



# Probabilistic Mass Growth Uncertainties

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# Abstract



Mass has been widely used as a variable input parameter for Cost Estimating Relationships (CER) for space systems. As these space systems progress from early concept studies and drawing boards to the launch pad, their masses tend to grow substantially hence adversely affecting a primary input to most modeling CERs. Modeling and predicting mass uncertainty, based on historical and analogous data, is therefore critical and is an integral part of modeling cost risk.

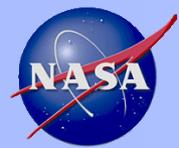
This paper presents the results of a NASA on-going effort to publish mass growth datasheet for adjusting single-point Technical Baseline Estimates (TBE) of masses of space instruments as well as spacecraft, for both earth orbiting and deep space missions at various stages of a project's lifecycle. This paper will also discuss the long term strategy of NASA Headquarters in publishing similar results, using a variety of cost driving metrics, on an annual basis. This paper provides quantitative results that show decreasing mass growth uncertainties as mass estimate maturity increases. This paper's analysis is based on historical data obtained from the NASA Cost Analysis Data Requirements (CADRe) database.



# Background



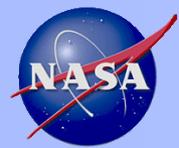
- NASA previously had no current repository of historical project data (programmatic, cost, and technical data)
- In 2004, NASA implemented a procedural requirement in NPR 7120.5 to conduct comprehensive programmatic data collections, called Cost Analysis Data Requirement (CADRe), at key milestones of a projects lifecycle
- Currently over 170 CADRes have been captured and are available for us by NASA analysts to assess trends, identify cost/schedule behaviors, and obtain project specific insight
- As mass is a key parameter for NASA parametric model, a study was commissioned to use CADRe data to determine the historical observed growth for instruments from various points in the lifecycle



# CADRe



- CADRe is a three-part document that describes a NASA project at each major milestone (SRR, PDR, CDR, LRD, and End of Mission).
- PART A
  - Narrative project description in Word includes figures and diagrams that note significant changes between milestones.
- PART B
  - Excel templates capture key technical parameters to component-level Work Breakdown Structure (WBS), such as mass, power, and data rates.
- PART C
  - Excel templates capture the project's cost estimate and actual life-cycle costs within NASA cost-estimating WBS to the project's lowest WBS level.



# Frequency of CADRes



Program Phases		Formulation			Implementation			
Flight Projects Life Cycle Phases	Pre-Phase A: Concept Studies	Phase A: Concept Development SRR/MDR	Phase B: Preliminary Design PDR	Phase C: Detailed Design CDR	Phase D: Fabrication, Assembly & Test SIR Launch	Phase E: Operations & Sustainment	Phase F: Disposal EOM	
Traditional Waterfall Development or Directed Missions		1	2	3	4	5	6	
AO-Driven Projects	Down Select Step 1	Select Step 2	2	3	4	5	6	

Legend

- Mission Decision Review/ICR
- All parts of CADRe due ~30 days after site review
- CADRe delivered; based on Concept Study Report (CSR) and winning proposal
- All parts of CADRe due ~30 days after PDR site review
- Update as necessary ~30 days after CDR
- Update as necessary ~30 days after SIR (for larger flight projects)
- CADRe, All Parts 90 days after launch, as built or as deployed configuration
- CADRe, update Part C only at the End of Planned Mission



# Part A Example

## Provides Descriptive Info of S/C and Payloads, etc

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A.1.1 System Overview & Launch

The Deep Impact spacecraft, shown below in Figure 3, will be launched in January 2004 and will approach the target comet, 9P/Tempel 1, in early July 2005 (see Figure 4, below). The impactor is both a smart and simple spacecraft, and is carried to the comet by the flyby spacecraft and released 24 hours before impact. Optical navigation is used on both the flyby S/C, to start the impactor on a precise course, and on the impactor, for small corrections to achieve an impact on the sunlit side of the nucleus. Imaging data from the impactor camera provide the first "up close and personal" look at a comet nucleus. This data plus that from the flyby S/C payload are recorded, with selected images relayed in near-real-time to Earth.<sup>10</sup>

The impact occurs early in the evening of Saturday July 29<sup>th</sup>, 2005, U.S. time, with approach images available for television. The impact will be visible in small telescopes at planetary star parties. Working with a distinguished Science Team, Dr. Michael H. Hecht, a prominent comet scientist from the University of Maryland, leads the mission as its Principal Investigator. The flight hardware and ground systems are developed by Ball Aerospace and Technology Corp (BATC) and the Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL). This development team has a proven record of successful collaborations, including the recent 1-year development of the QuikSCAT spacecraft and payload.<sup>11</sup>



Figure 3 Primary Components of the Deep Impact Flight System (Exploded View)<sup>12</sup>

The mission is implemented with a flyby S/C and a smart impactor. The impactor is a simple, battery-powered spacecraft that operates independently of the flyby S/C for only the one day between separation and impact. Extensive commonality in the electronics and instrumentation between the impactor and the flyby S/C minimizes cost and increases reliability. Mission requirements are well understood and easily satisfied within subsystem designs of resources. Examples are mission duration (18 months, simplifies reliability), solar range (0.52 to 1.56 AU, power and thermal design), Earth range (0.99 AU at encounter), telecam and DSN resources, and a simple trajectory (C3D mix allows hydrazine propulsion).<sup>13</sup>

Mission Design

DI is launched by the reliable Delta II launch vehicle (7025H version). Figure 5, below, shows the launch configuration. The simple ballistic orbit from Earth to the comet includes launch in

<sup>10</sup> Executive Summary, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 2.  
<sup>11</sup> Executive Summary, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 2.  
<sup>12</sup> Executive Summary, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 3.  
<sup>13</sup> Executive Summary, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 3.

System Overview

Subsystem Description

Payload Description

Project Management

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A.2 Subsystem Description

The Deep Impact Flight System (FS) is shown in its free-flight configuration in Figure 9. Figure 10 shows the system decomposed into its three elements:<sup>14</sup>

1. The Flyby Spacecraft carries DI's instrument complement and impactor to the vicinity of the nucleus, releases the impactor, relay impactor data back to Earth, supports the instruments as they image the impact and the resulting crater, and then transmits the nucleus and crater data to Earth.
2. The Impactor, following its release from the flyby S/C, guides itself to impact with the nucleus surface, delivering 26 kg (60 lbs) of kinetic energy to excavate a crater 100 m wide and 28 m deep. During its brief flight into the comet, the impactor acquires and transmits to the flyby S/C high-resolution images of the nucleus. The impactor also serves as the launch system interface for the main S/C-impactor-instrument stack.
3. DI's Instrument Complement guides the flyby S/C and impactor and acquires the primary science remote sensing data that will be studied to meet science objectives. DI's very substantial baseline crater excavation margin allows flexibility to remove impactor copper to eliminate any risk from flight system mass growth.

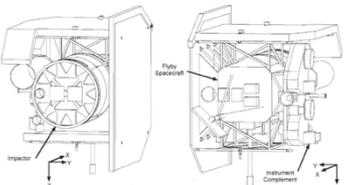


Figure 9 "Impactor First" Flight System Configuration<sup>15</sup>

For each subsystem in this section (A.2), the flyby S/C will be described first, followed by the impactor S/C. The instrument complement will be described in section A.3.

The flyby S/C design minimizes risk by incorporating 50% flight-proven hardware at the box level; eliminating single point failures through redundancy; requiring no deployment; and providing large performance margins. In addition, the flyby S/C configuration provides comprehensive protection from cometary debris.<sup>16</sup>

The impactor's short 24-hour mission life, combined with its architectural simplicity, provide very high operational reliability. Development cost and risk are minimized by using common hardware and software designs in the flyby S/C and the impactor.<sup>17</sup>

<sup>14</sup> Technical Approach, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 3-25.  
<sup>15</sup> Technical Approach, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 3-9.  
<sup>16</sup> Technical Approach, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 3-11.  
<sup>17</sup> Technical Approach, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 3-12.  
<sup>18</sup> Technical Approach, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 3-22.

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A.3.3 Impactor Target Sensor (ITS)

The telescope for the Impactor Target Sensor (shown in Figure 52) is identical to the MRI telescope. Similarly, the CCDs and associated electronics are identical to those for MRI and MRI. A 50/50 beam splitter directs the light from the telescope to the two identical CCDs to provide a functionally redundant design. The plate with a clear view of cold spa CCD mounting structures. Since the impactor S/C has star trackers the ITS structure to reduce possible



Figure 52

A.3.4 Common Electronics

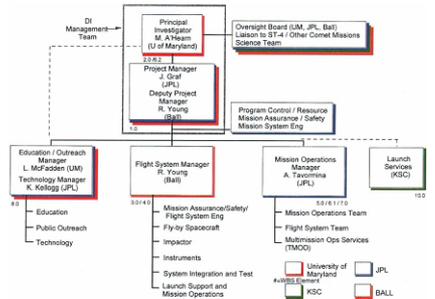
Figure 52, below, is a schematic of processed instrument data as well as electronic interconnects. The eight channels for the CC their outputs are multiplexed to a latitudinal axis in bit-out (FIFO) and data buses are coordinated consists of a  $\mu\text{S}68010$  module with

During the pre-encounter and error transferred to the SCU via a dedicated direct download to the DSN. The at a much reduced transfer rate. It up by a dedicated non-volatile mass The EDMMS, produced by Spectr Each unit has two independently of data storage, equivalent to spectra. Both MRI and MRI will h. storage capability not only allow significant enhancement to the sole sequencing will fill the drives to encounter.<sup>18</sup>

<sup>19</sup> Technical Approach, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 3-25.  
<sup>20</sup> Technical Approach, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 3-25.  
<sup>21</sup> Technical Approach, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 3-25.  
<sup>22</sup> Technical Approach, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 3-25.

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Figure 54 Organizational Structure for Phase A-B-C<sup>23</sup>



This organization enables a decision making approach which gives each core PET the maximum responsibility and authority for the delivery of their product consistent with their requirements, schedules, and cost commitments. Each core PET manages itself but monitors and reports to the PM on a regular basis. Integrated mission system engineering is crucial in assuring that the overall mission requirements are met and are responsive to science goals. A mission engineering team (MET), led by the mission system engineer (MSE), has members from each core PET and performs global system engineering optimization across the entire project (see section A.4.2, Project Systems Engineering).<sup>24</sup>

The subsystems of the flight system are developed by project element managers (PEMs) and associated small project element teams to produce their assigned deliverables on time and on budget. The Mars Pathfinder-proven PET structure used by Ball on QuikSCAT is the model for the DI flight system development approach. Each PEM is assigned technical, cost, and schedule responsibilities throughout all project phases. Project reserves are based on allocations for the PEMs but are held by the PM and released after consultation with the DMT.<sup>25</sup>

During Phase E, the mission operations manager becomes the project manager, and the science team works closely with the mission operations team to acquire and process the data. Phase E organizational structure is shown in Figure 55.<sup>26</sup>

The DI project schedule is shown below in Figure 56 and Figure 57. Critical dates, funded slack periods, and long lead items are presented below in Table 22, Table 23, and Table 24, respectively.

<sup>23</sup> Management Plan, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, pp. 4-2 to 4-3.  
<sup>24</sup> Management Plan, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 4-5.  
<sup>25</sup> Management Plan, Deep Impact CSR, 26 March 1999, p. 4-3.



# Part B Example

## Shows the Technical Data (Mass, Power)

Payload	Instrument Name	Instrument #	Builder	Design Life	Class	Peak Data Rate	Duty Cycle
Instrument 1 (MP)	High Resolution Instrument	1	Contractor				
Instrument 2 (MP)	Medium Resolution Instrument	2	Contractor				
Instrument 3 (IT)	Imaging Spectrograph	3	Contractor				

Payload	Assembly Name	Mass (kg)	Average Power (W)	Diameter (cm)	Flight Heritage	Percent Hourly	Quantity (Units)	Task Param 1	Task Param 2	Task Param 3	Task Param 4	Task Param 5	Task Param 6	Notes
Instrument 1	<b>Payload Total</b>	<b>100.41kg</b>	<b>75.85W</b>											
Instrument 1	<b>Total</b>	<b>5124kg</b>	<b>32.75W</b>											
Instrument 1	Optics	0.39kg	4.00W											
Instrument 1	Structural/Mechanical	24.79kg	0.00W					Type	Pistol Grip					
Instrument 1	Thermal/Control	2.17kg	0.00W											
Instrument 1	Electronics	10.07kg	25.75W											
Instrument 1	Mass Subsystem							Peak Power	Duty Cycle					
Instrument 1	Maintenance, Cabling, etc.	2.20kg	0.00W	TBD				Peak Data Rate	Duty Cycle					
Instrument 1	Subtotal													
Instrument 1	<b>Total</b>	<b>39.11kg</b>	<b>32.75W</b>											
Instrument 2	Optics	5.01kg	4.00W											
Instrument 2	Optics (HR) Telescope	0.32kg	0.00W				1	Diameter	10	FocalLen	2.1	F/#	21	Al Coated Zerodur
Instrument 2	Optics (HR) Spectral Imager (HSI)	1.17kg	0.00W	various			10							Diameter Forward (A) Frame Filter
Instrument 2	Scan Mirror (HR) Spectral Imager (HSI)	0.33kg	0.50W	51C		0%	1							BSM 30-30-A
Instrument 2	Filter Wheel (HR) Spectral Imager (HSI)	2.99kg	0.00W	2.45C		0%	1	Type	Pistol Grip					60S Small Filter wheel Motor - C&D
Instrument 2	Structural/Mechanical	2.05kg	0.00W					Type	Pistol Grip					1001000
Instrument 2	CCD Structure (HR) Spectral Imager (HSI)	0.85kg	0.00W	4.00										1001000
Instrument 2	Pixel Size (HR) Spectral Imager (HSI)	0.25kg	0.00W	5.17		0%	1	Type	Pistol Grip	21				1001000
Instrument 2	Structural/Mechanical	17.17kg	0.00W					Type	Pistol Grip	37				1001000
Instrument 2	Structural/Mechanical	0.75kg	0.00W	3.20										GFE Tube
Instrument 2	Structural/Mechanical	17.42kg	0.00W	14.00										Al Magnesium Bush
Instrument 2	Optics Mirror (HR) Spectral Imager (HSI)	1.42kg	0.00W	various			10							
Instrument 2	Kilometer Mirror (HR) Spectral Imager (HSI)	0.78kg	0.00W	TBD			3							
Instrument 2	Thermal/Control	1.52kg	0.00W	TBD			1							
Instrument 2	HL (IT) Spectrograph	0.16kg	0.00W	TBD			1							
Instrument 2	HL (IT) Spectrograph (HSI)	1.09kg	0.00W	TBD			1							
Instrument 2	Electronics	10.07kg	25.75W	4.50			1							
Instrument 2	Baseband (HR) Common (Electronics)	6.24kg	10.75W	4.50			1							
Instrument 2	Exchange Memory (HR) Common (Electronics)	4.83kg	10.00W	6.25			1							EDM-3
Instrument 2	Mass Subsystem							Peak Power	Duty Cycle					
Instrument 2	Maintenance, Cabling, etc.	2.20kg	0.00W	TBD				Peak Data Rate	Duty Cycle					
Instrument 2	Subtotal													
Instrument 2	<b>Total</b>	<b>10.04kg</b>	<b>10.35W</b>											
Instrument 3	Optics	0.37kg	0.00W											
Instrument 3	Optics (HR) Telescope for IS	0.32kg	0.00W				1	Diameter	10	FocalLen	2.1	F/#	21	Al Coated Zerodur
Instrument 3	Scan Mirror (IT)	0.05kg	0.00W	4										50VPS
Instrument 3	Structural/Mechanical	1.09kg	0.00W	1.00			2	Type	Pistol Grip	21				Stack 2K - W Split Frame Transfer
Instrument 3	Structural/Mechanical	5.16kg	0.00W											1001000
Instrument 3	Structural/Mechanical	0.78kg	0.00W	3.20			1							GFE Tube
Instrument 3	Structural/Mechanical	2.72kg	0.00W	2.00			1							Incl. Impactor for Sh. Transfer
Instrument 3	Kilometer Mirror (IT)	0.82kg	0.00W	TBD			1							
Instrument 3	Thermal/Control	0.26kg	0.00W	TBD			1							
Instrument 3	HL (IT) Spectrograph for IS	0.12kg	0.00W	TBD			1							
Instrument 3	HL (IT)	0.24kg	0.00W	TBD			1							
Instrument 3	Electronics	0.83kg	1.35W	TBD			1							
Instrument 3	Mass Subsystem							Peak Power	Duty Cycle					
Instrument 3	Maintenance, Cabling, etc.	2.81kg	0.00W	2.70			1	Peak Data Rate	Duty Cycle					
Instrument 3	Subtotal													
Instrument 3	<b>Total</b>	<b>10.14kg</b>	<b>6.80W</b>											

Instrument	Assembly Name	Mass (kg)	Average Power (W)	Diameter (cm)	Flight Heritage	Percent Hourly	Quantity (Units)	Task Param 1	Task Param 2	Task Param 3	Task Param 4	Task Param 5	Task Param 6	Notes
Instrument 1	High Resolution Instrument	100.41	75.85											
Instrument 2	Medium Resolution Instrument	10.04	10.35											
Instrument 3	Imaging Spectrograph	10.14	6.80											

System Level Tables

Payload Level Tables

Summary Tables

SYSTEM SUMMARY TABLE

	CBE Mass	CBE MASS w/Contingency	CBE POWER	CBE POWER w/Contingency
<b>Payload Mass</b>	<b>89.4 kg</b>	<b>100.4 kg</b>	<b>75.8 W</b>	
Instrument 1 (MP)	45.8kg	51.2kg	32.8W	
Instrument 2 (MP)	34.8kg	39.1kg	32.8W	
Instrument 3 (IT)	8.8kg	10.0kg	6.0W	
<b>Impactor SIC Dry Mass</b>	<b>475.8 kg</b>	<b>469.4 kg</b>	<b>182.6 W</b>	
Structures & Mechanisms	332.0kg	334.2kg	0.0W	
Thermal	2.3kg	2.8kg	0.0W	
Electrical Power Subsystem	29.5kg	29.3kg	42.3W	
Guidance, Navigation & Control	7.2kg	7.3kg	28.0W	
Propulsion Dry Mass	30.6kg	32.1kg	5.0W	
Telecommunications	8.9kg	8.4kg	85.0W	
Command and Data Handling	9.5kg	9.6kg	15.0W	
<b>Flags SIC Dry Mass</b>	<b>323.3 kg</b>	<b>359.4 kg</b>	<b>278.5 W</b>	
Structures & Mechanisms	174.4kg	165.3kg	5.0W	
Thermal	8.0kg	10.5kg	0.0W	
Electrical Power Subsystem	50.5kg	57.8kg	17.9W	
Guidance, Navigation & Control	20.1kg	20.3kg	42.3W	
Propulsion Dry Mass	24.5kg	25.5kg	70.0W	
Telecommunications	21.2kg	22.3kg	110.4W	
Command and Data Handling	24.9kg	25.1kg	23.0W	
<b>Propellant &amp; Pressurant</b>	<b>70.1 kg</b>	<b>93.4 kg</b>		
Impactor Propellant & Pressurant	8.2kg	11.8kg		
Flags SIC Propellant & Pressurant	61.9kg	81.6kg		
<b>Total (Dry)</b>	<b>880.5 kg</b>	<b>949.2 kg</b>	<b>458.0 W</b>	
<b>Total (Wet)</b>	<b>958.6 kg</b>	<b>1042.6 kg</b>		
LV Capability	1141kg	1141kg		
Launch Mass Margin	16.2%	8.9%		

KEY TECHNICAL PARAMETERS

VBS Name	Component	Value
System	Human Rated	No
	Destination	Comet Tempel 1
	Type of Craft	Flagship Impactor
	Launch Date	199200
	Average Payload Power (W)	44.6
	GNSS Method	3-axis Stabilization
	Pointing Accuracy	17 arcsec
	Pointing Knowledge	17 arcsec
	Data Storage	16.4 Gbytes
	Number of Instruments	3
Structures & Mechanisms	Download Mode	1X-Band
	Downlink Data Rate	128-36,600 bps
	Uplink Mode	1X-Band
	Uplink Data Rate	6-2,000 bps
	Launch Vehicle	Delta II (P25H)
Thermal Control	Lead Carrying Shell/Truss Material	GFRP
	Insulation Type	1.8J
	Electrical Power & Distribution	Solar Cell Type
Propulsion Subsystem	Battery Type	Ni-H2 (SPV)
	Battery Power Output	15.5 A
	Monopropellant Thruster Thrust	2.2N (N RCS), 35N (A)
	Propellant Type	N2H4
Telecommunications Subsystem	Frequency/Powerline Band	1X-Band
	Flagship/Impactor SIC Crosslink Band	1X-F
	Antenna Type	LGA, MGA, HGA
C&DH Subsystem	Solid State Recorder Memory Size	16.4 Gbytes



# Part C Example

## Shows Cost data by WBS

#	Project WBS Elements	Summary Costs (Thousands of FY1999 Dollars)							
		Est. 1999	FY2000	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	Total
1.0	Project Management / Mission Analysis / System Eng	2,041	1,955	2,204	2,216	659	-	-	9,025
1.0	Science Team	745	520	486	350	239	-	-	2,300
1.0	Flight System	10,174	42,872	37,244	14,716	1,664	-	-	116,440
1.1	Program Management	1,247	1,026	1,402	1,449	468	-	-	5,725
1.2	System Engineering	992	448	315	11	-	-	-	1,696
1.3	Instruments	3,450	13,677	7,625	1,444	258	-	-	24,664
3.3.1	Instrument Management	599	1,070	1,825	528	64	-	-	3,787
3.3.2	Instrument Systems Engineering	547	763	1,009	799	151	-	-	3,970
3.3.3	Instrument Product Assurance	104	287	478	194	12	-	-	1,075
3.3.4	Telescopes	135	89	140	-	-	-	-	364
3.3.5	Spectral Camera	347	4,476	432	-	-	-	-	5,255
3.3.6	Electronics Modules	499	3,654	95	-	-	-	-	4,248
3.3.7	Instrument Software	157	771	283	95	22	-	-	1,328
3.3.8	HRI	50	247	609	-	-	-	-	906
3.3.9	MRIL	63	271	536	-	-	-	-	870
3.3.A	Impactor Target Sensor	49	231	763	27	-	-	-	1,070
3.3.B	Ground Support Equipment	-	918	610	-	-	-	-	1,528
1.4	Flyby spacecraft	9,630	19,920	20,826	7,032	711	-	-	58,180
1.4.1	Program Management	2,175	1,440	2,234	2,223	29	-	-	8,101
1.4.2	System Engineering	320	781	952	459	111	-	-	2,623
1.4.3	Product Assurance	425	945	703	513	111	-	-	2,697
1.4.4	Propulsion	403	1,454	1,096	186	191	-	-	3,230
1.4.5	Telecommunications	723	2,473	1,824	424	4	-	-	5,448
1.4.6	Electrical Power	644	3,192	2,049	304	1	-	-	6,149
1.4.7	Structure	764	2,920	3,411	239	-	-	-	7,334
1.4.8	C&DH	668	3,639	2,827	750	-	-	-	8,884
1.4.9	ADCS	429	457	777	2,071	409	-	-	3,673
1.4.9.A	Thermal	269	405	764	192	-	-	-	1,630
1.4.9.B	Software	2,037	704	1,774	877	-	-	-	4,392
1.4.9.C	Integration & Test	75	212	1,035	897	-	-	-	2,219
1.4.E	Ground Support Equipment	285	678	477	256	-	-	-	1,696
1.5	Impactor	2,205	7,245	7,285	2,409	24	-	-	19,168
1.6	Deep Impact Integration & Test	-	-	-	1,741	134	-	-	1,875
1.6.1	System Integration & Test Management	-	-	-	214	2	-	-	216
1.6.2	Flyby S/C and Impactor Integration & Test	-	-	-	1,025	116	-	-	1,141
1.6.3	System S/C	-	-	-	172	-	-	-	172
1.6.4	System EGSE	-	-	-	250	-	-	-	250
1.0	Launch Site & Orbital Operations	1	86	140	243	422	73	-	1,565
1.1	Pre-Launch Planning	2	86	140	243	237	61	-	1,567
1.2	Launch Site Support	2	-	-	-	185	604	-	789
1.4	Flight Operations	2	-	-	-	-	101	-	101
1.0	Pre-Launch GDS/MOS Development	1	390	391	1,187	2,959	97	-	5,024
1.0	Mission Operations and Data Analysis	1	-	-	-	-	3,471	-	3,471
1.1	Mission Operations	2	-	-	-	-	1,572	-	1,572
1.1.3	Phase E Mission Operations	2	-	-	-	-	1,572	-	1,572
1.2	Science Team	2	-	-	-	-	1,899	-	1,899
1.0	Deep Space Network (DSN) or Other Tracking Service	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.0	Education and Public Outreach	1	636	419	606	779	993	-	2,433
1.0	Launch Services	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	22,101	45,909	42,272	21,972	8,824	-	-	141,078
	Total JPL Reserves	541	11,660	12,432	5,813	2,103	-	-	24,549
	Total	22,642	57,569	54,704	27,785	10,927	-	-	165,627
	ELV and Launch Services	-	11,465	21,001	14,288	8,243	-	-	35,000
	DSN and Tracking Support	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	775
	TOTAL NASA COST	22,642	69,034	75,705	42,173	19,955	-	-	239,854
	Ball Aerospace Contribution	500	500	1,225	825	-	-	-	3,050
23.0	Flight System	1	500	500	1,225	825	-	-	3,050
23.2	Instruments	2	500	-	-	-	-	-	500
23.2.7	Software	3	500	-	-	-	-	-	500
23.5	Impactor	2	-	500	975	525	-	-	1,999
23.5.E	Ground Support Equipment	3	-	500	975	525	-	-	1,999
23.6	Deep Impact Integration & Test	7	-	-	360	300	-	-	660

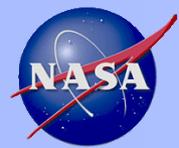
Summary Costs (Thousands of FY1999 Dollars)									
NASA WBS Elements	Level	Estimated Costs							Total
		FY2000	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	FY2006	
Deep Impact	1	22,642	69,034	75,705	42,173	19,955	8,709	1,634	239,854
Project Management	2	680	618	735	756	220	-	-	3,009
Systems Engineering	2	680	618	735	756	220	-	-	3,009
Safety and Mission Assurance	2	680	618	735	756	220	-	-	3,009
Science/Technology	2	766	530	688	758	2,237	3,111	1,105	3,185
Payload(s)	2	3,450	13,677	7,635	1,644	255	-	-	23,661
Payload Management	3	599	1,070	1,525	528	64	-	-	3,787
System Engineering	3	547	763	1,009	799	151	-	-	3,970
Payload Product Assurance	3	104	287	478	194	12	-	-	1,075
HRI	3	737	4,308	1,018	32	7	-	-	6,090
HRI Management	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HRI Systems Engineering	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HRI Assurance	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Antenna	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Optics	4	45	286	43	-	-	-	-	374
Sensors/Detectors	4	173	2,238	341	-	-	-	-	2,752
Structures & Mechanisms	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Thermal Control	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electronics	4	233	1,221	235	-	-	-	-	1,689
Power	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pointing Subsystem	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Harness & Cabling	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C&DH	4	286	257	129	32	7	-	-	611
Ground Support Equip	4	-	305	203	-	-	-	-	508
MRIL	3	137	4,308	1,018	32	7	-	-	5,492
ITS	3	564	2,071	677	32	7	-	-	3,281
Integration, Assembly Test & Check out	3	162	870	1,909	27	-	-	-	3,768
Flight System / Spacecraft	2	14,725	28,896	29,709	11,401	1,213	-	-	85,944
Launch Vehicle/Services	2	-	11,465	21,001	14,288	8,243	-	-	55,000
Mission Operations System (MOS)	2	199	196	593	1,480	2,061	2,31	-	4,670
Ground Data System (GDS)	2	199	196	593	1,480	1,268	1,15	-	4,849
System Integration, Assembly, Test & Check	2	86	140	243	2,163	318	-	-	3,450
Education & Public Outreach	2	636	419	606	779	993	74	-	2,433
Reserves	2	541	11,660	12,432	5,813	2,103	1,33	-	24,549
Corporate G&A	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Center Management Operations (CMO)	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

WBS #	WBS Element Name	Level	Description of inclusions and exclusions
10000	Project Management/Mission Analysis/System Eng	1	Include responsibility for the overall mission implementation. This includes all effort associated with project level planning and control, direction and coordination of effort and interaction, as well as the project level engineering and test activities that affect the subsystem and system functions. This includes the development of the project management plan and the system test plan. This includes the development of the project management plan and the system test plan. This includes the development of the project management plan and the system test plan.
10000	Project Management	2	Include all effort associated with the development and implementation of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Safety and Mission Assurance Management	2	Include all effort associated with the development and implementation of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Science Team	2	Include all effort for the Science Team. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Launch Vehicle Coordination	2	Include the coordination and management of launch vehicle and/or service from JSCD. This includes the coordination and management of launch vehicle and/or service from JSCD. This includes the coordination and management of launch vehicle and/or service from JSCD.
10000	Antenna	4	Include all effort for the Antenna. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Optics	4	Include all effort for the Optics. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Sensors/Detectors	4	Include all effort for the Sensors/Detectors. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Structures & Mechanisms	4	Include all effort for the Structures & Mechanisms. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Thermal Control	4	Include all effort for the Thermal Control. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Electronics	4	Include all effort for the Electronics. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Power	4	Include all effort for the Power. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Pointing Subsystem	4	Include all effort for the Pointing Subsystem. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Harness & Cabling	4	Include all effort for the Harness & Cabling. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	C&DH	4	Include all effort for the C&DH. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Ground Support Equip	4	Include all effort for the Ground Support Equip. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	MRIL	3	Include all effort for the MRIL. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	ITS	3	Include all effort for the ITS. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Integration, Assembly Test & Check out	3	Include all effort for the Integration, Assembly Test & Check out. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Flight System / Spacecraft	2	Include all effort for the Flight System / Spacecraft. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Launch Vehicle/Services	2	Include all effort for the Launch Vehicle/Services. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Mission Operations System (MOS)	2	Include all effort for the Mission Operations System (MOS). This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Ground Data System (GDS)	2	Include all effort for the Ground Data System (GDS). This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	System Integration, Assembly, Test & Check	2	Include all effort for the System Integration, Assembly, Test & Check. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Education & Public Outreach	2	Include all effort for the Education & Public Outreach. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Reserves	2	Include all effort for the Reserves. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Corporate G&A	1	Include all effort for the Corporate G&A. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.
10000	Center Management Operations (CMO)	1	Include all effort for the Center Management Operations (CMO). This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan. This includes the identification and approval of Project Management Plan, and the development of the Project Management Plan.

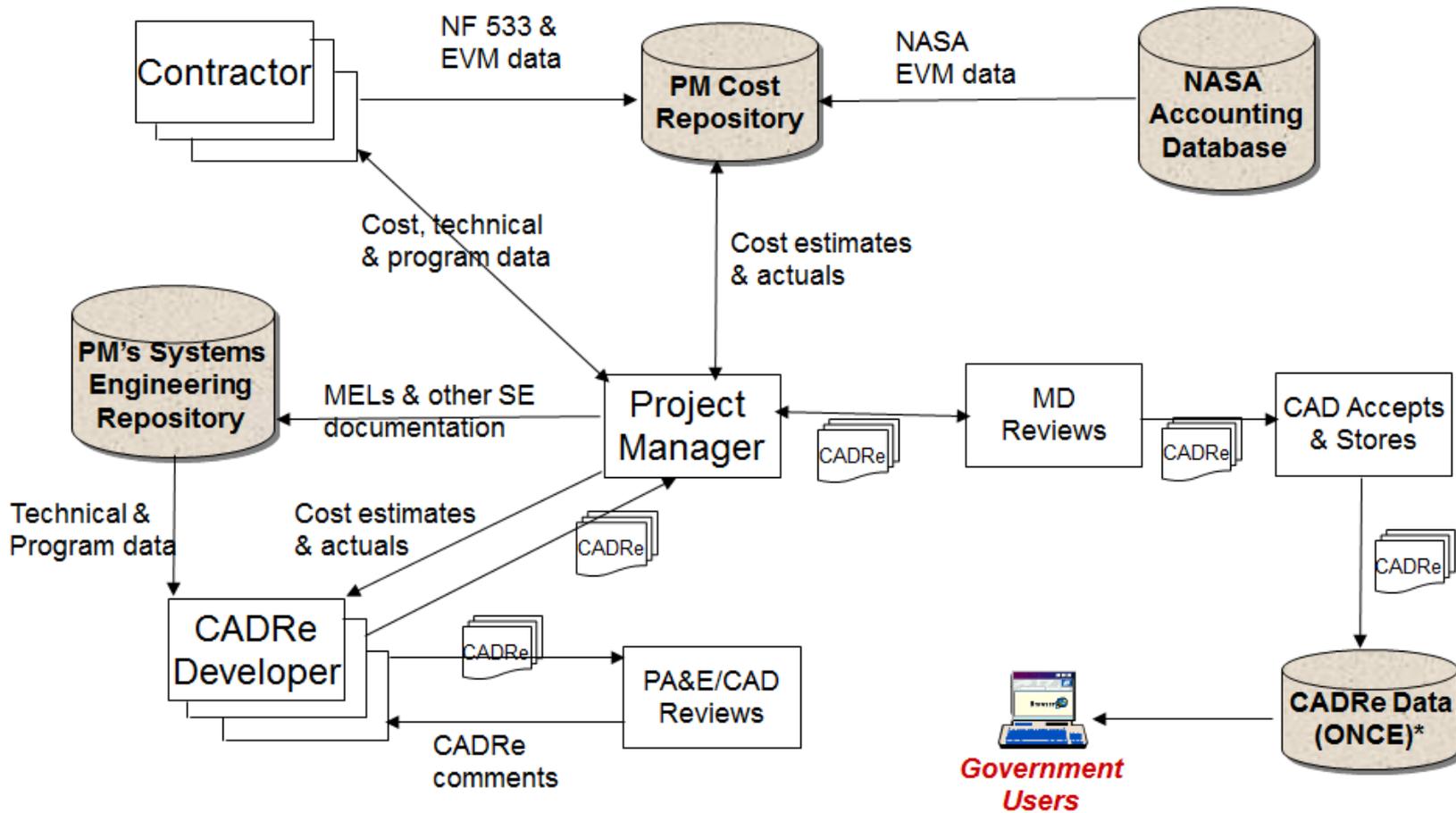
Lifecycle Cost Estimate

Costs Mapped to the NASA WBS

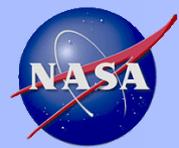
WBS Dictionary



# CADRe Process



\* One NASA Cost Engineering Database (ONCE)



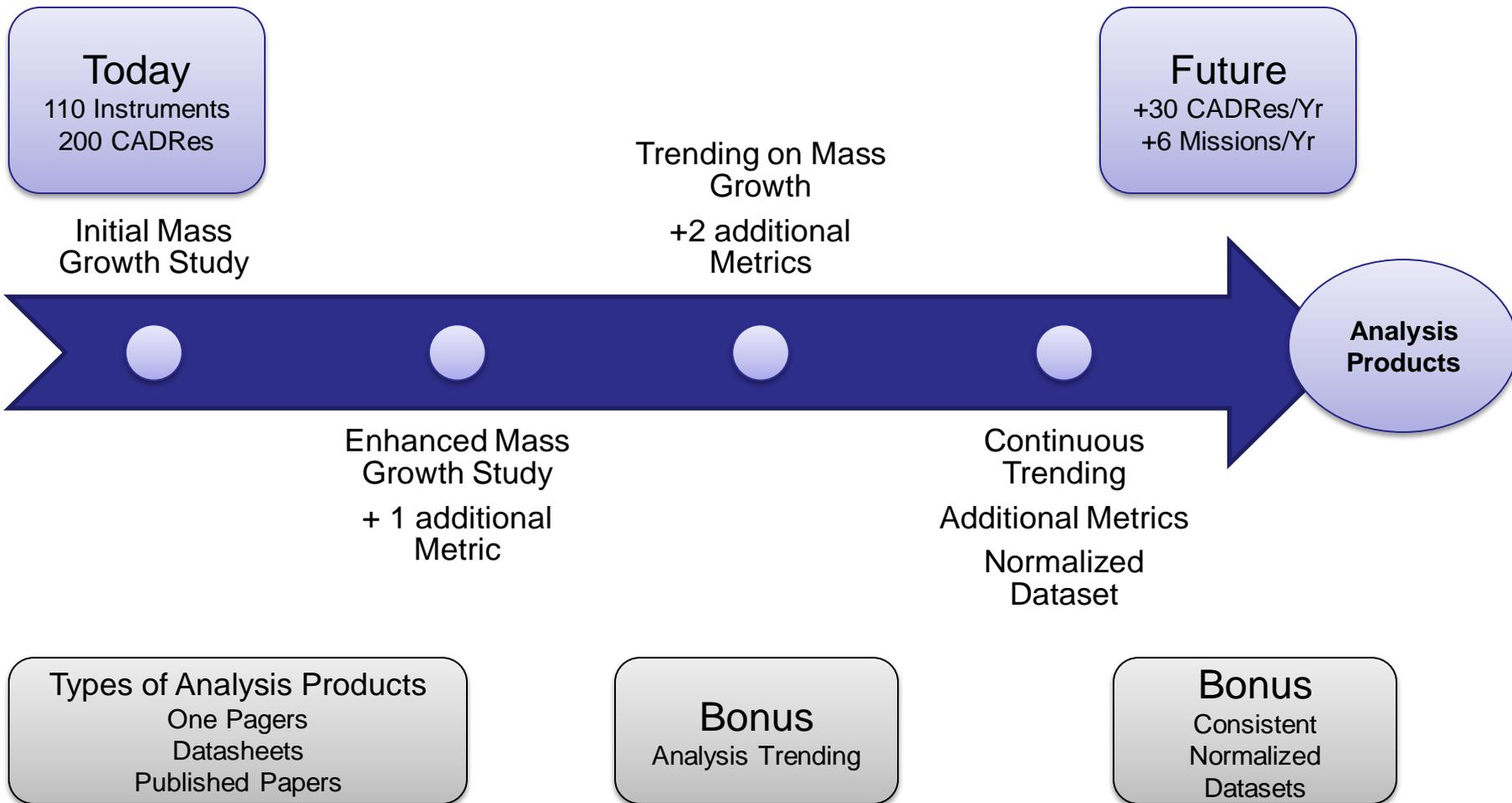
# Completed CADRe's are Stored in ONCE



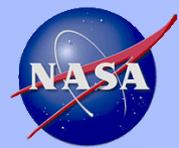
- NASA-certified Web-based system
  - Controlled access
- Automated CADRe search and retrieval



# CADRe/ONCE Analysis Product Evolution



Continuous Improvement by Creation and Maintenance of Analysis Products



# Study Hypothesis



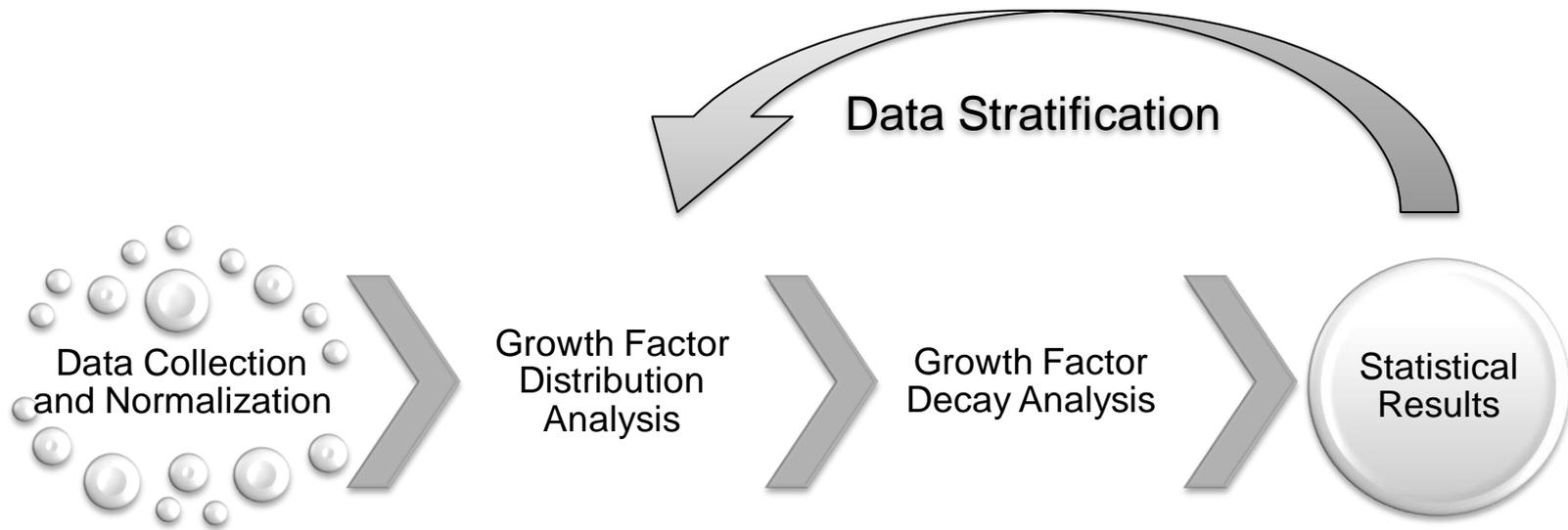
- As the project nears the launch milestone, mass estimates increase in accuracy
  - Mean of the mass values by milestone approaches 1 (zero growth) – Getting better at predicting Launch Mass
  - Standard Deviation decreases as the mass technical baseline matures – Lower variability in mass range
- An Exponential Decay function can be used to model the average decrease in mass growth as the technical baseline



# Why Use Mass?

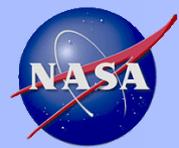


- **Data Availability**
  - Mass is a core technical parameter captured by CADRe
- **Data Usage**
  - Mass is widely used as a variable input parameter for Cost Estimating Relationships (CER) of space instruments
  - Underestimation of mass impacts CER results
- **Risk Input**
  - During development, mass is an estimate
  - “Final” mass may be different than what is estimated
  - Understanding growth potential allows for better quantification of risk inputs



- Assessment and evaluation of source data, extraction, normalization, and format conducted prior to data analysis
- Statistical Analysis software facilitates Growth Factor and Decay analysis – used COTS tools (Excel and CO\$TAT from ACEIT Software suite)
- Data Stratifications include selection of Milestone groups or technical characteristics of dataset instruments





# Calculation Techniques



- **Milestone Growth Factors**

- Growth factors for mass developed for each mission from each milestone to final launch value
- Two techniques used
  - Technique 1: CDF development and mean value determination from Excel
  - Technique 2: Distribution and statistics determined from CO\$TAT best-fit analysis

- **Decay Equation**

- Identify a group of instruments with data across all targeted milestones
- Determine mean growth factors for each milestone
- Conduct regression analysis
  - Excel using graphing capability
    - Plot chart of Mean Percentage Growth
    - Run exponential regression through points and display equation
  - Excel using a formula
    - `INDEX(LINEST(LN(MEAN PERCENTAGE GROWTH VALUES),ESTIMATE MATURITY),1)`
  - CO\$TAT using Non-linear analysis feature
    - Estimate Maturity =  $a * \text{EXP}(b * \text{Mean Percentage Growth})$
    - Calculate decay constant =  $b$



# Decay Analysis Results Can be Used to Create a Continuous Mass Growth Model



## *Basic Model*

### **Instrument Mass Growth**

$$M_{Adj} \equiv M \left( e^{-bt} (K_{GF} - 1) + 1 \right)$$

$M_{Adj}$  = Growth-adjusted Mass Estimate Distribution

$K_{GF}$  = Baseline (@ CSR) Mass Estimate Growth Factor Distribution

$M$  = Technical Baseline Point Estimate of Mass

$b$  = Mass Growth Decay Constant

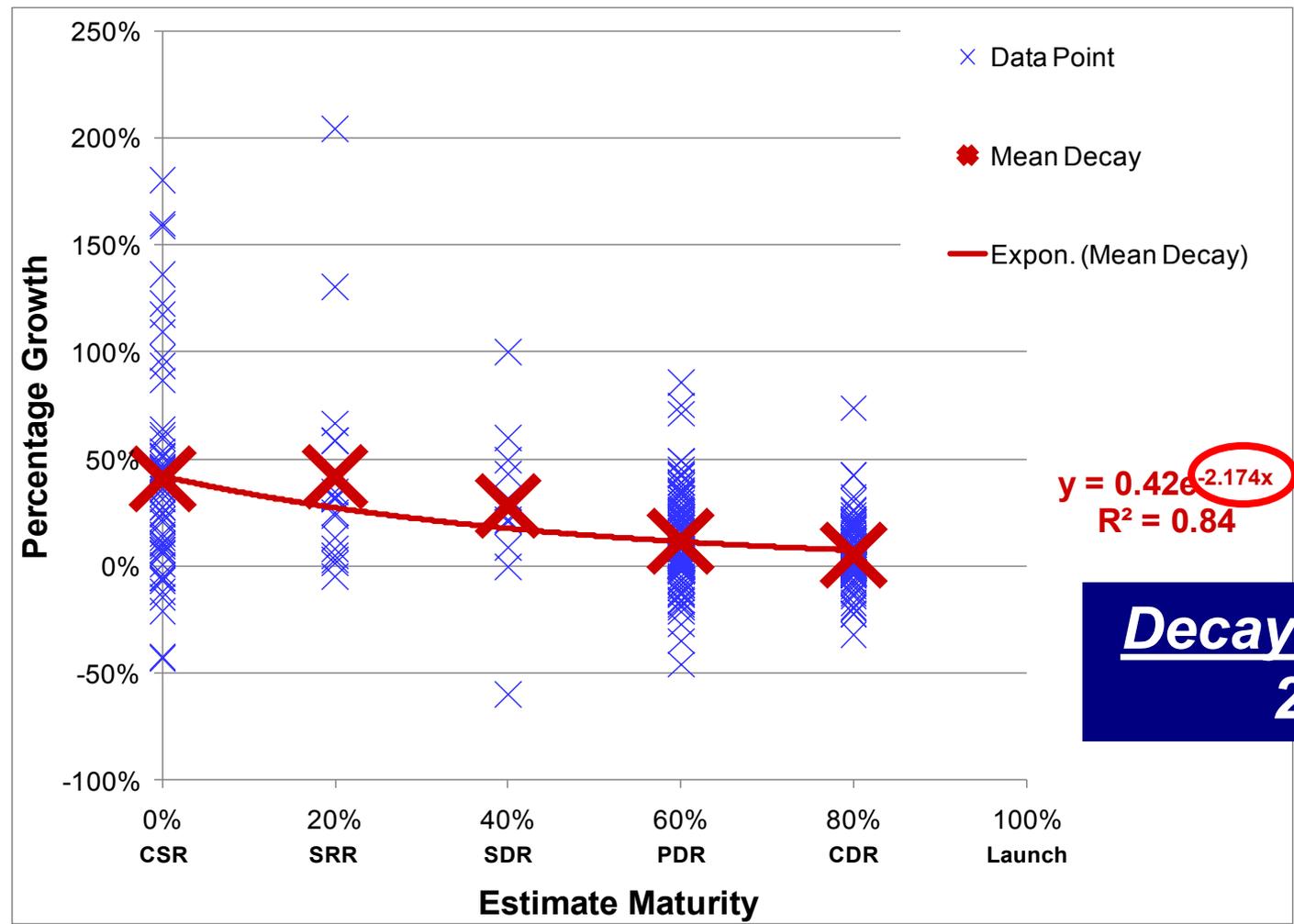
$t$  = Estimate Maturity Parameter

(CSR/SRR = 20%; SDR=40%; PDR=60%; CDR=80%; Launch=100%)

*Enables Analysts to Use at any Point in Design Cycle and not just at Milestones*



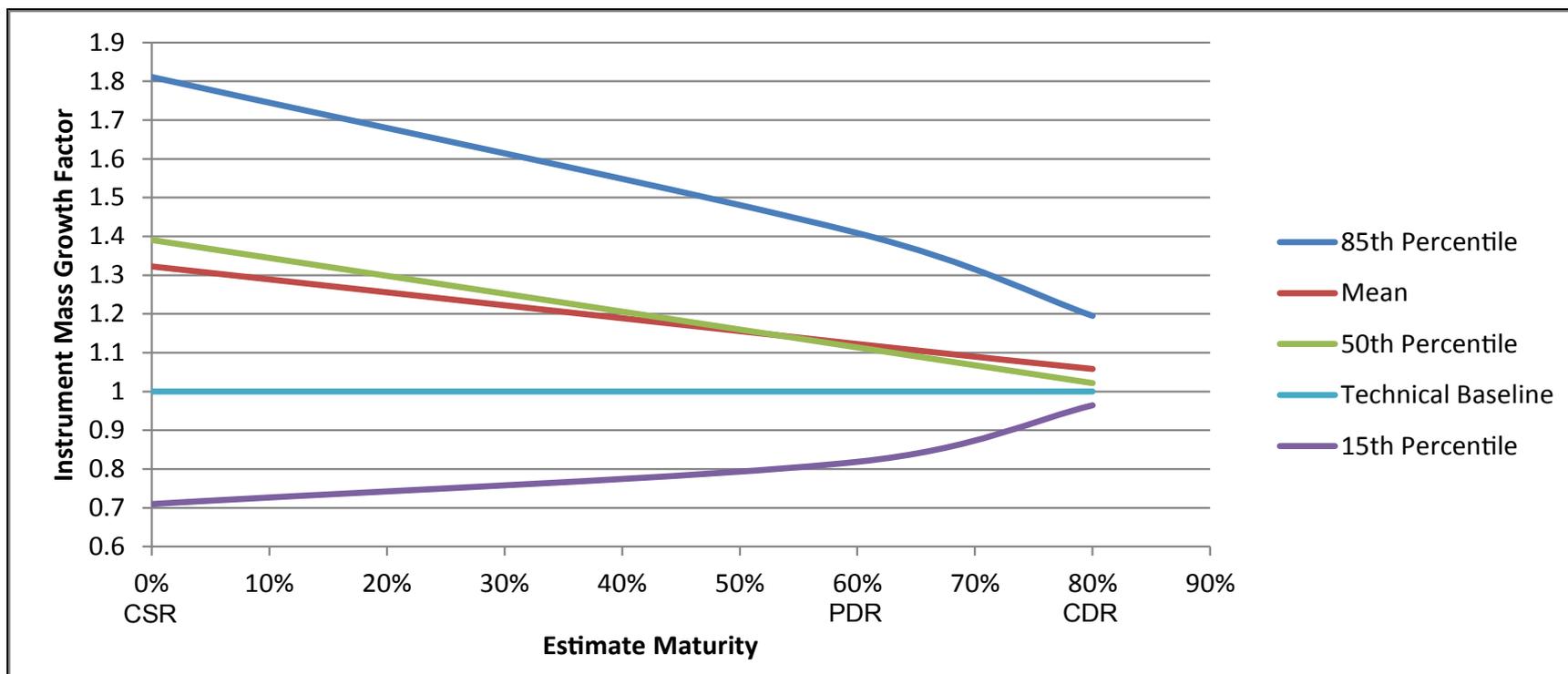
# Deriving a Decay Constant from Mass Growth Data



**Decay Constant**  
**2.174**



# Example of Continuous Mass Growth Decay Model



*Enhances Analyst Capability to Specify Mass Uncertainty Ranges for CERs and SERs*



# Mass Growth Distributions

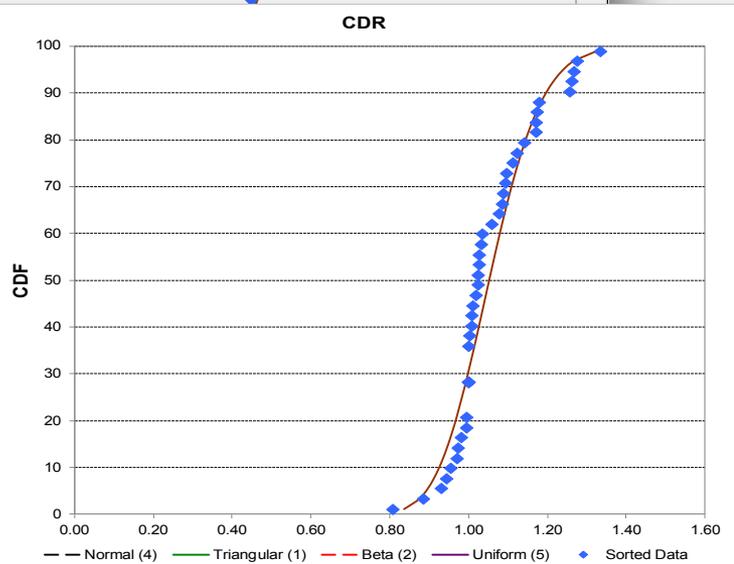
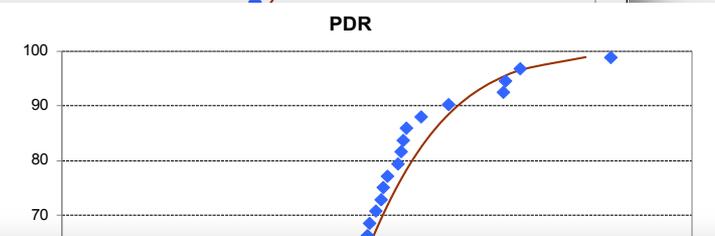
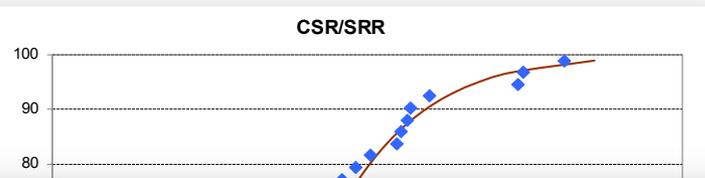
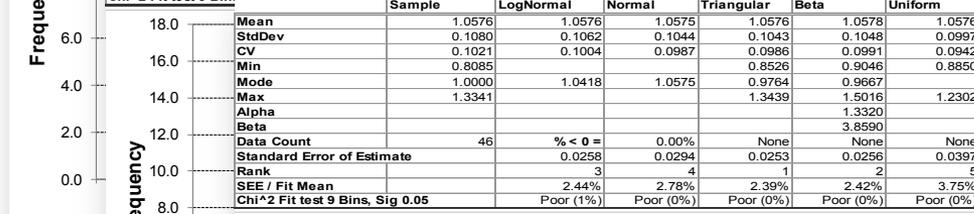
## Common Milestones – CADRe Data



	Sample	LogNormal	Normal	Triangular	Beta	Uniform
Mean	1.3787	1.3853	1.3787	1.3788	1.3800	1.3787
StdDev	0.5359	0.5269	0.5272	0.5210	0.5309	0.5023
CV	0.3887	0.3804	0.3824	0.3779	0.3847	0.3643
Min	0.3571			0.2284	-0.0626	0.5087
Mode	1.5357	1.1312	1.3787	1.1564	1.2101	
Max	2.8462			2.7515	8.5258	2.2486
Alpha					5.9756	
Beta					29.6004	
Data Count	46	% < 0 =	0.45%	None	0.00%	None

	Sample	LogNormal	Normal	Triangular	Beta	Uniform
Rank	Mean	1.1426	1.1447	1.1426	1.1430	1.1426
SEE / Fit Mean	StdDev	0.3350	0.3225	0.3226	0.3144	0.3219
Chi^2 Fit test	CV	0.2932	0.2817	0.2823	0.2751	0.2816
	Min	0.1250			0.4140	-0.1470
	Mode		1.0208	1.1426	1.0655	1.0896
	Max	2.1765			1.9483	4.5181
	Alpha					11.3457
	Beta					29.6835
Data Count	46	% < 0 =	0.02%	None	0.00%	None
Standard Error of Estimate		0.0937	0.0946	0.1112	0.0973	0.1506
Rank		1	2	4	3	5
SEE / Fit Mean		8.19%	8.28%	9.74%	8.52%	13.18%
Chi^2 Fit test	9 Bins, Sig 0.05	Good (100%)	Good (100%)	Poor (2%)	Poor (4%)	Poor (2%)

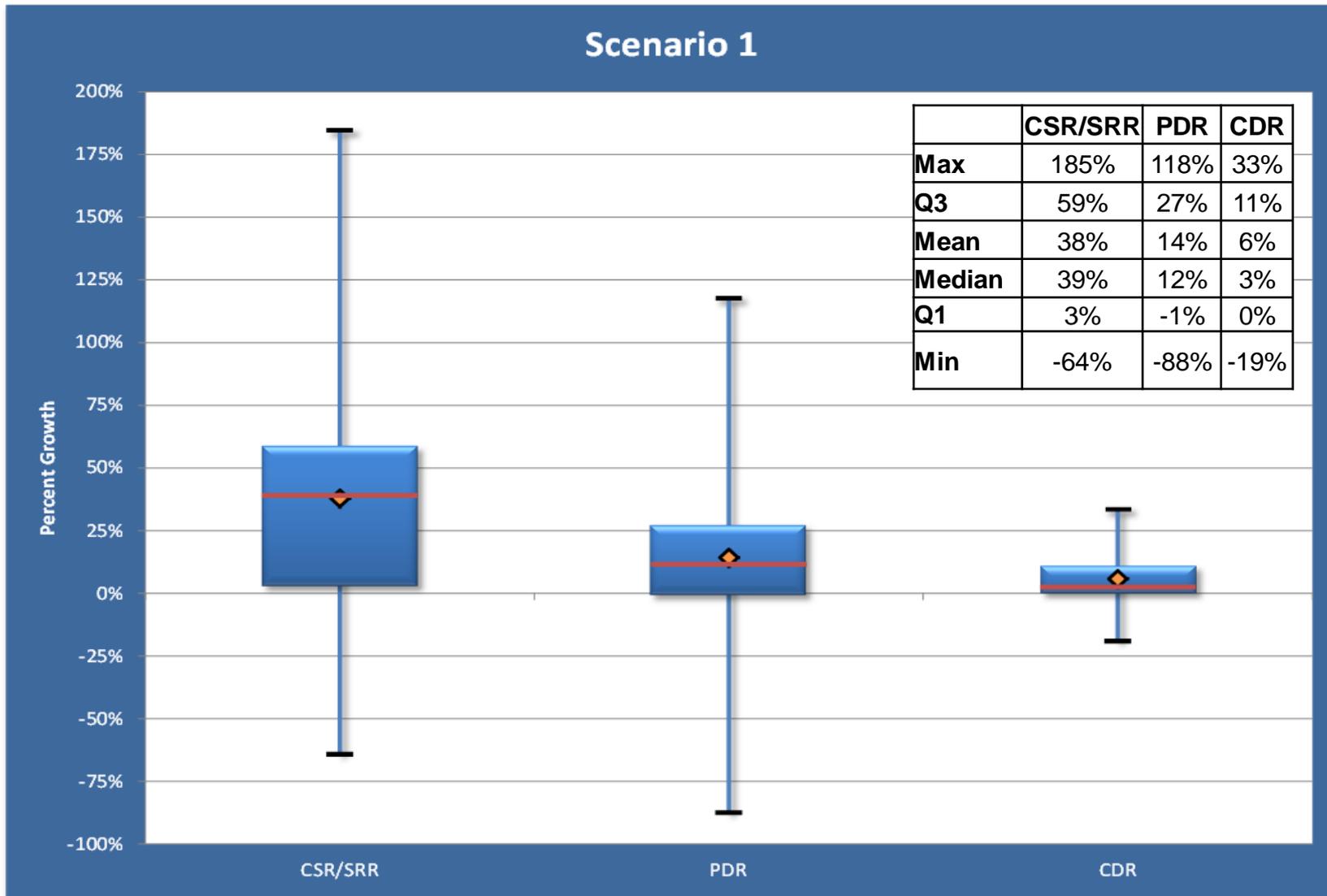
	Sample	LogNormal	Normal	Triangular	Beta	Uniform
Mean		1.0576	1.0576	1.0575	1.0576	1.0578
StdDev		0.1080	0.1062	0.1044	0.1043	0.1048
CV		0.1021	0.1004	0.0987	0.0986	0.0991
Min		0.8085			0.8526	0.9046
Mode		1.0000	1.0418	1.0575	0.9764	0.9667
Max		1.3341			1.3439	1.5016
Alpha						1.3320
Beta						3.8590
Data Count	46	% < 0 =	0.00%	None	None	None
Standard Error of Estimate		0.0258	0.0294	0.0253	0.0256	0.0397
Rank		3	4	1	2	5
SEE / Fit Mean		2.44%	2.78%	2.39%	2.42%	3.75%
Chi^2 Fit test	9 Bins, Sig 0.05	Poor (1%)	Poor (0%)	Poor (0%)	Poor (0%)	Poor (0%)





# Percent Growth by Milestone

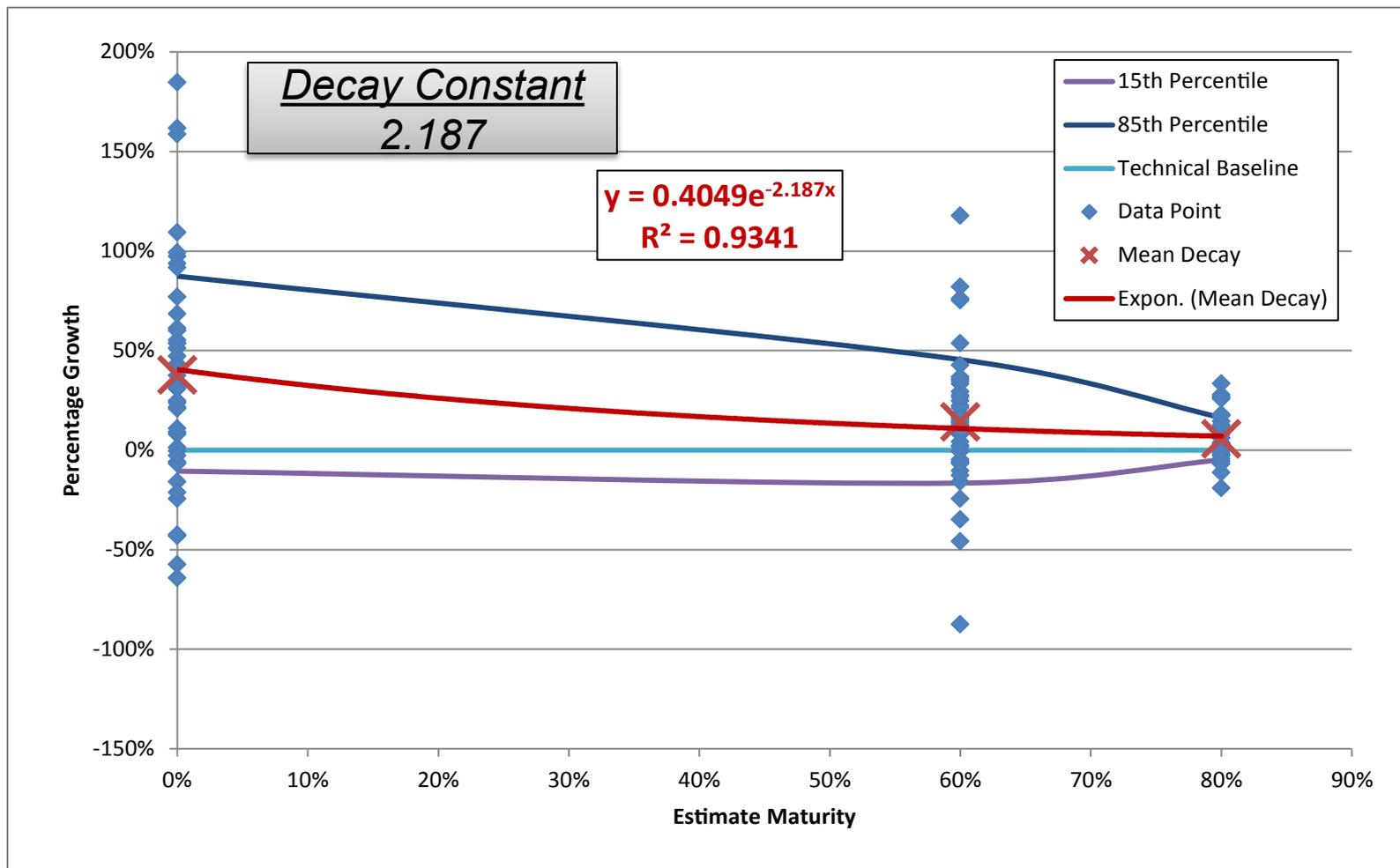
## Common Milestones – CADRe Data





# Mass Growth Decay Model

## Common Milestones – CADRe Data



CSR/SRR = 0%; SDR = 40%; PDR = 60%; CDR = 80%; Launch = 100%



# Products



- Final Study Results
  - General results for all NASA instruments and Spacecraft
  - Segmentation analysis (e.g., instrument type, destination)
- Published one-pager fact sheets to help NASA analysts in the field