Biographical Data

Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center Houston, Texas 77058



National Aeronautics and Space Administration

CARL J. MEADE (COLONEL, USAF, RET.) NASA ASTRONAUT (FORMER)

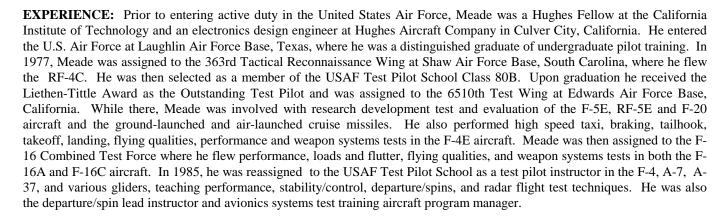
PERSONAL DATA: Born November 16, 1950, at Chanute Air Force Base, Illinois. Married. One son. He enjoys woodworking, home-built aircraft construction, racquetball, jogging, and snow skiing.

EDUCATION: Graduated from Randolph High School, Randolph Air Force Base, Texas, in 1968; received a bachelor of science degree (with honors) in electronics engineering from the University of Texas in 1973, and a master of science degree in electronics engineering from California Institute of Technology in 1975.

ORGANIZATIONS: Member of the Society of Experimental Test Pilots (SETP), Tau Beta Pi, Eta Kappa Nu, Phi Kappa Phi, the Experimental Aircraft Association, and is a registered professional engineer.

SPECIAL HONORS: Hughes Fellow, California Institute of Technology.

Distinguished graduate of both USAF Undergraduate Pilot Training and USAF Test Pilot School. Recipient of the Liethen-Tittle Award as the Outstanding Test Pilot of USAF Test Pilot School Class 80B. Awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross, Intelligence Medal. National Defense Service Medal, Air Force Commendation Medal, Defense Superior Service Medal, 2 Air Force Outstanding Unit Awards, NASA Group Achievement Award, NASA Space Flight Medal, and NASA Exceptional Service Medal.



He has logged over 4,800 hours of jet time in 27 different aircraft.

NASA EXPERIENCE: Selected by NASA in June 1985, Meade became an astronaut in July 1986. He has held a variety of technical assignments including verification testing of flight software in the Shuttle Avionics Integration Laboratory (SAIL), crew escape flight tests, Orbiter ground egress tests and launch support duties, both at the Kennedy Space Center and at the Vandenberg Launch Site. Prior to STS-38 and after STS-50, Meade was the Astronaut Office representative to the Solid Rocket Booster Program and the Space Shuttle Main Engine Program at the Marshall Space Flight Center. He also served as a spacecraft communicator (CAPCOM) in Mission Control; was the lead astronaut for Rendezvous and Docking Operations during the two years following STS-50; was Deputy Division Chief of the Crew and Thermal Systems Division; and Chief of the Flight Support Branch of the Astronaut Office. A veteran of three space flights, Meade has logged over 712 hours in space, including 6.9 hours of EVA (extravehicular activity) and 3.6 hours piloting the jetpack He served as a mission specialist on STS-38 (November 15-20, 1990), STS-50 (June 25 to July 9, 1992) and STS-64 (September 9-20, 1994).

In March 1996, Meade left NASA and the military to join the Lockheed Skunk Works as the Deputy Project Manager for the X-33 vehicle.

SPACE FLIGHT EXPERIENCE: STS-38 Discovery, launched at night from the Kennedy Space Center, Florida, on November 15, 1990. Meade conducted Department of Defense operations during this five-day flight which concluded after 80 orbits of the Earth. In the first Shuttle recovery in Florida since 1985, Space Shuttle Atlantis and her five-man crew landed back at the Kennedy Space Center on November 20, 1990. Mission duration was 117 hours, 54 minutes, 28 seconds.

STS-50 Columbia, carrying the first United States Microgravity Laboratory (USML), launched from the Kennedy Space Center, Florida, on June 25, 1992. USML is a series of Spacelab flights dedicated to basic scientific research in the fields of fluid physics, combustion science, solid state physics, and biotechnology. This flight was also the first to utilize the extended duration orbiter capabilities of the newly modified Orbiter Columbia. Mission duration was 331 hours, 30 minutes, 4 seconds. After 221 orbits of the Earth, the crew of Columbia landed at the Kennedy Space Center on July 9, 1992, thus ending the longest flight in the history of the Space Shuttle Program.

STS-64 Discovery, launched from the Kennedy Space Center, Florida, on September 9, 1994. The mission highlight occurred when Meade performed the first untethered spacewalk in 10 years. The objective was to flight test a self-rescue jetpack. Meade logged 6.9 hours outside Discovery and 3.6 hours piloting the jetpack. Other activities included the first use of lasers for environmental research, deployment and retrieval of a solar science satellite, and the performance of plume characterization studies of the reaction control thruster exhaust. Landing was at Edwards Air Force Base, California, on September 20, 1994. Mission duration was 10 days, 22 hours, 51 minutes.

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