

In-situ Versus Imbedded Sensing - How Health Monitoring Effects Inspection Needs

In-Space Inspection Technology Workshop at JSC Gilruth Center,
Houston, TX,
July 15 – 16, 2014

B. Boro Djordjevic

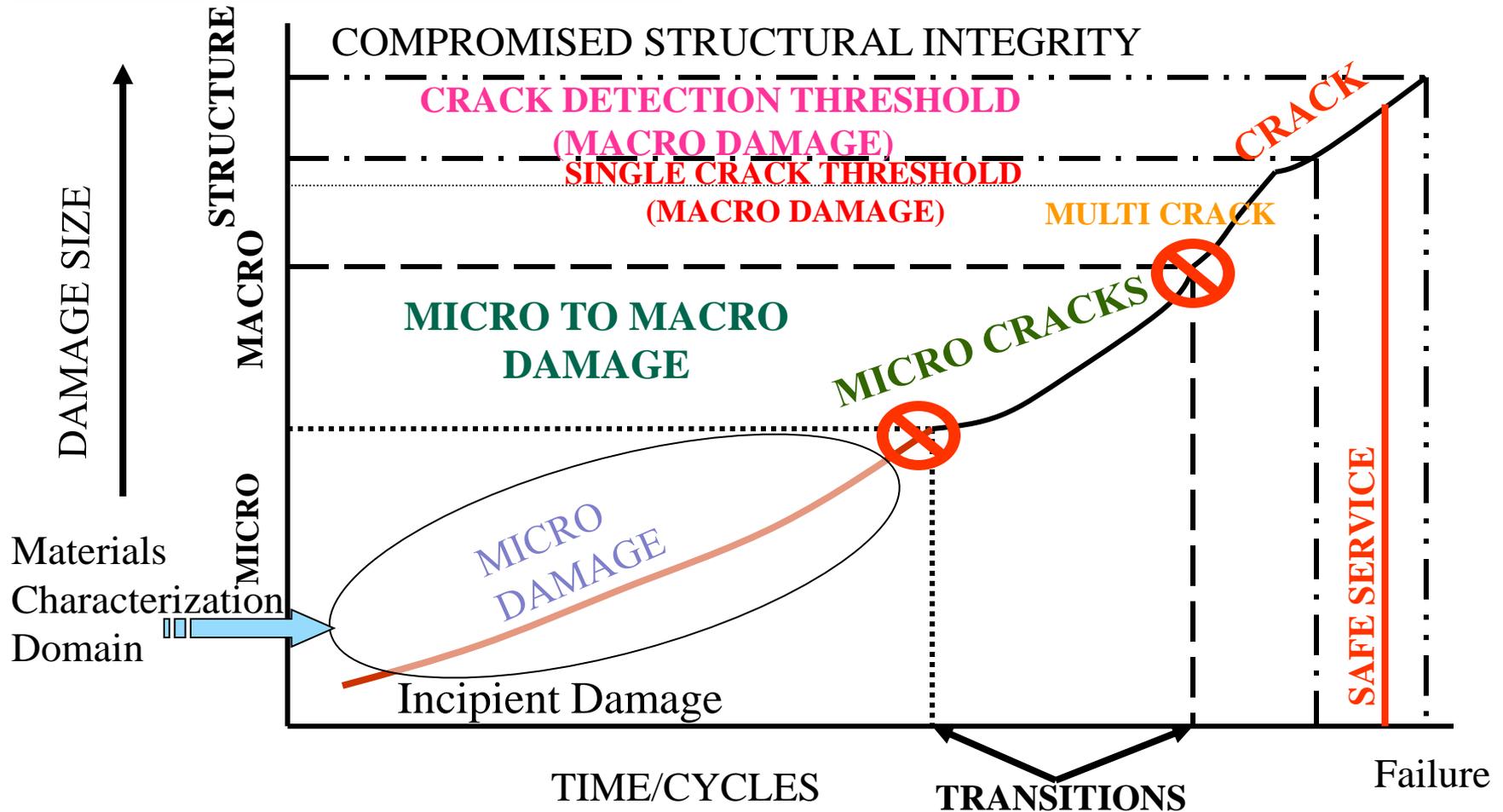


Materials and Sensors Technologies, Inc.
Maryland, USA
410-766-5002, Fax 410-766-5009, www.mast-inc.com

QUANTITATIVE
In-situ Versus Imbedded Sensing -
How Structural Health Monitoring
Effects Inspection Needs

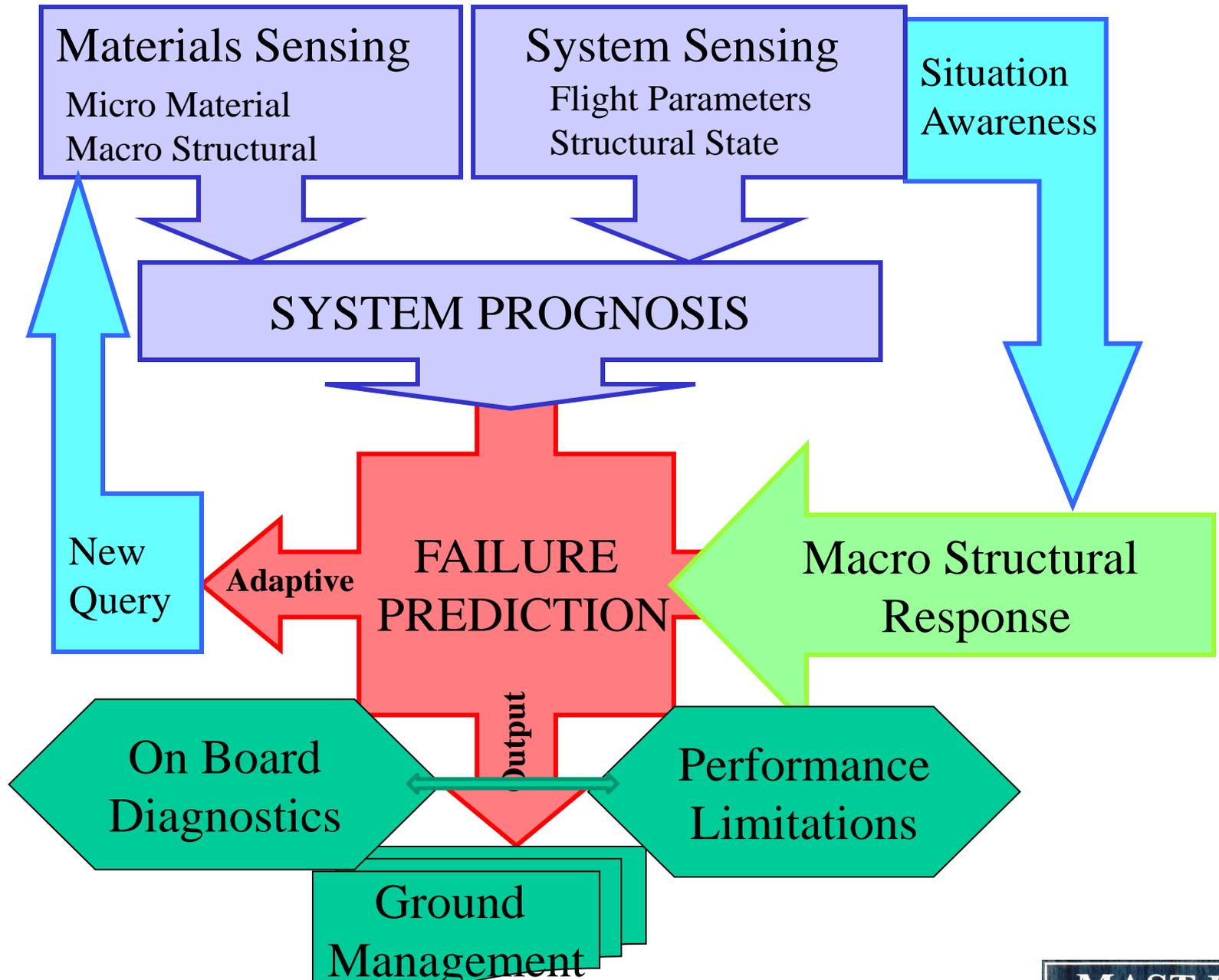
Structural Materials Diagnostic

MATERIAL DAMAGE DIAGRAM



NDT TECHNOLOGY NEEDS CHANGE AT STAGES OF MATERIALS DAMAGE:
Requires testing tools and model of material damage from micro to macro to structural effects

PROGNOSIS METHODOLOGY



- ❑ Prognostic methodology will work if we interactively connect “GLOBAL-LOCAL” picture
- ❑ SHM is in need of effective in-situ and embedded sensors
- ❑ In-situ sensing technology is more flexible and does not involve structural interaction
- ❑ Embedded sensing technology still has ingress/egress limitations and possibly involves structural interactions

Sensing for Prognostic Structural Monitoring -**Technology Challenges**

Prognosis Elements

- **Micro-Structural**
IMATURE
TECHNOLOGY

- **Macro-Structural**
MORE MATURE
TECHNOLOGY

Technical Challenges

Material Characterization Sensing Tools
Material Degradation Models
 μ -structure-Evolution Models
***In-Situ* Sensing /Imbedded Sensing**
Uncertainty Quantification Models
Structure-Property Constitutive Models

Real-Time Crack Monitoring Sensors
Sensor Miniaturization & Integration
Micro to Macro Transition Models
In-Situ Sensor Integration

Sensing for Prognostic Structural Monitoring - **Technology Challenges**

Prognosis Elements

- **System-Sensing**
*MORE MATURE
TECHNOLOGY*

- **System Prognosis**
*NOT MATURE
TECHNOLOGY*

Technical Challenges

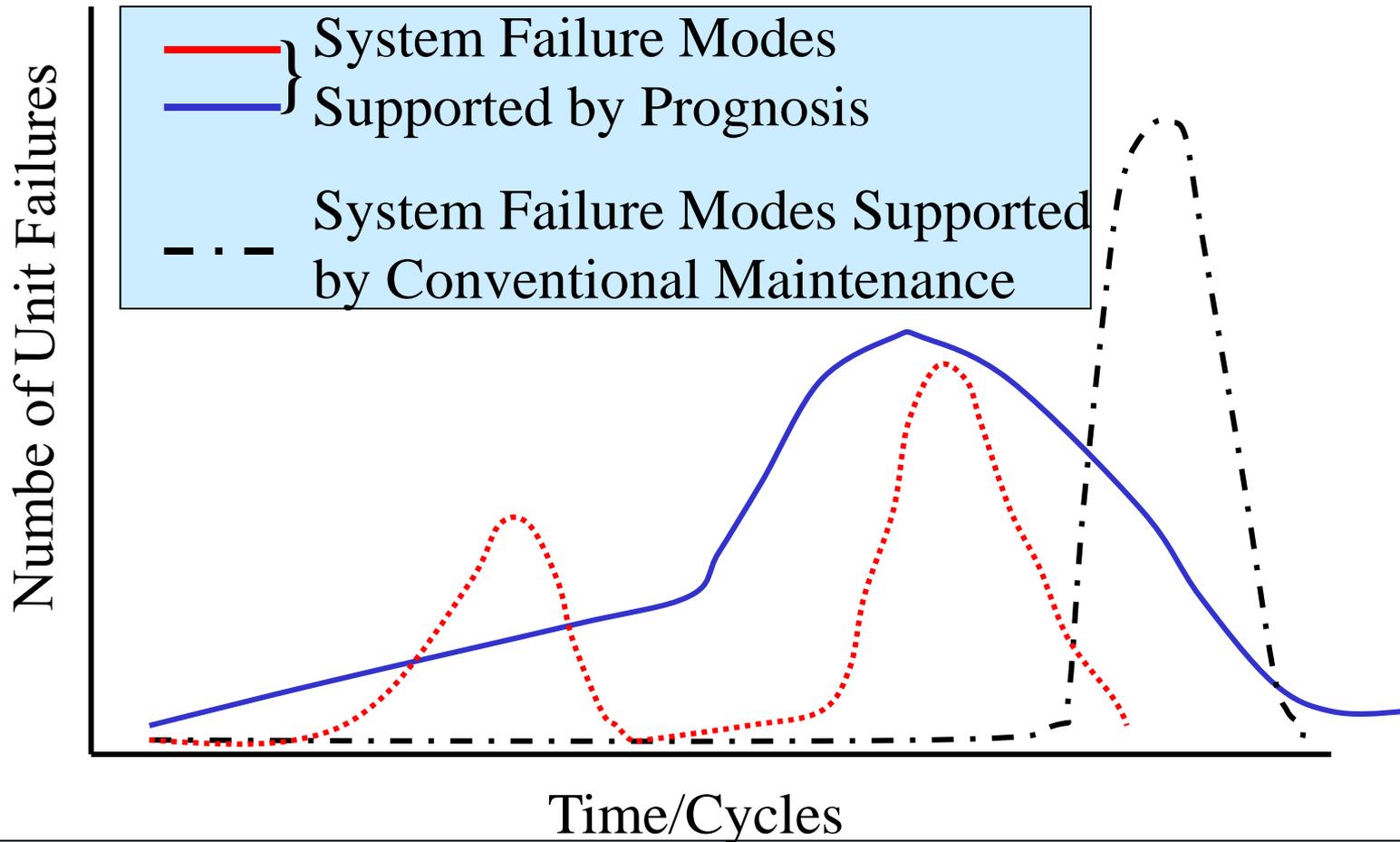
Predictive Damage Information Mining
Structural Load Sensing
Data Fusion
Systems Performance Models

Damage Evolution Prediction
Probabilistic Model Dev. & Validation
Systems Behavior Models
Structural Response Models
Adaptive Sensing
System Integrity Models
Failure Mode Prediction
Predictive Life Management

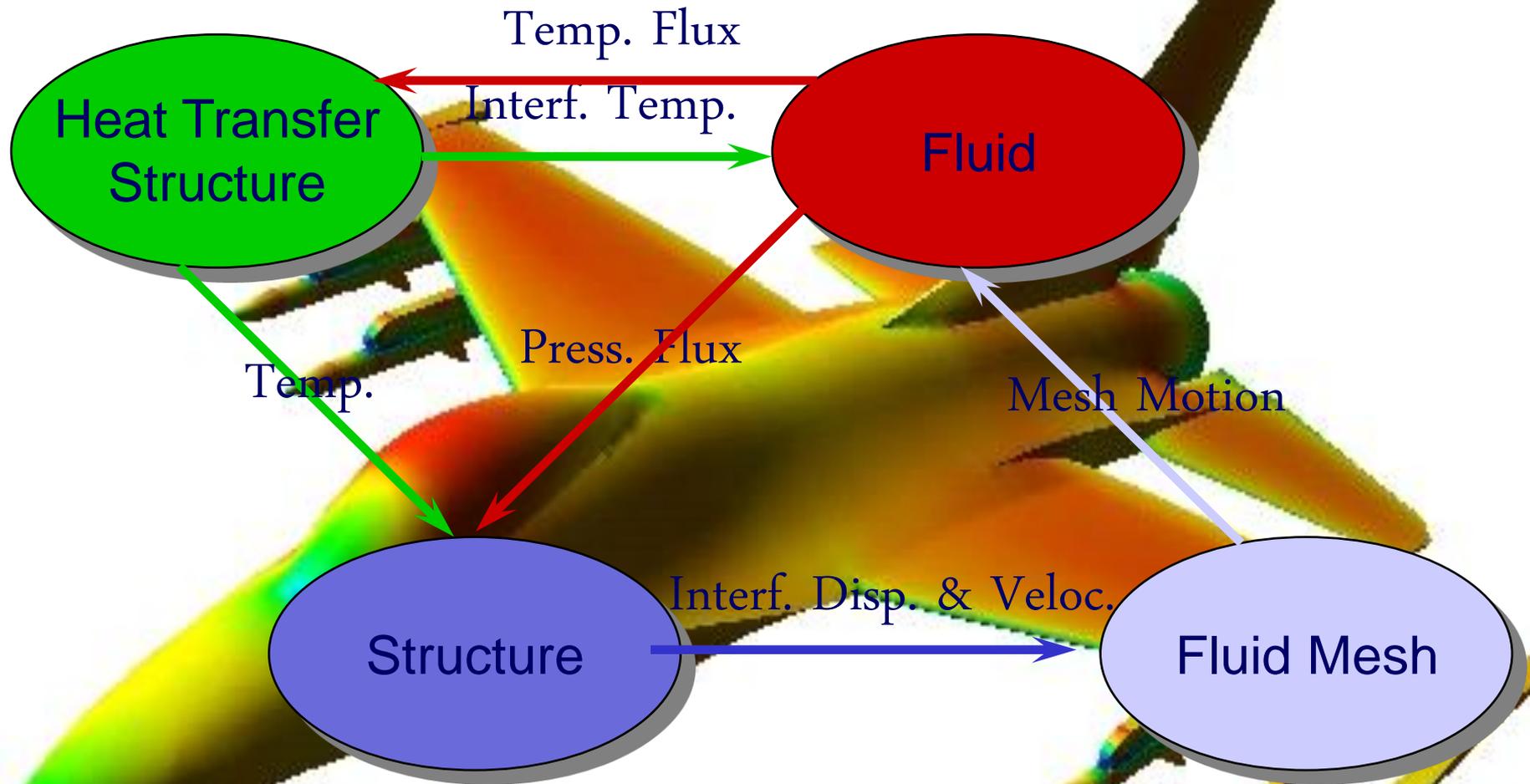
We are Progressing in Micro-Structural Nondestructive Characterization.

- New tools, New models
- Many sensors in development for NDC
- Composite and advanced materials need special attention
- Incipient failure mechanisms need better understanding

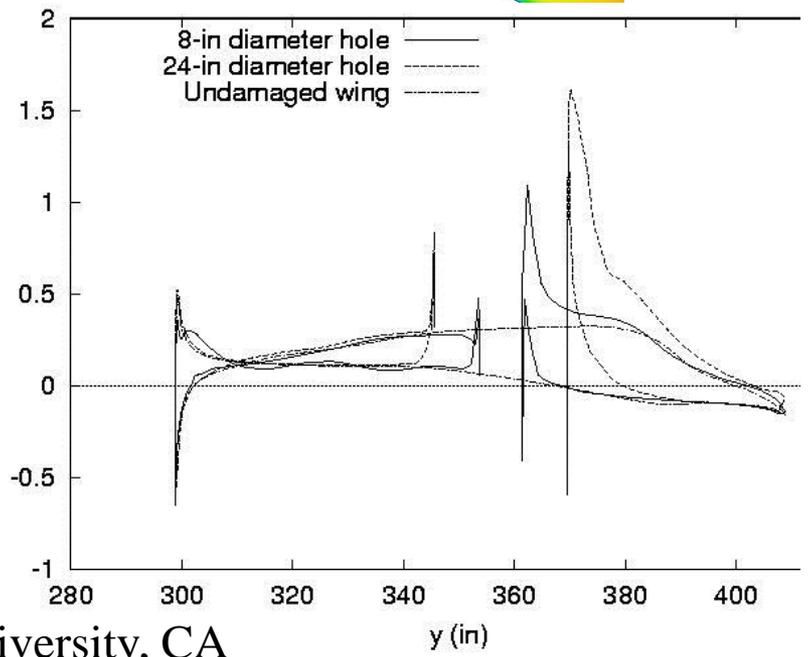
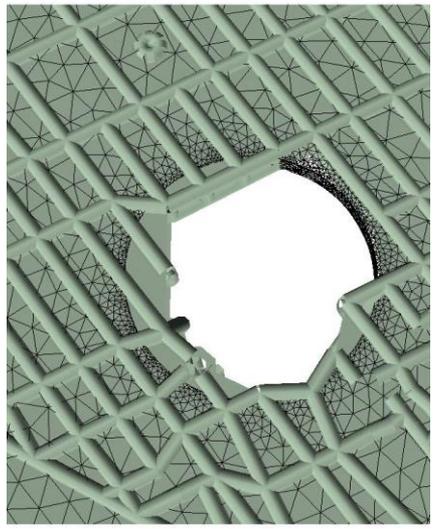
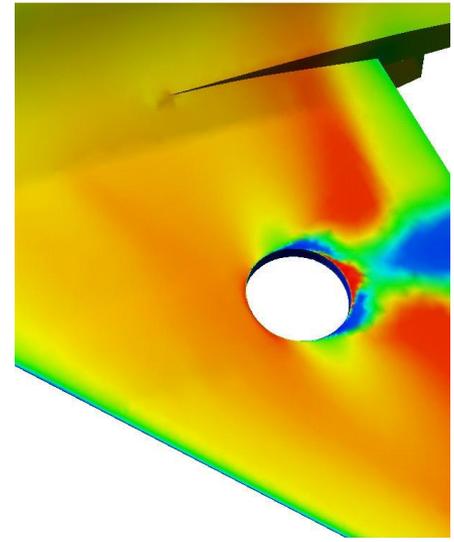
Different Lifetime Failure Distributions



PROGNOSTIC HSM PREDICTS SPECIFIC PLATFORM FAILURE POINT ON SYSTEM LIFE PREDICTION DIAGRAM



DAMAGE PREDICTION & ASSESSMENT



Requirements analysis, *What am I testing for?*

- DO WE UNDERSTAND EFFECTS OF DEFECTS?
- WHAT ARE FAILURE MECHANISMS?

• If you use the same old tools without innovative methods, you're going to make the same old discoveries.

• Doing the same thing over and over while expecting different results is definition of insanity.



FOR PLATFORMS:

**WHILE DEVELOPING NDI TEST
METHOD AND PROCEDURE ONE
NEEDS TO ASSESS:**

WHAT IS IMPORTANT?

AND

WHAT IS A FAILURE MECHANISM?

Delamination is not necessarily a key defect in the composites

How to select appropriate NDI method/methods?

“ Make objective and quantitative analysis on why would the proposed solution work?”

Key considerations:

- **Defect criteria / Damage Criteria**
- **Defect detection /Damage Detection**
- **Application constraints**

For completeness:

- **Question effects of defects/damage**
- **Consider materials properties**
- **Consider new or emerging technology**
(Think out of the box)

How to select appropriate NDI method/methods?

Four important engineering considerations

- Effects of defects or what are inspection targets or criteria (**Quantitative**).
- What is “considered” appropriate engineering expertise to develop NDE/NDT/NDC process (**Engineering**).
- NDT method selection process (**Justified**).
- Development of NDT inspection system (**Integrated Engineering**).



HUMS: Health And Usage Monitoring Systems exist for engines or transmission using existing sensors.

SHM: Structural Health Monitoring systems are not developed.

Open SHM Technology Items:

Do we understand sensing and what we receive?

Do we track signal information from the first principles?

Ultrasonic,

Acoustic,

Guided wave propagation

Guided Wave sensors

Do we utilize emerging technologies?

Fiber optic strain sensors for flight in situ sensing/selection

Acoustical Emission sensors for flight

Acoustical waveguides for in-situ signal sensing/selection

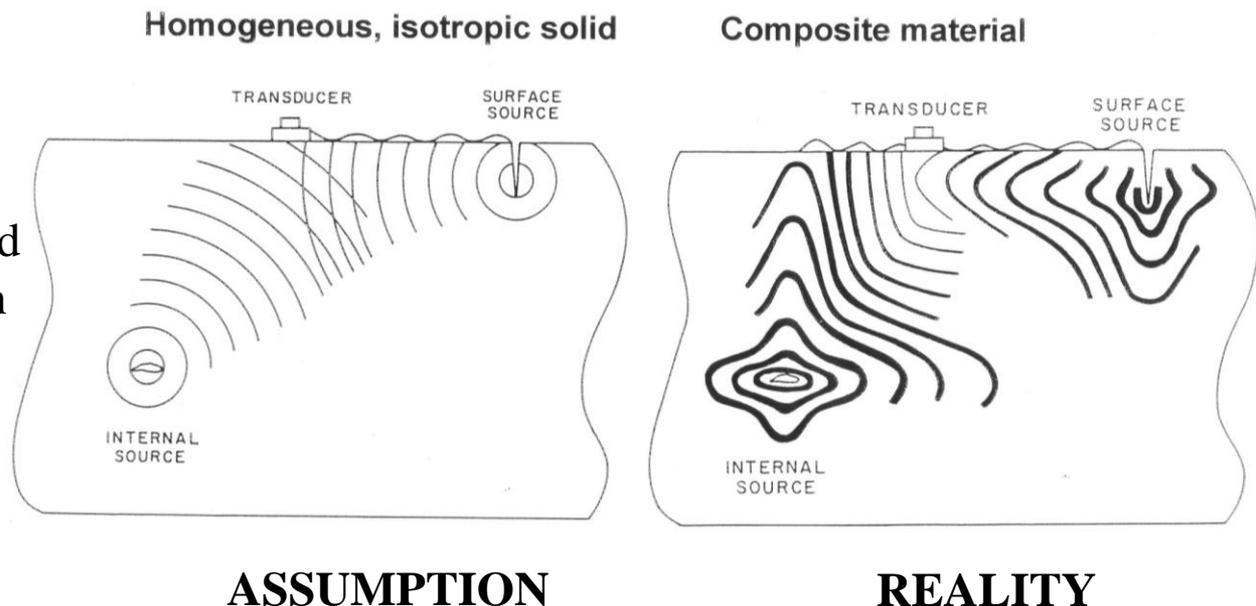
Luminescence Sensors

and others

MANY SHM PROJECTS USE THE GUIDED WAVE ULTRASONIC

- ❑ Guided wave tests on difficult geometry require appropriate selection of transducers and signal processing.
- ❑ Guided waves reach zones not testable using conventional ultrasonic approaches.
- ❑ **Composite materials add complexity to the test parameters.**

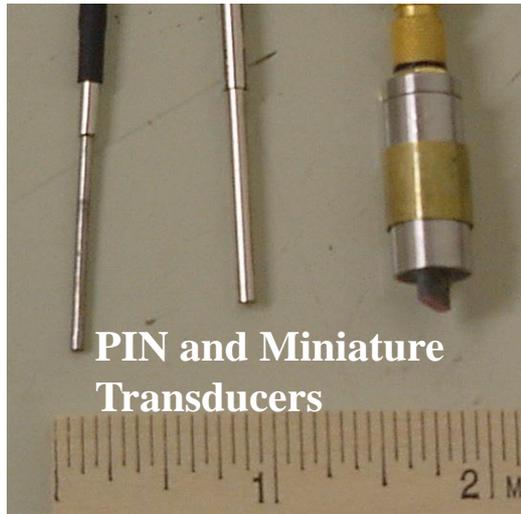
Acoustic Emission
is strongly influenced
by wave propagation



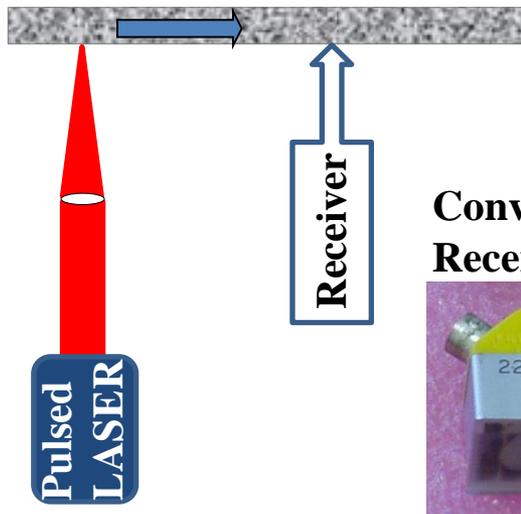
ASSUMPTION

REALITY

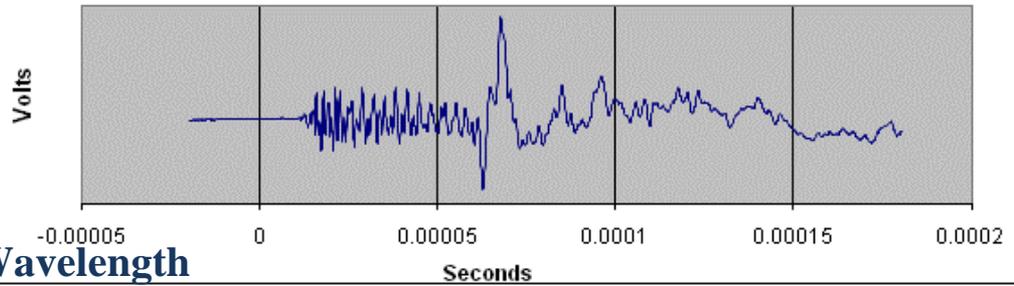
Sensing Transducer Performance, small vs large aperture vs wedge



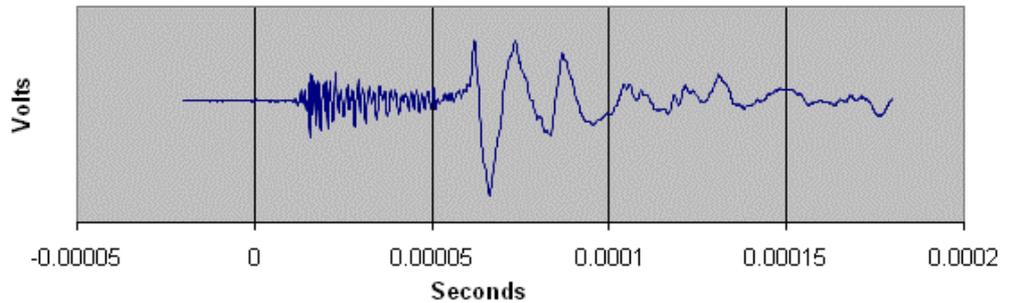
Sub-Wavelength Probes



PIN Transducer



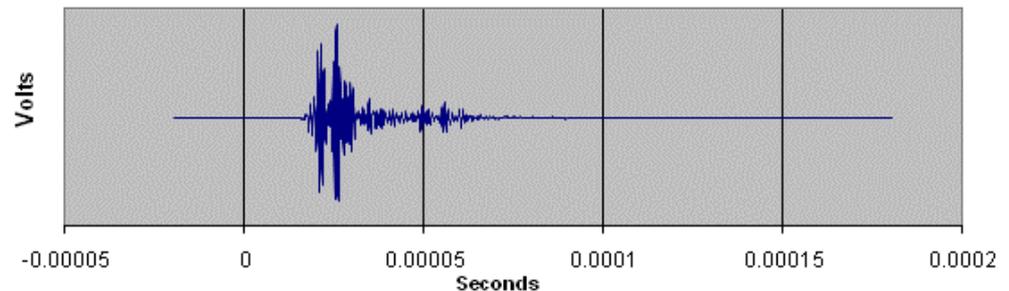
MINIATURE Transducer



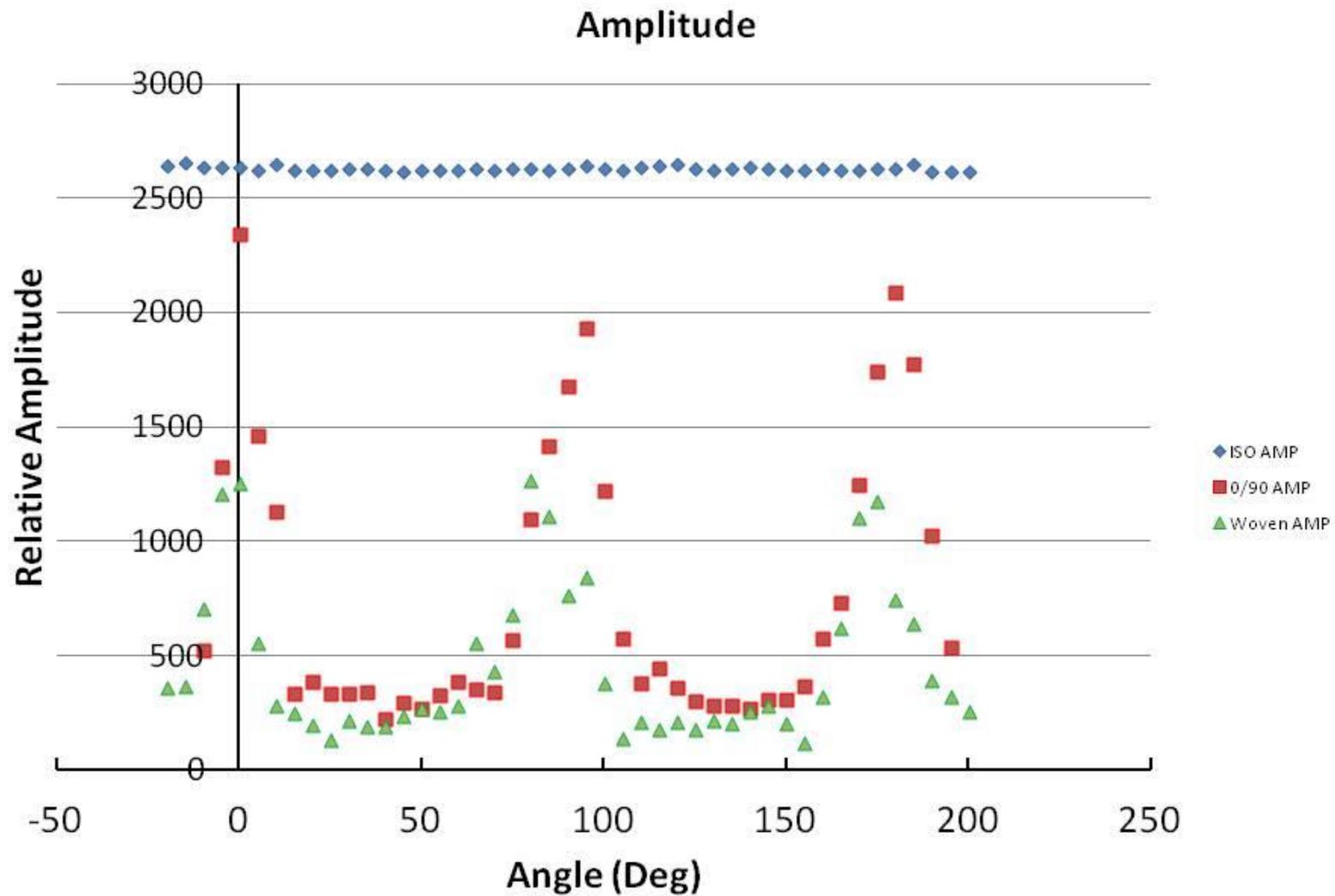
Conventional Receiver



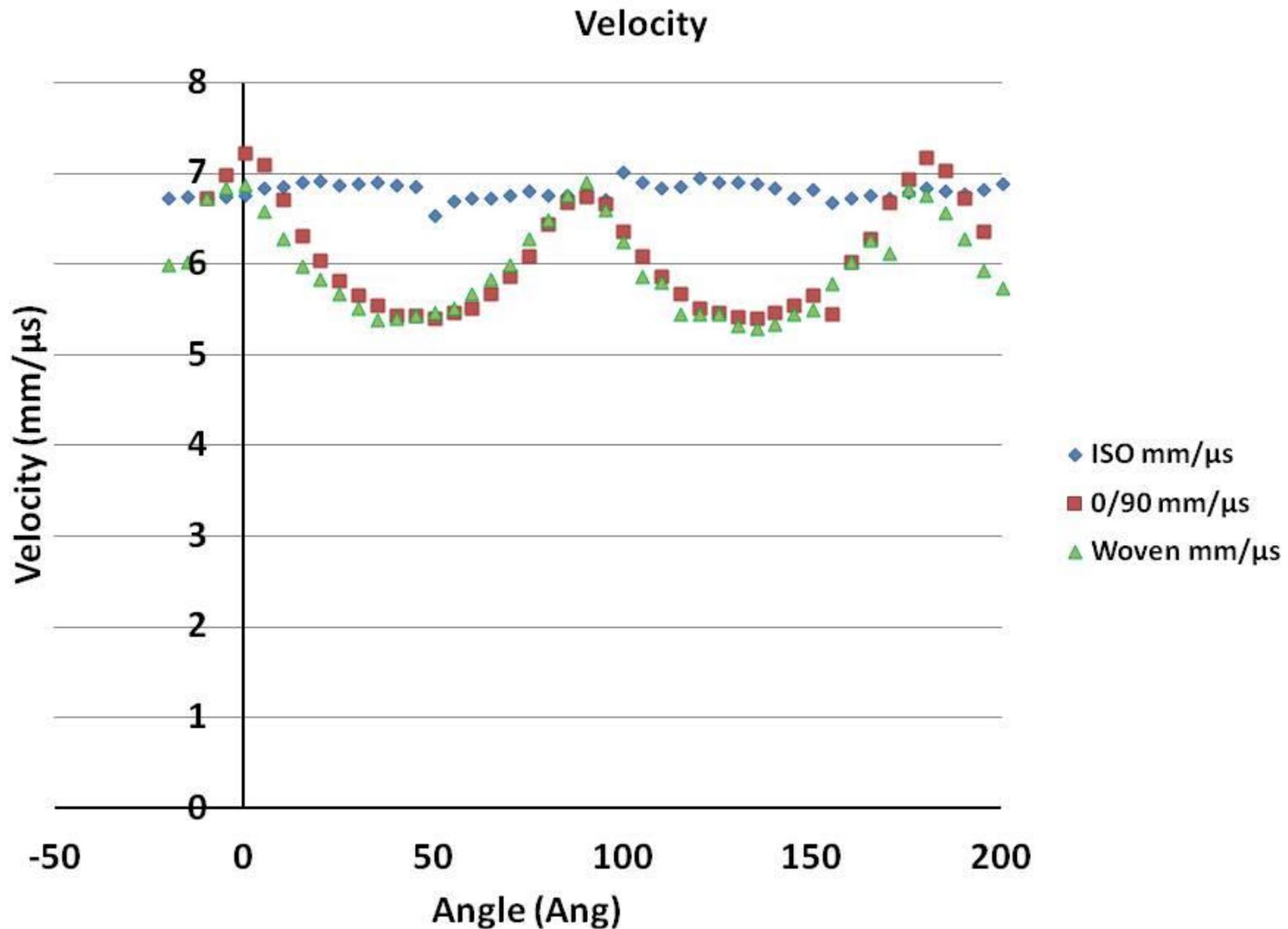
40 Degree Conventional Wedge



Directional Ultrasonic Testing of Composites

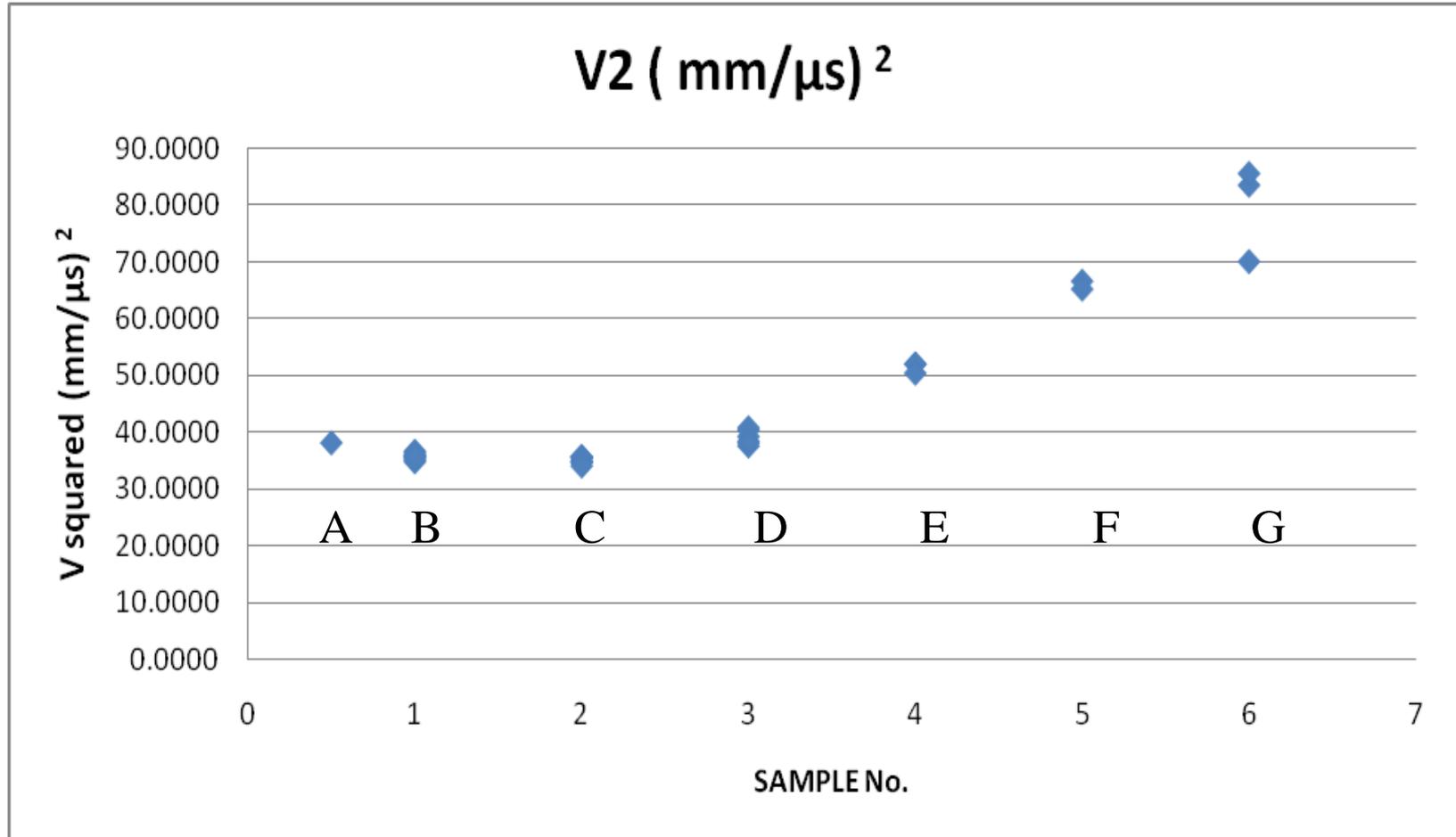


Directional Ultrasonic Testing of Composites



Direct Sensing of the Composite Materials Elastic Modulus

Plot of composite samples velocity with different modulus



POINTS OF DISCUSSION

SOME QUESTIONS:

Is technical community willing to do the investment?

Is technical community ready for interdisciplinary work?

Will system designer accept the concept?

What is time table to get there?

Who will carry technology development burden?

Can we stay on track without too many back steps?

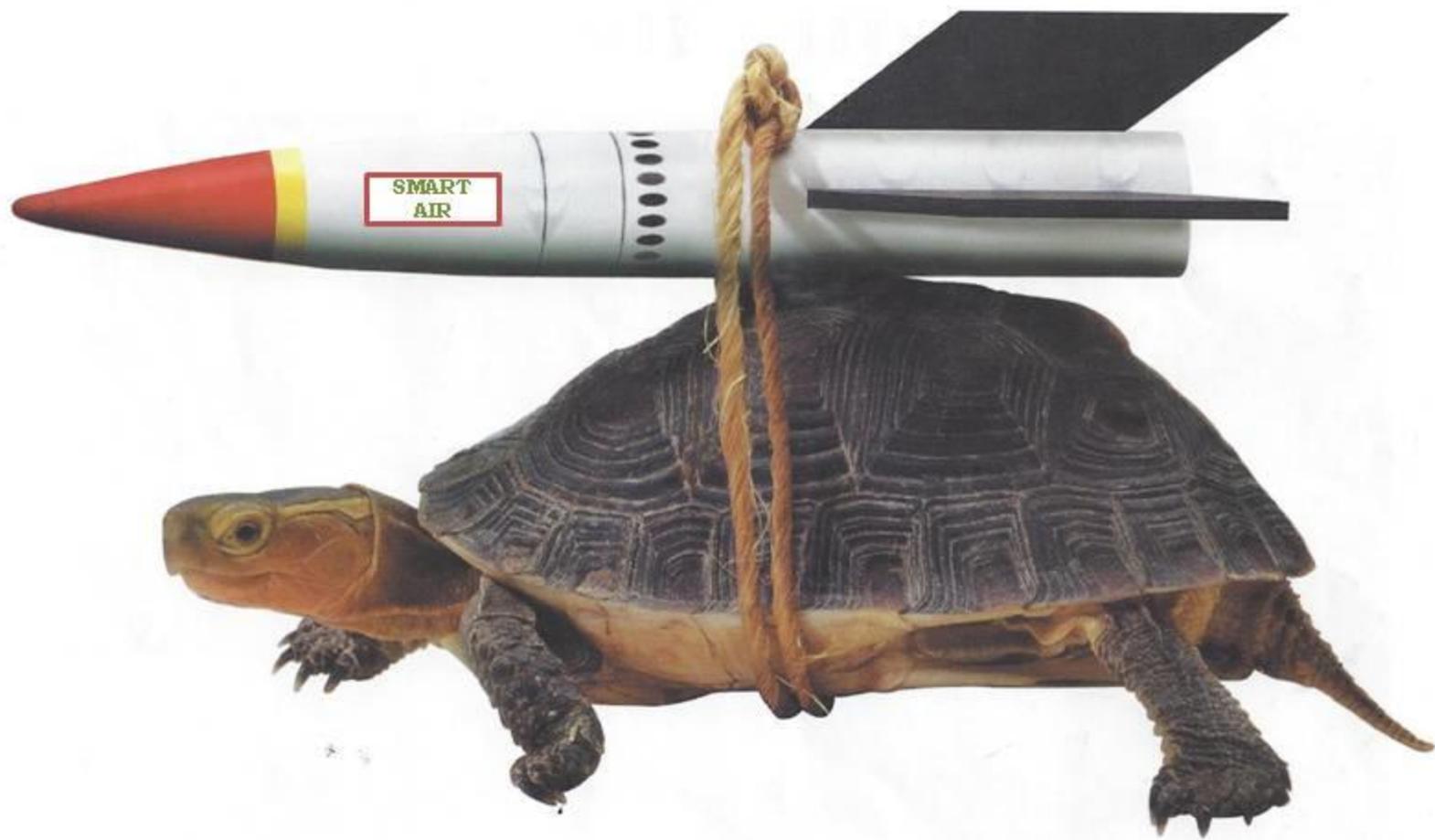
What technologies do we pursue?

How is in-situ NDE integrated into operations?

How is prognostic NDE integrated into operations?

THE IMPACT OF PROGNOSTIC NDE WILL BE ENORMOUS

The best solutions combine **wisdom** and **speed**.



PROGNOSTIC HEALTH STRUCTURAL MONITORING

THE IMPACT OF PROGNOSTIC NDI IS ENORMOUS

- System reliability
- Time saving
- Logistic improvements
- Cost saving...

In-situ NDE enables real time “Prognostic” structural assessments methodology that enables safer and more efficient management of structures.

In a long duration space mission, it is survival.