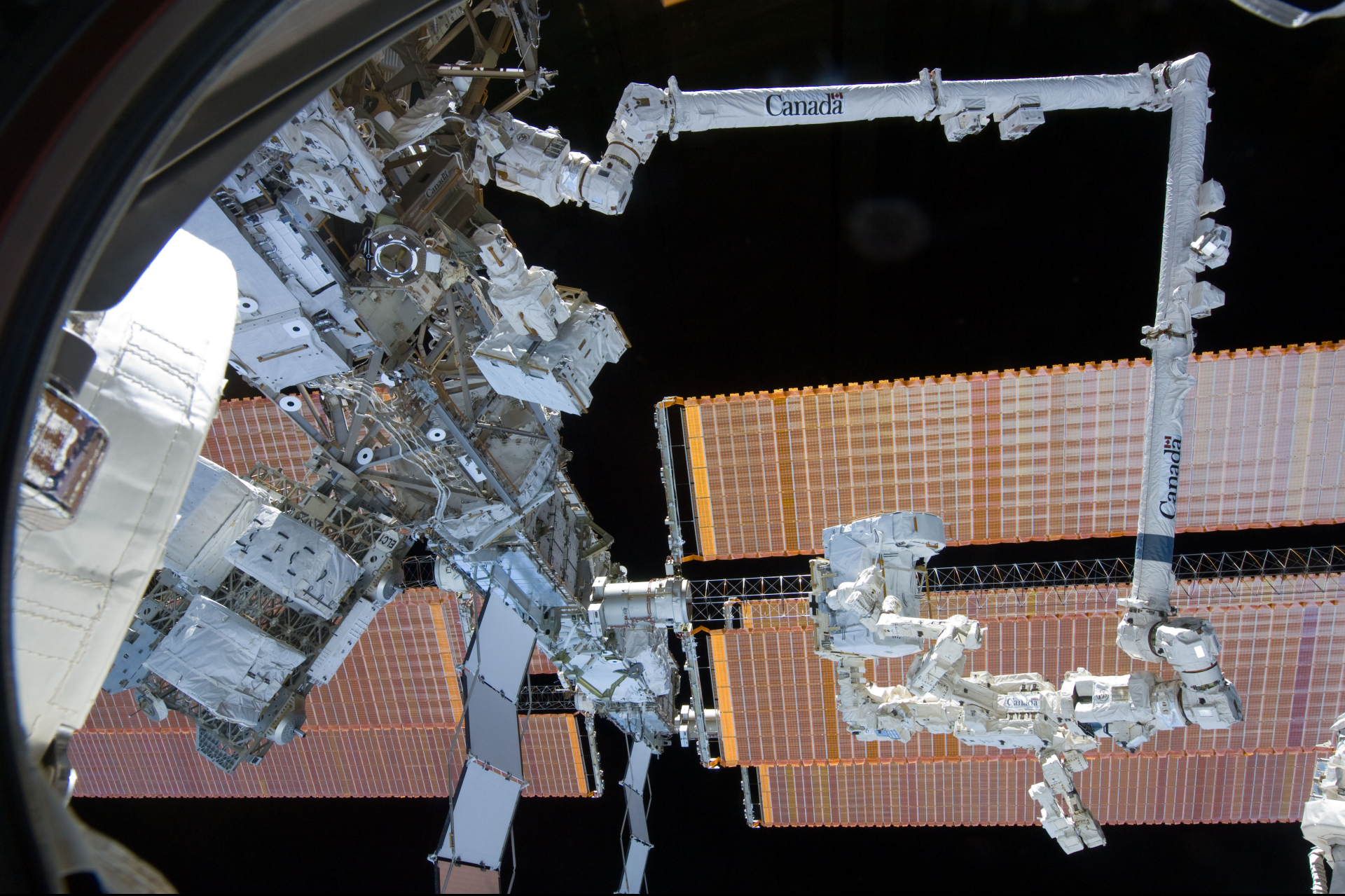
Hubble

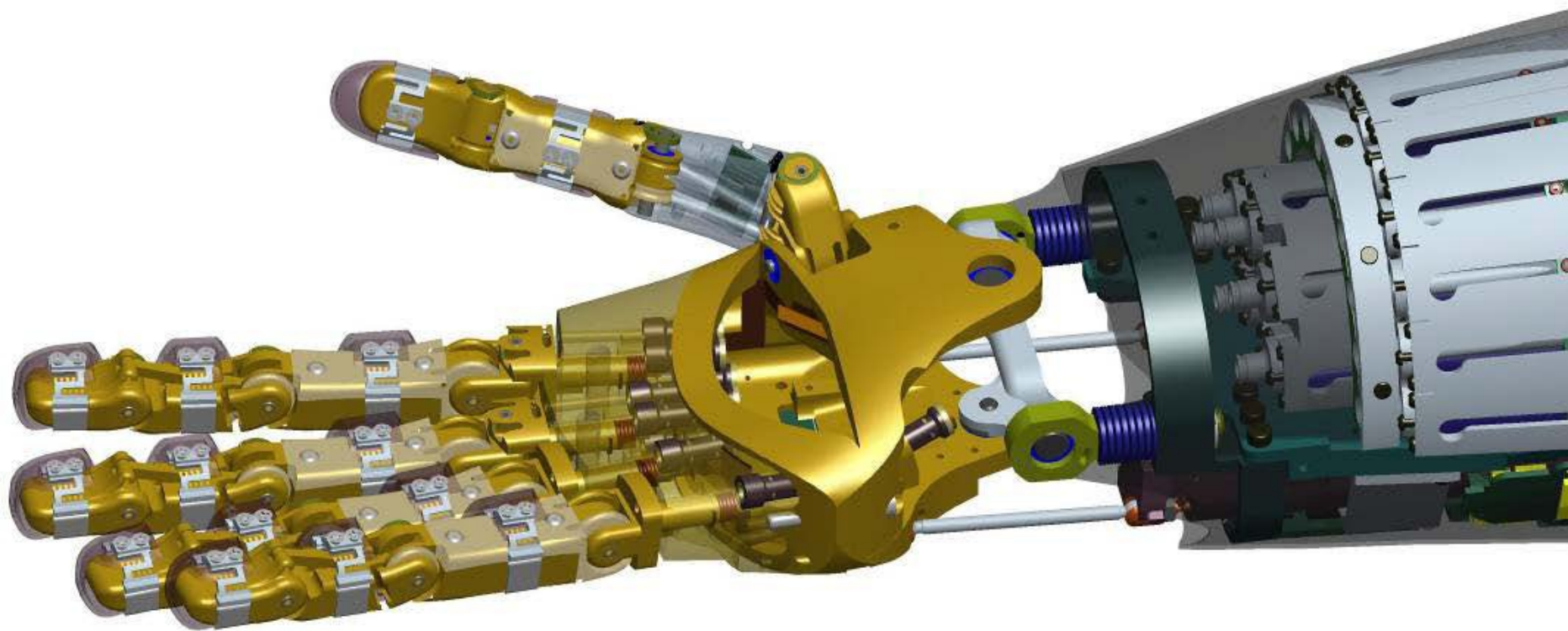
- Servicing by the Shuttle re-invented the telescope at each visit.
- The complexity of what the crew accomplished increased with each mission.
- HST continues to make remarkable scientific discoveries powered by new instruments taking advantage of current technology.

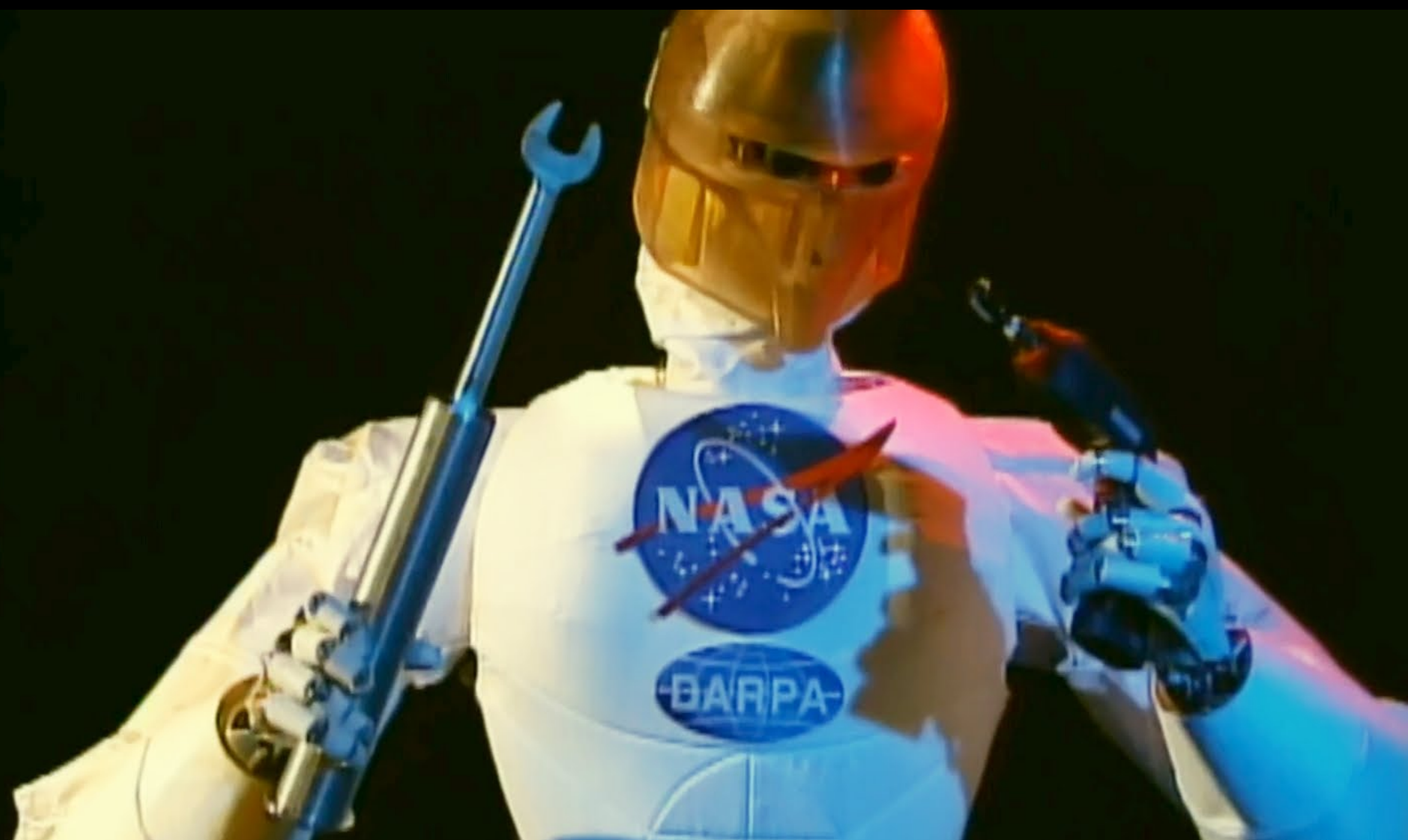




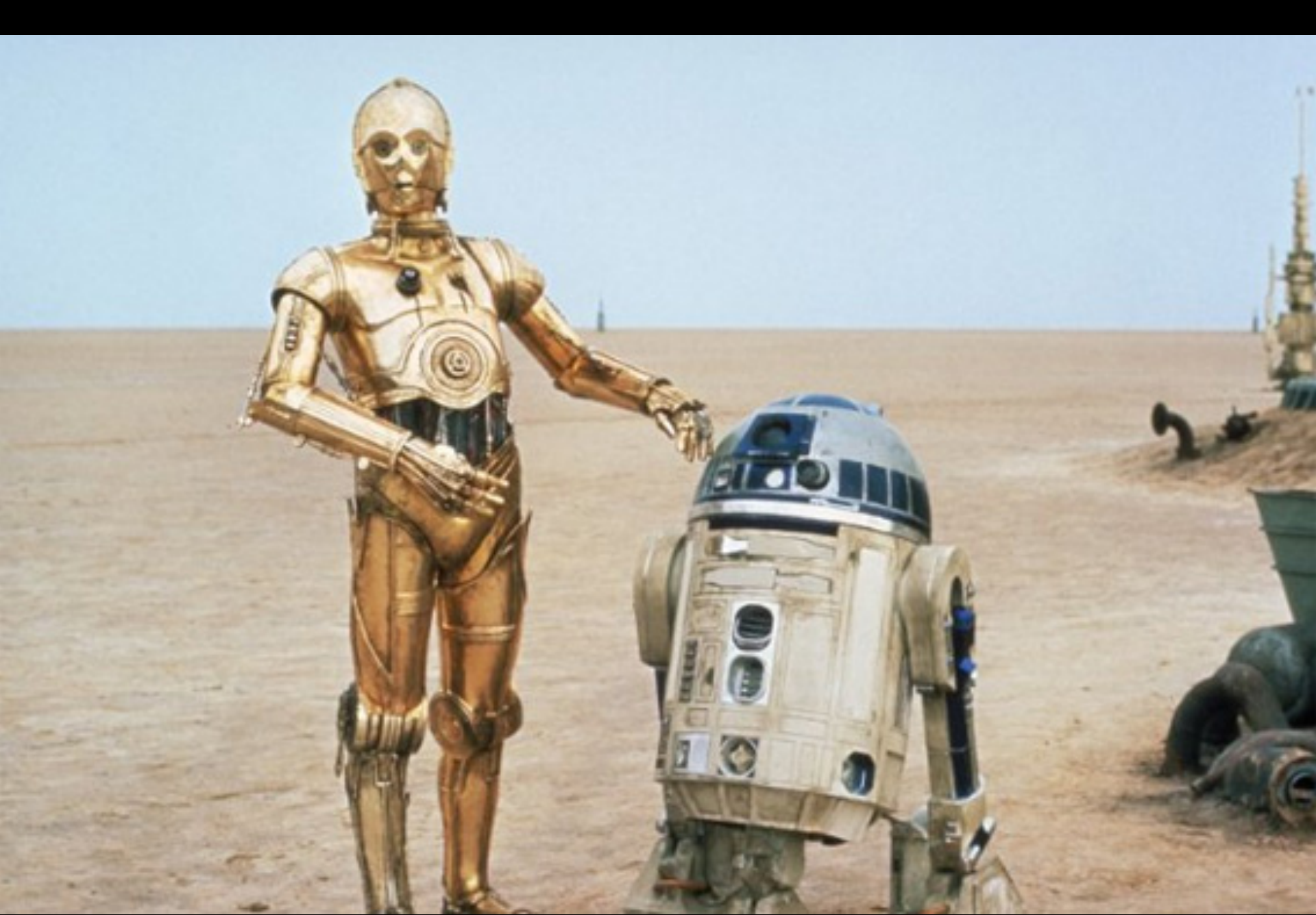


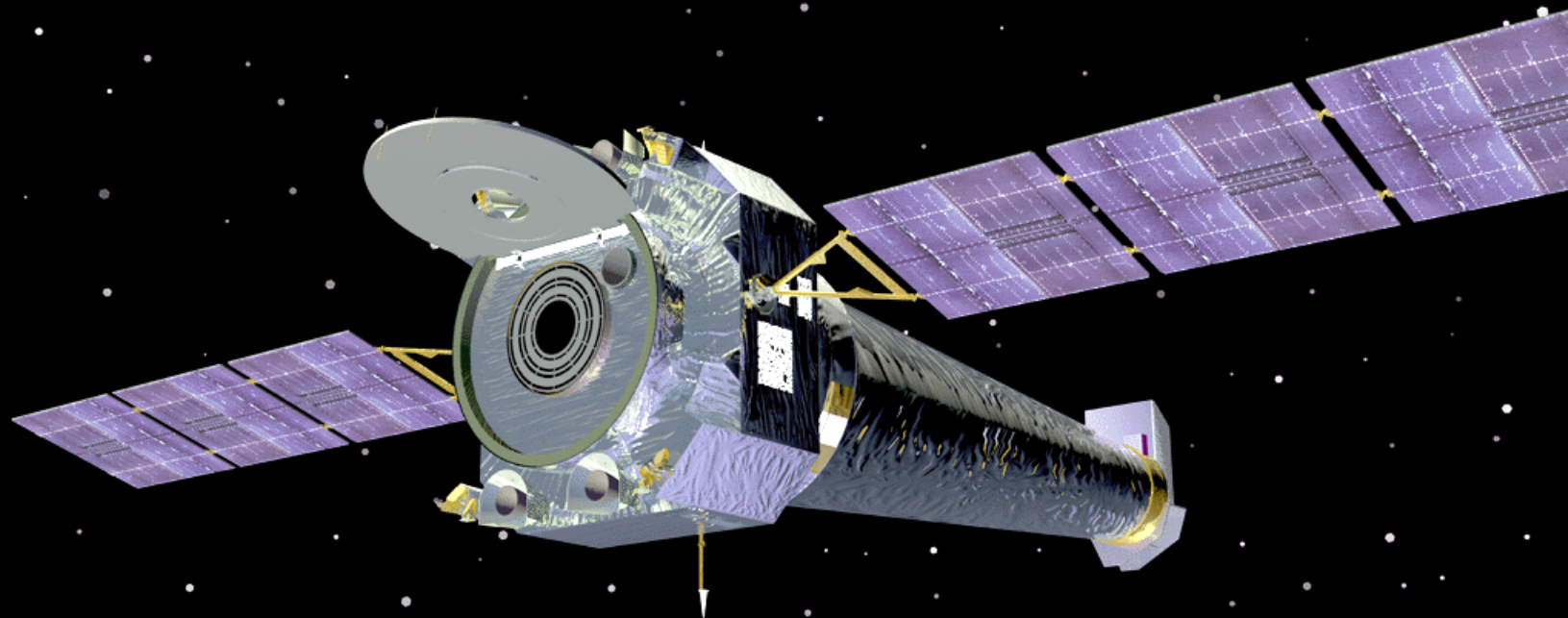






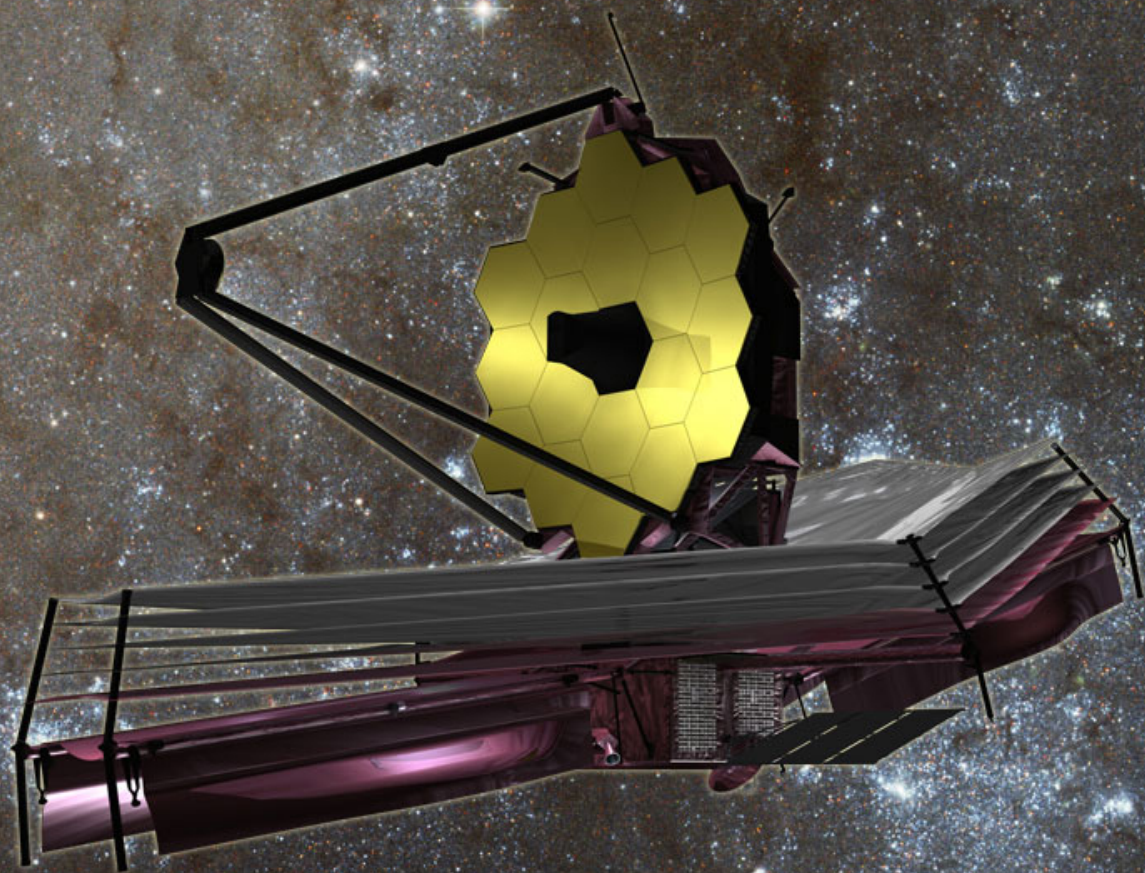






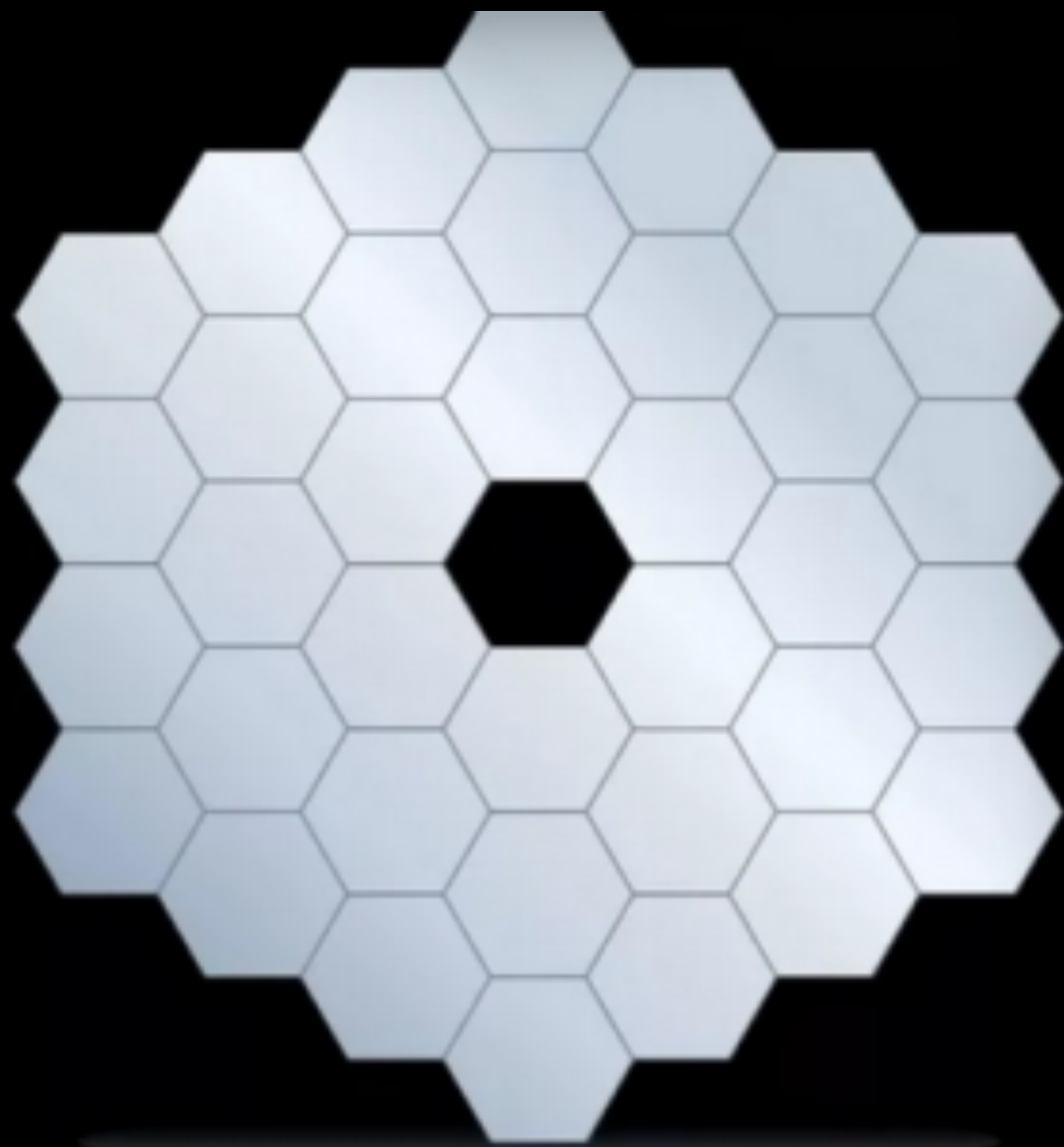




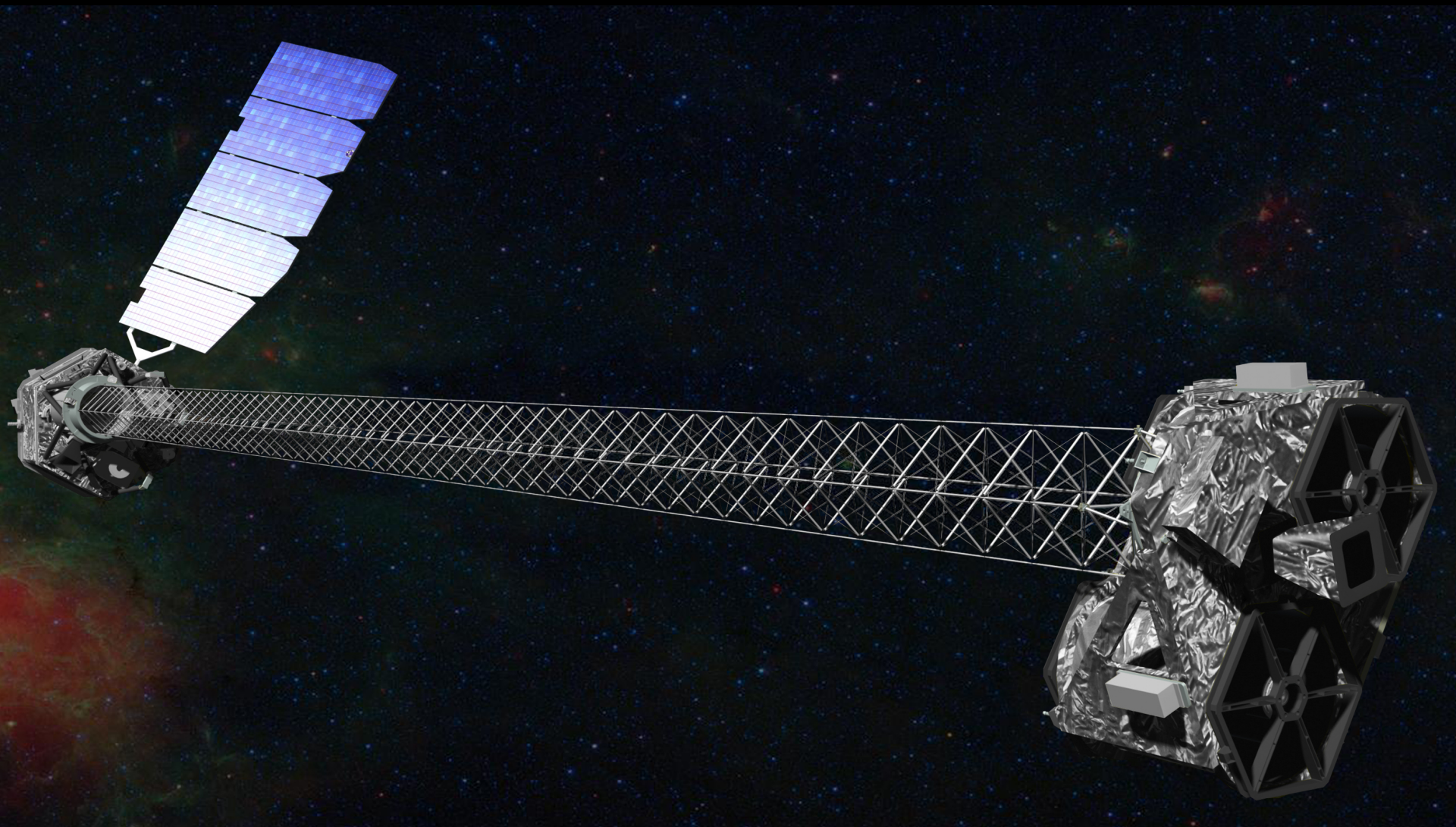




Hubble 2.4 m JWST 6.5 m



HDST 11.7 m



Bottom Line

- The more complex a system is, the more likely it is for something to go wrong
- Design for servicing from the start
- Allow for new technology
- Make servicing tasks robot-compatible
- Make servicing safe, but be flexible on human rating
- Control and document configuration

