

Two-Dimensional Planetary Surface Landers

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Dr. Anita Sengupta (Entry Descent and Landing)

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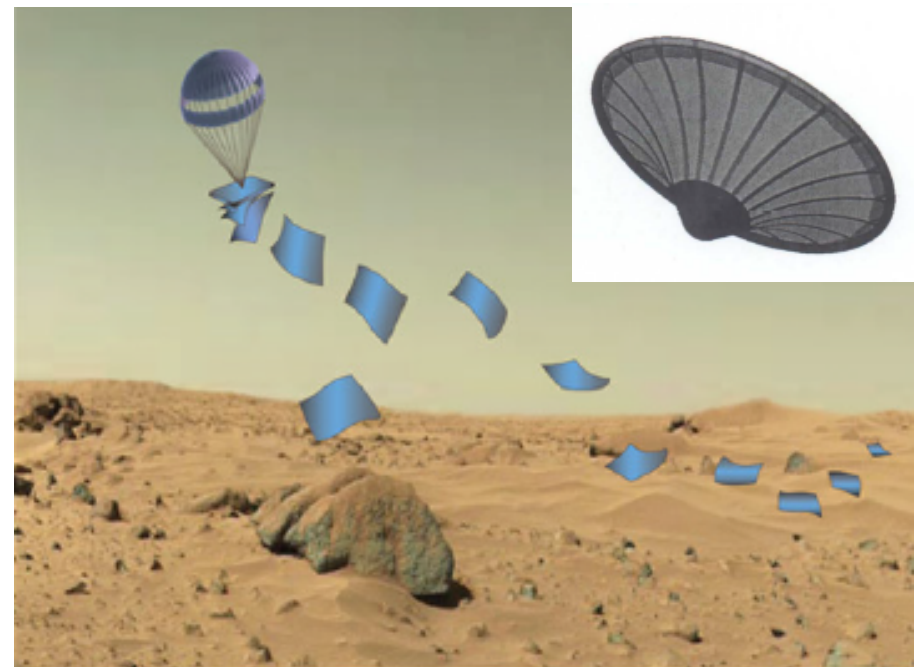


Concept



- **~ 1m x 1m surface area, and < 1cm thick**
 - Form factor allows stacking dozens of landers on a single spacecraft
- **Populated by sensors and avionics on both sides**
 - Surface-mount, low-profile sensors and instruments
 - Surface-mount telecom, solar cells, batteries, processor, and memory
 - Thin flexible electronics, including printable electronics technology

*Visiting Locations
Otherwise Unimaginable*





Motivation



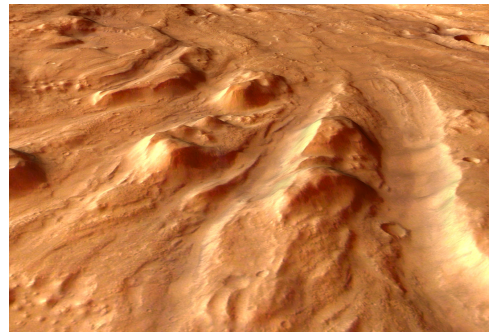
Ability to study multiple locations at once

Ability to take risk in landing on planets

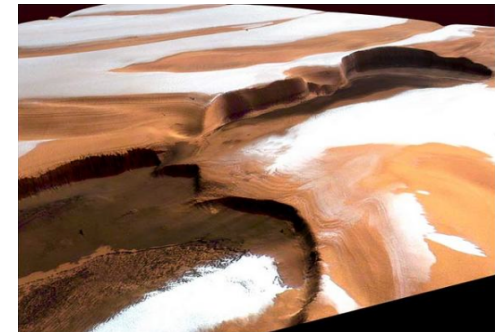
- ***May land on planetary bodies, previously deemed too risky for a single flagship lander/rover, e.g.:***



Depths of Valles Marineris on Mars



Chaotic terrains of Chryse Planitia on Mars



In situ examination of water ice on Mars poles

- **Europa:** Glaciers, geysers, biology, geology, atmosphere
- **Enceladus:** Geysers, biology, geology, atmosphere
- **Titan:** Biology, geology, lakes, rivers, streams, atmosphere
- **Venus:** Geology, atmosphere



- **2D Planetary Landers**
- **Reference Missions: Mars, Europa, Enceladus, and Titan**
- **EDL**
- **Science Instruments**
- **Lander Infrastructure**
- **Mobility**
- **Prototype**
- **PR, Collaborations, Papers, Spinoffs**
- **Summary and Future work**



Europa

Geysers and Icy Surface Studies



- Deep ocean
- Water geysers
- Astrobiology
- Planetary habitats
- Prebiotic chemistry
- Geology and geophysical processes / evolution
- Organics distribution / composition
- Organic processes and sources
- Meteorology and atmospheric
- Atmosphere / surface interactions
- **Magnetometry** as is dropping (Europa interior)
- **Seismology**

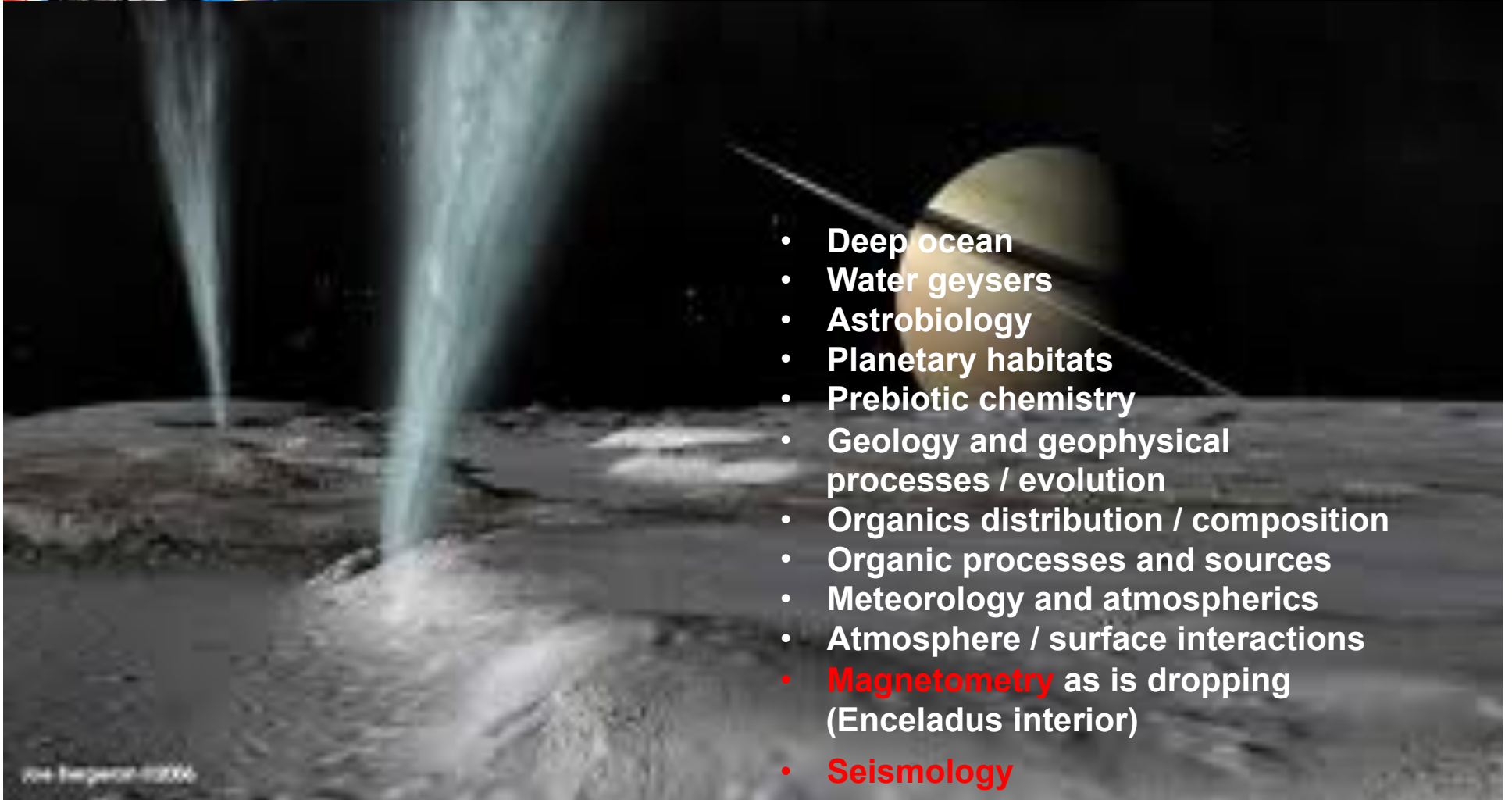
Hubble Space Telescope Sees Evidence of Water Vapor Venting Off Jupiter Moon Europa (2013)

By far the simplest explanation for this water vapor is that it erupted from plumes on the surface of Europa.





Enceladus Plumes and Environment Studies



- Deep ocean
- Water geysers
- Astrobiology
- Planetary habitats
- Prebiotic chemistry
- Geology and geophysical processes / evolution
- Organics distribution / composition
- Organic processes and sources
- Meteorology and atmospherics
- Atmosphere / surface interactions
- **Magnetometry** as is dropping (Enceladus interior)
- **Seismology**

Cassini Orbiter detected jets of water vapor, ice and dust spewing off the surface of Saturn's moon Enceladus (2005).



Titan

Lakes and Environment Studies



- Planetary habitats
- Prebiotic chemistry
- Lakes of hydrocarbons / methane
- Hydrological cycle
- Geology and geophysical processes / evolution
- Organics distribution / composition
- Organic processes and sources
- Meteorology and atmospherics
- Atmosphere / surface interactions
- **Magnetometry** as is dropping (Titan interior)





Mission Selection

Preliminary



| Mission | Science Instruments | Thermal Environment | Power | Telecom | EDL |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------|--|
| Asteroids, comets | | <-100°C | Solar | RF/Optical | |
| Enceladus | | <-100°C | RHU | RF | Retro-rocket on mother-ship, or Ballistic impact |
| Moon | | <-100°C | Solar | RF/Optical | Retro-rocket on mother-ship, or Ballistic impact |
| Phobos, Deimos | | <-100°C | Solar | RF/Optical | |
| Europa | | <-100°C | Power beaming | RF/Optical | Retro-rocket on mother-ship, or Ballistic impact |
| Titan | | <-100°C | RHU | RF | Parachute and heat shield |
| Mars | | <-100°C | Solar | RF/Optical | Parachute and heat shield |
| Venus | | >+400°C | Solar, Heat - conversion | RF/Optical | |

Feasible

Challenging

Difficult

Not Feasible

*Electronics failure is primarily due to solder.
Solderless approaches to electronics now possible*



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- **Summary**
- **Future work**





EDL Approach



| Mission | EDL (<i>Entry, Descent and Landing</i>) |
|----------------------|--|
| Asteroids, comets | Requires anchoring capability post landing |
| Enceladus | Requires retro-propulsive stage to minimize velocity to <10 m/s, or ballistic impact |
| Moon, | Requires retro-propulsive stage to minimize velocity to <10 m/s, or ballistic impact |
| Phobos, Deimos | Requires anchoring capability post landing |
| Europa | Requires retro-propulsive stage to minimize velocity to <10 m/s, or ballistic impact |
| Titan | Heat shield and parachute system for terminal descent |
| Mars | Heat shield and parachute system. Terminal descent on 2D lander. $V_{\text{landing}} < 10 \text{ m/s}$. |
| Venus | Heat shield and possibly (TBD) parachute system. Terminal descent on 2D lander. $V_{\text{landing}} < 10 \text{ m/s}$. |



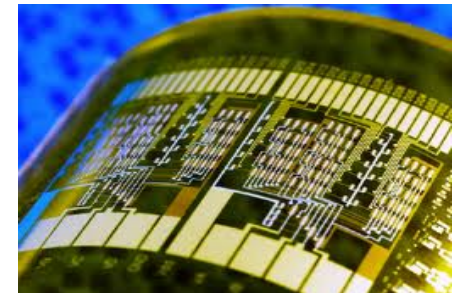
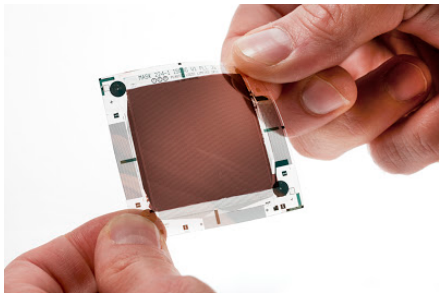
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The Era of Thin and Flexible Electronics is Upon Us



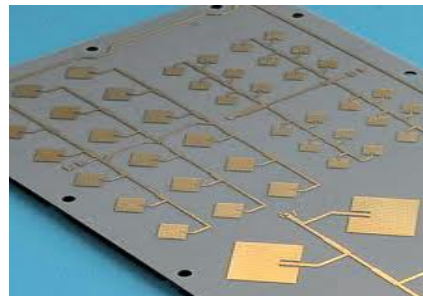
Flexible Image Sensor



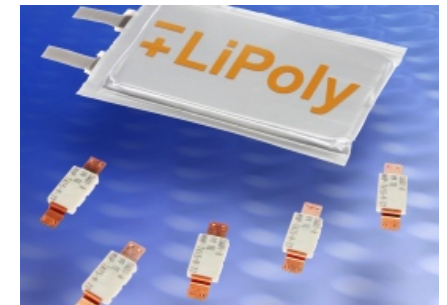
Solar Cells



Patch Antenna




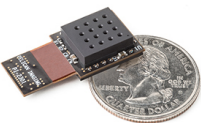
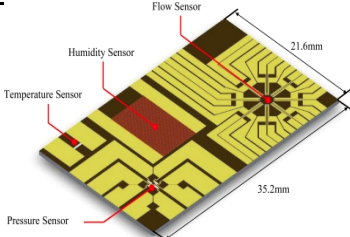

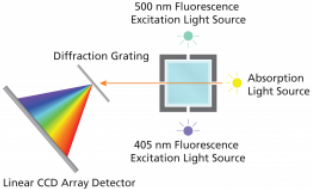
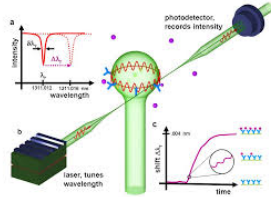

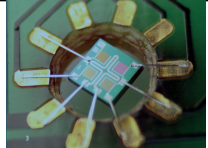
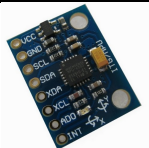
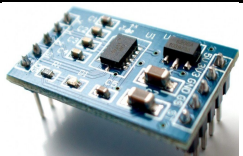
Flexible Batteries





Science Instruments Identified - 1



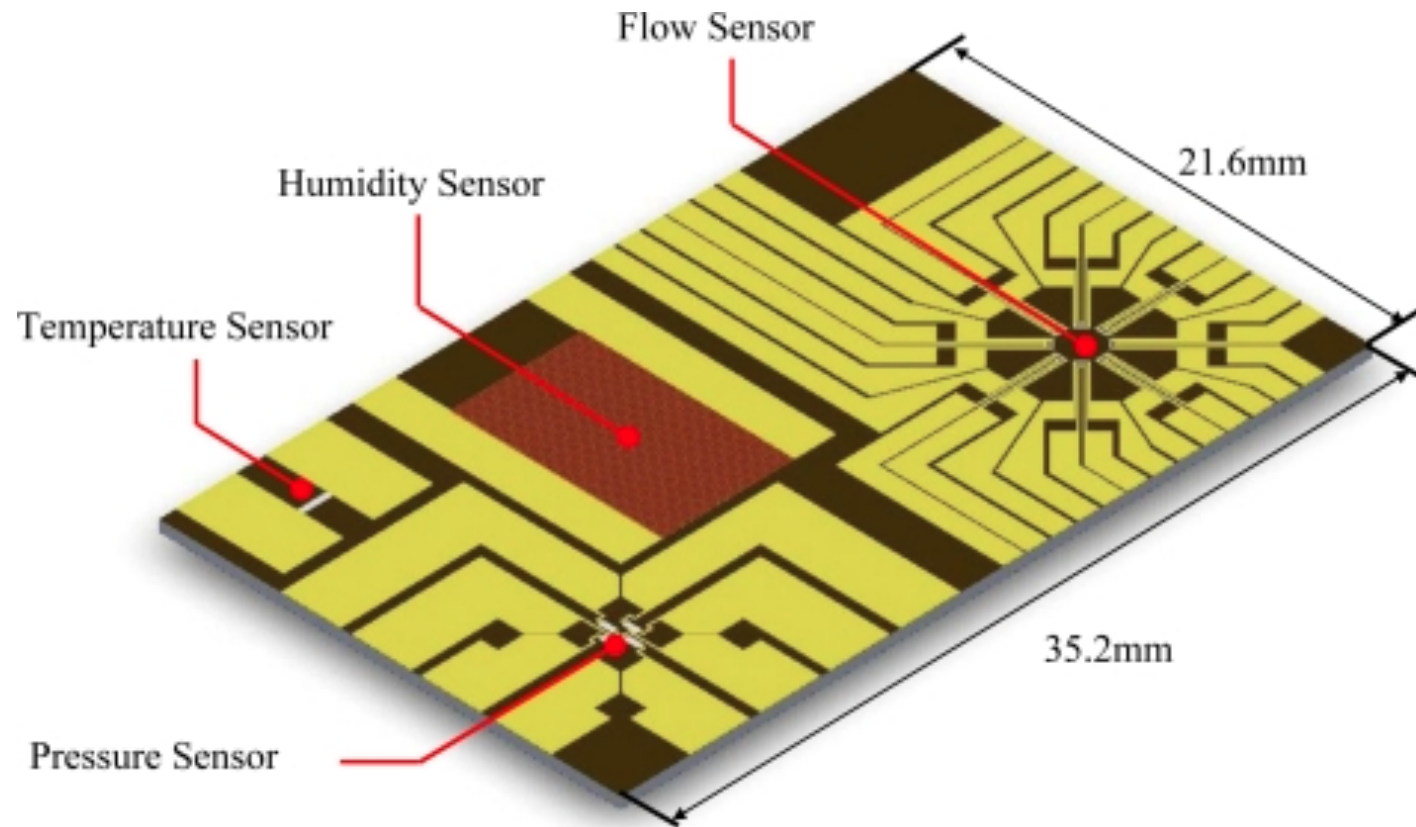
| Instrument | Measurements | Example 1 | Example 2 |
|---|---|--|--|
| Imaging cameras | 2D and 3D imaging Wide-field-of-view imaging |  <p>3mm Diameter Camera</p> |  <p>Array Camera for 3D Video</p> |
| Environment Monitoring (MEMS-based) | Wind-Speed & Direction, Humidity, Temperature, Altitude, Pressure, Temperature |  |  |
| Spectrometer | Atmospheric constituents Prebiotic chemistry Astrobiology Water |  <p>UV LED Fluorescence</p> |  <p>Whispering Gallery Resonator</p> |
| Gas sensing films | CO, CO ₂ , NH ₃ , NO _x , C _x H _y , H ₂ , H ₂ S, SO ₂ , volatile organic compounds (VOCs) – ppb sensitivity |  <p>Carbon Nanotube Sensors</p> |  <p>Semicond. Sensor Array</p> |
| 3-axis accelerometer, 3-axis gyroscope, Magnetic-field sensor | Seismometry Magnetometry |  <p>Accelerometer & Gyroscope</p> |  <p>Magnetic Field Sensor</p> |



Environmental Sensing



A MEMS-based multi-sensor

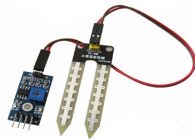
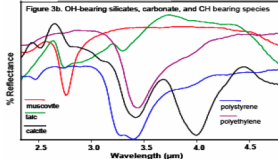

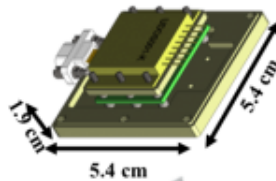
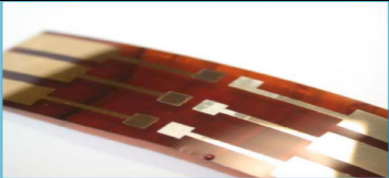
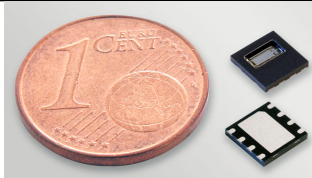




Reference: http://openi.nlm.nih.gov/detailedresult.php?img=3231589_sensors-11-02715f2a&req=4



Science Instruments Identified - 2



| Instrument | Measurements | Example 1 | Example 2 |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| Soil Moisture | Proof of existence and amount of water in soil |  <p>Soil Hygrometer</p> |  <p>LED-based Soil Probe</p> |
| Radiation Monitoring | Dosimeter (Gamma, Alpha and Neutron spectroscopy) |  |  <p>http://www.nrl.navy.mil/ssd/branches/7650/MARS</p> |
| PH, Humidity | Measurements of humidity and PH |  <p>PH Sensor Array</p> |  <p>Humidity Sensor</p> |
| Ground Penetrating Radar | Mapping subsurface Stratigraphy (50m depth, 15m resolution) |  <p>S. S. Kim et al. (JPL) 10cmx5cmx1cm, 1W, 45g</p> | |
| Particle/Dust Analyzer | Dust particle counting |  <p>Miniature, Laser-Based</p> | |



Instruments on Past Mars Landers/Rovers



| Lander/Rover: Instrument | MER | MSL | Phoenix | InSight | 2D Lander (envisioned) |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Cameras | Panoramic | Mast | Surface stereoscopic | 120° and 3D video | Panoramic and 3D video |
| Microscopic imager | Included | Included | Included | | Included |
| Descent imager | | Included | Included | | Included |
| Spectrometers and analyzers | Miniature thermal emission | Chemistry and camera | Thermal, evolved gas analyzer | | Thermal and gas analyzers. Laser fluorescence and laser spectrometer included |
| | Mossbauer | Chemistry and mineralogy x-ray diff. | Electrochemistry and conductivity | | Miniaturization for low-profile required |
| | Alpha particle X-ray | Alpha particle X-ray | | | X |
| | | Mass spectrometer | | | X |
| | | Gas chromatograph | | | X |
| | | Tunable laser spectroscopy | | | A version included |
| | | Sample and gas processor | | | Gas processor included |
| Radiation detector | | Radiation assessment | | | Included |
| | | Neutron dynamic albedo | | | TBD |
| Grinder/drill | Included | Included | | Included | X |
| Landing radar | Included | Included | Included | | Not required. 10s M\$ |
| Environmental sensors | | Monitoring station | | Included | Included |
| Atmospheric sensor | | Entry health monitor. | | | Included |
| Meteorological stat. | Included | Included | Included | | Included |
| Seismometer | X | X | X | Included | Included |
| Radio science | X | X | Included | Included | Included |
| Robotic arm | | Yes | Yes | | X |



Future Instrument Developments



The following developments will increase science data gathering

- **Miniature mass spectrometer**
- **Miniature Mossbauer spectrometer**
- **Miniature gas chromatograph**
- **Miniature X-ray diffraction instrument**
- **Drills and penetrators**

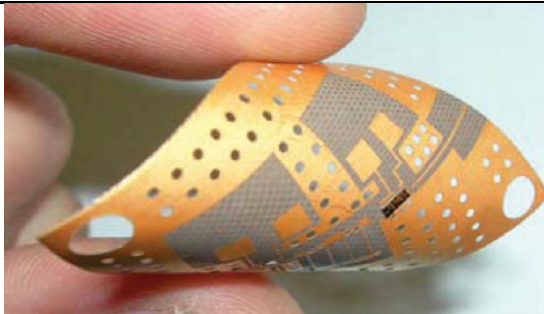
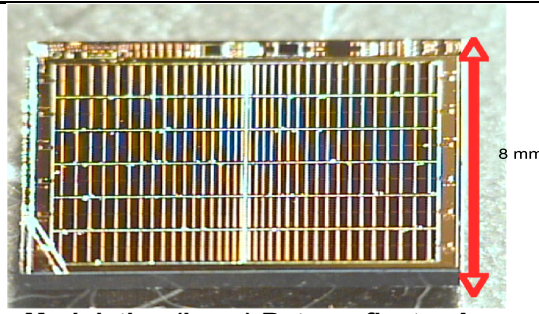
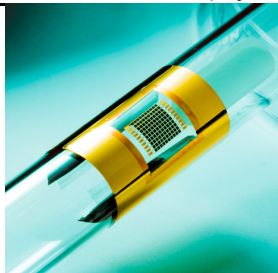
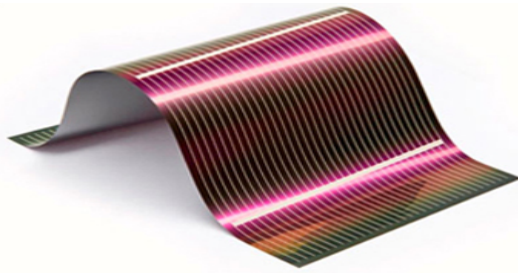
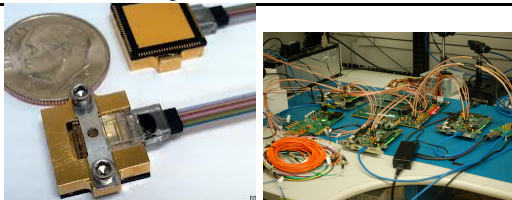



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Lander Infrastructure - 1


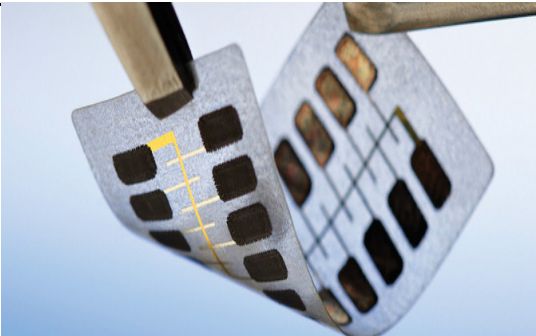


| | Example 1 | Example 2 |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Telecommunications |  <p>Flexible RF Transmitter (Myoung et. al.)</p> |  <p>Modulating (laser) Retro-reflector Array</p> |
| Solar Cells |  <p>40% Efficiency Thin-film GaAs Solar Cells</p> |  <p>~30% Efficiency Thin-film Si Solar Cells</p> |
| Spacecraft Data Bus |  <p>Left: Fiberoptic data-bus Nodes. 4 transmit, 4 receive channels in each node.</p> <p>Right: JPL proof of concept spacecraft fiber-optics data-bus demo at 10 Gb/s</p> |  <p>MSL (Curiosity) Data Bus (2 Mb/s)</p> |



Lander Infrastructure - 2



| | Example 1 | Example 2 |
|---------------------------------|--|---|
| Battery, Memory, ... | <p>400 Wh/kg</p>  <p>400 Wh/kg Flat batteries</p> |  <p>Thin-film Addressable Memory</p> |
| RHU (Radio-isotope Heater Unit) | <p>RADIOISOTOPE HEATER UNIT</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HEAT OUTPUT — 1 WATT • FUEL LOADING — 33.6 CI • WEIGHT — 1.4 OZ • SIZE — 1 IN x 1.3 IN  |  <p>RHUs are commonly used in spacecraft, landers and rovers. May, for example, be used to keep batteries warm (if needed)</p> |



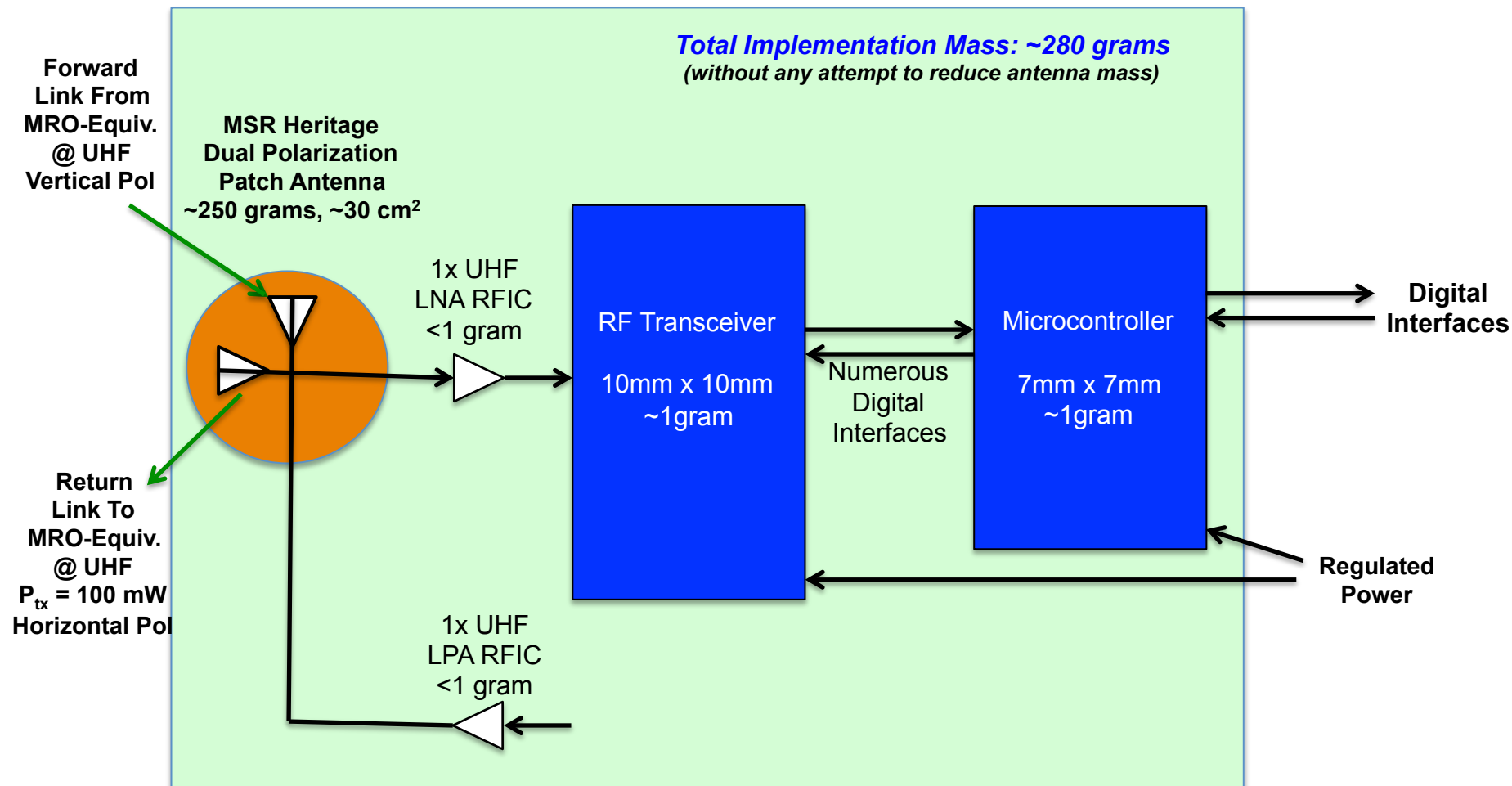
Spacecraft Infrastructure



| Mission | Power | Telecom | Avionics |
|----------------------|--|---|--|
| Asteroids, comets | Solar and batteries | UHF/X-band, or modulating laser retro-reflector | Copper or fiber data bus both viable + Memory, and Micro-processor |
| Enceladus | RHU | UHF/X-band, or modulating laser retro-reflector | Copper or fiber data bus both viable + Memory, and Micro-processor |
| Moon, Phobos, Deimos | Solar and batteries | UHF/X-band, or modulating laser retro-reflector | Copper or fiber data bus both viable + Memory, and Micro-processor |
| Europa | RHU, Power beaming from S/C to surface | UHF/X-band, or modulating laser retro-reflector | Copper or fiber data bus both viable + Memory, and Micro-processor |
| Titan | RHU | UHF/X-band relay | Copper or fiber data bus both viable + Memory, and Micro-processor |
| Mars | Solar and batteries | UHF/X-band, or modulating retro-reflector | Copper or fiber data bus both viable + Memory, and Micro-processor |
| Venus | Solar and batteries | UHF/X-band relay | Copper or fiber data bus both viable + Memory, and Micro-processor |

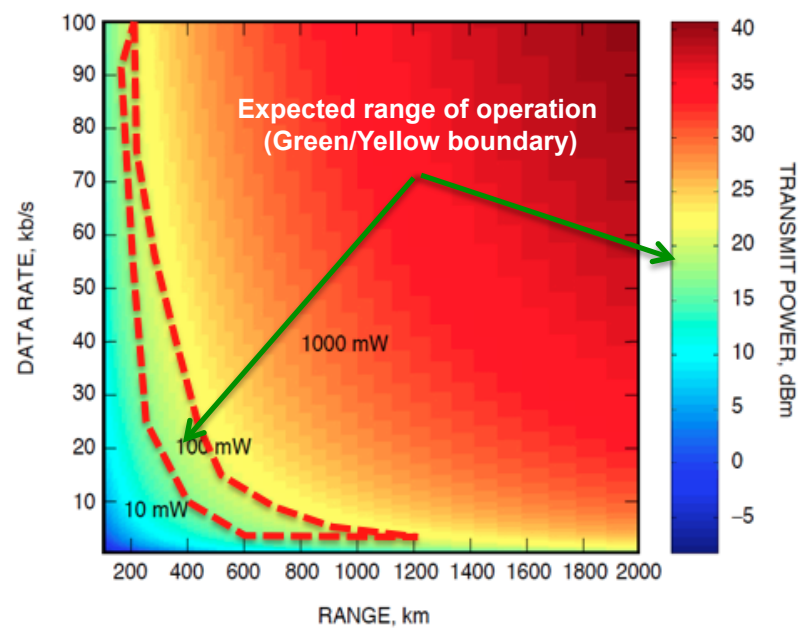
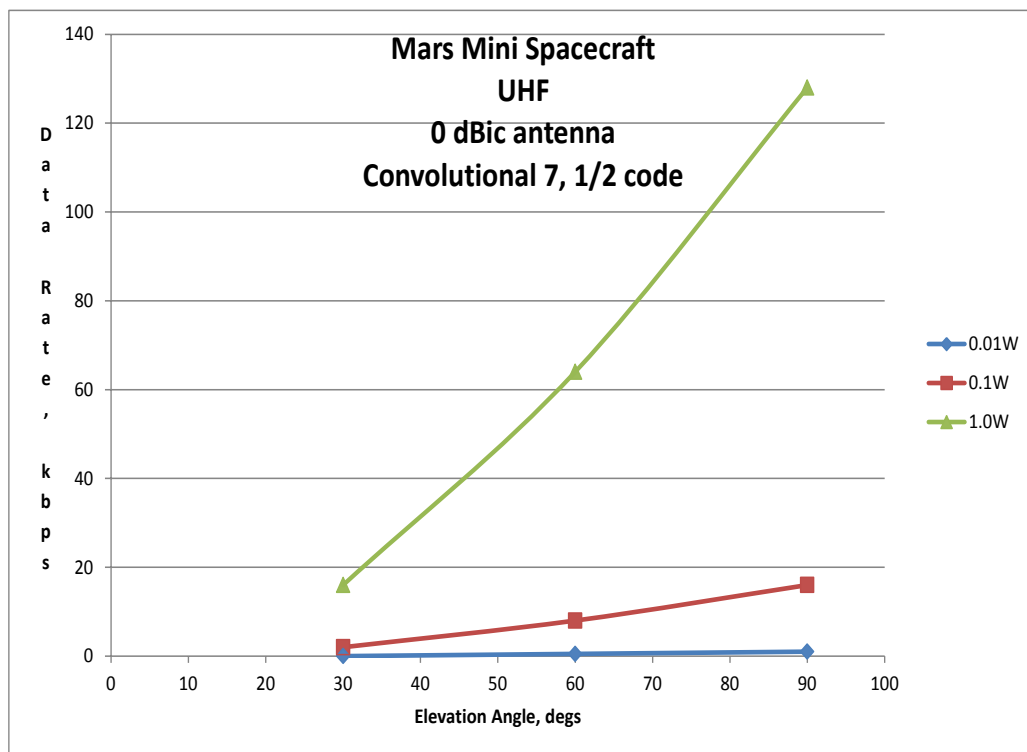


Telecom Implementation Configuration with High Performance Antenna





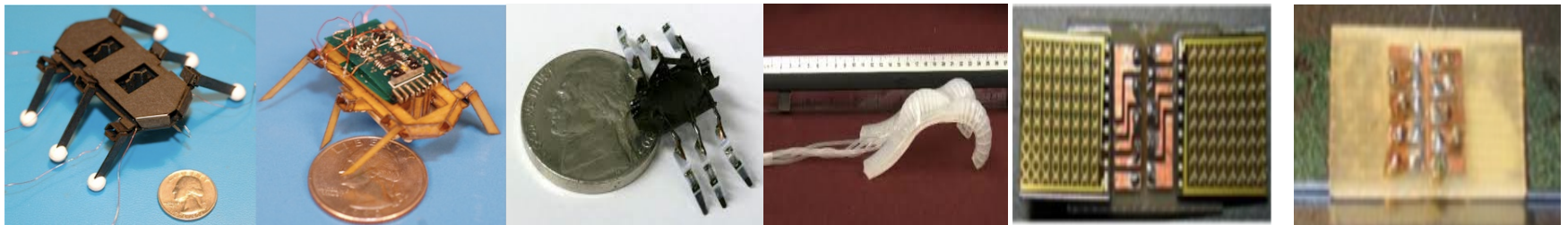
UHF Telecom Performance



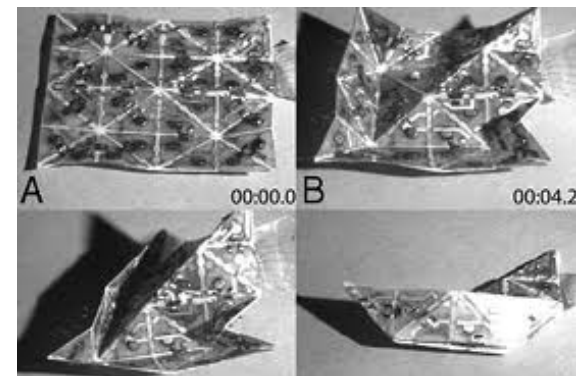


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- Inclusion of pop-up legs to enable the landed sheets to crawl



- Inclusion of actuators to turn sheets into spheres for wind-driven mobility (e.g. Mars), and back to sheets again



- Wind-driven (Mars)



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First Hardware Prototype Based on Off-the-Shelf Components



Functional; received images, sound, altitude, pressure, and temperature data nearly 200m away

Microphone
(for civilian/military applications)

Arduino
microprocessor
board

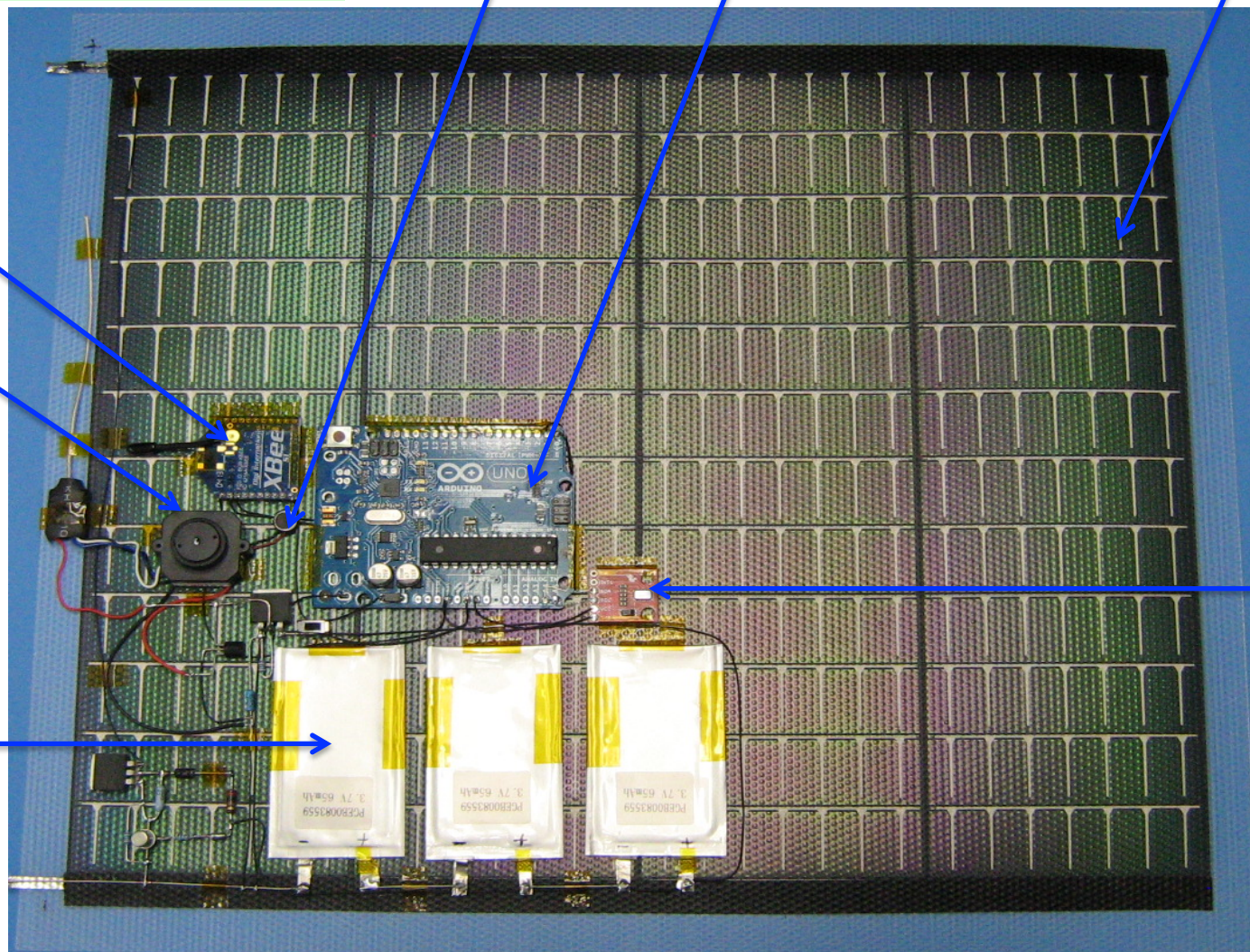
Solar cells
(flexible, 25cm x 30cm)

Wireless
transmitter

Camera with
optics to look
horizontally
(bigger than smart
phone cameras)

Flexible, flat
batteries
(stacks of two)

Temperature
Altitude and
pressure
sensor





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Flat landers get NASA's tick of approval

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2D planet lander and suspended animation get NASA cash

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NASA Funds 'Two-Dimensional Planetary Surface Landers' Project

Landing with a Flutter Rather a Roar and a Bump



Spinoffs and Collaborations



Spinoffs:

- **Proposal to DARPA on dropped sensor**
- **Proposal to multiple branches of Navy for ocean surface sensing**

Collaborations:

- **Pelican Imaging Corporation: Miniature array camera for 3D video**
- **University of Idaho students – acquiring students**
- **MIT students – acquiring students**
- **Discussions and monitoring progress of following NIAC-funded tasks:**
 - **Printable Spacecraft, Super Ball Bot, and Transformers-for-Extreme-Environments**

Publications:

- **Submitting conference papers**



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Benefits Summary



- **Significantly reduces development time**
- **Obviates the most complicated, most expensive and highest-risk phase of landing**
- **The flat nature and low mass of these landers allows dozens to be stacked for transport and distributed en masse to the surface.**
 - **Simplicity of system testing and validation on Earth.**
- **Redundant landers; the mission is not dependent on the success of any particular lander**
- **Even at high attrition rate of 50% would still provide invaluable data and images that currently cannot be obtained in any other way.**
- **Enables certain types of missions such as seismic probing or weather monitoring for which distributed landers are required.**
- **Dual-use benefits civilian and DOD applications**
 - **Land, ocean, glacier or forest where it may be difficult to land**



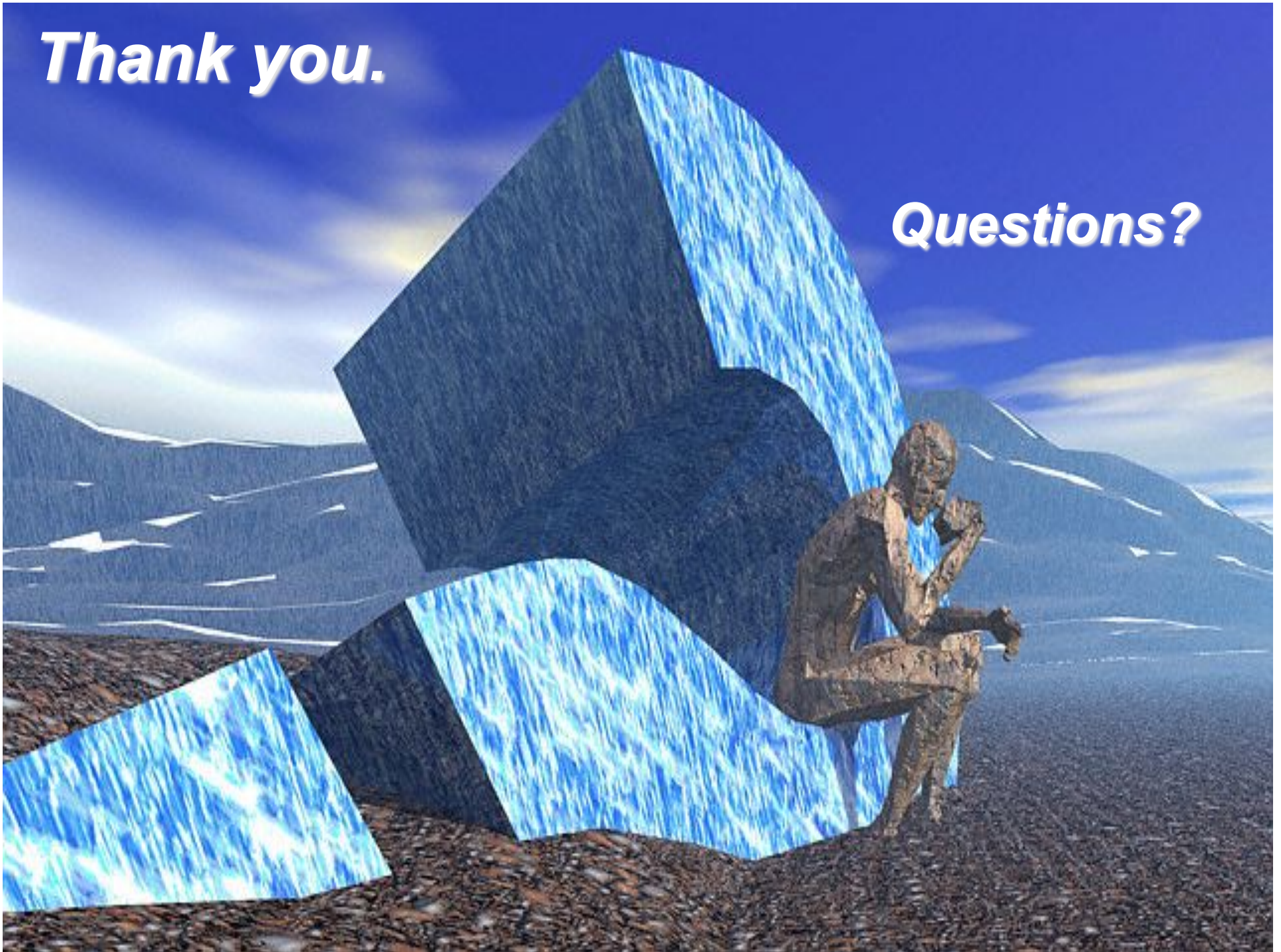
Future Work



- **Reference mission down-selects**
- **Complete EDL analysis and approach identification for selected mission(s)**
- **Complete thermal analysis for descent and upon landing**
- **Complete telecom link analysis and hardware specification**
- **Complete mass, power, size determination for a given mission**
- **Specific point-design. Thorough performance description**
 - **Lander's area and mass, power-generation capability**
 - **EDL approach**
 - **Thermal management**
 - **Science gathering capability / performance**
 - **Telecomm capability and concepts of operation**
 - **Estimates of cost and lifetime**

Thank you.

Questions?





Core Team



| | Education | | Role | Experience |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|------|--|---|
| Julie Castillo, Ph.D. | Geophysics | Co-I | Scientist Mission Selection | Planetary scientist for Dawn, InSight, INSPIRE... |
| Hamid Hemmati, Ph.D. | Physics | PI | Study Lead, Instruments & Telecom | Electro-optic instruments, planetary communications |
| Tim McElrath | Aerospace Engineering | Co-I | Mission Analysis Systems Engineering | Mission design and navigation for over 10 NASA missions |
| Tom Roberts, Ph.D. | Optical Sciences | Co-I | Instrumentation Electro-optic systems | MSL fiberoptic and imaging instrument engineer |
| Anita Sengupta, Ph.D. | Aerospace Engineering | Co-I | EDL | MSL entry, descent & landing (EDL) systems engineer |
| Peter Willis, Ph.D. | Chemistry | Co-I | Science Instruments | Materials and fabrication expert. Lab-on-a-chip develop. |



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