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Appendix 3.2C Wetland Delineation

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National Aeronautics and Space Administration
George C. Marshall Space Flight Center
Marshall Space Flight Center, AL 35812



April 11, 2012

Reply to Attn of:

Office of Center Operations

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Los Angeles District
Regulatory Division, Ventura Field Office
Attn: Antal Szijj
2151 Alessandro Drive, Suite 110
Ventura, California 93001

SUBJECT: Wetlands and Waters of the United States, Request for a Jurisdictional Determination for the NASA-Administered Portions of the Santa Susana Field Laboratory, Ventura County, California.

Dear Mr. Antal Szijj:

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) requests a jurisdictional determination for Wetlands and Waters of the United States within the NASA-Administered property of the Santa Susana Field Laboratory located in Ventura County, California.

The NASA-administered property at SSFL consists of 41.7 acres within Area I and all 409.5 acres of Area II.

A wetland delineation was conducted for NASA in January 2012. The survey was conducted to support NASA's preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS), which is being prepared to assess the potential impacts of NASA's proposed action to demolish structures and remediate soil and groundwater on the NASA-Administered property at SSFL, as well as to support subsequent permitting that might be required under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. The results of this delineation are considered preliminary pending your determination. A copy of NASA's survey is enclosed.

If you have any questions, please contact Jeremiah Kolb at (256)544-6304.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Allen Elliott".

Allen Elliott
SSFL Project Director
National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)

Enclosure: Wetlands and Waters of the United States, Delineation for the NASA-Administered Portions of the Santa Susana Field Laboratory, Ventura County, California

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**Wetlands and Waters of the United
States, Delineation for the NASA-
Administered Portions of the Santa
Susana Field Laboratory,
Ventura County, California**

**National Aeronautics and Space Administration
Huntsville, Alabama**

March 2012

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Acronyms and Abbreviations

%	per mil (per thousand)
°F	degrees Fahrenheit
CFR	<i>Code of Federal Regulations</i>
CWA	Clean Water Act
EIS	Environmental Impact Statement
ELV	Expendable Launch Vehicle
HUC	Hydrologic Unit Code
LF	linear foot
LOX	liquid oxygen
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration
NHD	National Hydrology Dataset
NRCS	Natural Resources Conservation Service
NWI	National Wetland Inventory
PABHx	Palustrine Aquatic Bed Permanently Flooded Excavated
PEMC	Palustrine Emergent Seasonally Flooded
PFOA	Palustrine Forested Temporarily Flooded
PLF	Propellant Load Facility
PSSA	Palustrine Scrub-Shrub Temporarily Flooded
PSSB	Palustrine Scrub-Shrub Saturated
PSSC	Palustrine Scrub-Shrub Seasonally Flooded
PUBHx	Palustrine Unconsolidated Bottom Permanently Flooded Excavated
SPA	Storage Propellant Area
SSFL	Santa Susana Field Laboratory
STL	Systems Test Laboratory
U.S.	United States
USACE	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
USGS	U.S. Geological Survey

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Introduction

Wetlands and other waters are ecological habitats protected under the federal Clean Water Act (CWA). Activities that have the potential to discharge fill materials into “waters of the United States” (U.S.), including wetlands, must be authorized by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) under Section 404 of the CWA. This report presents the results of a wetlands delineation for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)–administered property at the Santa Susana Field Laboratory (SSFL) in Ventura County, California. The results of this delineation are considered preliminary, pending verification by the USACE regulatory branch. A general description of the project location and environmental setting are provided in the following text. Study methods and survey results are provided in Sections 2 and 3, respectively.

1.1 Project Location and Description

SSFL is located mostly within an unincorporated part of Ventura County, California (Figure 1-1). The site is in a remote, mountainous area near the crest of the Simi Hills at the western border of the San Fernando Valley, approximately 30 miles northwest of downtown Los Angeles.

SSFL was established shortly after World War II and has been used primarily as a site to develop and test nuclear reactors, rockets, and missiles. The total site is 2,850 acres and is divided into four test areas (Areas I, II, III, and IV) and two buffer areas (northern and southern buffer areas). The NASA-administered property at SSFL consists of 41.7 acres within Area I and all 409.5 acres of Area II, together representing approximately 15.6 percent of the total area of the site (Figure 1-2).

This report presents the results of a wetland delineation of the NASA-administered property at SSFL. The survey was conducted to support NASA’s preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS), which is being prepared to assess the potential impacts of NASA’s proposal to demolish structures and remediate soil and groundwater on the NASA-administered property at SSFL, as well as to support subsequent permitting that might be required under Section 404 of the CWA.

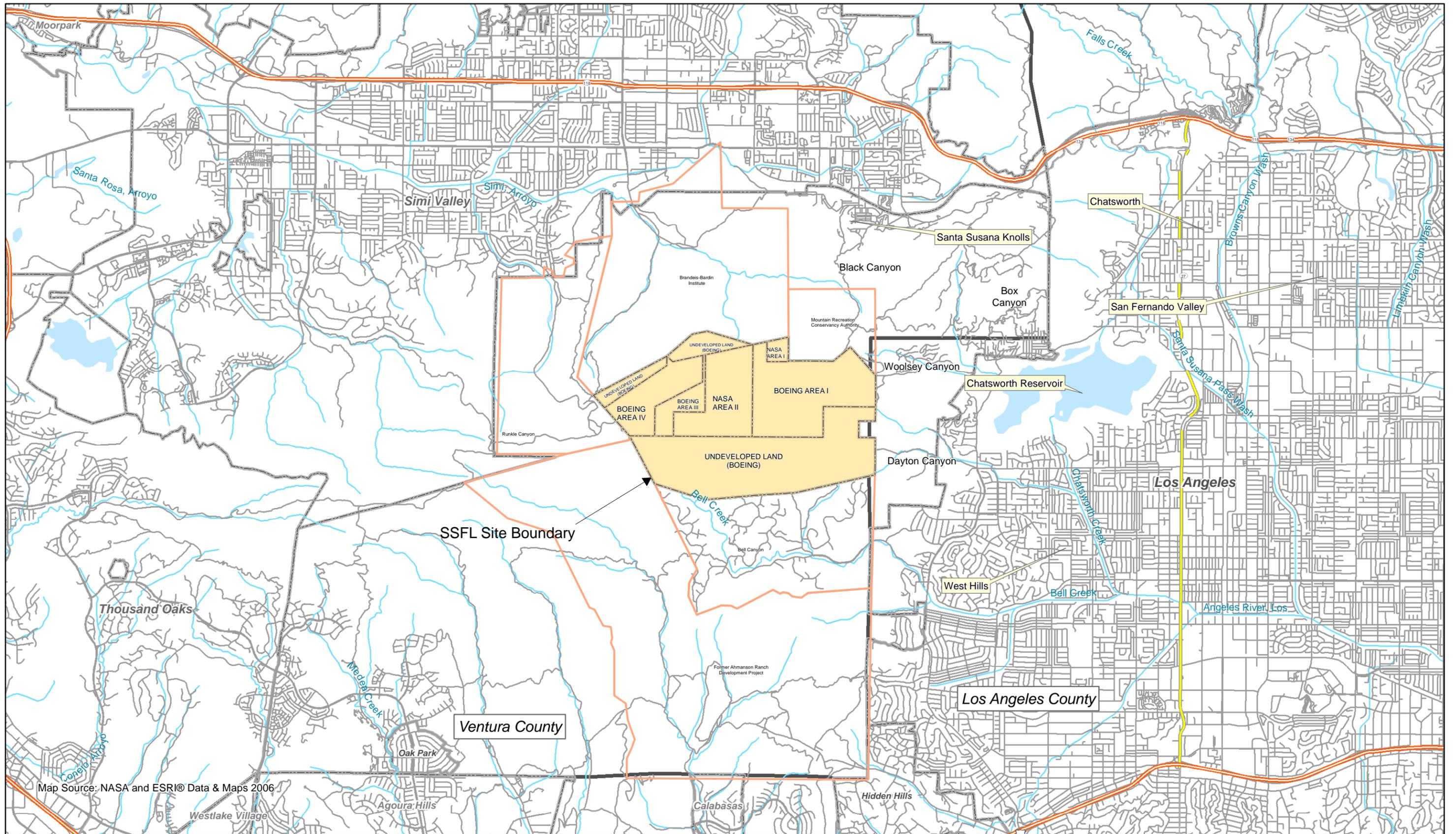
1.2 Environmental Setting

SSFL’s landscape is dominated by sandstone outcropping hills, areas of natural vegetation, and numerous industrial facilities and roadways. The site is within the central portion of the Southern California Coast ecological subregion, in the Simi Valley–Santa Susana Mountains (261Be) ecological subsection (Miles and Goudey, 1998). This ecological subsection includes steep mountains, moderately steep to steep hills, and nearly level to gently sloping floodplains, terraces, and alluvial fans.

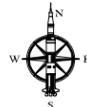
1.2.1 Terrestrial Vegetation

Eight natural terrestrial habitat types as well as ruderal and developed areas have been identified on the NASA-administered property at SSFL (NASA, 2011). These habitat types are described briefly in the following subsections. Table 1-1 provides a comparison of the mapped habitat types and the current California vegetation classification system (Sawyer et al., 2009). Aquatic features including wetlands and drainages are described in more detail in Section 3.

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Map Source: NASA and ESRI® Data & Maps 2006



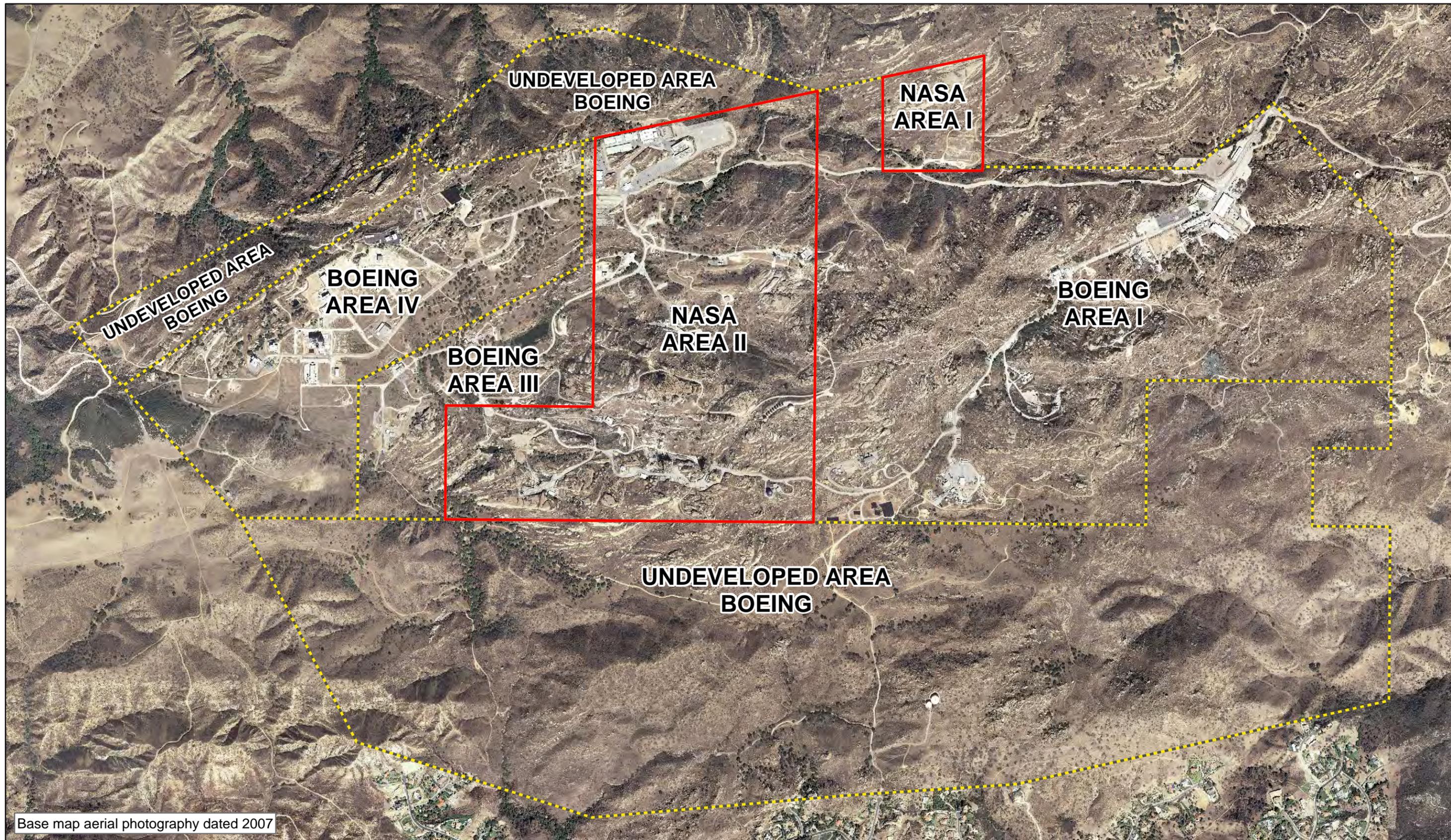
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 A. Cooley

Figure 1-1
 Regional Map
 NASA Wetlands and Waters of the U.S. Delineation Report
 Santa Susana Field Laboratory
 Ventura County, California

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Base map aerial photography dated 2007



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Legend

- NASA-Administered Property Boundary
- SSFL Administrative Areas

Figure 1-2
Site Overview
 NASA Wetlands and Waters of the U.S. Delineation Report
 Santa Susana Field Laboratory
 Ventura County, California

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TABLE 1-1
Mapped Habitat Types and Current California Vegetation Classification System
Wetland Delineation for the NASA-Administered Portions of SSFL

Mapped Natural Habitat Types	Current California Vegetation Classification System ^a
Chaparral	<i>Adenostoma fasciculatum</i> — <i>Salvia mellifera</i> Shrubland Alliance <i>Malosma laurina</i> Shrubland Alliance <i>Malacothamnus fasciculatus</i> Shrubland Alliance <i>Eriodictyon crassifolium</i> Provisional Shrubland Alliance
Venturan Coastal Sage Scrub	<i>Artemisia californica</i> – <i>Eriogonum fasciculatum</i> Shrubland Alliance
Non-Native Grassland	<i>Avena</i> (<i>barbata</i> , <i>fatua</i>) Semi-Natural Herbaceous Stands
Coast Live Oak Woodland	<i>Quercus agrifolia</i> Woodland Alliance
Coast Live Oak Riparian Forest	<i>Quercus agrifolia</i> Woodland Alliance
Baccharis Scrub	<i>Baccharis pilularis</i> Shrubland Alliance
Mule-fat Scrub	<i>Baccharis salicifolia</i> Shrubland Alliance
Southern Willow Scrub	<i>Salix lasiolepis</i> Shrubland Alliance

^a From Sawyer et al. (2009).

1.2.1.1 Chaparral

Chaparral is the most abundant and widespread natural community at the NASA-administered property. This habitat covers 172.6 acres (approximately 38 percent) of the site.¹ Characteristic species include chamise (*Adenostoma fasciculatum*), hoaryleaf ceanothus (*Ceanothus crassifolius*), black sage (*Salvia mellifera*), laurel sumac (*Malosma laurina*), thicketleaf yerba santa (*Eriodictyon crassifolium*), Mendocino bushmallow (*Malacothamnus fasciculatus*), and chaparral yucca (*Yucca whipplei*). The abundance of these species is variable within this habitat type depending on soils, aspect, past disturbance, and other environmental factors.

1.2.1.2 Venturan Coastal Sage Scrub

Venturan coastal sage scrub covers 64.4 acres (approximately 15 percent) of the site. Characteristic species include coastal sagebrush (*Artemisia californica*), Eastern Mojave buckwheat (*Eriogonum fasciculatum* var. *fasciculatum*), black sage, chaparral yucca, thicketleaf yerba santa, and common deerweed (*Acmispon glaber*).

1.2.1.3 Non-native Grassland

Grassland habitat covers 18.6 acres (approximately 4 percent) of the site and often occurs in a mosaic with other habitat types. Most of the grasslands are characterized by slender oat (*Avena barbata*) intermixed with other introduced annual grasses such as ripgut brome (*Bromus diandrus*), soft brome (*Bromus hordeaceus*), and fescue (*Vulpia* spp). Native grasses including needlegrass (*Nassella* spp.), littleseed muhly (*Muhlenbergia microsperma*), and deergrass (*Muhlenbergia rigens*) are present in a few areas, but generally provide only minimal cover. Common herbaceous species include suncup (*Camissonia* spp.), winecup clarkia (*Clarkia purpurea*), longbeak stork's bill (*Erodium botrys*), and winter vetch (*Vicia villosa*).

1.2.1.4 Coast Live Oak Woodland

Coast live oak woodland is distributed widely across the site but makes up only 13.2 acres (approximately 3 percent) of the NASA-administered property. This habitat is characterized by mature coast live oak (*Quercus agrifolia*) trees. The understory generally consists of annual grasses such as ripgut brome and slender oat, with occasional native grasses including blue wildrye (*Elymus glaucus*) and California brome (*Bromus carinatus*). The

¹ "NASA-administered property" and "site" are synonymous throughout.

understory shrub layer is poorly developed and, where present, generally consists of scattered Pacific poison oak (*Toxicodendron diversilobum*).

1.2.1.5 Coast Live Oak Riparian Forest

Coast live oak riparian forest is found along the edges of the seasonal streams on the site. This habitat type covers 9.2 acres (approximately 2 percent) of the NASA-administered property. The composition of this community is generally similar to the coast live oak woodland habitat described previously, although the understory typically is more diverse in these areas and includes species such as Douglas' sagewort (*Artemisia douglasiana*), creeping snowberry (*Symphoricarpos mollis*), and American black elderberry (*Sambucus nigra*).

1.2.1.6 Baccharis Scrub

Baccharis scrub is limited, covering only 2.6 total acres (less than 1 percent) of the site. This community is characterized by generally pure stands of coyotebrush (*Baccharis pilularis*). In these areas, coyotebrush ranges from dense cover with a sparse herbaceous layer to more open stands with an understory composed of annual grasses and scattered forbs.

1.2.1.7 Mule-fat Scrub

Mule-fat scrub is limited, covering 2.1 acres (less than 1 percent) of the site. This habitat type is characterized by localized, dense stands of mule-fat (*Baccharis salicifolia*).

1.2.1.8 Southern Willow Scrub

Southern willow scrub habitat on the NASA-administered property is characterized by arroyo willow (*Salix lasiolepis*) intermixed with occasional red willow (*Salix laevigata*) and narrowleaf willow (*Salix exigua*). This habitat type is uncommon on the site, covering only 1 acre (less than 1 percent). Southern willow scrub occurs in localized patches around scattered ponds and detention basins and along portions of the seasonal drainages within the site.

1.2.1.9 Sandstone Rock Outcrops

Approximately 85 acres (19 percent) of the NASA-administered property is composed of sandstone outcrops. In many areas the outcrops are devoid of vegetation, while in other areas, the rocks are covered with a diverse assemblage of lichens. In some areas, scattered vascular plants are present. Common plants associated with these rock outcrops include bushy spikemoss (*Selaginella bigelovii*), lanceleaf liveforever (*Dudleya lanceolata*), chalk dudleya (*Dudleya pulverulenta*), cliffbrake (*Pellaea* spp.), orange bush monkey flower (*Mimulus aurantiacus*), and Santa Susana tarweed (*Deinandra minthornii*).

1.2.1.10 Ruderal

Ruderal habitat is common around developed areas and areas that have been subject to human disturbance. Ruderal habitats cover approximately 17 acres (4 percent) of the site. Common species observed in these areas include telegraphweed (*Heterotheca grandiflora*), black mustard (*Brassica nigra*), Maltese star-thistle (*Centaurea melitensis*), silver bird's-foot trefoil (*Acmispon argophyllus*), stork's bill (*Erodium* spp.), and common deerweed.

1.2.1.11 Developed

Developed areas include paved roads, parking areas, buildings, test structures, and other developments. Approximately 58 acres, or 13 percent, of the NASA-administered property have been developed.

1.2.2 Climate and Hydrology

Regional climate data were obtained from the Western Regional Climate Center (2011) and the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) (2002) for Canoga Park, which is approximately 7 miles southeast of SSFL. Climate data are provided in Appendix A. Average temperatures range from a low of about 39 degrees Fahrenheit (°F) in December and January to a high of 95°F in August. Average annual rainfall is approximately 17 inches. The majority of the precipitation, 87 percent of the total, falls between November and March. The growing season,

defined as having a 50-percent probability of temperatures at or above 32°F, extends from March 6 through November 28, for a total of 267 days (NRCS, 2002).

Precipitation has been measured at SSFL at two onsite monitoring stations since 1960. Precipitation at SSFL is normally in the form of rain, although snow occasionally has fallen during winter months. Precipitation at the site averaged approximately 18.5 inches per year between 1960 and 2008. Annual precipitation has ranged from a low of 6.15 inches in 2007 to a maximum of 41.24 inches in 1998. There was no measurable precipitation in the 2 weeks immediately prior to the wetland delineation field survey, and regional rainfall during December was approximately 40 percent of the average. Overall rainfall in the region between November 1 and December 31, 2011, was approximately 30 percent below the average for this time of year, due largely to slightly above average rainfall during November.

Area I and the northern portion of Area II are located in the 41,142-acre Simi-Valley Hydrologic Sub-Area, which is part of the Calleguas-Conejo Hydrologic Area in the Calleguas Watershed (Hydrologic Unit Code [HUC] 18070103) (CalWater, 2004). Drainage in this area flows north and connects to the drainage in Meier Canyon, which subsequently discharges into Arroyo Simi. Arroyo Semi flows west into Arroyo Las Posas, a tributary to Calleguas Creek, which flows into the Pacific Ocean. Appendix B provides the watershed areas and streams included in the National Hydrology Dataset (NHD) on the NASA-administered property of SSFL.

The southern part of Area II is located in the 184,398-acre Bull Canyon Hydrologic Sub-Area, which is part of the San Fernando Hydrologic Area in the Los Angeles Watershed (HUC 18070105) (CalWater, 2004). Most of the surface water in this area runs off the southern property boundary into the Southwestern Drainage (referred to as Bell Creek on the U.S. Geological Survey [USGS] Calabasas topographic quadrangle map), which subsequently discharges into the Los Angeles River, which flows into the Pacific Ocean (Appendix B).

1.2.3 Soils

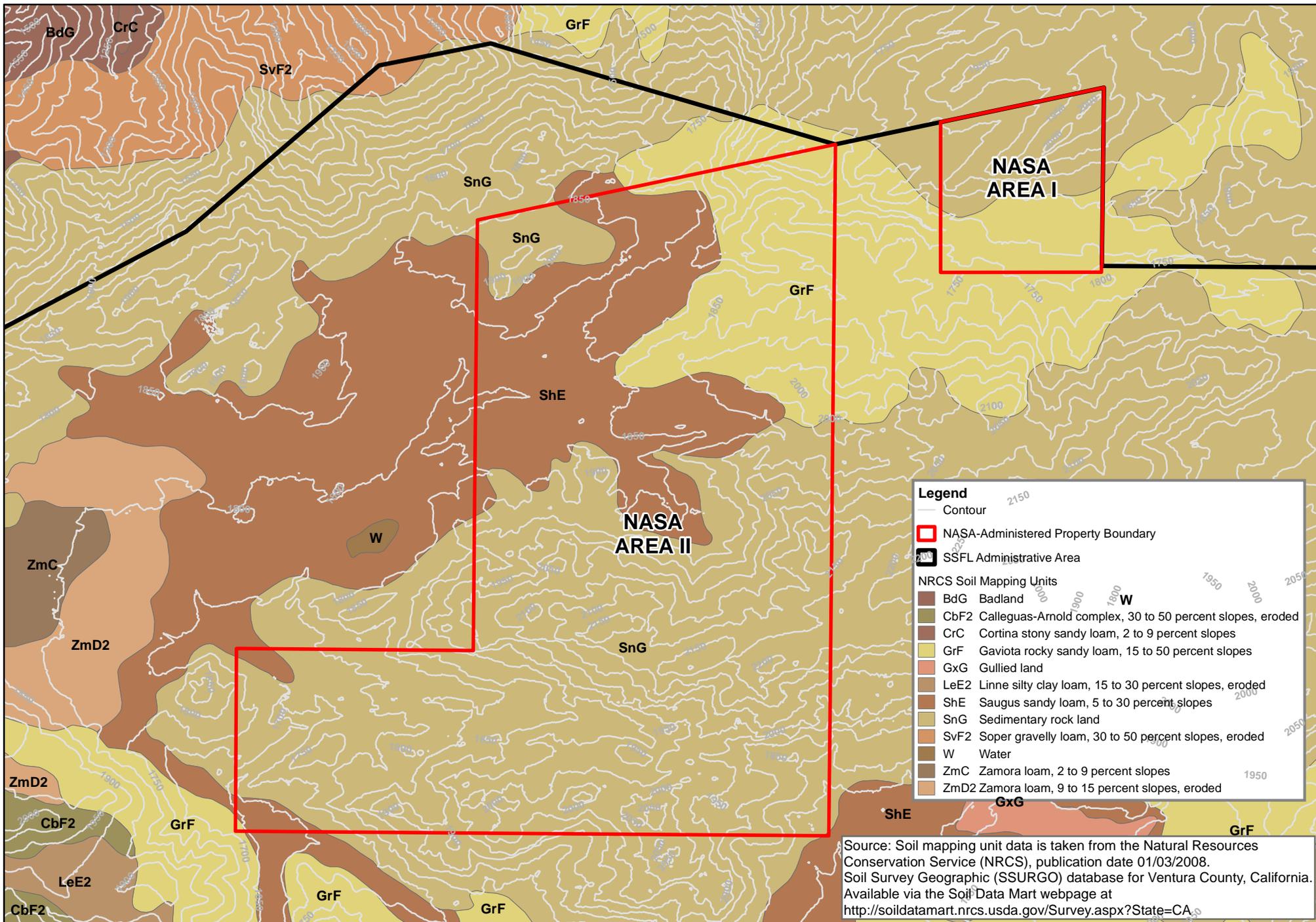
Information about soil types within the wetland study area was obtained from the Soil Survey for Ventura County, Web Soil Survey (NRCS, 2012a) and official NRCS (2012b) soil series descriptions. Three NRCS-mapped soil types occur within the NASA-administered property (NRCS, 2012a). These soil types are described generally in the following text; their distribution on the property is shown in Figure 1-3. The soil colors described in the following sections are all for moist soils. Appendix C contains additional soil information.

GrF—Gaviota rocky sandy loam, 15- to 50-percent slopes. This soil-mapping unit occurs in the southern half of Area I and in the northeastern corner of Area II. These soils formed in material weathered from hard sandstone or meta-sandstone and are found on hills and mountains. These soils have a very shallow or shallow-to-lithic (bedrock) contact. In a typical profile the surface layer to a depth of 10 inches is a brown (7.5 YR 4/4) gravelly loam underlain by hard meta-sandstone. These soils are well to excessively well-drained with very low to very high runoff and moderately rapid permeability.

ShE—Saugus sandy loam, 5- to 30-percent slopes. This soil mapping unit occurs in the northwestern and southwestern portions of Area II. This unit consists of deep, well-drained soils that formed from weakly consolidated sediments found on dissected terraces and foothills. In a typical profile the soil is a dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) loam in the upper 25 inches with gravel content ranging from 5 to 15 percent (increasing with depth). These soils have medium to rapid runoff and moderate permeability.

SnG—Sedimentary rock land. This soil mapping unit occurs in the northern half of Area I and in the northwestern corner and southern half of Area II. This mapping unit consists mostly of exposed sedimentary rock with very thin, discontinuous areas of soil. There is little available information about this mapping unit; however, the potential for erosion is expected to be relatively low, with rapid runoff and very low permeability.

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Figure 1-3
NRCS Soil Mapping Units
NASA Wetlands and Waters of the U.S. Delineation Report
Santa Susana Field Laboratory
Ventura County, California

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Methods

A wetland delineation field survey was completed between January 3 and 6, 2012, by CH2M HILL wetland ecologists Russell Huddleston and Steve Long. The purpose of the survey was to identify the limits of wetlands and other waters on the 451.2 acres of NASA-administered property at SSFL (Figure 1-2). The following subsections describe the prefield investigations, field sampling procedures, methods used to delineate and map the wetland boundaries, and wetland classifications.

2.1 Prefield Investigation

Prior to conducting the field work, relevant information pertaining to site conditions was reviewed. The following materials (provided in the appendixes, as indicated) were included in this data review:

- USGS Calabasas quadrangle topographic map and the NHD (Appendix B)
- NRCS-mapped soils and soil series descriptions (Figure 1-3; Appendix C)
- The National Wetland Inventory (NWI) (Appendix D)

2.2 Wetland Delineation

Wetlands are defined as areas that are “inundated by surface water or groundwater with a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas” (Title 40 *Code of Federal Regulations* [CFR], Section 230.3, and Title 33 CFR, Section 238). The survey methodology followed the *Wetland Delineation Manual* (Environmental Laboratory, 1987) and the *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region* (USACE, 2008).

Wetland determination data points were established at 10 locations, including 5 wetland data points and 5 upland data points (see the figures in Section 3). Sample points were located in areas that were considered to be representative of the wetland boundary being delineated. Appendix E includes the wetland determination data sheets. The following subsections describe the field methods used during the wetland delineation.

2.2.1 Vegetation

At each sample point, plant species were identified and the percent cover was visually estimated and recorded. Herbaceous vegetation was sampled in an approximately 5-foot radius around the sample point. Taxonomic designations follow *The Jepson Manual: Vascular Plants of California* (Baldwin et al., 2012). The *National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands* (Reed, 1988) was used to evaluate the wetland indicator status of each plant species identified. Dominant species included the most abundant species whose cumulative cover accounted for at least 50 percent of the total cover, and any single species that accounted for at least 20 percent of the total vegetative cover. Appendix F provides a list of plant species observed at the sample points and of other common species observed throughout the wetland study area during the field survey.

2.2.2 Soils

Descriptions of soils were made by examining test pits that had been excavated using a tile spade that ranged in depth from 5 to 24 inches. In some areas, the depth of excavation was limited by shallow sandstone contact. At each data point, soil morphological features such as texture, color, and redoximorphic features (if present) were noted. Soil texture was estimated in the field by feel (Thien, 1979), and moist soil colors were determined using

Munsell color charts. In areas where no hydric soil indicators were observed, hydric conditions were assumed to be present where the following conditions existed:

- Dominant vegetation was composed entirely of obligate and facultative wetland plant species.
- There was evidence of seasonal wetland hydrology.
- There was a noticeable difference between the wetland and adjacent upland habitat.

2.2.3 Hydrology

The presence of wetland hydrology was determined based on current as well as previous field observations of saturation and/or inundation, water staining, sediment deposits, and drift deposits. Seasonal rainfall, site drainage, landscape position, and general site topography also were taken into consideration while making wetland hydrology determinations.

2.2.4 Wetland and Water Boundary Mapping

A Trimble Geo-XT global positioning system (GPS) device was used to map the limits of the wetland boundaries. Wetland boundaries were determined in the field based on observations of hydrophytic vegetation, evidence of wetland hydrology, and onsite microtopography. Because most of the soils lacked evidence of hydric indicators, soil characteristics generally were not useful in differentiating the wetland boundaries.

2.3 Delineation of Nonwetland Waters of the United States

Nonwetland waters of the U.S. include such things as rivers, streams, lakes, and ponds. In the absence of adjacent wetlands, the jurisdiction of the USACE extends to the limits of the ordinary high-water mark, which is defined as “the line on the shore established by fluctuations of water and indicated by physical characteristics such as a clear, natural line impressed on the bank, shelving, changes in the character of the soil, destruction of terrestrial vegetation, the presence of litter and debris, or other appropriate means that consider the characteristics of the surrounding areas” (33 CFR 328.3 [e]).

Linear features such as creeks and drainages were delineated by walking the channel bed, to the extent possible, and noting the characteristics of the feature such as substrate, in channel and adjacent vegetation, evidence of flow and hydrologic modifications such as culverts or weirs. To the extent possible, the channel bed was mapped in the field with a Trimble Geo-XT. The ordinary high water was determined and measured at representative cross sections (reference the Section 3 figures) based on observed water staining, drift and debris deposits, sediment deposits, scouring, and other indicators of ordinary high-water flows. Stream data sheets are provided in Appendix F and representative site photographs are provided in Appendix G. In total, 54 stream data sheets were completed within the NASA-administered property. The locations where stream sample points were established corresponded generally to the upper, middle, and lower ends of a particular stream segment (reach), adjusting for other significant features such as tributaries and obstructions (dams or diversions).

Nonlinear features including ponds and impoundments were delineated based on the extent of the ordinary high-water mark as determined by indicators such as water staining and sediment deposits. Emergent wetland vegetation was present in some areas but occurred below the limits of the ordinary high water, and therefore, was not considered to be adjacent. The limits of the ordinary high water were then mapped using a Trimble Geo-XT.

2.4 Classification

Classification of wetlands and other waters identified during the survey follows the *Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States* (Cowardin et al., 1979). This classification methodology was developed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service as part of the NWI program. The hierarchical classification includes systems, subsystems, and classes to generally categorize the various aquatic habitats. Modifiers are used to denote specific water regimes and/or highly altered areas (excavated or impounded wetlands). Additional details regarding the classification of wetlands identified on the NASA-administered property are provided in Section 3.

Results

3.1 Survey Conditions

No significant recent disturbance was observed; however, the rainfall between November 1 and December 31, 2011, was approximately 30 percent below average. Therefore, the wetlands and drainages might have been drier than would normally be expected for this time of year. In most areas, the ordinary high-water marks clearly were expressed as water marks and/or drift lines. Additionally, the drainages generally had clearly expressed and well-defined channels. For these reasons, the dry seasonal conditions did not preclude an effective delineation of the wetland boundaries and ordinary high-water marks.

3.2 Wetlands and Waters

As listed in Table 3-1, 1.348 acres of Palustrine wetlands and 1.879 acres of Riverine wetlands were identified within the 451.2-acre NASA-administered property at SSFL. An additional 0.439 acre of other features (such as swales, asphalt drainage ditches, and overflow culverts) were identified in this area, as well. The wetland locations within the study area are shown in Figures 3-1 through 3-6. Descriptions of the wetlands and other features are provided in the following subsections.

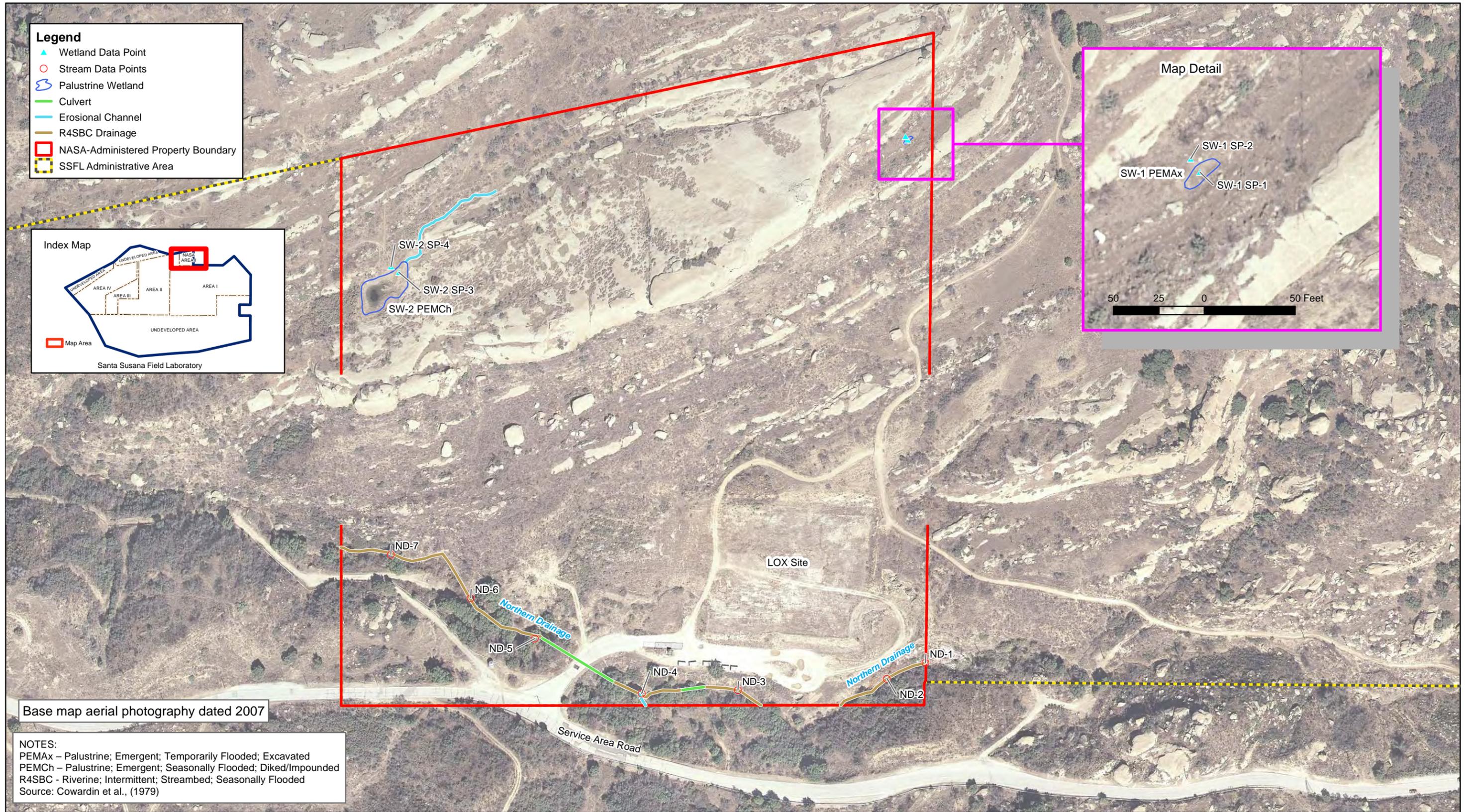
3.2.1 Palustrine Wetlands

Wetlands classified as part of the Palustrine (P) system are nontidal, freshwater wetlands that might be vegetated with trees, shrubs, herbaceous vegetation or mosses, and lichens. Also included are wetlands lacking such vegetation but with all of the following four characteristics: 1) the total area is less than 20 acres; 2) there are no active wave-formed or bedrock shoreline features; 3) water depth in the deepest part of basin is less than 6 feet at low water; and 4) salinity due to ocean-derived salts is less than 0.5 per mil"/per thousand (‰) (Cowardin et al., 1979). Palustrine wetlands identified on the NASA-administered property fall into two classes: Emergent and Unconsolidated Bottom. The Emergent Class includes wetlands that are characterized by more than 30-percent cover of erect, rooted, herbaceous plants adapted to grow under flooded and/or saturated conditions. The Unconsolidated Bottom Class includes wetlands that are characterized by cobble-gravel, sand, or mud substrates and have less than 30-percent vegetative cover. Water regimes of the Palustrine wetlands identified in the survey area include permanently flooded, seasonally flooded, and temporarily flooded. Descriptions of the Palustrine wetlands are provided in the following subsections.

3.2.1.1 Area I SW-1 (PEMAx)

In the northeastern corner of Area I there is a small (150 square foot) depressional basin that appears to have been excavated. Vegetation observed in the basin during the January 2012 survey included scattered annual plant seedlings of scarlet pimpernel (*Anagallis arvensis*), smooth cat's ear (*Hypochaeris glabra*), longbeak stork's bill, and black mustard. During the April 2011 botanical surveys, aquatic vegetation observed in this area included water pygmyweed (*Crassula aquatica*), slender woollyheads (*Psilocarphus tenellus*), toad rush (*Juncus bufonius*), and hyssop loosestrife (*Lythrum hyssopifolia*). At the edge of the basin, the surface soil is a brown (10 YR 5/3) sandy loam to a depth of 1 inch, underlain by a mixture of light yellowish-brown (10 YR 6/4) sand and brown (10 YR 4/3) fine sandy loam to a depth of 10 inches. Sandstone rock was encountered at a depth of 10 inches. The small basin was dry at the time of the January 2012 survey, but seasonal precipitation was below the average for the time of year. No definitive evidence of wetland hydrology or hydric soils was observed in this area; however, there is a notable change in the vegetation relative to the surrounding areas, a shallow topographic basin with what appears to be sandstone bedrock at a depth of 10 inches, and past observations of wetland vegetation. Taken together, these characteristics suggest that temporary seasonal ponding is likely to occur under more typical seasonal rainfall conditions.

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Legend

- ▲ Wetland Data Point
- Stream Data Points
- ☁ Palustrine Wetland
- Culvert
- Erosional Channel
- R4SBC Drainage
- NASA-Administered Property Boundary
- ▨ SSFL Administrative Area

Index Map

Santa Susana Field Laboratory

Map Area

Map Detail

SW-1 PEMax

SW-1 SP-2

SW-1 SP-1

50 25 0 50 Feet

Base map aerial photography dated 2007

NOTES:
 PEMax – Palustrine; Emergent; Temporarily Flooded; Excavated
 PEMCh – Palustrine; Emergent; Seasonally Flooded; Diked/Impounded
 R4SBC - Riverine; Intermittent; Streambed; Seasonally Flooded
 Source: Cowardin et al., (1979)

0 100 200 400 Feet

0 15 30 60 90 120 Meters

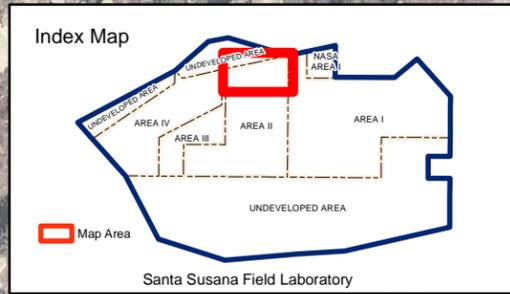
Wetland Delineation:
 Russell Huddleston and Steve Long, January 2012

Drawn By:
 A. Cooley
 27-Feb-2012

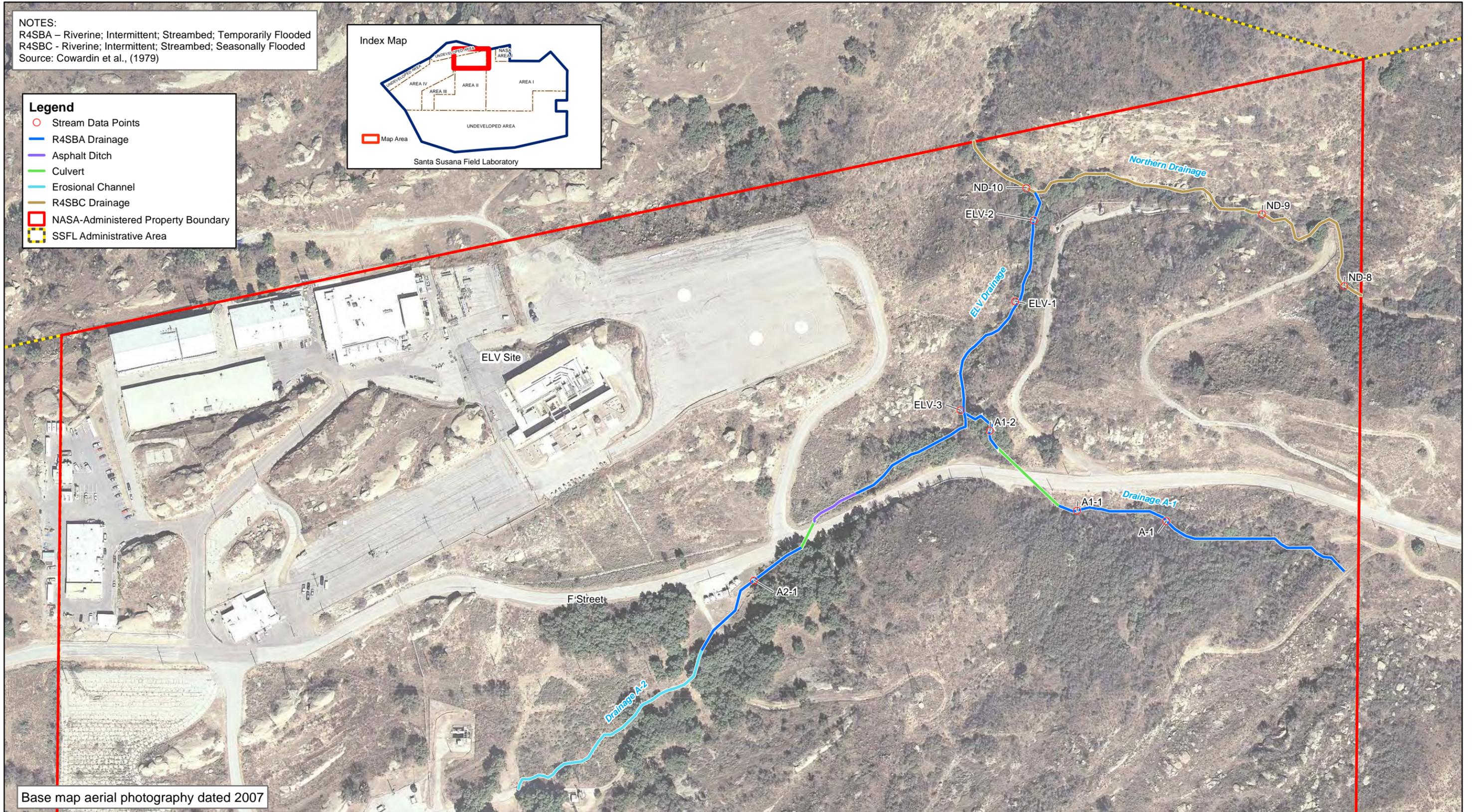
Figure 3-1
Area I
NASA Wetlands and Waters of the U.S. Delineation Report
Santa Susana Field Laboratory
Ventura County, California

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NOTES:
 R4SBA – Riverine; Intermittent; Streambed; Temporarily Flooded
 R4SBC - Riverine; Intermittent; Streambed; Seasonally Flooded
 Source: Cowardin et al., (1979)



- Legend**
- Stream Data Points
 - R4SBA Drainage
 - Asphalt Ditch
 - Culvert
 - Erosional Channel
 - R4SBC Drainage
 - NASA-Administered Property Boundary
 - SSFL Administrative Area



Base map aerial photography dated 2007



Wetland Delineation:
 Russell Huddleston and Steve Long, January 2012

Drawn By:
 A. Cooley
 05-Mar-2012

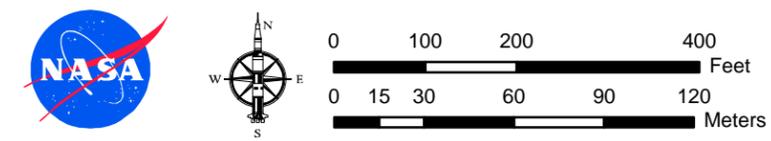
Figure 3-2
Area II North
NASA Wetlands and Waters of the U.S. Delineation Report
Santa Susana Field Laboratory
Ventura County, California

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Base map aerial photography dated 2007

NOTES:
 R4SBA – Riverine; Intermittent; Streambed; Temporarily Flooded
 Source: Cowardin et al., (1979)



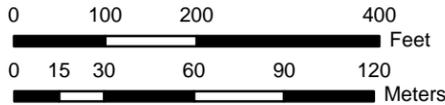
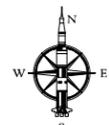
Wetland Delineation:
 Russell Huddleston and Steve Long, January 2012
 Drawn By:
 A. Cooley
 01-Mar-2012

Figure 3-3
Area II - Central North
NASA Wetlands and Waters of the U.S. Delineation Report
Santa Susana Field Laboratory
Ventura County, California

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Base map aerial photography dated 2007



Wetland Delineation:
 Russell Huddleston and Steve Long, January 2012

Drawn By:
 A. Cooley
 27-Feb-2012

Figure 3-4
Area II - Central South
NASA Wetlands and Waters of the U.S. Delineation Report
Santa Susana Field Laboratory
Ventura County, California

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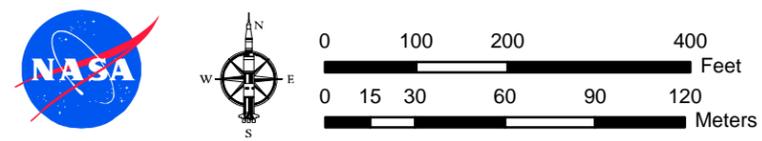


- Legend**
- Stream Data Points
 - ▲ Wetland Data Point
 - ☁ Palustrine Wetland
 - Concrete Lined Ditch
 - Culvert
 - Shotcrete Swale
 - Swale
 - NASA-Administered Property Boundary
 - ▨ SSFL Administrative Area



NOTES:
 PUBHx - Palustrine; Unconsolidated Bottom; Permanently Flooded; Excavated
 Source: Cowardin et al., (1979)

Base map aerial photography dated 2007



Wetland Delineation:
 Russell Huddleston and Steve Long, January 2012

Drawn By:
 A. Cooley
 27-Feb-2012

Figure 3-5
Area II - Southeast
NASA Wetlands and Waters of the U.S. Delineation Report
Santa Susana Field Laboratory
Ventura County, California

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Legend

- ▲ Wetland Data Point
- Stream Data Points
- ☁ Palustrine Wetland
- R4SBA Drainage
- Concrete Lined Ditch
- Constructed Outfall
- Culvert
- Shotcrete Swale
- NASA-Administered Property Boundary
- SSFL Administrative Area

Index Map

Santa Susana Field Laboratory



Base map aerial photography dated 2007

NOTES:
 R4SBA - Riverine; Intermittent; reamed; Temporarily Flooded
 PUBHx - Palustrine; Unconsolidated Bottom; rmanently Flooded; Excavated
 PUBWx - Palustrine; Unconsolidated Bottom; temittently Flooded/Temporary; Excavated
 St - Sonally Flooded; Diked/Impounded
 Source: Cowardin et al., (1979)

Wetland Delineation:
 Russell Huddleston and Steve Long, January 2012
 Drawn By:
 A. Cooley
 01-Mar-2012

Figure 3-6
Area II - Southwest
NASA Wetlands and Waters of the U.S. Delineation Report
Santa Susana Field Laboratory
Ventura County, California

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TABLE 3-1
Summary of Wetland Features
Wetland Delineation for the NASA-Administered Portions of SSFL

Feature ID	Acreage
Palustrine Wetlands	
SW-1 (PEMAx)	0.003
SW-1 (PEMCh)	0.152
R2A Pond (PUBHx)	0.511
R2A Pond Overflow (PUBWx)	0.226
R2B Pond (PEMCh)	0.129
Coca Pond (PUBHx)	0.327
<i>Total Palustrine Wetlands</i>	<i>1.348</i>
Riverine Wetlands	
Northern Drainage (R4SBC)	0.488 (3,193 LF)
<i>Northern Drainage Natural Channel</i>	<i>0.465 (2,176 LF)</i>
<i>Northern Drainage Culverts</i>	<i>0.023 (1,017 LF)</i>
ELV Drainage (R4SBA)	0.146 (976 LF)
<i>ELV Natural Channel</i>	<i>0.138 (862 LF)</i>
Asphalt Drainage Ditch	0.008 (114 LF)
Southwestern Drainage (R4SBA)	0.586 (8,826 LF)
<i>Southwestern Drainage Nature Drainage</i>	<i>0.394 (8,049 LF)</i>
<i>Southwestern Drainage Concrete Ditch</i>	<i>0.100 (542 LF)</i>
<i>Southwestern Drainage Culvert</i>	<i>0.004 (65 LF)</i>
<i>Southwestern Drainage Constructed Outfall</i>	<i>0.088 (170 LF)</i>
Southwestern Drainage Tributary (R4SBA)	0.034 (371 LF)
Coca Drainage (R4SBA)	0.479 (1,899 LF)
<i>Coca Drainage Natural Channel</i>	<i>0.203 (655 LF)</i>
<i>Coca Drainage Concrete Ditch</i>	<i>0.265 (1,155 LF)</i>
<i>Coca Drainage Culverts</i>	<i>0.011 (89 LF)</i>
PLF Drainage (R4SBA)	0.040 (758 LF)
<i>PLF Drainage Natural Channel</i>	<i>0.029 (511 LF)</i>
<i>PLF Drainage Culverts</i>	<i>0.011 (247 LF)</i>
Drainage A-1 (R4SBA)	0.060 (911 LF)
<i>Drainage A-1 Natural Channel</i>	<i>0.050 (724 LF)</i>
<i>Drainage A-1—Culvert</i>	<i>0.010 (187 LF)</i>
Drainage A-2 (R4SBA)	0.046 (935 LF)
<i>Drainage A-2 Natural Channel</i>	<i>0.030 (324 LF)</i>
<i>Drainage A-2 Erosional Feature</i>	<i>0.013 (547 LF)</i>
<i>Drainage A-2 Culvert</i>	<i>0.003 (64 LF)</i>
<i>Total Riverine Wetlands</i>	<i>1.879 (17,869)</i>

TABLE 3-1
Summary of Wetland Features
Wetland Delineation for the NASA-Administered Portions of SSFL

Feature ID	Acreage
<i>Other Features</i>	
Southwestern Drainage Swale (Alpha)	0.157 (6,860 LF)
Southwestern Drainage Swale Culverts	0.013 (218 LF)
Southwestern Drainage Swale Overflow Culvert	0.024 (344 LF)
Coca—Shotcrete Swale	0.236 (1,027 LF)
Coca—Shotcrete Swale Culverts	0.009 (68 LF)
<i>Total Other Features</i>	<i>0.439 (8,517 LF)</i>

Notes:

ELV = Expendable Launch Vehicle

LF = linear foot

PLF = Propellant Load Facility

Surrounding vegetation is characterized by scattered coastal sagebrush, chamise, slender oat, longbeak stork's bill, black mustard, Sandberg's bluegrass (*Poa secunda*), and *Cryptantha* sp. The surface soil in the adjacent area is a brown (10 YR 4/3) loamy fine sand to a depth of 19 inches, and there was no evidence of wetland hydrology.

3.2.1.2 Area I SW-2 (PEMCh)

A second, larger constructed wetland feature, known locally as "horse pond," is near the northwestern corner of Area I (Figure 3-1). The NWI describes the pond as a permanently flooded, excavated wetland with Aquatic Bed vegetation, with adjacent areas mapped as saturated Palustrine Scrub-Shrub wetlands (Appendix C). Field observations indicate that this wetland is more accurately classified as a seasonally flooded Palustrine Emergent wetland that has been created by an impoundment. No adjacent Scrub-Shrub wetlands were identified in this area.

The 0.15-acre wetland is located near the base of a large sandstone outcrop. The basin appears to have been excavated, and an earthen berm has been constructed along the western edge that impounds surface water drainage from the hill slope above. An erosional channel, resulting from channelized runoff, extends approximately 250 feet to the northeast of the wetland (Figure 3-1). Vegetation within the wetland basin is dominated by annual rabbitsfoot grass (*Polypogon monspeliensis*), with lesser amounts of water-starwort (*Callitriche marginata*), tall flatsedge (*Cyperus eragrostis*), rough cocklebur (*Xanthium strumarium*), scarlet pimpernel, purslane speedwell (*Veronica peregrina* subsp. *xalapensis*), and pale spikerush (*Eleocharis macrostachya*). Surface soil is a dark grayish-brown (10YR 4/2), fine sandy loam to a depth of 2 inches underlain by a dark brown (10 YR 3/1) loamy fine sand with less than 2 percent yellowish-red (5 YR 5/6) inclusions in the soil matrix to a depth of 16 inches. Some brown (10 YR 5/3) sand also was observed on the soil ped surfaces between 2 and 9 inches. From 16 to 19 inches, the soil is a dark brown (10YR 4/3) sand. At the time of the January 2012 field survey, some shallow surface water was present in the lowest part of the basin, and a shallow water table was present about 18 inches below the surface, near the outer edge of the basin. Seasonal saturation and inundation were observed in this area during botanical surveys conducted in April and June 2011. Other hydrologic indicators included water marks on the adjacent sandstone rocks and drift deposits.

Vegetation in the adjacent areas includes laurel sumac, chamise, thicketleaf yerba santa, black sage, and Sandberg's bluegrass, with sparse amounts of curly dock (*Rumex crispus*) and scarlet pimpernel. A dense thicket of poison oak is present on the earthen berm along the western side of the basin. Surface soil is a dark grayish-brown (10 YR 4/2) fine sandy loam to a depth of 1 inch that is underlain by a mixture of dark grayish-brown (10 YR 4/2) and yellowish-red (5 YR 5/6) fine sandy loam to a depth of 6 inches. From 6 to 17 inches, the soil is a mixture of dark brown (10YR 4/3), dark yellowish-brown (10 YR 4/6), and gray (10 YR 5/1) loamy fine sand. Soils in this area are likely the result of spoils created during the excavation of the pond area. No evidence of wetland hydrology

was observed. The wetland/upland edge is defined by a relatively abrupt topographic break, change in the dominant vegetation, and evidence of ordinary high water such as water marks and drift deposits.

3.2.1.3 R2B Pond (PUBCh)

The 0.13-acre R2B pond is in the southwestern portion of Area II (Figure 3-6). The pond was mapped by the NWI together with the R2A pond as a permanently flooded, excavated Palustrine Unconsolidated Bottom wetland (Appendix C). Field observations as well as topographic and hydrologic maps indicate that this smaller pond was created by impounding the Southwestern Drainage. Although this pond is flooded for much of the year, no surface water was observed in the basin during the August 2011 botanical survey. Therefore, this feature is more accurately classified as a seasonally flooded Palustrine Aquatic Bed wetland that is the result of an impoundment. The R2B pond physically is separated from the R2A pond by a concrete apron and earthen dam, and it appears to serve as a settling pond prior to discharging, via a 36-inch-diameter culvert, into the larger R2A pond to the east.

The bottom of the pond is covered with fallen dead stems of southern cattail (*Typha domingensis*), but most of the pond is characterized by open water. Sparse (senesced) southern cattail and tule (*Schoenoplectus* sp.) stems are present along the southern and western edges of the pond, but they provide only minimal cover. Arroyo willow (*Salix lasiolepis*) and mule fat also are present around the edges of the pond. Soils are very shallow to bedrock (5 inches) and are of dark grayish-brown (10YR 4/2) fine sandy loam. No redoximorphic features were observed. The pond partially was flooded at the time of the January 2012 field survey and had an estimated depth of 24 inches. Water staining and sediment deposits on the concrete apron and drift deposits on the mule fat branches indicate that ordinary high water appears to be around 4 feet deep.

Vegetation in the adjacent uplands includes arroyo willow, mule fat, coyotebrush, poison oak, orange bush monkey-flower, riggut brome, soft brome, and plumeless Italian thistle (*Carduus pycnocephalus*). The surface soil is a dark grayish-brown (10 YR 4/2) loamy fine sand to a depth of 18 inches. No redoximorphic features were observed, and there was no evidence of wetland hydrology. The wetland/upland edge is defined by changes in the dominant vegetation, presence and absence of ordinary high-water marks, and a relatively gradual transition to bedrock outcrop that surrounds the wetland on the western, southern, and eastern sides.

3.2.1.4 R2A Pond (PUBHx/PUBWx)

The 0.74-acre R2A pond is in the southwestern portion of Area II (Figure 3-6). This feature is mapped together with the R2B pond by the NWI as a permanently flooded, excavated Palustrine Unconsolidated Bottom wetland (Appendix C).

The R2A pond is a large constructed pond that receives inflows from the R2B pond via a 36-inch-diameter culvert on the western side and two ephemeral drainages on the eastern side (Figure 3-6). Water levels within the pond actively are managed through a system of pumps and large-volume plastic pipes (intake and outtake) used to transfer water between the R2A pond and the larger Silvernale pond, located to the north-northeast, outside the NASA-administered property. The water transfers are used to minimize surface water discharges into the Southwestern Drainage below the R2A pond. In the event that both the Silvernale and R2 ponds exceed their water storage capacities, there is an overflow spillway and constructed outfall along the southern side of the pond designed to capture sediment before the water is discharged into the downstream section of the Southwestern Drainage.

The western part of the pond was flooded with several feet of water at the time of the January 2012 survey. During previous biological surveys, in 2010 and 2011, surface water was observed at various levels, but the basin was never completely dry. With the exception of a few small patches of narrow-leaf cattail, the western part of the pond generally lacks emergent vegetation. The extent of the ordinary high water in this area was mapped based on water marks on the surrounding sandstone rocks.

The eastern portion of the pond was dry at the time of the January 2012 survey, and no surface water was observed in this part of the pond during any of the 2011 spring and summer botanical surveys. This part of the pond appears to be used only for excess water storage, and therefore, was considered to be only intermittently flooded. Extensive dead tule stems litter the bottom of the pond in this area, suggesting that at one time dense

emergent vegetation was present. Currently, vegetation is limited to a few small, scattered mule fat shrubs and occasional tall flat sedge. No live rhizomes or erect, senesced tule stems were present. The upper 2 inches of the soil consist of a very dark grayish-brown (10 YR 3/2) mixture of layered organic material, fine sand, and silt. From 2 to 6 inches, the soil is a mixed very dark grayish-brown (10 YR 3/2) and yellowish-brown loamy fine sand that is underlain by a very dark grayish-brown (10 YR 3/2) fine sandy loam with approximately 2-percent black (10 YR 2/1) and 8-percent dark yellowish-brown (10 YR 4/4) inclusions in the matrix. Although the eastern part of the pond was dry at the time of the survey and appears to be only intermittently flooded, water stains on the adjacent rocks were used to map the extent of the previous ordinary high-water level in this area.

Vegetation in the areas around the pond includes coast live oak, arroyo willow, mule fat, coyotebrush, poison oak, riggut brome, and branching phacelia (*Phacelia ramosissima*). Surface soil is a very dark grayish-brown (10 YR 3/2) loamy fine sand to a depth of 2 inches underlain by a mixture of dark gray (10YR 4/1) and dark yellowish-brown (10YR 4/4) loamy fine sand to a depth of 14 inches. Between 14 and 24 inches, the soil is a brown (10 YR 4/3) loamy fine sand. No redoximorphic features were observed, and there was no evidence of wetland hydrology.

3.2.1.5 Coca Pond (PUBHx)

The Coca Pond is in the southeastern portion of Area II (Figures 3-5 and 3-6). This feature is mapped as a permanently flooded, excavated Palustrine Unconsolidated Bottom wetland by the NWI (Appendix C).

The 0.33-acre Coca Pond is a constructed pond at the downslope end of a shotcrete swale originating at the Coca test stands to the east (Figure 3-5). The shotcrete swale terminates in a settling basin southeast of the pond, on the southern side of a paved access road. Two 36-inch-diameter culverts that connect to the Coca pond are located in the bottom of the settling basin (Figure 3-5). These culverts were sealed closed at the time of the January 2012 site visit. An overflow discharge on the northern side of the pond empties into a concrete-lined ditch that conveys water west, where it passes beneath Test Area Road and enters a natural ephemeral drainage leading into the northeastern corner of the R2A pond (Figure 3-6).

Along the western side of the pond, some organic soils have accumulated along the concrete apron. In this area, as in others, primarily along the northern side of the pond, southern cattail is present, but it provides less than 30-percent cover. The organic soils are a black (10 YR 2/1) fine sandy loam to a depth of 10 inches with no redoximorphic features. Most of the pond is characterized by open water that was estimated to be between 3 to 4 feet deep at the time of the January 2012 survey. Surface water has been observed in this pond at various times throughout the year during previous biological surveys. The extent of the ordinary high-water mark was established based on water staining on the concrete lining and rocks around the pond.

Characteristic vegetation in the adjacent area includes laurel sumac, thicketleaf yerba santa, common deerweed, and branching phacelia. Surface soil is a dark yellowish-brown (10 YR 4/4) mixed with a small amount of very dark grayish-brown (10 YR 3/2) sandy loam to a depth of 10 inches. From 10 to 19 inches, the soil is a light olive brown (2.5 YR 5/4) sand. No redoximorphic features were observed, and there was no evidence of wetland hydrology.

3.2.2 Riverine Features

Wetlands classified as part of the Riverine (R) system include wetlands that are contained within a channel, with the exception of channelized wetlands dominated by trees, shrubs, or persistent emergent vegetation and channels containing ocean-derived salts in excess of 0.5 ‰. Under this system, a channel is defined as “an open conduit either naturally or artificially created which periodically or continuously contains moving water, or which forms a connecting link between two bodies of water” (Cowardin et al., 1979). All of the Riverine wetlands identified on the NASA-administered property are in the Intermittent Subsystem, which includes channels that contain flowing water for only part of the year. When water is not flowing, it might remain in isolated pools or surface water might be absent.

The Riverine wetlands identified on the NASA-administered property are included in the Stream Bed Class, a broad classification that includes a variety of substrates depending on the gradient of the channel, the velocity of the water, and the sediment load of the stream. Common stream bed substrates include bedrock rubble, cobble-gravel, sand, and mud. Although not specifically included in the classification system, for the purpose of this

report, sections of natural drainages that have been concrete lined were included in the Stream Bed Class. Water regimes associated with the Riverine Intermittent wetlands identified in the survey area include seasonally flooded and temporarily flooded. Descriptions of the Riverine wetlands are provided in the following subsections.

3.2.2.1 Northern Drainage (R4SBC)

The Northern Drainage passes through the southern portion of Area I and the northeastern portion of Area II (Figures 3-1 and 3-2). This drainage feature is shown as a blue line stream on the USGS Calabasas topographic quadrangle map and also is included in the NHD as an intermittent stream (Appendix D). The NWI has mapped this area as a temporarily flooded Palustrine Scrub-Shrub wetland (Appendix C). According to onsite staff, water often flows through this area for several months; therefore, this water feature is more appropriately classified as a seasonally flooded Riverine Intermittent Streambed wetland.

In the southeastern corner of Area I, the channel is confined by steep side slopes ranging from approximately 8 to 10 feet high. The approximately 8-foot-wide channel bed is characterized by a rocky-cobble substrate with some sand and gravel. Vegetation is largely absent with the exception of sparse scattered herbaceous species such as annual rabbitsfoot grass (*Polypogon monspeliensis*), plumeless Italian thistle, and curly dock. The channel was dry at the time of the January 2012 survey, but seasonal rainfall was below the average for this time of year. Evidence of flow observed during the survey included drift and debris deposits approximately 24 inches above the channel bottom in some areas, as well as the general absence of upland vegetation. At the western end of this reach, water flows through a 48-inch-diameter culvert under an old and abandoned unpaved roadway. The channel characteristics generally are similar downstream of the culvert, with steep banks and an approximately 8-foot-wide channel, but the substrate becomes more sandy and gravelly, with scattered cobble and sandstone rocks. Vegetation essentially is absent except for scattered seedlings of plumeless Italian thistle and black mustard. A small erosional channel, approximately 2 feet wide and along the southern bank, flows directly in the stream in this area (Figure 3-1). West of the erosional channel the stream enters a 52-inch-diameter culvert under the gravel access road to the Liquid Oxygen (LOX) site (Figure 3-1). East of the culvert the channel bed widens to an average of 12 feet and has a sandy substrate with gravel, cobble, and sandstone boulders present in scattered locations. As with other sections of this drainage, vegetation in this reach is sparse and includes scattered plumeless Italian thistle, smilgrass (*Piptatherum miliaceum*), annual rabbitsfoot grass, curly dock, and mule fat.

Coast live oak riparian vegetation is present along the upper banks of the channel throughout Area I. Coast live oak is the sole dominant tree in this area. One arroyo willow tree (approximately 5 inches in diameter at breast height) also is present along the drainage in Area I. Common shrubs along the upper banks include toyon (*Hertermeles arbutifolia*), chamise, poison oak, mule fat, coastal sagebrush, thickleaf yerba santa, Mendocino bush mallow, hoaryleaf ceanothus (*Ceanothus crassifolius*), American black elderberry (*Sambucus nigra* ssp. *caerulea*), and chaparral current (*Ribes malvaceum*). Herbaceous species include smilgrass, branching phacelia, black mustard, plumeless Italian thistle, and bedstraw (*Galium* sp.).

In the northeastern corner of Area II, the channel width ranges between 6 and 14 feet (average width of 9 feet), with defined side banks in most areas. The channel substrate along the eastern boundary of the site is sandy, with scattered cobble and sandstone rock. As the channel continues to the west, the substrate becomes rockier, with some sections of the channel characterized by large sandstone boulders. Throughout Area II, vegetation is absent to sparse and includes scattered mule fat, annual rabbitsfoot grass, plumeless Italian thistle, smilgrass, curly dock, and orange bush monkey flower. The entire reach of the channel through Area II was dry during the January 2012 surveys, but there was evidence of flow, including drift and debris deposits and an absence of vegetation. No culverts are present in this section of the drainage. There is one ephemeral tributary (the Expendable Launch Vehicle [ELV] Drainage) that enters the stream east of the ELV Site (Figure 3-2).

Coast live oak riparian woodland is present along the upper banks of the channel throughout Area II. Coast live oak is the dominant tree species, but scattered arroyo willow and California laurel (*Umbellularia californica*) trees are present in some areas. Shrub species along the upper banks include toyon, heart-leaved penstemon (*Keckiella cordifolia*), poison oak, California blackberry (*Rubus ursinus*), orange bush monkey flower, birchleaf mountain mahogany (*Cercocarpus betuloides*), and black sage. Common herbaceous species include smilgrass, plumeless Italian thistle, and branching phacelia.

3.2.2.2 ELV Drainage (R4SBA)

The ELV Drainage is east of the ELV Site and helicopter landing area, in the northeastern part of Area II. This drainage is a direct tributary to the Northern Drainage (Figure 3-2). Upstream of the confluence with the Northern Drainage, the channel bed width ranges from approximately 4 to 10 feet and is characterized by a sandy-gravel substrate, devoid of vegetation. The upper section of this drainage, parallel to F Street, has been lined with asphalt. Large sandstone rocks and boulders also occur in some sections of the channel. Abundant downed woody debris is present in the upper reaches of the channel, particularly in the section that parallels F Street. Flows in this area appear to be temporary, short-duration events in response to storm events. Evidence of flow in this area included some areas of scouring and debris deposits.

Common vegetation along the upper slopes of the channel includes coast live oak, California laurel, poison oak, Mendocino bush mallow, hairy ceanothus (*Ceanothus oliganthus*), chamise, toyon, laurel sumac, coastal sagebrush, canyon sunflower (*Venegasia carpesioides*), orange bush monkey flower, chaparral current, California wildrose (*Rosa californica*), smilgrass, plumeless Italian thistle, and branching phacelia. Two additional channels, Drainage A-1 and Drainage A-2, also flow into this feature (Figure 3-2).

3.2.2.3 Drainage A-1 (R4SBA)

Drainage A-1 is in the northeastern part of Area II and is a tributary to the ELV Drainage (Figure 3-2). On the southern side of F Street are a large amount of boulder riprap and a 29-inch plastic culvert. In the immediate vicinity of the riprap and culvert, the area is a low topographic swale. The only defined drainage feature in this area is a narrow (1- to 2-foot-wide) sandy channel with scattered cobbles that extends east through relatively dense chaparral vegetation (Figure 3-2). It is likely that this area receives additional overland stormwater flows from the hill slope to the south. On the northern side of the road, the channel is approximately 7.5 feet wide with a sandy-cobble substrate, with some asphalt debris also present. No vegetation was present in the channel north of F Street. Evidence of flow in this area included a relatively defined, unvegetated channel and sparse debris deposits. It is likely that this drainage conveys only temporary, short-duration surface flow in response to major storm events.

Vegetation along the channel includes coast live oak, Mendocino bush mallow, chaparral current, laurel sumac, coyotebrush, thickleaf yerba santa and black sage, branching phacelia, and plumeless Italian thistle.

3.2.2.4 Drainage A-2 (R4SBA)

Drainage A-2 is on the southern side of F Street and is tributary to the ELV Drainage via a 24-inch-diameter culvert (Figure 3-2). The channel immediately south of the road is approximately 6 feet wide and has a defined bed and bank, but as it continues south, it gradually becomes a much smaller discontinuous erosional feature. The channel on the southern side of F Street has a sandy substrate that is largely devoid of vegetation with the exception of scattered small poison oak and orange bush monkey flower plants growing along the upper edges of the banks in the area near the road. On the northern side of the road, the culvert discharges into an asphalt drainage ditch. No evidence of recent flow was noted in the channel at the time of the survey.

Adjacent vegetation includes coast live oak, poison oak, plumeless Italian thistle, giant ryegrass (*Elymus condensatus*), branching phacelia, rigput brome, and two-color rabbit tobacco (*Pseudognaphalium biolettii*).

3.2.2.5 Southwestern Drainage (R4SBA)

The Southwestern Drainage originates just beyond the western edge of the Alfa test stand, where it traverses from east to west through the central-north portion of Area II and around the northern side of the Storage Propellant Area (SPA) site (Figure 3-3). In this area the drainage is indicated as a blue line stream (called Bell Creek) on the Calabasas USGS topographic quadrangle maps and also is shown as an intermittent stream in the NHD. The NWI maps also indicate sections of the drainage as seasonally flooded Palustrine Scrub-Shrub wetlands (Appendix C). The upper reaches of the drainage have been highly altered by culverts, weirs, and earthen dams. In this area there is no defined channel, and no ordinary high-water-mark indicators were observed during the January 2012 survey.

The eastern section of the drainage originates at a 24-inch-diameter culvert outfall near the Alfa test stands (Figure 3-3). At the outfall, more than half of the culvert was filled with sediment and there is no defined channel or evidence of scouring immediately downstream of this location. Vegetation below the outfall is dominated by common iceplant (*Mesembryanthemum crystallinum*), with scattered black mustard and plumeless Italian thistle intermixed.

West of the culvert outfall there is no defined bed and bank feature; rather, the drainage is characterized by a low sandy topographic swale that lacks evidence of flowing water, but vegetation within the swale includes riparian species such as mule fat and arroyo willow. Many of the willows were burned and dead as a result of the 2005 Topanga Canyon Fire, and overall, the willows and mule fat appeared to be in poor condition throughout this area.

Upland species including common iceplant, plumeless Italian thistle, ripgut brome, crimson fountain grass (*Pennisetum setaceum*), slender oat and Maltese star-thistle (*Centaurea melitensis*) also were abundant throughout the eastern section of the swale.

Southwest of the westernmost Alfa test stand is a concrete check dam along the swale feature (Figure 3-3). On the southern side of the check dam is a 36-inch-diameter corrugated metal pipe outflow that runs from the top of the check dam west along the hillside on the southern side of the swale (Figure 3-3). A second culvert, with an apparently inoperable flow valve and also located at the check dam, appears to connect to the downstream swale below the dam. Beyond the check dam, the drainage continues along a weakly expressed sandy swale that lacks a defined bed and bank. Most arroyo willows downstream of the dam were burned in the 2005 fire, and no resprouting or regeneration was evident. Most of the swale downstream of the dam is choked with dead woody debris, with scattered mule fat and abundant plumeless Italian thistle.

An earthen dam is approximately 275 feet downstream (west) of the concrete check dam (Figure 3-3). The culvert that runs along the southern side of the swale from the check dam discharges down a concrete spillway on the western side of the earthen dam. There is also a low-flow release valve at the base of the earthen dam, although the valve appeared to be inoperable at the time of the survey. As with the other sections of the Southwest Drainage through the Alfa site, the drainage downstream of the earthen dam is a low topographic swale with no defined bed and bank channel. Vegetation below the earthen dam is a mixture of mule fat, poison oak, and plumeless Italian thistle.

Approximately 500 feet west of the earthen dam, the swale terminates in a broad flat area east of an unpaved road and the former (now capped) Alfa/Bravo skim pond. Immediately west of the former skim pond is a concrete headwall and two 24-inch-diameter culverts, both filled more than half way with sediment. The culvert outfalls were not found during the January 2012 survey, but presumably they drain into the sandy, swale that continues from this area west to CLT IV Road. Vegetation within the swale feature west of the double culverts includes arroyo willow, mule fat, coyotebrush, poison oak, Mendocino bush mallow, Douglas's sagewort (*Artemisia douglasiana*), plumeless Italian thistle, and branching phacelia.

At CLT IV Road, the swale terminates at a 50-inch-diameter culvert that passes under the road. On the western side of the road, the culvert discharges into a concrete-lined drainage channel that runs along the northern side of the SPA site (Figure 3-2). The first approximately 50 feet of the concrete drainage channel in this area is nearly completely filled with soil. Slumped soils also were noted in other areas of the channel north of the SPA site. The soil in the concrete channel appears to have come from the SPA site and might be the result of erosion from firefighting activities during the 2005 Topanga Canyon fire. Vegetation along the concrete-lined channel includes thickleaf yerba santa, laurel sumac, coyotebrush, hoaryleaf ceanothus, chamise, poison oak, and mule fat.

The concrete channel terminates approximately 450 feet west of the CLT VI Road (Figure 3-3). West of the concrete-lined drainage channel, the natural channel is approximately 6 feet wide and has a sandy-rocky substrate with some gravel. Evidence of ordinary high-water flows such as drift lines, sediment deposits, and scoring were observed in this section of the drainage. Vegetation generally is absent in the bed of the channel, with the exception of the scattered annual rabbitsfoot grass and plumeless Italian thistle. The natural drainage channel continues west for less than 200 feet before exiting the NASA-administered property (Figure 3-3).

Outside of the NASA-administered property, the drainage turns south and passes through the Silvernale Pond before it continues southward toward the R2B Pond. At the point where drainage re-enters the NASA-administered property, the channel is approximately 5 feet wide with a sandy-gravel cobble substrate that is largely devoid of vegetation other than occasional seedlings of plumeless Italian thistle, black mustard, and blessed milkthistle (*Silybum marianum*). Evidence of ordinary high water in this area consisted primarily of a defined bed and bank channel, some scouring along the channel, and a general absence of upland vegetation. Vegetation along the sides of the channel includes coast live oak, laurel sumac, thicketleaf yerba santa, coyotebrush, and a few small arroyo willow seedlings and saplings. The channel immediately north of the R2B pond was inaccessible because of a dense thicket of poison oak.

As described previously, the Southwest Drainage is diverted into the R2B and R2A ponds, where water storage actively is regulated through a system of pumps and pipes to minimize outflows from the NASA-administered property. A constructed discharge designed to capture sediments is located along the southern side of the R2A pond and leads back into the natural drainage channel in the southwestern corner of Area II (Figure 3-6). Downstream of the constructed outfall, the channel is approximately 10 feet wide devoid of vegetation, and consists of a sand-gravel-cobble substrate with some large sandstone boulders. Vegetation along the upper banks of the channel includes coast live oak, mule fat, coyotebrush, poison oak, heart-leaved penstemon, laurel sumac, hoaryleaf ceanothus, thicketleaf yerba santa, and chaparral current. Herbaceous vegetation is generally sparse and consists of smilgrass and branching phacelia.

Approximately 280 feet of the channel in this section downstream of the R2A Pond was inaccessible because of large sandstone boulders within the channel. The channel area downstream of the large boulders is similar to the area upstream. Scattered vegetation in the sandy-gravel channel in this area includes Douglas' sagewort, curly dock, smilgrass, and plumeless Italian thistle. A small section of the channel meanders west, off of the NASA-administered property (Figure 3-6). Near the point where the drainage re-enters the property, the channel broadens slightly to approximately 14 feet, and the substrate becomes slightly more cobblely. In some areas of the channel, smilgrass is locally abundant. Along the southwestern property boundary, the channel makes a sharp (90-degree) turn to the east, resulting in a highly eroded bank. The channel in this area is approximately 10 feet wide with a sand-gravel-cobble substrate. Scattered vegetation within the channel includes smilgrass, black mustard, plumeless Italian thistle, and California blackberry. Vegetation along the sides of the channel in the southwestern corner of Area II includes coast live oak, California sycamore (*Platanus racemosa*), poison oak, laurel sumac, and creeping snowberry.

3.2.2.6 Southwestern Drainage Tributary (R4SBA)

A small tributary to the Southwestern Drainage originates from west of the NASA-administered Area II near the former Systems Test Laboratory (STL)-IV site (Figure 3-6). The channel is 4 feet wide and has a sandy substrate devoid of vegetation. Evidence of flow includes a well-defined bed and back channel debris deposits and the absence of vegetation. Vegetation along the channel includes coast live oak, coyotebrush, hoaryleaf ceanothus, chaparral current, chamise, plumeless Italian thistle, and black mustard.

3.2.2.7 Coca Drainage (R4SBA)

The Coca drainage originates at the base of the Coca test stands, where the eastern section is characterized by a shotcrete swale that drains into a retention basin connected via culverts to the Coca Pond (Figure 3-5). This feature is shown as a blue line on the USGS Calabasas quadrangle map and is included as an intermittent stream in the NHD and NWI.

To the north and west of the Coca Pond, the channel is contained within an approximately 10-foot-wide concrete-lined ditch. The ditch continues to Test Area Road, where water is conveyed through two culverts (42- and 24-inch diameters), as shown in Figure 3-6. At the culvert outfall, on the western side of the road, the natural channel is approximately 10 feet wide and characterized by a sandstone bedrock bed with some sand and gravel. Sparse mule fat and scattered black mustard and plumeless Italian thistle are present in the channel in this area. As the channel continues west, the substrate becomes more sandy and gravelly, with some large sandstone boulders, and is devoid of vegetation. A few plunge pools with approximately 6 inches of water were observed in this area.

during the January 2012 survey. Just upstream of the R2A pond, the channel width broadens to approximately 14 feet and is characterized by a sand-and-gravel substrate devoid of vegetation. The channel ultimately discharges into the northern end of the R2A pond overflow area (Figure 3-6).

Vegetation along the concrete-lined portion of the drainage ditch is characterized by common deerweed, Eastern Mojave buckwheat (*Eriogonum fasciculatum* var. *fasciculatum*), black mustard, coyotebrush, thistleleaf yerba santa, Mendocino bush mallow, poison oak, laurel sumac, and mule fat. West of Test Area Road, vegetation along the channel is characterized by scattered coast live oak trees as well as thistleleaf yerba santa, laurel sumac, chaparral current, orange bush monkey flower, coyotebrush, branching phacelia, plumeless Italian thistle, black mustard, smilgrass, and two-color rabbit tobacco.

3.2.2.8 PLF Drainage (R4SBA)

This small drainage feature originates at the base of a large sandstone cliff in the northeastern portion of the Delta site (Figure 3-6). The upstream part of the channel is 1 to 2 feet wide and 6 to 12 inches deep. As the channel continues west, it broadens to 3 feet in some areas and becomes more swale-like. The substrate is primarily sand with a few scattered cobbles, and is devoid of vegetation. At the western terminus, the drainage feature empties into a concrete apron and 24-inch-diameter culvert that eventually discharges near the eastern end of the R2A pond. This channel flows through a live oak woodland with an understory of poison oak, chaparral current, coastal sagebrush, canyon sunflower, branching phacelia, rippgut brome, smilgrass, and plumeless Italian thistle.

3.3 Nonwetland Features

A number of features were investigated during the survey that were not considered to be waters of the U.S. Such features included constructed stormwater swales associated with developed areas, culverts at road crossings that were not associated with defined drainage channels, and discontinuous erosional channels and weakly expressed upland swale on the hill slopes. Additionally, former skim ponds that have been capped and a former (now dry) basin that had been used to burn off excess fuels were not considered to be waters of the U.S.

3.4 Preliminary Jurisdictional Determination

The USACE ultimately is responsible for determining the limits of waters of the U.S. subject to regulation under the federal CWA. The results and conclusions presented in this wetland delineation are intended to assist the USACE with its determination of jurisdictional waters of the U.S. The results and conclusions presented in this report are preliminary, pending verification and subsequent approval by the USACE.

The small excavated wetland in the northeastern part of Area I and the larger impounded wetland and associated erosional channel in the northwestern part of Area 1 appear, on the basis of the site investigation, to be isolated. There does not appear to be any significant nexus between these constructed basins and any waters of the U.S. Therefore, these wetlands might not be considered jurisdictional waters of the U.S. subject to regulation under Section 404 of the federal CWA.

The jurisdictional status of the section of the Southwest Drainage through the Alfa site (Figure 3-3) is uncertain. This area lacks a defined bed and bank and there was no evidence of an ordinary high-water flow throughout this section. However, this area appears to be a natural drainage, has been mapped as a blue line on the USGS Calabasas topographic quadrangle, and is included as an intermittent stream in NHD. Although it appears that the natural hydrology has been altered significantly in this area, it could still be considered a water of the U.S. because it is considered part of the Southwestern Drainage, and remnants of the natural drainage are still present. In contrast, the easternmost section of the Coca drainage characterized by a shotcrete swale has been altered so dramatically from its original condition that it is unlikely that this section would be considered a water of the U.S. The cement-lined drainage that originates at the Coca Pond and extends west, eventually becoming a natural drainage, is likely to be considered jurisdictional.

Other drainage features identified on the NASA-administered property include extant natural drainages, some of which have been realigned and lined with concrete, but that appear to be natural tributary drainages that would be jurisdictional, and therefore, subject to regulation under Section 404 of the CWA. The R2A, R2B, and Coca ponds appear to have been created along the natural drainage channels and therefore might be considered either impoundments of waters of the U.S. or adjacent to waters of the U.S.

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Appendix A Climate Data

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APPENDIX A

Canoga Park Pierce Coll, California (041484)

Period of Record Monthly Climate Summary

Period of Record: 7/ 1/1949 to 8/10/2011

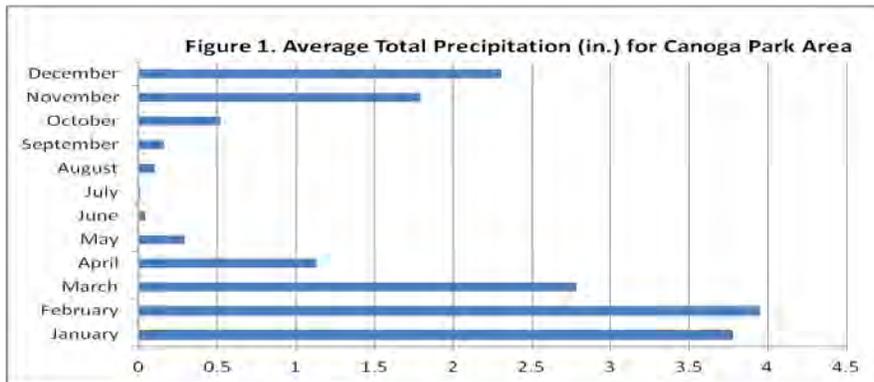
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual
Average Max. Temperature (F)	67.9	70.0	72.3	76.8	81.1	87.4	94.9	95.4	91.7	84.0	74.8	68.8	80.4
Average Min. Temperature (F)	39.3	40.7	41.9	44.6	49.1	53.0	57.0	57.3	54.6	49.0	42.6	38.8	47.3
Average Total Precipitation (in.)	3.78	3.95	2.78	1.13	0.29	0.04	0.01	0.10	0.16	0.52	1.79	2.31	16.86
Average Total Snow Fall (in.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Average Snow Depth (in.)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Percent of possible observations for period of record.

Max. Temp.: 99.9% Min. Temp.: 99.9% Precipitation: 99.7% Snowfall: 99.9% Snow Depth: 99.9%

Check [Station Metadata](#) or [Metadata graphics](#) for more detail about data completeness.

Western Regional Climate Center, wrcc@dri.edu



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Appendix B
Soil Descriptions

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Soil Official Series Descriptions

Gaviota Series

LOCATION GAVIOTA CA

Established Series

Rev. GWH/CAF/KP

10/2007

The Gaviota series consists of very shallow or shallow, well drained soils that formed in material weathered from hard sandstone or meta-sandstone. Gaviota soils are on hills and mountains and have slopes of 2 to 100 percent. The average annual precipitation is about 20 inches and the mean annual temperature is about 60 degrees F.

TAXONOMIC CLASS: Loamy, mixed, superactive, nonacid, thermic Lithic Xerorthents

TYPICAL PEDON: Gaviota gravelly loam, grass range. (Colors are for dry soil unless otherwise noted.)

A1--0 to 6 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) gravelly loam, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky and slightly plastic; many very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; neutral (pH 7.0); clear smooth boundary.

A2--6 to 10 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) gravelly loam, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; massive; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky and slightly plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; neutral (pH 6.8); abrupt wavy boundary.

R--10 to 17 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) hard meta-sandstone.

TYPE LOCATION: Stanislaus County, California; nine miles west of the town of Westley, California; 1,700 feet north and 500 feet east of the southwest corner of section 6, T. 5 S., R. 6 E., MDB&M; USGS Solyo, California Quadrangle, NAD 27.

RANGE IN CHARACTERISTICS: Depth to a lithic contact of hard rock is 6 to 20 inches. The soils become moist below a depth of 6 inches some time between mid-October and mid-December and remain moist all the time in some parts below 6 inches until early April or late May. The mean annual soil temperature is 59 to 64 degrees F. and the soil temperature does not go as low as 41 degrees F. at any time. Texture throughout is sandy loam, fine sandy loam, loam, gravelly sandy loam, gravelly fine sandy loam, and gravelly loam. Clay content is 10 to 18 percent. Rock fragment content is less than 25 percent. Sand content is more than 40 percent of the fine earth fraction. Coarse and very coarse sand content is less than 20 percent.

The A horizon has color of 10YR 6/2, 6/3, 6/4, 5/2, 5/3, 5/4, 5/6, 5/8, 4/3; 2.5Y 6/2, 6/4, 5/2; 7.5YR 5/2, 5/4 or 6/4. Moist values are 4 throughout or if less than 4 they occur only in the upper part or have dry values of 6 or more. Reaction is moderately acid to neutral. Some pedons have a C horizon that differs from the A horizon principally by being one value unit lighter.

COMPETING SERIES: These are the [Daulton](#), [Exchequer](#) (CA), [Orcraig](#) (CA), [Snook](#) (CA) and [Whiterock](#) (CA) series. Daulton soils have moist value of 3 and have a massive and hard epipedon. Exchequer soils have less than 50 percent sand in the fine earth fraction. Orcraig soils are neutral, have greater than 20 percent coarse and very coarse sand content. Snook soils are dry in all parts from early June to mid October. Whiterock soils have 25 to 50 percent sand and a mean annual soil temperature of 63 to 67 degrees F.

GEOGRAPHIC SETTING: Gaviota soils are on hills and mountains. Slope is 2 to 100 percent. These soils formed in material weathered from sandstone and meta-sandstone. Elevation is 200 to 4,400 feet. Rock outcrops are commonly associated with this soil and occupy from less than 2 percent to 50 percent of the surface area. The climate is dry subhumid with hot dry summers and cool moist winters. Mean annual precipitation is 10 to 30 inches. Mean January temperature is about 42 degrees F. and about 56 degrees F. along the coast of California; mean July temperature is about 75 degrees F.; mean annual temperature is about 56 to 65 degrees F. The frost-free season is 175 to 350 days.

GEOGRAPHICALLY ASSOCIATED SOILS: These are the [Altamont](#), [Los Gatos](#), [Los Osos](#), [Vallecitos](#) and [Wadesprings](#) soils. Altamont soils, on uplands, hills and mountains, have a fine particle-size control section. Los Gatos soils, on mountains, are moderately deep and have an argillic horizon. Los Osos soils, on uplands, have an argillic horizon and a paralithic contact at a depth of 20 to 40 inches. Vallecitos soils, on hills, have an argillic horizon and a clayey particle-size control section. Wadesprings soils, on uplands, have an argillic horizon and magnesian mineralogy.

DRAINAGE AND PERMEABILITY: Well and excessively well drained; very low to very high runoff; moderately rapid permeability.

USE AND VEGETATION: Used mostly for livestock grazing. Some of the less sloping areas are cropped to dryland grain. Natural vegetation is California sage, chamise, manzanita, purple needlegrass and annual grasses.

DISTRIBUTION AND EXTENT: Mostly in the California Coast Ranges. The soils are extensive. MLRA 15, 20.

MLRA SOIL SURVEY REGIONAL OFFICE (MO) RESPONSIBLE: Davis, California

SERIES ESTABLISHED: Stanislaus County (Newman Area), California, 1941.

REMARKS: Soils in the Amargosa series as recognized in the Antelope Valley Area, California are not included in the Gaviota series. Soils formed in material weathered from granite are now excluded from the Gaviota series.

The revision made on 09/96 moves the type location to better represent the series as mapped for the Gaviota series.

CEC/Clay ratio estimated from similar soils with laboratory data in the W. Stanislaus Soil Survey Area.

Runoff terminology adjusted 4/96 to adjective criteria of the Soil Survey Manual, 10/93.

Competing series updated 01/2003.

Warmer January temperatures occur along the southern Coastal range. These were phased until a possible later decision to split these out as separate series.

National Cooperative Soil Survey
U.S.A.

SAUGUS SERIES

LOCATION SAUGUS

CA

Established Series

Rev. GAW/RCH/LCL/ET

03/2003

The Saugus series consists of deep, well drained soils that formed from weakly consolidated sediments. Saugus soils are on dissected terraces and foothills and have slopes of 9 to 50 percent. The mean annual precipitation is about 16 inches and the mean annual air temperature is about 63 degrees F.

TAXONOMIC CLASS: Coarse-loamy, mixed, superactive, nonacid, thermic Typic Xerorthents

TYPICAL PEDON: Saugus loam, brush and grass. (Colors are for dry soil unless otherwise stated.)

A1--0 to 15 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky and slightly plastic; common very fine medium and coarse roots; common very fine, few fine tubular and common very fine interstitial pores; about 5 percent gravel by volume; neutral (pH 6.8); gradual smooth boundary. (8 to 17 inches thick)

C1--15 to 25 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky and slightly plastic; few very fine, common coarse roots; few very fine tubular, common very fine interstitial pores; about 15 percent gravel by volume; slightly acid (pH 6.5); gradual smooth boundary. (10 to 14 inches thick)

C2--25 to 42 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky and slightly plastic; few very fine, common fine and few coarse roots; few very fine tubular, common very fine interstitial pores; contains about 10 percent gravel by volume; slightly acid (pH 6.5); diffuse smooth boundary. (16 to 25 inches thick)

C3--42 to 50 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) weakly consolidated sediments that crush to gravelly heavy sandy loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; massive; hard, friable, slightly sticky and slightly plastic; few very fine interstitial pores; about 25 percent gravel and 5 percent cobblestones; slightly acid (pH 6.3).

TYPE LOCATION: Los Angeles County, California; in Romero Canyon; NW1/4 NW1/4 section 27, T.5N., R.17W.

RANGE IN CHARACTERISTICS: Depth to a paralithic contact is 40 to 56 inches. Saugus soils are on complex slopes of 9 to 50 percent. The mean annual soil temperature at a depth of 20 inches is 60 degrees F. and the soil temperature is not below 47 degrees F. at any time. Soil between depths of about 5 and 15 inches is continuously dry in all parts from late April or May until late October to early December and is moist in some or all parts all the rest of the year. The soil profile is loam or sandy loam throughout and the 10 to 40 inch control section has less than 18 percent clay. Rock fragments range from 1 to 35 percent and are mostly gravel and a few cobblestones. Usually the amount of rock fragments increases with depth, though in some pedons the immediate surface has a partial layer of fragments. The profile is slightly acid to slightly alkaline and in many pedons the lower part is less acid.

The A horizon is light brownish gray, grayish brown, yellowish brown, brown or pale brown in 10YR or 2.5Y hue when dry. The moist value is 4 or 5. In some pedons the upper 1 to 4 inches is gray, dark gray or dark grayish brown. The upper 7 inches of the A horizon has 0.4 to 1.0 percent organic matter.

The C horizon above the paralithic contact has a color similar to the A horizon or it has one unit higher value.

COMPETING SERIES: These are the [Escondido](#), [Hanford](#), [Honcut](#), [Pollasky](#), [Pfeiffer](#), [San Andreas](#), and [Vista](#) series. Escondido and Vista soils have a cambic horizon. Hanford and Honcut soils are on smooth slopes of less than 9 percent and they lack a paralithic contact. Pfeiffer and San Andreas soils have a mollic epipedon. Pollasky soils have a paralithic contact at depths of less than 40 inches.

GEOGRAPHIC SETTING: The Saugus soils are on slopes of dissected terraces and foothills at elevations of 600 to 2,500 feet. Slopes range from 9 to 50 percent. The soils formed in material weathered from weakly consolidated sediments mostly from granitic and closely related rocks. The climate is dry subhumid mesothermal with warm dry summers and cool moist winters. The mean annual precipitation is 14 to 20 inches all in the form of rain. Mean annual temperature is about 63 degrees F., average January temperature is about 54 degrees F., and average July temperature is about 73 degrees F. The freeze-free season is about 250 to 300 days.

GEOGRAPHICALLY ASSOCIATED SOILS: These are the [Castaic](#), [Gaviota](#), [Metz](#), [San Andreas](#), and [Sorrento](#) soils. Castaic soils have more than 18 percent clay and have a fine-silty control section. Gaviota soils have a lithic contact less than 20 inches below the surface. Metz soils are sandy and are stratified with layers of finer texture.

DRAINAGE AND PERMEABILITY: Well drained; medium to rapid runoff; moderate permeability.

USE AND VEGETATION: Used for grazing, wildlife, watershed, and small amounts used for industry and urbanization. Native vegetation is chamise and other shrubs plus minor amounts of perennial grasses. Naturalized grasses and forbs make up a small to large portion of the vegetation.

DISTRIBUTION AND EXTENT: Foothills in the western part of southern California. The soils are of moderate extent.

MLRA SOIL SURVEY REGIONAL OFFICE (MO) RESPONSIBLE: Davis, California

SERIES ESTABLISHED: San Bernardino County (Southwestern Part), California, 1972.

REMARKS: The activity class was added to the classification in February of 2003. Competing series were not checked at that time. - ET

OSD scanned by SSQA. Last revised by state on 10/75.

National Cooperative Soil Survey
U.S.A.

Appendix C
National Wetland Inventory Map

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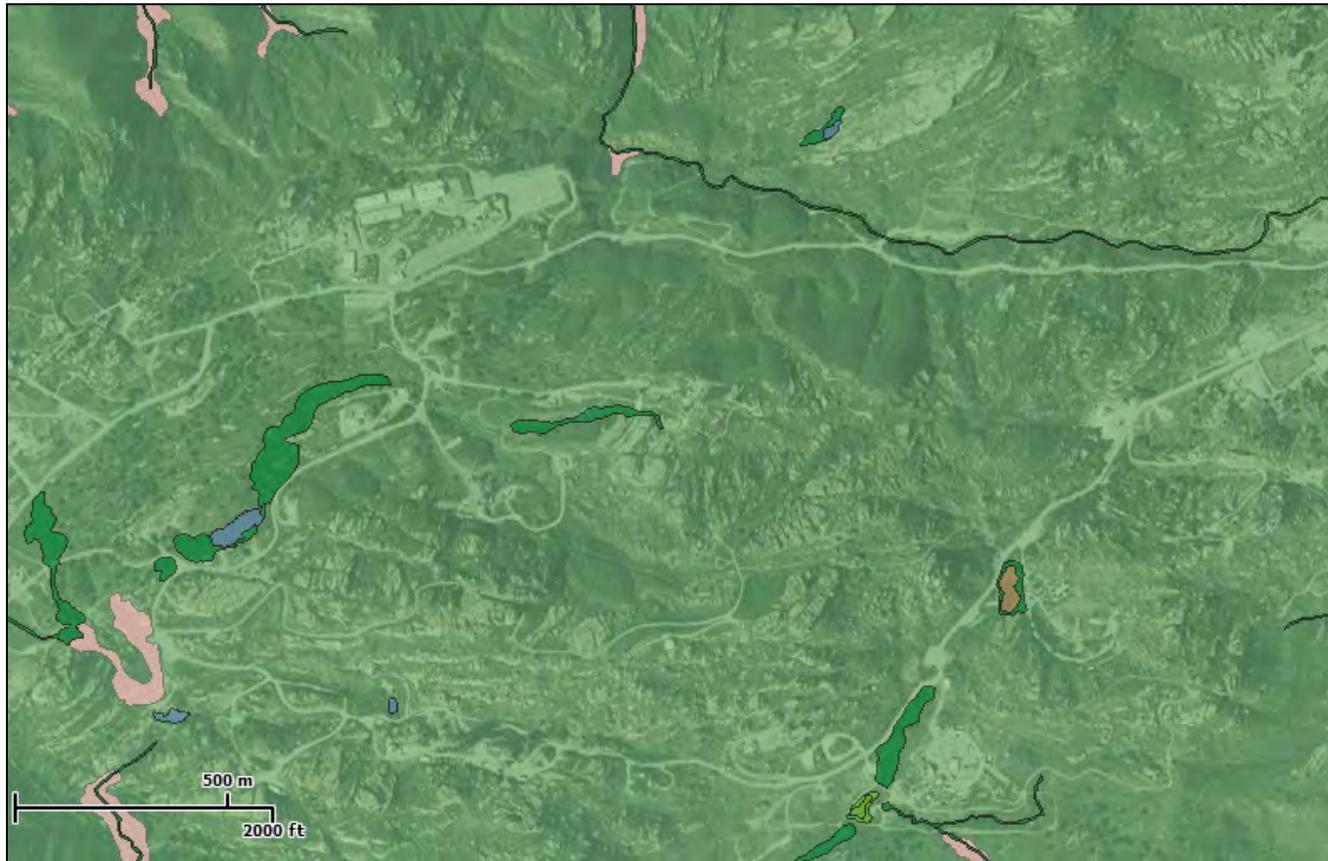


U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

National Wetlands Inventory

NWI Map NASA
Properties at SSFL

Feb 13, 2012



Wetlands

- Freshwater Emergent
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub
- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
- Estuarine and Marine
- Freshwater Pond
- Lake
- Riverine
- Other

Riparian

- Herbaceous
- Forested/Shrub

Image Scale

- Digital or larger than 1:40k
- 1:40k
- 1:58k
- 1:80k or Smaller
- No Data

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

User Remarks:

Source: <http://107.20.228.18/Wetlands/WetlandsMapper.html>

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Appendix D
USGS Quadrangle Topographic Map and NHD
Information

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Appendix E
Wetland Determination Data Sheets

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WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: SSFL - COCA POND City/County: VENTURA CO. Sampling Date: 1/3/2012
 Applicant/Owner: NASA State: CA Sampling Point: COCA SP-1
 Investigator(s): R. HUDDLESTON, S. LONG Section, Township, Range: 02N 17W SEC 30 (SBM)
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): TERRACE Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONCAVE Slope (%): 0-2%
 Subregion (LRR): C Lat: 34° 13' 36.786" Long: 118° 42' 02.091 Datum: WGS 84
 Soil Map Unit Name: Su6 SEDIMENTARY ROLL LAND NWI classification: PUBHX

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>BELOW AVE RAINFALL TO DATE</u>	

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	Prevalence Index worksheet:
_____ = Total Cover	_____	_____	_____	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>0.5m²</u>)				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
1. <u>TIPHA DOMINGENSIS</u>	<u>60%</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>OBL</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dominance Test is >50% <input type="checkbox"/> Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ <input type="checkbox"/> Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>40</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust _____				

Remarks: TIPHA ONLY AROUND EDGES OF THE POND - MOST OF THE AREA IS OPEN WATER

SOIL

Sampling Point: COCA SP-1

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-10	10YR 2/1	100	-	-	-	-	FSL	VE _r , CRUMB FIBRIC -MM MIXED w/ LOOSE SAND AT SURFACE

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: NE
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks: SEDIMENTS ACCUMULATED AT BASE OF CRMENT SLOPE BELOW THE LEVEL OF THE POND CHUM LINE

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): ?

Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: WATER IN POND JUST BELOW SAMPLE POINT
WATER MARK ON CRMENT ~ 2 FT ABOVE SAMPLE POINT

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: SSFL - COCA City/County: VENTURA CO. Sampling Date: 11/3/2012
 Applicant/Owner: NASA State: CA Sampling Point: COCA SP-2
 Investigator(s): R. HUDDLESTON, S. LONG Section, Township, Range: 02N 17N SEC 30 (SBM)
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): TERRACE Local relief (concave, convex, none): NONE Slope (%): 0-26
 Subregion (LRR): C Lat: 34° 13' 36.765" Long: 118° 42' 02.269" Datum: NAD83
 Soil Map Unit Name: SPL SEDIMENTARY ROCK LND NWI classification: NONE

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>BELOW AVE RAINFALL</u>	

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0%</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>2m²</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>MALOSOMA LAURINA</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>ML</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>ERIODICTYON CRASSIFOLIUM</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>ML</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
_____ = Total Cover				UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
				Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>1m²</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>LETUS SCOPARIOS</u>	<u>90%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>ML</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA</u>	<u>5%</u>	_____	<u>ML</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Footnote:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>5%</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust _____				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks:				

SOIL

Sampling Point: COCA SP-2

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-10	10YR 7/4	95%	-	-	-	-	SL	VFR - SOFT, UMSBKC
	10YR 3/2	5%	-	-	-	-		PARTING TO CRUMB
								F-Fi Gravel / COARSE SAND
								VF Mod-Fi Roots 5%
10-19	2.5Y 5/4	100%					SAND	TR FINE ROOTS, VFR
								CRAB - UMSBKC

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6) | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) | | |

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____
Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No X

Remarks:

APPEARS TO BE FILL ASSOCIATED WITH POND - MIXED, SOME FINE GRAVELS

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) | <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) | <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) |

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No X

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

APPROX 50 INCHES ABOVE POND CHANN

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: SSFL AREA 1 City/County: VENTURA Sampling Date: 1/4/2012
 Applicant/Owner: NASA State: CA Sampling Point: SW-1 SP1
 Investigator(s): R. HUDDLESTON, S. LONG Section, Township, Range: 02N 17W SEC 20 (SBM)
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): HILL SLOPE Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONCAVE Slope (%): 0.5?
 Subregion (LRR): C Lat: 34°14' 23.607" Long: 118° 41' 07.334 Datum: NAD84
 Soil Map Unit Name: SN G SEDIMENTARY ROCK UND NWI classification: NONE

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes _____ No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No _____
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology X naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>
Remarks: <u>BELOW AVE RAINFALL TO DATE - SMALL CONSTRUCTED BASIN</u>	

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. <u>NONE</u>				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>33%</u> (A/B)
2. /				
3. /				
4. /				
_____ = Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species _____ x 4 = _____ UPL species _____ x 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>2M</u>)				
1. <u>NONE</u>				
2. /				
3. /				
_____ = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>ENTIRE BASIN</u>)				
1. <u>ANAGALLIS ARVENSIS</u>	<u>3%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: ___ Dominance Test is >50% ___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ ___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) ___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
2. <u>HYPOCHAERIS GLABRA</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u>	
3. <u>ERODIUM BOTRYIS</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u>	
4. <u>BRASSICA NICOTIANA</u>	<u>1%</u>		<u>NL</u>	
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
<u>8%</u> = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. <u>NONE</u>				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
2. /				
_____ = Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>790</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust _____		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>

Remarks: SEEDLINGS ONLY THIS TIME OF YEAR
- MOSS COVERS MUCH OF THE SOILS IN THIS AREA

SOIL

Sampling Point: SW-1 SP-1

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-1	10YR 5/3	100	-	-	-	-	SL	FR, WMSBK, F-VF ROOTS 5%; TRACE FINE GRAVEL
1-10	10YR 6/4	60%					SAND	TRACE F; ROOTS
	10YR 4/3	40%					FSL	VFR, WMSBK - PARTS TO GRAN.
			INCLUSIONS - FR, WMSBK TR VF ROOTS					

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5) | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6) | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12) | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) | | |

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: SANDSTONE ROCK
Depth (inches): 6-10 INCHES

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks:

APPEARS TO BE AN EXCAVATED BASIN - SOILS BERMED ON NORTH SIDE - BELOW 1 INCH SOILS APPEAR MIXED
ABRUPT TRANSITION TO SANDSTONE ROCK 6-10" BGS

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- | | | |
|--|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) | <input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13) | <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) | <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine) | <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) | <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) | <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) |

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____
Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

SHALLOW BASIN - NOTABLE ABSENCE OF UPLAND VEGETATION RELATIVE TO SURROUNDING AREAS - BUT NO EVIDENCE OF PONDING BELOW AVERAGE RAINFALL SO PONDING COULD NOT BE DEFINITELY RULED OUT IN THIS AREA.

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: SSFL AREA 1 City/County: VENTURA Sampling Date: 1/4/2012
 Applicant/Owner: NASA State: CA Sampling Point: SW.1-SP-2
 Investigator(s): R. HUPPUESTON, S. LONG Section, Township, Range: 02N 17N SEC 20 (SBM)
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): HILL SLOPE Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONCAVE Slope (%): 0-5%
 Subregion (LRR): C Lat: 34° 14' 23.680" Long: 118° 41' 07.394" Datum: NAD83
 Soil Map Unit Name: SAG SEDIMENTARY ROCK LAND NWI classification: NONE

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes _____ No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No NE
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>
Remarks: <u>BELOW AVE RAINFALL FOR DECEMBER -</u>	

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. <u>NONE</u>				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
3. _____				
4. _____				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0%</u> (A/B)
= Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>2m</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>ARTEMESIA CALIFORNICA</u>	<u>10%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>ML</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATA</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>ML</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____				FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____				FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____				FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
= Total Cover				UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
= Total Cover				Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
= Total Cover				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>2m</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>AVENA BARBATA</u>	<u>15%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>ML</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>ERODIUM BOTRYS</u>	<u>2%</u>		<u>ML</u>	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. <u>BRASSICA NIGRA</u>	<u>2%</u>		<u>ML</u>	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. <u>PEA SP. (cf SECUNDA)</u>	<u>2%</u>		<u>ML</u>	___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. <u>CRYPTANTHA SP</u>	<u>1%</u>		<u>ML</u>	
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
<u>~22%</u> = Total Cover				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
1. _____				Yes _____ No <u>X</u>
2. _____				
= Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>780%</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust _____		

Remarks:

SOIL

ARFA 1
Sampling Point: SW-1 SP-2

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-11	10YR 4/3	100	-	-	-	-	LFS	VF-LOOSE, VW MSBK PARTS TO GRAN. F-FI ROOTS < 5%
11-19	10YR 4/3	100					LFS	FR -NO ROOTS MM ABK

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
- Reduced Vertic (F18)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: NONE ENCOUNTERED
Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No X

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
- Salt Crust (B11)
- Biotic Crust (B12)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No X

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: NASA SSFL AREA I City/County: VENTURA CO. Sampling Date: 1/4/2012
 Applicant/Owner: NASA State: CA Sampling Point: SW-2 SP-3
 Investigator(s): R. HUDDLESTON, S. LONG Section, Township, Range: 02N 17W SEC20 (SBM)
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): HILL SLOPE Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONCAVE Slope (%): 5%
 Subregion (LRR): C Lat: 34° 14' 20.658 Long: -118° 41' 20.649 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: SNG SEDIMENTARY ROCK LAND NWI classification: PABHX

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>BELOW AVE RAINFALL FOR THIS TIME OF YEAR</u> <u>CONSTRUCTED IMPOUNDMENT</u>	

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. _____				Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____				OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____				FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____				FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____				FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
_____ = Total Cover				UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
				Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>1m²</u>)				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>POLYPOGON MONSPELIENSIS</u>	<u>10%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>CYPERUS ERAGROSTIS</u>	<u>1%</u>		<u>FACW</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. <u>ANAGALIS ARVENSIS</u>	<u>1%</u>		<u>FAC</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. <u>ELEOCHARIS MACROSTACHYA</u>	<u>1%</u>		<u>OBL</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
_____ = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. _____				
2. _____				
_____ = Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____ % Cover of Biotic Crust _____		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		

Remarks: SEEDLINGS ONLY AT THIS TIME OF YEAR
VEGETATION GRAZED (HORSES)

SOIL

AREA I

Sampling Point: SW-2 SP-3

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-2	10YR 4/2	100	-	-	-	-	FSL	FR, WMSBK, M-F ROOTS 20%
2-9	10YR 3/1	90%	5YR 5/6	22%	C	M	LFS	MMSBK, FR, TR VF ROOTS
	10YR 5/3	10%					SAND	OR PED SURFACES
9-16	10YR 3/1	98%	5YR 5/6	22%	C	M	LFS	MMSBK, FR
	10YR 5/3	2%					SAND	OR PED SURFACES
16-19	10YR 4/3	100%	-	-	-	-	SAND	LOOSE, MMS, NO ROOTS

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :	
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)			

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present): Type: <u>NONE ENCOUNTERED</u> Depth (inches): _____	Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
---	--

Remarks: 2-9" SAND ALONG PED SURFACES - SOME REDOX BUT LESS THAN 2% - SOILS CLEARLY INUNDATED BASED ON POSITION IN BASIN AND EVIDENCE OF ORDINARY HIGH WATER

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): <u>212"</u> Water Table Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): <u>18"</u> Saturation Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
---	--

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: SURFACE WATER NOT OBSERVED AT SAMPLE POINT - BUT POINT IS WITHIN POND OUTFLOW - IMPOUNDMENT POND

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: SSFL AREA I City/County: VENTURA CO. Sampling Date: 1/4/2012
 Applicant/Owner: NASA State: CA. Sampling Point: SW-2 SP-4
 Investigator(s): R. HUPPUESTON, S. LONG Section, Township, Range: 02N 17W SEC 20 (SBM)
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): HILL SLOPE Local relief (concave, convex, none): NONE Slope (%): 5%
 Subregion (LRR): C Lat: 34°14' 20.777 Long: 118° 41' 20.857 Datum: WGS 84
 Soil Map Unit Name: S&F SEDIMENTARY ROCK LTD NWI classification: PSSB

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes _____ No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No _____
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>
Remarks: <u>BELOW AVE RAINFALL FOR THIS TIME OF YEAR</u>	

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0%</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>2m²</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>MALOSOMA LAURINA</u>	<u>30%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>ML</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
= Total Cover				UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
				Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>1m²</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>POA (CF) SECUNDA</u>	<u>40%</u>	_____	<u>ML</u>	___ Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Rumex sp.</u>	<u>1%</u>	_____	<u>FACW</u>	___ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. <u>Anagalis arvensis</u>	<u>TR</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>	___ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Footnote:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>60</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust _____		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>		

Remarks:

SOIL

Sampling Point: SW-2 SP-4

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-1	10YR 4/2	100%	-	-	-	-	FSL	FR WM ABK, F-M ROOTS 5%
1-6	10YR 4/2	70%	10YR 5/6	30%	C	M	FSL	FR WM SBK, VFi-Fi ROOTS 1%
6-17	10YR 4/3	70%	10YR 5/1	5%	C	M	LFS	FR, WM SBK
			10YR 4/6	25%	C	M		

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: NE
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks: *- SOILS POSSIBLY EXCAVATED TO ENHANCE / ENLARGE NATURAL POND - SAMPLE POINT ABOVE OHMUM W/ NO ABUNDANT HYDROPHYTIC VEGETATION PRESENT*

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: *ABOVE POND OHMUM*

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: SSFL R-2A POND City/County: VENTURA Sampling Date: 1/5/2012
 Applicant/Owner: NASA State: CA Sampling Point: R2A-SP-1
 Investigator(s): R. HODDLESTON, S. LONG Section, Township, Range: 02N 17W SEC 30 (SBM)
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): TERRACE Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONCAVE Slope (%): 0-5%
 Subregion (LRR): C Lat: 34° 13' 35.861" Long: -118° 42' 19.440 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: SUG SEDIMENTARY ROCK LAND NWI classification: _____

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes _____ No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes _____ No _____
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes _____ No _____		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes _____ No _____		

Remarks: BELOW AVE RAINFALL TO DATE - HIGHLY MANAGED HYDROLOGY IN CONSTRUCTED POND

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dominance Test is >50% <input type="checkbox"/> Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ <input type="checkbox"/> Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>2m²</u>)				
1. <u>BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>1m²</u>)				
1. <u>CYPERUS ERAGROSTIS</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____	% Cover of Biotic Crust _____			

Remarks: EXTENSIVE DEAD STEMS OF SCIRPUS THROUGHOUT THIS AREA - NO LIVE TULEES OR LIVE ROOTS / RHIZOMES EVIDENT

SOIL

Sampling Point: RZA-SP-1

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-2"	10YR 3/2	100%	-	-	-	-	Ui	FINELY LAYERED ORGANIC MATERIAL w/ FINE SAND/SILT
2-6"	10YR 3/2	60%					LFS	MIXED SAND, LOOSE
	10YR 5/4	40%					LFS	MASSIVE
6-19"	10YR 3/2	90%	10YR 2/1	2%	C	M	FSL	MMSBK, FR
			10YR 4/4	8%	C	P/RL		

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: PORE

Depth (inches): 719"

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks: - REDOX DARK SURFACE 6" THICK WITHIN UPPER 12 INCHES WITH 8% DISTINCT CONCENTRATIONS ALONG ROOT CHANNELS ON PORE LININGS

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: AREA WAS DRY AT TIME OF SURVEY - NO INDICATION OF RECENT PONDING, BUT SAMPLE LOCATION IS WITHIN THE PAST EXTENT OF CHUM - HYDROLOGY NOW MANAGED BY PUMPING FROM THE POND

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: CSFL PZA POND City/County: VENTURA Sampling Date: 1/5/2012
 Applicant/Owner: NASA State: CA Sampling Point: PZA-SP-2
 Investigator(s): R. HURDLESTON, S. LONG Section, Township, Range: 02N 17W SEC 30 (58M)
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): TERRACE Local relief (concave, convex, none): NONE Slope (%): 0-5%
 Subregion (LRR): C Lat: 34° 13' 35.569 Long: -118° 42' 19.624 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: SUB - SEDIMENTARY ROCK LAND NWI classification: NONE

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>BELOW AVE RAIN FALL</u>	

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>10m²</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. <u>QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u>	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>5</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>20%</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
<u>20%</u> = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>5m²</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u>	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. <u>BACCHARIS SALISIFOLIA</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. <u>BACCHARIS PILULARIS</u>	<u>10%</u>	_____	<u>NL</u>	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. <u>TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM</u>	<u>10%</u>	_____	<u>NL</u>	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
<u>60%</u> = Total Cover				UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
				Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>1m²</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>BROMUS DIANDRUS</u>	<u>10%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA</u>	<u>10%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. PHACELIA	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. <u>PIPTATHERUM MILIAEUM</u>	<u>1%</u>	_____	<u>NL</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. <u>CIRSIMUM OCCIDENTALE</u>	<u>1%</u>	_____	<u>NL</u>	
6. <u>CARDUS PTENOCEPHALUS</u>	<u>TR</u>	_____	<u>NL</u>	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
<u>20%</u> = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Footnote:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>280%</u> % Cover of Biotic Crust _____				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>LEAF LITTER ABUNDANT THROUGHOUT AREA.</u>				

SOIL

Sampling Point: R2A-57-2

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-2	10YR 3/2	100%					LFS	VW-FINE SBK → GRAP. VER-SO 20% FINE ROOTS
2-14"	10YR 4/1	70%	MIXED				LFS	WMSBK, VER, -10ARSE TO VF ROOTS 5%
	10YR 4/4	30%						
14-24	10YR 4/3	100%					LFS	MASSIVE, GRAP 1% F-T ROOTS

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: NE

Depth (inches): 224"

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: ABOVE OHW MARK OF POND - NO EVIDENCE OF WETLAND HYDROLOGY

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: SSFL - RZB POND City/County: VENTURA Sampling Date: 1/5/2012
 Applicant/Owner: NASA State: CA Sampling Point: RZB-SF-1
 Investigator(s): R. HUDDLESTON, S. LONG Section, Township, Range: 02N 17W SEC 30 (SBM)
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): TERRACE Local relief (concave, convex, none): CONCAVE Slope (%): 0-5%
 Subregion (LRR): C Lat: 34°13' 35.770" Long: 118°42' 25.129" Datum: NAD83
 Soil Map Unit Name: SUG - SEMIMENTARY ROCK LAND NWI classification: NONE
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>BELOW AVE RAINFALL TO DATE - CONSTRUCTED IMPOUNDMENT POND</u>	

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>66%</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>2 m²</u>)				
1. <u>SALIX LASIOLEPIS</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species _____ x 4 = _____ UPL species _____ x 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
2. <u>BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
<u>40%</u> = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. <u>BRASSICA NIGRA</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dominance Test is >50% <input type="checkbox"/> Prevalence Index is ≤3.0' <input type="checkbox"/> Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
<u>2%</u> = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>98%</u> (Leak 11/12) % Cover of Biotic Crust _____				

Remarks: SPARSE BRASSICA COMING INTO THE EDGES - BUT LOW WATER LEVEL IN POND AT TIME OF SURVEY
REMNANT/DEAD TYPHA / SCIRPUS . BUT NO LIVE ROOTS/RHIZOMES

SOIL

Sampling Point: RZB-SP-1

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-5"	2.5Y 4/2	100%	-	-	-	-	FSL	MOIST, SOFT, WMSB/C 2% ROOTS F-L

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :	
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)			

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: BEDROCK/SANDSTONE BOUNDARY
 Depth (inches): 4-5"

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks: APPROX 1% 10YR 8/1 INCLUSIONS NOTED IN THE SOIL IN THIS LOCATION, TRACE COARSE SAND. NO HYDRIC SOIL INDICATORS BUT POINT IS WITHIN CHUM OF POND

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:
 Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: SOME WATER PRESENT IN CENTRAL PART OF POND. DRIFT LINES, WATER MARKS INDICATE THIS SAMPLE POINT IS WITHIN THE CHUM OF THE POND

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: SSFL R2B -POND City/County: VENTURA Sampling Date: 1/5/2012
 Applicant/Owner: NASA State: CA Sampling Point: R2B-S1-2
 Investigator(s): R. HUDDLESTON, S. LANG Section, Township, Range: 02N 17W SBL 30 (SBM)
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): TERRACE Local relief (concave, convex, none): NONE Slope (%): 0.5%
 Subregion (LRR): L Lat: 34°13'35.223" Long: -118°42'25.335" Datum: NAD 84
 Soil Map Unit Name: SUG - SEDIMENTARY ROCK LAND NWI classification: NONE
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
Remarks: <u>BELOW AVERAGE RAINFALL TO DATE</u>						

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:	
1. _____				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	<u>0</u> (A)
2. _____				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:	<u>4</u> (B)
3. _____				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	<u>0</u> (A/B)
4. _____					
_____ = Total Cover					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>2m²</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:	
1. <u>BACCHARIS PILULARIS</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u>		
2. <u>MIMULUS AUSTRALIS</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____	
3. _____				FACW species _____ x 2 = _____	
4. _____				FAC species _____ x 3 = _____	
5. _____				FACU species _____ x 4 = _____	
<u>7%</u> = Total Cover				UPL species _____ x 5 = _____	
				Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)	
				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>1m²</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input type="checkbox"/> Dominance Test is >50% <input type="checkbox"/> Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ <input type="checkbox"/> Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
1. <u>BROMUS DIANDRUS/HORDSFALOUS</u>	<u>70%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL-FALL</u>		
2. <u>CARDUS PTCNOCEPHALUS</u>	<u>20%</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NL</u>		
3. <u>CENTAURIA MELIOTENSIS</u>	<u>T</u>		<u>NL</u>		
4. <u>ULIA VILLOSA</u>	<u>T</u>		<u>NL</u>		
5. <u>ERODIUM BCTRYS</u>	<u>T</u>		<u>NL</u>		
6. _____					
7. _____					
8. _____					
<u>+90%</u> = Total Cover					
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status		
1. _____					
2. _____					
_____ = Total Cover					
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>10%</u>		% Cover of Biotic Crust _____			

SOIL

Sampling Point: R2B-SP-2

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-6"	10YR 4/2	100%	-	-	-	-	LFS	WMSBK, VFR, 5% ROOTS VF-A
6-18"	10YR 4/2	100%	-	-	-	-	LFS	CM SBK, FR TRACE VF ROOTS

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduced Vertic (F18)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Vernal Pools (F9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)		

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):
 Type: SANDSTONE
 Depth (inches): 18"

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

<u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)</u>		<u>Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Water Table Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	
Saturation Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	

(includes capillary fringe)

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: SAMPLE POINT ABOVE OHW OF POND

Appendix F
Stream Data Sheets

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Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/4/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name NORTHERN DRAINAGE Sample Point ND-1

GPS Location: 34° 14' 12.275" 118° 41' 06.777"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: - BLUE LINE ON USGS TOPO - CALABASAS QUAD
 - MID INT. STREAM
 - NW1 - PSSA
 - DRIFT / DEBRIS PRESENT 28" ABOVE THE CHANNEL BED IN SOME AREAS

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	7.3 FT	
Channel Depth	> 3 FT DEEPLY INCISED CHANNEL	
Low Flow Width	6 FT	
Low Flow Depth	2.3 FT	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
ROCKY SUBSTRATE w/ SAND AND GRAVEL SOME SANDSTONE BOULDERS		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
HETERMELES ARBUTIFOLIA, SAMBUCUS NIGRA, QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA, Ceanothus crassifolius, Lonicera subspicata, ERIODICTYON CRASSIFOLIUM, RHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA, CARDUUS PYNOCEPHALUS, PIPTATHERUM MILIACEUM, RIBES MALVACEUM, ARTEMESIA CALIFORNICA

Notes: EAST END OF AREA 1 - DEEPLY INCISED CHANNEL OVER 8 FEET STEEP BANKS.

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field LabDate: 1/4/2012Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve LongFeature Name NORTHERN DRAINAGE Sample Point ND-2GPS Location: 34° 14' 11.926" 118° 41' 07.789"**Geomorphic Feature**

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat.	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes:

- BLUE LINE ON USGS CALABASAS QUAD
- NITD INT. STREAM
- NW1 - PSSA

- DRIFT DEBRIS ON ROCKS WITHIN CHANNEL

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	9 FT	
Channel Depth	1-2 FT	
Low Flow Width	5 FT	
Low Flow Depth	6 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
ROCKY - BOULDER / COBBLE w/ SOME SAND / GRAVEL		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	TOTAL < 5% COVER
Dominant / Characteristic Species			
CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS			
POLYPOGON MONSPELIENSIS			
RUMEX CRISPUS			

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species	
TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM, SALIX LASIOLEPIS, (ONE WILLOW ~ 4-5" DBH)	
PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA, CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS, PIPTATHERUM MILIACEUM	
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA - UPPER BANK ALONG S. SLOPE	

Notes:

LARGE, DEEPLY INCISED CHANNEL - SOME AREAS BANKS OVER 8 FEET TALL - WATER FLOW 1-2 FEET ONLY

- SCATTERED QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA ALONG SOUTH SLOPE - WELL ABOVE ACTIVE FLOW CHANNEL

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/4/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name NORTHERN DRAINAGE Sample Point ND-3

GPS Location: 34° 14' 11.651" 118° 41' 11.688"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes:
 • BLUE LINE STREAM USGS CALBASAS QUAD
 • N+D INT STREAM
 • NWI - PSSA
 - SPARSE LITTER / DEBRIS DEPOSITS

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	8 FT
Channel Depth	1 FT
Low Flow Width	5.5 FT
Low Flow Depth	4.6 INCHES
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock
	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
SAND / GRAVEL SUBSTRATE	

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA - SCATTERED ALONG TOP OF CHANNEL BANKS
ERIODICTION CRASSIFOLIUM, PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA, BACCHARIS PILULARIS, CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS, PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM, TOXICODENDRON DIVERSELOBUM
Notes: BRASSICA NIGRA

WEAKLY EXPRESSED SAND-GRAVEL CHANNEL WITHIN DEEPLY INCISED CHANNEL

-CHANNEL FLOWS DS INTO 46" DIAM CULVERT THAT IS ~80% FILLED WITH SEDIMENT NO EVIDENCE OF PUMPING BEHIND CULVERT

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 11/4/2012Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve LongFeature Name NORTHERN DRAINAGE Sample Point ND-4GPS Location: 34° 14' 11.562" 118° 41' 14.209"**Geomorphic Feature**

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes:

- BLUE LINE STREAM ON USGS CALABASAS QUAD
- NHD INT. STREAM
- NWI - PSSA
- SPARSE LITTER / DEBRIS DEPOSITS
- WATER STAINING ON DOWN STREAM CULVERT

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	8 FT	
Channel Depth	1 FT	
Low Flow Width	3.5 FT	
Low Flow Depth	6 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
MOSTLY SAND / GRAVEL W/ SOME COBBLE, SANDSTONE ROCK		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	< 5% TOTAL COVER
Dominant / Characteristic Species		SEEDLINGS	
BRASSICA NIGRA			
CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS			

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species	
QUERCUS ALIFOLIA AND HETEROMELES ARBUTIFOLIA	
ALONG UPPER EDGES OF THE CHANNEL	
ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM, BRASSICA NIGRA,	
GALIUM SP, CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS	
PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM	

Notes:

CHANNEL FLOWS WEST INTO 52 INCH DIAM
CMP UNDER ROAD - WATER STAINING ON
CULVERT 32 INCHES WIDE, 6 INCHES DEEP

- SMALL TRIBUTARY EROSIONAL CHANNEL
SOUTH OF THIS POINT - CHANNEL 12-16 INCHES
WIDE, LESS THAN 12 INCHES DEEP

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/4/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name NORTHERN DRAINAGE Sample Point ND-5

GPS Location: 34° 14' 12.741" 118° 41' 17.018"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes:

- BLUE LINE STREAM ON USGS CALABASAS QUAD
- NHD INT. STREAM
- NWI PSSA
- SPARSE LITTER / DEBRIS, WRACK LINES IN CHANNEL

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	11.5 FT	
Channel Depth	~ 1 FT	
Low Flow Width	9 FT	
Low Flow Depth	~ 1 FT	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
SANDY CHANNEL w/ SCATTERED SANDSTONE ROCK		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	< 5% TOTAL COVER
Dominant / Characteristic Species	SEEDLINGS		
CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS	MOSTLY		
PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM			

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA - ALONG UPPER SLOPES
RIBES MALVACEUM, TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM,
SAMBUCUS NIGRA, PITACELIA RAMOSSSIMA

Notes: SAMPLE POINT JUST DOWN STREAM OF
 52-INCH DIAM CMP OUTFALL
 - GOOD RIPARIAN COVER IN THIS AREA

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field LabDate: 1/4/2012Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve LongFeature Name NORTHERN DRAINAGE Sample Point MD-6GPS Location: 34° 14' 13.612" 118° 41' 18.709"**Geomorphic Feature**

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes:

- BLUE LINE ON USGS CALABASAS QUAD
- MID INT. STREAM
- NWI - PSSA

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	12 FT	
Channel Depth	1-2 FT	
Low Flow Width	8 FT	
Low Flow Depth	6 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>SANDSTONE</u> <u>BULDERS</u>
MOSTLY SAND W/ SOME COBBLES / ROCKS		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<u>< 5% TOTAL</u>
Dominant / Characteristic Species			<u>COVER</u>
<u>PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM</u>			
<u>POLYPOGON MONSPELIENSIS</u>			
<u>CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS</u>			

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species	
<u>QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA - UPPER SLOPES</u>	
<u>TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM</u>	
<u>PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA</u>	

Notes:

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/4/2012Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve LongFeature Name NORTHERN DRAINAGE Sample Point ND-7GPS Location: 34° 14' 14.543" 118° 41' 20.809"**Geomorphic Feature**

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes:

- BLUE LINE ON USGS CALABASAS QUAD
- NHD INT. STREAM
- NWI - PSSA

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	12 FT	
Channel Depth	21 FT	
Low Flow Width	6 FT	
Low Flow Depth	6 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
SANDY CHANNEL W/ SOME GRAVELS / COBBLE		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA - SPARSE < 5% COVER		
PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM		
CARDUUS PYNOCEPHALUS		
RUMEX CRISPUS		
		} LESS THAN 5% TOTAL COVER

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA - UPPER SLOPES
ARTEMISIA DOUGLASSIANA
MALACOTHAMNUS FASCICULATUS
PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM
PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA
BRASSICA NIGRA

Notes: _____

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/4 / 2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name: AREA 1 - EROSIONAL CHAN. Sample Point _____

GPS Location: TA 34° 14' 22.412" 118° 41' 18.196"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: - DEFINED CUT CHANNEL DUE TO EROSION / UPSLOPE RUNOFF - CHANNEL FLOWS TO SOUTHWEST INTO IMPOUNDMENT FEATURE
- NOT A BLUE LINE FEATURE

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	2 FT - 2 1/2 FT	
Channel Depth	5 INCHES - 1 FT DEEP	
Low Flow Width	1 FT	
Low Flow Depth	2-3 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
SANDY W/ SOME SANDSTONE BEDROCK		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
ERIODICTION CRASSIFOLIUM,
ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM, MALVOMA LAURINA,
ERODIUM BOTRYS, CENTAUREA MELITENSIS
POA SECUNDA

Notes:

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/4/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name NORTHERN DRAINAGE Sample Point ND-8

GPS Location: 34° 14' 16.403" 118° 41' 32.614"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes:
 • BLUE LINE ON USGS CALABASAS QUAD
 • NITD INT. STREAM
 • NWI - PSSA

- DISTINCT CUT BANKS ALONG CHANNEL
 - DRIFT / DEBRIS DEPOSITS

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	6 FT
Channel Depth	1 FT
Low Flow Width	3 FT
Low Flow Depth	6 INCHES
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock - SANDSTONE BOULDER
	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
SANDY SUBSTRATE W/ SOME COBBLE / ROCKS	

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA - LESS THAN 5% COVER		
POLYPOGON MONSPELIENSIS CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS RUMEX CRISPUS		
		} TOTAL LESS THAN 5% COVER

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species	
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA	
SALIX LASIOLEPIS - ONE TREE / SHRUB W/ MULTIPLE STEMS - ALL LESS THAN 3" DBH	
TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM	
CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS, PITACELIA RAMOSISSIMA	

Notes:

DOWN STREAM OF THIS POINT SCATTERED PATCHES OF POLYPOGON MONSPELIENSIS BUT VEGETATION GENERALLY SPARSE IN CHANNEL

- SCATTERED PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM ALSO PRESENT IN SOME PARTS OF THE CHANNEL

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/4/2012Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve LongFeature Name NORTHERN DRAINAGE Sample Point ND-9GPS Location: 34° 14' 17.942" 118° 41' 34.771"**Geomorphic Feature**

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes:

- BLUE LINE ON USGS CALABASAS QUAD
- N+D INTERMITTENT STREAM
- NWI - PSSA

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	10 FT
Channel Depth	1.5-2 FT
Low Flow Width	4 FT
Low Flow Depth	26 INCITES
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock
	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
SANDSTONE BEDROCK / BOULDERS	

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA, KECKIELLA CORDIFOLIA,
SALVIA MELIFERA, BRASSICA NIGRA
PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA, CARDUUS PYNOCEPHALUS
PIPTATHERUM MILEACEUM

Notes: DOWN STREAM OF THIS POINT VERY LARGE SANDSTONE BOULDERS IN THE CHANNEL FOR APPROX 300 FT
 NO ACCESS TO THIS PORTION OF THE CHANNEL - WATER APPEARS TO FLOW UNDER ROCKS IN THIS AREA

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 11/4/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name NORTHERN DRAINAGE Sample Point ND-10

GPS Location: 34° 14' 18.352" 118° 41' 40.599"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indictors

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes:
 • BLUE LINE ON USGS CALABASAS QUAD
 • NHD INT. STREAM
 • NWI - PSSA

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/6/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name ELV DRAINAGE Sample Point ELV -1

GPS Location: 34° 14' 16.023" 118° 41' 41.211"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: NOT SHOWN AS A BLUE LINE
NO STRONG EVIDENCE OF REGULAR FLOWS
OTHER THAN TOPOGRAPHIC LOW WITH
SOMEWHAT DEFINED CHANNEL

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	4 FT	
Channel Depth	21 FT	
Low Flow Width	3 FT	
Low Flow Depth	6 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other SANDSTONE BOULDERS

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA, UMBELLULARIA CALIFORNICA, MALACOTHAMNUS FASCICULATUS, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM, HERTERMELES ARBUTIFOLIA, Ceanothus CRASSIFOLUS, TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM, CARDUUS PYLNOCEPHALUS, PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA, VENEGASIA CARPESIOIDES LEYMUS CONDENSATUS

Notes: - MORE DEVELOPED CHANNEL UPSLOPE

LOTS OF DOWNED WOODY DEBRIS IN THE CHANNEL IN THIS AREA

DENSE TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM IN SOME AREAS

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/6/2012Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve LongFeature Name ELV DRAINAGE Sample Point ELV-2GPS Location: 34° 14' 17.840 118° 41' 41.018**Geomorphic Feature**

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: NOT A BLUE LINE FEATURE

NO EVIDENCE OF RECENT FLOW - LOW TOPOGRAPHIC FEATURE, SOME DEFINED CHANNEL - BUT MORE SWALE LIKE FEATURE

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	~10 FT	
Channel Depth	1 FT	
Low Flow Width	2.5 FT	
Low Flow Depth	6 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>SANDSTONE</u> <u>BOULDERS</u>
<u>ROCKY / SWALE</u>		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
<u>QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA, UMBELLULARIA CALIFORNICA,</u>
<u>TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM, ROSA CALIFORNICA,</u>
<u>HEPATEROMFLES ARBUTIFOLIA,</u>
<u>MALACOTHAMNUS FASCICULATUS</u>
<u>PIPTATHERUM MILECRUM</u>

Notes:

THIS FEATURE FLOWS INTO THE NORTHERN
DRAINAGE JUST UPSTREAM OF SAMPLE WEIR

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/6/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name ELV DRAINAGE Sample Point ELV-3

GPS Location: 34° 14' 13.651" 118° 41' 42.620"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: NOT A BLUE LINE

- NO EVIDENCE OF RECENT FLOW IN THIS AREA, LOW TOPOGRAPHIC AREA - SWALE LIKE FEATURE - MORE DEFINED UPSTREAM

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	7 FT	
Channel Depth	1 FT	
Low Flow Width	3.5 FT	
Low Flow Depth	46 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>SANDSTONE</u> <u>BOULDER</u>

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
<u>QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA, MALACOTHAMNUS FASCICULATUM</u>
<u>MALOSOMA LAURINA, RIBES MALVACEUM,</u>
<u>ARTEMESIA CALIFORNICA, MIMULUS AURANTIACUS</u>
<u>PHACALEA RAMOSISSIMA, VERGASIA CARPESIOIDES</u>

Notes:

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/6/2012Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve LongFeature Name DRAINAGE A-1 Sample Point A1-1GPS Location: 34° 14' 11.482" 118° 41' 39.657"**Geomorphic Feature**

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: NO BLUE LINE

- TOPOGRAPHIC LOW AREA - RIP-RAP / CULVERT AT ROADWAY - UPSLOPE WEAKLY EXPRESSED EROSIONAL FEATURE

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	2 FT	
Channel Depth	1.5 FT	
Low Flow Width	1.5 FT	
Low Flow Depth	6 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble (SPARSE)	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
QUERCUS AGRIFOVIA, MALACOTHAMNUS FASICULATUM, RIBES MALVACEUM, CARDUUS PULMONIFOLIUS, PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA

Notes: SWALE / CHANNEL EMPTIES INTO LOW DEPRESSIONAL AREA W/ RIP-RAP AND 29 INCH DIAM CULVERT (PLASTIC PIPE) UNDER ROAD

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/6/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name DRAINAGE A-1 Sample Point A1-2

GPS Location: 34° 14' 13.533" 118° 41' 42.086"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes:

NO BLUE LINE

LOW TOPOGRAPHIC SWALE, WEAKLY EXPRESSED CHANNEL

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	8 FT	
Channel Depth	1 FT	
Low Flow Width	3 FT	
Low Flow Depth	26 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>ASPHALT DEBRIS</u>

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
SALVIA MELIFERA
BACCHARIS PILULARIS
MALVOSOMA LAURINA
ERIODICTYON CRASSIFOLIUM

Notes: DOWN STREAM OF 29 INCH DIAM
PLASTIC PIPE UNDER ROAD
FLOWS WEST INTO EGV DRAINAGE

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field LabDate: 1/6/2012Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve LongFeature Name DRAINAGE A-2Sample Point ~~A2-1~~ A2-1GPS Location: 34° 14' 09.789" 118° 41' 47.834"**Geomorphic Feature**

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: NOT A BLUE LINE

NO EVIDENCE OF RECENT FLOW IN THIS AREA

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	6 FT - NEAR ROAD - NARROWS AS	
Channel Depth	2-4 FT	
Low Flow Width		
Low Flow Depth		
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM		} UPPER EDGES OF CHANNEL
MIMULUS AURANTIA CUS		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA, TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM,
CARDUS PYNOCERPHALLUS, LEYMUS CONDENSATUS
PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA, BREMUS DIANDRUS
PSEUDOGNAPHALUM BIOLETTI

Notes: WELL DEFINED DEEPLY INCISED CHANNEL
 JUST UP FROM 24 INCH DIAM CMP AT
 ROAD - CHANNELS BECOMES SMALLER
 AND MORE NARROW TO THE SOUTH
 EVENTUALLY BECOMING A DISCONTINUOUS
 EROSIONAL CHANNEL

NORTH OF ROAD CMP EMPTIES INTO
 ASPHALT DRAINAGE

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/5/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name BELL CREEK - ALFA Sample Point ~~CENTRAL~~ ^{EXIT} BC-1

GPS Location: AVE POINTS: 34° 13' 58.097 118° 41' 36.895"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS BLUE LINE ON USGS TOPO MAP FOR THE CALABASAS QUAD; NHD STREAM - IMPOUNDED AREAS SHOWN AS PSSC ON NW1 (FORESTED/ SHRUB WETLAND)

- NO EVIDENCE OF RECENT FLOW IN THIS AREA

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	5.5 FT	} JUST BEFORE ENTERS 24" CMP AT WEST END OF THE PROJ. AREA
Channel Depth	2.5 FT	
High Water Line Width		
High Water Line Depth		
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA, TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM, MALACOTHAMNUS FASCICULATUS, MALOSOMA LAURINA, ERIOPICTION CRASSIFOLIUM

Notes: UPPER REACH GOES INTO 24 INCH DIAMETER
CULVERT UNDER FILL EAST OF ALPHA TEST
STANDS

- AT ~~THE~~ CULVERT DISCHARGE - ABOUT 60% FILLER
CULVERT OPENING - DENSE MESEMBRYANTHEMUM
CRYSTALLINUM IN DISCHARGE AREA - DOWN STREAM
NO DEFINED CHANNEL OR OTWUM - SOME BACCHARIS
SALICIFOLIA, SAUX LASIOLEPIS W/ BRASSICA NIGRA AND
CARDUS PYNOCEPHAGUS, BRONNUS FIANDRUS, Avena, ETC.

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/5/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name BELL CREEK - ALFA Sample Point CONCRETE IMPOUNDMENT - ~~DITCH~~

GPS Location: 34° 13' 58.837" 118° 41' 40.151"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS A BLUE LINE ON USGS TOPO FOR THE CALABASAS QUAD; NW1 (PSSC) FORESTED/SCRUB WETLAND; NHD STREAM

NO EVIDENCE OF RECENT OAHM / FLOWS IN THIS AREA

Channel Characteristics

NO DEFINED BED/BANK CHANNEL IN THIS AREA

Channel Width	~ 15' WIDE (NO MEASUREMENT TAKEN)	
Channel Depth	~ 2 FEET TO TOP OF IMPOUNDMENT	
High Water Line Width		
High Water Line Depth		
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA } FROM IMPOUNDMENT		
SAXIS LASIOLEPIS - } BANK TO 24" CMP		
DISCHARGE		
- ABUNDANT UPLAND UNDERSTORY HERBS - WILLOWS		
IN POOR CONDITION - 85-90% DEAD IN SOME AREAS		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
BACCHARIS FLUVIARIS, MISCANTHUS LAURINA,
AVENA BARBATA, CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS
CENTAUREA MELITENSIS
SMALL QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA

Notes: VERY WEAKLY EXPRESSED / INTERMITTENT DRAINAGE CHANNEL FROM CULVERT OUTFALL DOWN TO THE CONCRETE IMPOUNDMENT - MOSTLY NO DEFINED CHANNEL

TWO CULVERTS AT IMPOUNDMENT - ONE RUNS ALONG THE SOUTH - TOP SLOPE OF THE DRAINAGE - THE SECOND CULVERT APPEARS TO DISCHARGE INTO THE NATURAL CHANNEL ~ 15' BELOW THE IMPOUNDMENT STRUCTURE

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/5/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name BELL CREEK - ALFA Sample Point DOWN STREAM CONCRETE IMPOUND. BC-2

GPS Location: AVE POSITION: 34° 13' 58.906 118° 41' 40.784"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS A BLUE LINE ON THE USGS TOPO MAP FOR THE CALBASAS QUAD; NW1 (PSSC) FORESTED / SCRUB WETLAND AND NHD STREAM

- NO EVIDENCE OF RECENT FLOW IN THIS AREA

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	NO DEFINED BED / BANK	
Channel Depth	CHANNEL PRESENT	
High Water Line Width		
High Water Line Depth		
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
CHANNEL THROUGHOUT THE AREA IS FILLED WITH		
DEAD / FALLEN WOODY DEBRIS - APPEARS MOSTLY		
SALIX LASIOBERIS - BURNED IN 2005 FIRE		
ALMOST NO REGENERATION		
DENSE CARDUS PRINOCEPHALIS IN "CHANNEL"		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species	
BACCHARIS PILULARIS	
MAIOSOMA LAURINA	
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA (FEW SMALL TREES)	
SPARSE BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA ALONG LOWER SLOPES	
AVENA BARBATA, BROMUS STR. CENTAUREA MELITENSIS	

Notes: COULD NOT ACCESS THIS SECTION DUE TO
ABUNDANT FALLEN WOODY DEBRIS - NO
APPARENT BED / BANK FEATURE AND NO
EVIDENCE OF RECENT FLOWS THROUGH
THIS SECTION - DOWN STREAM TO EARTHEN DAM
STRUCTURE

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 11/5/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name BELL CREEK - ALFA Sample Point ^{DUMP STREAM} EARTHEN DAM BC-3

GPS Location: 34° 13' 58.352" 118° 41' 43.905"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS A BLUE LINE ON THE USGS TOPO MAP FOR THE CALABASAS QUAD; NW1 (PSSC) FORESTED / SHRUB WETLAND; MTD STREAM

NO EVIDENCE OF RELENT FLOW OR CHANNEL IN THIS AREA

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	NO DEFINED BED-BANK
Channel Depth	FEATURE IN THIS AREA
High Water Line Width	DOWN STREAM OF EARTHEN
High Water Line Depth	DAM
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock
	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
BACCHARIS SACICIFOLIA		
TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM		
CARDUS PYCNOCEPHALUS		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species	
BRASSICA NIGRA, CENTAUREA MELATENSIS, BROMUS SPP.	} SPARSE, SCATTERED SHRUBS
ARTEMESIA CALIFORNICA	
ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM	
BACCHARIS PILULARIS	
MAZACOTHAMNUS FASCICULATUS	
MACOSOMA LAURINA	

Notes:

DOWN STREAM NO DEFINED CHANNEL - NO BED BANK
 FLAT TOPOGRAPHY BETWEEN SLOPES - NO EVIDENCE
 OF RECENT FLOW - VEGETATION BACCHARIS PILULARIS,
 BACCHARIS SACICIFOLIA, DEAD SANX LASIOLEPIS - ABUNDANT
 CARDUS PYCNOCEPHALUS, TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM
 AND BRASSICA NIGRA

* NO CULVERT WAS LOCATED AT THE WEST END
 NEAR THE ROAD

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/5/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name BELL CREEK - ALFA Sample Point WEST ^{DOWN STREAM} ^{OF CAPPED}

GPS Location: AVE POSITION: 34° 13' 58.550" 118° 41' 57.006" ^{POND} **BC-4**

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: BLUE LINE ON USGS TOPO MAP FOR THE CRABASAS QUAD ; NHD STREAM ; NO NWI FEATURE

NO EVIDENCE OF RECENT FLOW

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	NO DEFINED CHANNEL OR BED-BANK IN THIS AREA	
Channel Depth		
High Water Line Width		
High Water Line Depth		
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
BACCHARIS SAUCIFOLIA		
CARDUUS PYLNOCEPHALUS		
BACCHARIS PILULARIS		
TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM		
PHACALEIA RAMOSISSIMA		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species

Notes: TERMINATES AT 50 INCH DIAM CMP JUST BEFORE SPA AREA - (UNDER ROAD)

UPSTREAM OF CULVERT - SOME SALIX LASIOLEPIS, ARTEMESIA DOUGLASSIANA WITH MALACOTHAMNUS FASCICULATUS, BACCHARIS SAUCIFOLIA - INTERMITTENT 2 FOOT WIDE 2-3 INCH DEEP EROSIONAL CHANNEL BUT NO CHANN OR CONTINUOUS BED / BANK FEATURE IN THIS AREA.

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/5/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

BC-5

Feature Name BELL CREEK - SPA Sample Point (~~SPA~~ CONCRETE LINED) ~~SPA~~

GPS Location: ~~Ave position: 34° 14' 01.234" 118° 42' 01.249"~~
34° 14' 01.469" 118° 42' 03.118"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS A BLUE LINE ON THE USGS TOPO MAP FOR THE CALABASAS QUAD; NHD STREAM - WESTERN PART OF THIS FEATURE SHOWN AS NWI - (PFOA) FORESTED / SCRUB WETLAND
- SOME WATER STAINING ON CONCRETE

Channel Characteristics

CONCRETE LINED DRAINAGE DITCH

Channel Width	5.7 FT - 10.8 FT	
Channel Depth	25 INCHES	
High Water Line Width	1-3 FEET	
High Water Line Depth	2 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>CONCRETE</u>

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
<u>MALOSOMA LAURINA, ERIODICTION CRASSIFOLIUM</u>
<u>BACCHARIS PILULARIS, BACCHARIS SACICIFOLIA</u>
<u>TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM, RIBES MALVACEUM,</u>
<u>ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM, CEANOETHUS CRASSIFOLIUS</u>

Notes: CONCRETE CHANNEL ENDS APPROX 100 FEET DOWN STREAM OF THIS LOCATION

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/5/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name BELL CREEK - SPA Sample Point ~~572~~ BC-6

GPS Location: 34° 14' 00.432 118° 42' 07.570

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indictors

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) <u>SCOURING</u>

Notes: SHOWN AS BLUE LINE ON USGS TOPO MAP FOR THE CALABASAS QUAD, NHD STREAM; NWI (PFOA) - FORESTED / SHrub WETLAND

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	6 FT	
Channel Depth	2 FT	
High Water Line Width	2.7 FT	
High Water Line Depth	4 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
SAND / ROCK CHANNEL W/ SPARSE GRAVEL		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
CARDIUS PYCNOCEPHALUS SEEDLINGS } LESS THAN 1% TOTAL		
POLYPOGON MONSPELIENSIS } COVER		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species	
BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA, BACCHARIS PILULARIS	
DEAD SALIX SP - NO REGROWTH - BURNED IN 2005 FIRE	
MALACOTHAMNUS FASCICULATUS	
CARDIUS PYCNOCEPHALUS, BRASSICA NIGRA	

Notes: DOWN STREAM OF CONCRETE LINED DITCH - CONTINUES
 GENERALLY SOUTH INTO SILVERNAGE POND OFF
 NASA PROPERTY

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/6/2012Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve LongFeature Name BELL CREEK - CDFP Sample Point ~~S24~~ BC-7GPS Location: 34° 13' 41.161" 118° 42' 25.275"**Geomorphic Feature**

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS A BLUE LINE STREAM ON USGS TOPO MAP FOR THE CALABASAS QUAD; ALSO SHOWN AS A NHD STREAM - NO NWI MAPPED FEATURES THIS AREA

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	5 FT
Channel Depth	1 FT
High Water Line Width	30 INCHES
High Water Line Depth	1-2 INCHES
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock
	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
SANDY W/ SPARSE GRAVEL - MORE COBBLE DOWN STREAM	

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS	}	LESS THAN 2% TOTAL COVER
BRASSICA NIGRA		
SILYBUM MARIANUM		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA, ADENOSTEMA FASCICULATA,
ERIODICTYON CRASSIFOLIUM, CERNOTHUS SP., MALOSOMA LAURINA
SOME QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA - SAMIX LASIOLEPIS SAPHINOS
PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA, BRASSICA NIGRA
None

Notes: _____

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/6/2012Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve LongFeature Name BELL CREEK - CDFF Sample Point ~~572~~ 13C-8GPS Location: 34° 13' 39.469" -118° 42' 25.316"**Geomorphic Feature**

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indictors

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS A BLUE LINE ON THE USGS TOPO MAP FOR THE CALABASAS QUAD; NHD STREAM NO NWI MAPPED WETLANDS

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	4.8 FT	
Channel Depth	8-18 INCHES	
High Water Line Width	2.1 FT	
High Water Line Depth	3 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
SAND / GRAVEL SUBSTRATE w/ SPARSE COBBLE		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
BRASSICA NIGRA	} LESS THAN 5% TOTAL COVER	
CARDUUS PycNOCEPHALUS		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
ARTEMESIA DOUGLASIANA, TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM
ERIODICTYON CRASSIFOLIUM, BACCHARIS SAUCIFOLIA,
MALACOTHAMNUS FASCICULATUS, CeanOTHUS SP.
BRASSICA NIGRA, PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA, BACCHARIS PILULARIS
SILYBUM MARIANUM - OCCASSIONAL SALIX LASIOLEPIS - 4" DBH

Notes:

DOWN STREAM - WELL DEFINED SANDY CHANNEL FLOWS THROUGH AREA WITH DENSE ARTEMESIA DOUGLASIANA WITH SCATTERED BRASSICA NIGRA - SURROUNDED BY BACCHARIS PILULARIS, TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM - OCCASSIONAL QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA

- SEGMENT NORTH OF R2B POND DENSE TOXICODENDRON NO ACCESS TO THE DRAINAGE

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/5/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name BELL CREEK SW Sample Point ~~SP~~ BC-9

GPS Location: 34° 13' 33.868" 118° 42' 23.679"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

HYDROLOGY MANAGED - PUMPING TO SILVERNACE POND

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: - SHOWN AS BLUE LINE ON USGS TOPO FOR THE CALABASAS QUAD; NWI (PFOA) FORESTED/SCRUB WETLAND AND NHD STREAM.

SOME OLD DRIFT LINES / DEBRIS WRACKING EVIDENT

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	10 FT	
Channel Depth	14 INCHES	
High Water Line Width <small>LOW FLOW</small>	3.7 FT	
High Water Line Depth <small>LOW FLOW</small>	4 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>Boulders</u>
SAND-GRAVEL - COBBLE SUBSTRATE W/ SOME LARGE SANDSTONE BOULDERS		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA
BACCHARIS PILULARIS
TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM, QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA
ERICIDICTION CRASSIFOLIUM, MALOSOMA LAURINA
PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM, PHALELIA RAMOSISSIMA
Viburnum RIBES MALVACEUM

Notes:

DENSE BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA OVERHANGING THE CHANNEL THROUGHOUT MUCH OF THIS AREA BUT BOTTOM OF CHANNEL GENERALLY DEVOID OF VEGETATION

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/5/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name BELL CREEK SW Sample Point ~~STB BELL~~

GPS Location: 34° 13' 32.724" -118° 42' 25.084 BC-10

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

MANAGED HYDROLOGY - PUMPING INTO SILVERMADE POND

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS A BLUE LINE STREAM ON THE USGS CALABASAS TOPO MAP - NW1 (PFOA) FORESTED/SCRUB WETLAND AND NHD STREAM
- SOME DRIFT / DEBRIS AND WRACK LINES
EVIDENCE OF PAST FLOWS

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	10.5 FT	
Channel Depth	1 FT	
High Water Line Width <small>Low Flow</small>	5.75 FT	
High Water Line Depth <small>Low Flow</small>	2"	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>BOULDER</u>
COBBLE / GRAVEL W/ SOME SANDSTONE BOULDERS		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA
BACCHARIS PILULARIS, KECKIELLA CORDIFOLIA,
MALOSOMA LAURINA, BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA, Ceanothus sp.
ARTEMESIA DOUGLASIANA, TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM,
PHACALEIA RAMOSISSIMA
Notes

Notes: APPROX 45 FEET DOWNSTREAM OF THIS POINT THE DRAINAGE IS BLOCKED BY LARGE SANDSTONE BOULDERS AND DENSE TOXICODENDRON - COULD NOT ACCESS THIS SECTION OF THE CREEK

-WATER FLOWS AROUND / UNDER BOULDERS THIS SECTION

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/5/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name BELL CREEK SW Sample Point ~~ST-3~~ BC-11

GPS Location: 34° 13' 30.874" 118° 42' 28.210"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

MANAGED HYDROLOGY - PUMPING TO SILVERLAKE POND

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS BLUE LINE ON USGS TOPO MAP FOR THE CALABASAS QUAD; NW1 (PFOA) FORESTED/SCRUB WETLAND; NHD STREAM

- NO EVIDENCE OF RECENT FLOWS OBSERVED AT THIS LOCATION

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	9.7 FT	
Channel Depth	18 INCHES	
High Water Line Width <small>Low Flow</small>	4 FT	
High Water Line Depth <small>Low Flow</small>	5 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>BOULDER</u>

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
ARTEMESIA DOUGLASIANA	} LESS THAN 5% TOTAL COVER	
RUMEX CRISPUS		
PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM		
CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM, QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA
SALIX LASIOLEPIS (FALLEN TREE w/ SMALL RESPROUTTING BRANCHES)
MIMULUS AURANTIACUS, ARTEMESIA DOUGLASIANA,
PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM, RIBES MALVACEUM
PHACELIA PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA

Notes:

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/5/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name BELL CREEK SW Sample Point ~~SP-4~~ BC-12

GPS Location: 34° 13' 28.989" 118° 42' 28.628"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

MANAGED HYDROLOGY - PUMPING INTO SILVERNAZE POND

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: *BLUE LINE ON USGS TOPO MAP FOR CALABASAS QUAD; NWI (PFCA) FORESTED/SHRUB WETLAND AND MTD STREAM*

- NO EVIDENCE OF RECENT FLOW IN THIS AREA

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	13.7 FT	
Channel Depth	8 INCHES	
High Water Line Width	N/A	
High Water Line Depth	N/A	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM ~ 75% COVER		
WITHIN THE CHANNEL		
CARDUS PYCNOCEPHALUS 25% COVER		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA
TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM

Notes: _____

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 11/5/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name BELL CREEK SW Sample Point SPES BC-13

GPS Location: 34° 13' 26.801" 118° 42' 26.356"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey
<u>HIGHLY MANAGED - PUMPING INTO SILVER LAKE POND</u>	

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS A BLUE LINE ON USGS TOPO MAP FOR THE CALABASAS QUAD; NWI (PFOA) FORESTED/SCRUB WETLAND; MHD STREAM

NO EVIDENCE OF RECENT FLOW IN THIS AREA

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	9.4 FT	
Channel Depth	10 INCHES	
High Water Line Width <i>Low Flow</i>	5.8 FT	
High Water Line Depth <i>Low Flow</i>	2 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM		} LESS THAN 10% TOTAL COVER
BRASSICA NIGRA		
CARDUUS PYNOCEPHALUS		
RUBUS URSINUS		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM, PLATANUS RACEMOSA
SYMPHORICARPOS MOLLIS, RUBUS URSINUS, CALYX SP.
RIBES MALVACEUM, KECKIELLA CORDIFOLIA,
PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA, PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM
XXXX

Notes: _____

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/6/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name BELL CREEK CDFP-TRIBUTARY Sample Point ~~SP~~ BCT-1

GPS Location: 34° 13' 39.190" 118° 42' 26.552

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indictors

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: TRIBUTARY CHANNEL TO BELL CREEK - NOT SHOWN AS A BLUE LINE, NHD OR NWI WETLANDS - WELL DEFINED CHANNEL WITH DEBRIS LINES AND WRACKING IN THE CHANNEL

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	4 FT	
Channel Depth	12 - 24 INCHES	
High Water Line Width	2.3 FT	
High Water Line Depth	12 INCHES	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
BACCHARIS PILLULARIS, CENANTHUS SP.
RIBES MALVACEUM, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA, CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS
BRASSICA NIGRA

Notes: _____

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/6/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name ~~PLF~~ PLF DRAINAGE Sample Point —

GPS Location: AUE: 34° 13' 35.238" 118° 42' 14.049"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indictors

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: NOT SHOWN AS A BLUE LINE ON USGS TOPO, NOT IN NHD, NO NWI MAPPED WETLANDS IN THIS AREA

- EROSIONAL CHANNEL - GENERANT LACKING VEGETATION - BUT NO SIGNIFICANT EVIDENCE OF RECENT FLOW IN THIS AREA

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	(1) 2-3 FT	
Channel Depth	12-14 INCHES	
High Water Line Width	-	
High Water Line Depth	-	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
SANDY CHANNEL W/ SOME (SPARSE) COBBLE		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA, TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM
RIBES MALVACEUM, VENEGASIA CARPESIOIDES,
ARTEMESIA CALIFORNICA, PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA,
BROMUS DIANDRUS, PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM,
CARDUUS PTCNOCEPHALLUS

Notes: UPSTREAM PART OF DRAINAGE AT LARGE SANDSTONE ROCKS - 1-2 FOOT WIDE 6-12 INCH DEEP EROSIONAL CHANNEL (SANDY) - SOME GRAVEL COBBLES - BECOMES SLIGHTLY WIDER - 2-3 FT DOWN STREAM

AT END OF EROSIONAL FEATURE - WEAKLY EXPRESSED FLOW CHANNEL INTO CONCRETE APRON AND 24" CULVERT- DRAINS INTO RZA POND OVERFLOW AREA

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 11/3/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name COCA DRAINAGE Sample Point ~~SP1~~ CD-1

GPS Location: 34° 13' 34.972" 118° 41' 51.677"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indictors

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS A BLUE LINE ON USGS 7.5 MIN TOPO MAP FOR THE CALABASAS QUAD. - NOT SHOWN IN THE NHD

- SOME STAINING AND CORROSION ON GUNITITE INDICATING WATER FLOW

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	26 ft
Channel Depth	2 ft
High Water Line Width ^{Low Flow}	4 ft
High Water Line Depth ^{Low Flow}	1-2 "
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock
	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>GUNITE</u>

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
<i>BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA</i> - SPARSELY SCATTERED IN CRACKS		
<i>PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM</i> - SPARSE IN CRACKS		
- GENERALLY < 5% VEGETATION PRESENT - GUNITE LINED CHANNEL		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
<i>MALOSOMA LAURINA</i>
<i>BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA</i> , <i>B. PILULARIS</i>
<i>SALIX LASIOLEPIS</i> - FEW SAPLINGS SOUTH SIDE < 3" DBH
<i>TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM</i>
<i>ERIODICTYON CRASSIFOLIUM</i>
<i>ERIODICTYON CAEIFORTIUM</i>
<i>Avena BARBATA</i> , <i>PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM</i>

Notes:

AREA HIGHLY ALTERED BY CONSTRUCTION OF TEST STANDS - GUNITE SLOPES AND DRAINAGE CHANNEL

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/31/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name COCA DRAINAGE Sample Point SP22 CD-2

GPS Location: 34° 13' 35.934" 118° 41' 58.161"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indictors

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS BLUE LINE ON USGS 7.5 MIN TOPO QUAD: CALABASAS - NOT INCLUDED IN NHD

- WATER STAINING AND CORROSION EVIDENT IN GUNITE CHANNEL

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	30 ft	
Channel Depth	2 ft	
High Water Line Width <i>Low flow</i>	4.5 ft	
High Water Line Depth <i>Low flow</i>	1-2 in	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>GUNITE</u>

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
<i>BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA - GENERALLY SPARSE AND</i>		
<i>SCATTERED IN CRACKS BUT</i>		
<i>LOCALLY DENSE IN A FEW</i>		
<i>AREAS OF THE CHANNEL</i>		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
<i>ERIODICTION ^{CRASSIFOLIUM} CACTIFORMICUM</i>
<i>MALOSOMA LAURINA</i>
<i>TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM</i>
<i>BACCHARIS PILULARIS</i>
<i>CENTAUREA MELITENSIS, HETEROTHECA GRANDIFLORA,</i>
<i>PENNISETUM SETACEUM, PSEUDOGNAPHALUM BIOLETTII</i>

Notes:

GUNITE CHANNEL THAT FLOWS WEST INTO COCA POND. THE UPSTREAM PORTION OF THE CHANNEL NEAR THIS POINT BLOCKED WITH SINGLE ROW OF SAND BAGS THE DOWNSTREAM PORTION OF THE GUNITE CHANNEL TERMINATES AT 3 CULVERTS - ONE CULVERT WITH A CLOSED VALVE AND TWO CULVERTS HAVE BEEN SEALED WITH HEAVY RUBBER COVERS NO INDICATION OF WATER PONDING BEHIND THESE CULVERTS

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/31/2012Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve LongFeature Name COCA DRAINAGE Sample Point ~~SP-3~~ CD-3GPS Location: 34° 13' 37.907" 118° 42' 02.894"**Geomorphic Feature**

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS BLUE LINE ON USGS 7.5 MIN. TOPO MAP CALABASAS QUAD - NOT INCLUDED IN THE MHD

- CONSTRUCTED CONCRETE DITCH FOR COCA POND OVERFLOW AND SITE DRAINAGE -

HIGHT ALTERED NATURAL DRAINAGE CHANNEL

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	12 ft - TOP OF BANK - BANK	
Channel Depth	4 - 4.5 ft	
High Water Line Width <small>LOW FLOW</small>	5 ft	
High Water Line Depth <small>LOW FLOW</small>	~ 12 INCHES OR LESS	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>CONCRETE</u>

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
ACMISPON GLABER (= LOTUS SCOPARIUS)
ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM
BRASSICA NIGRA
BACCHARIS PILULARIS
ERIODICTION ^{CRASSIFOLIUM} CALIFORNICUM

Notes: SOUTH END OF DITCH FILLED WITH SOIL - NO CULVERT EVIDENT AT START OF THE CONCRETE CHANNEL

APPROX 2" OF SAND IN THE BOTTOM OF THE CHANNEL - NO VEGETATION PRESENT AND NO EVIDENCE OF FLOWING WATER IN THIS LOCATION

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/3/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name COCA DRAINAGE Sample Point SP-4 CD-4

GPS Location: 34° 13' 37.543" 118° 42' 05.274"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indictors

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS BLUE LINE ON USGS 7.5 MIN TOPO FOR THE CALABASAS QUAD. NOT INCLUDED IN THE NHD

- HIGHLY ALTERED NATURAL DRAINAGE FOR COCA POND OVERFLOW AND SITE DRAINAGE

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	10.8 ft
Channel Depth	2 ft
High Water Line Width <small>LOW FLOW</small>	~ 3 ft
High Water Line Depth <small>LOW FLOW</small>	1-2 INCHES
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble
<input type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock
	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <u>CONCRETE</u>

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
<i>TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM</i>
<i>MALACOTHAMNUS FASCICULARIS</i>
<i>BACCHARIS SAMICIFOLIA</i>
<i>MALOSOMA LAURINA</i>
<i>BACCHARIS PICULARIS</i>
<i>ERIODICTYON CRASSIFOLIUM</i>
<i>ERIODICTYON CALIFORNICUM</i>

Notes: SAMPLE POINT DOWNSTREAM OF SMALL DRAINAGE
INLET - NO SEDIMENT THIS LOCATION, BUT
LOTS OF LEAF LITTER - NO EVIDENCE OF
RECENT FLOW

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 11/3/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name COCA DRAINAGE Sample Point SP-5 CD-5

GPS Location: 34° 13' 38.609" 118° 42' 13.874"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indictors

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS BLUE LINE ON USGS 7.5 MIN TOPO FOR THE CALABASAS QUAD - NOT INCLUDED IN THE NHD

- SOME WATER STAINING - CORROSION OBSERVED IN TWO UPSTREAM CULVERTS, - SOME LITTER/DEBRIS WRAPPING IN THE CHANNEL. ABSENCE OF LEAF LITTER

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	10 ft
Channel Depth	10 INCHES
High Water Line Width ^{Low Flow}	2 ft
High Water Line Depth ^{Low Flow}	4 INCHES
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock
	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
SANDSTONE BEDROCK W/ SAND AND SOME GRAVEL	

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		
BRASSICA NIGRA - 10-15%		
BACCHARIS SALICIFOLIA - SPARSE < 5%		
CARDUUS PYCNOCEPHALUS - SPARSE		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
ERIODICTION ^{CRASSIFOLIUM} CALIFORNICUM, MALVOSOMA LAURINA,
RIBES MALVACEUM, MIMULUS AURANTIACUS
BACCHARIS PILULARIS, PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA,
PSEUDOGNAPHALUM BIOLETTII

Notes: SAMPLE POINT TAKEN DOWN STREAM OF DOUBLE CULVERT 42" AND 24" DIAM. - AT THE END OF CONCRETE DRAINAGE CHANNEL. THIS SECTION OF THE CHANNEL APPEARS MORE NATURAL

- FLOWS WEST INTO RZA POND

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 11/3/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name COCA DRAINAGE Sample Point SP-6 CD-6

GPS Location: 34° 13' 38.504" 118° 42' 15.023"

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS A BLUE LINE ON USGS TOPO 7.5 MIN QUAD: CALABASAS - NOT INCLUDED IN MWD

- SMALL AMOUNT OF LITTER / DEBRIS UPWALKING IN CHANNEL

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	12 ft	
Channel Depth	3 ft	
High Water Line Width ^{Low Flow}	2 ft	
High Water Line Depth ^{Low Flow}	1 ft	
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rock	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
- SANDSTONE BOULDERS IN CHANNEL - SAND W/ SOME GRAVEL		

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
ERIODICTYON CRASSIFOLIUM
QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA
BRASSICA NIGRA, PHACELIA RAMOSISSIMA,
CARDUS PYCNOCEPHALUS, MIMULUS AURANTIACUS

Notes: NATURAL DRAINAGE CHANNEL - SEVERAL
 LARGE SANDSTONE BOULDERS PRESENT WITHIN CHANNEL
 FLOWS WEST INTO RZA POND

Project: NASA - Santa Susana Field Lab Date: 1/3/2012

Observers: Russell Huddleston and Steve Long

Feature Name COCA DRAINAGE Sample Point SP-7 CD-7

GPS Location: _____

Geomorphic Feature

<input type="checkbox"/> River	<input type="checkbox"/> Lake	<input type="checkbox"/> Swale
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stream	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Erosional Channel
<input type="checkbox"/> Canal	<input type="checkbox"/> Impoundment	<input type="checkbox"/> Gully
<input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Playa	<input type="checkbox"/> Depressional Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Channel	<input type="checkbox"/> Constructed Basin	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock Basin
<input type="checkbox"/> Excavated Ditch	<input type="checkbox"/> Unvegetated Depression	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

Apparent Hydrologic Regime

<input type="checkbox"/> Perennial	<input type="checkbox"/> Standing Water (Depth: _____)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent	<input type="checkbox"/> Flowing Water (Depth: _____)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ephemeral	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry at time of the survey

Indicators

<input type="checkbox"/> Standing or flowing water with no indication of recent precipitation	<input type="checkbox"/> Channel adjacent to shelf with steep side	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural / irrigation / manmade / ditch flowing into feature
<input type="checkbox"/> presence of hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Natural line, stain or mineral (salt) deposit	<input type="checkbox"/> Dated picture / account showing / referring to identifiable features
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of hydric soil with or without hydrophytic vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Litter, debris and or clay deposits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland symbol on map (presence of solid or dotted blue line, solid, shaded or stippled blue area on map)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Absence of vegetation or interruption of upland vegetation	<input type="checkbox"/> Algae or alga mat	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)

Notes: SHOWN AS BLUE LINE ON USGS 7.5 MIN. TOPO FOR THE CRABASAS QUAD - NOT INCLUDED IN THE MHD
- NATURAL DRAINAGE CHANNEL

Channel Characteristics

Channel Width	14 FT
Channel Depth	1.5 FT
High Water Line Width <small>Low Flow</small>	2 FT
High Water Line Depth <small>Low Flow</small>	6 INCHES
Channel Substrate (check all that apply)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sand	<input type="checkbox"/> Cobble
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gravel 10-15%	<input type="checkbox"/> Rock
	<input type="checkbox"/> Silt / Clay
	<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____

Vegetation Characteristics of Channel or Basin

Vegetated Channel or Basin?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Dominant / Characteristic Species		

Vegetation Adjacent to Channel

Dominant / Characteristic Species
ERIODICTON CRASSIFOLIUM, BACCHARIS PILULARIS,
MALACOTHAMNUS FASCICULATUS, MIMULUS AURANTIACUS,
ADEMOSTOMA FASCICULATUM, CENANTHUS CRASSIFOLIUS
TOXICODENDRON DIVERSILOBUM, PIPTATHERUM MILACEUM

Notes: NATURAL DRAINAGE CHANNEL JUST UPSTREAM OF THE R2A POND AREA

Appendix G
Representative Photographs

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G-1. Coca Pond view north. January 3, 2012.



G-2. Coca Pond view east of the stormwater basin just upstream from Coca Pond. January 3, 2012.



G-3. Coca Pond SP-2 soil pit (out). January 3, 2012



G-4. Coca Pond. Organic sediment accumulation at SP-1. January 3, 2012



G-5. Upper reaches of Coca Drainage. View upstream at Coca test stand at stream data point CD-1. January 3, 2012.



G-6. Bell Creek Tributary (Coca Drainage below Coca Pond). View east (downstream) of concrete lined ditch just below Coca Pond outlet at stream data point CD-3. January 3, 2012.



G-7. Bell Creek Tributary 3 (Drainage within Delta Area). View east (upstream) of plunge pools on stream that still had water at stream data point CD-6. January 3, 2012.



G-8. NASA Area 1. View west (uphill) of seasonal ponding feature SW-1 PEMAX. January 4, 2012



G-9. NASA Area 1. Seasonal ponding feature SW-1 P-1 soil pit (in). January 4, 2012.



G-10. NASA Area 1. Seasonal ponding feature SW-1 P-2 soil pit (out). January 4, 2012.



G-11. NASA Area 1 Impoundment Pond (PEMCh). View west showing berm that creates the impoundment pond described on stream data sheet and wetland data sheet SW-2 in northwestern portion of property. January 4, 2012



G-12. NASA Area 1 Impoundment Pond. SW-2 P-1 soil pit (in). January 4, 2012.



G-13. NASA Area 1 Impoundment Pond. SW-2 P-2 soil pit (out). January 4, 2012



G-14. NASA Area 1 Lower Drainage. View west (downstream) at stream data point ND-4. January 4, 2012.



G-15. NASA Area 2 Northeastern Drainage. View north (downstream) at stream data point SP-3. January 4, 2012



G-16. R2A Pond. View south. January 5, 2012



G-17. R2A Pond. Culvert and gated weir from R2A Pond. January 5, 2012



G-18. R2A Pond. View north. January 5, 2012



G-19. R2A Pond. Soil pit R2A SP-1 (in). January 5, 2012



G-20. R2A Pond. Soil pit R2A SP-2 (out). January 5, 2012



G-21. R2A Pond. R2A Pond Pump intake and piping for water transfers to and from Silvernale Pond. January 5, 2012



G-22. R2B Pond. Drift line of algal matting on R2B pond at 36 inches above current water level. January 5, 2012



G-23. R2B Pond. Soil pit 1 R2B SP-1 (in). January 5, 2012



G-24. R2B Pond. Location of soil pit R2B SP-2 (out) on western margin of pond. January 5, 2012



G-25. Bell Creek SW. View west (downstream) at stream data point BC-11. January 5, 2012.



G-26. Small concrete impoundment controlling flow along Bell Creek from Alfa site (view west). January 5, 2012



G-27. Bell Creek at Alfa Site. Earthen dam along Bell Creek view west-northwest. January 5, 2012



G-28. Bell Creek at Bravo Site. Culvert discharge below and north of capped pond outfall. January 5, 2012



G-29. Bell Creek at SPA Site. View west (downstream) at stream data point BC-6. January 6, 2012. [Designated in report as BC-6]



G-30. Bell Creek near CDFG Site. View north (upstream) at stream data point BC-8 above R2B Pond. January 6, 2012.



G-31. Bell Creek Tributary 1 near CDFG Site. Bell Creek at confluence. January 6, 2012



G-32. Bell Creek Tributary (PLF Site). View north into natural channel above CLORP leading to capped Delta Pond. January 6, 2012

Appendix H
Plant Species Observed

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APPENDIX H

List of Plant Species Observed

APPENDIX H

List of Plant Species Observed

Scientific Name ¹	Common Name ²	Wetland Indicator Status ³	Habit and Origin ⁴
DICOTS			
AIZOACEAE			
<i>Mesembryanthemum crystallinum</i>	Common iceplant	NL	Herb (A/P); I
ADOXACEAE			
<i>Sambucus nigra</i> ssp. <i>caerulea</i> (<i>Sambucus mexicana</i>)	American black elderberry	FACU	Shrub/Tree; N
ANACARDIACEAE			
<i>Malosoma laurina</i>	laurel sumac	NI	Shrub; N
<i>Toxicodendron diversilobum</i>	Pacific poison oak	NI	Shrub; N
ASTERACEAE			
<i>Artemisia californica</i>	coastal sagebrush	NI	Shrub; N
<i>Artemisia douglasiana</i>	Douglas' sagewort	FAC+	Herb (P); N
<i>Baccharis pilularis</i>	coyotebrush	NI	Shrub; N
<i>Baccharis salicifolia</i>	mule-fat	FACW	Shrub; N
<i>Carduus pycnocephalus</i>	Italian plumeless thistle	NI	Herb (A); I
<i>Centaurea melitensis</i>	Maltese star-thistle	NI	Herb (A/B); I
<i>Cirsium occidentale</i> var. <i>occidentale</i>	cobwebby thistle	NI	Herb (B); N
<i>Conyza canadensis</i>	Canadian horeseweed	FAC	Herb (A/B); N
<i>Heterotheca grandiflora</i>	telegraphweed	NI	Herb (A/P); N
<i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>	smooth cat's ear	NI	Herb (A); I
<i>Pseudognaphalium biolettii</i> (<i>Gnaphalium bicolor</i>)	two-color rabbit-tobacco	NI	Herb/SS (B); N
<i>Psilocarphus tenellus</i>	slender woollyheads	FAC	Herb (A); N
<i>Silybum marianum</i>	blessed milkthistle	NI	Herb (A/B); I
<i>Sonchus asper</i>	spiny sowthistle	FAC	Herb (A); I
<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	common sowthistle	NI	Herb (A); I
<i>Venegasia carpesioides</i>	canyon sunflower	NI	SS/Shrub; N
<i>Xanthium strumarium</i>	rough cocklebur	FAC+	Herb (A); N

APPENDIX H
List of Plant Species Observed

Scientific Name ¹	Common Name ²	Wetland Indicator Status ³	Habit and Origin ⁴
BORAGINACEAE			
<i>Cryptantha</i> sp.	cryptantha	NI	Herb (A); N
<i>Eriodictyon crassifolium</i>	thickleaf yerba santa	NI	Shrub; N
<i>Phacelia cicutaria</i>	caterpillar phacelia	NI	Herb (A); N
<i>Phacelia ramosissima</i>	branching phacelia	NI	Herb/SS (P); N
BRASSICACEAE			
<i>Brassica nigra</i>	black mustard	NI	Herb (A); I
CALLITRICHACEAE			
<i>Callitriche marginata</i>	Water starwort	OBL	Herb(A); N
CAPRIFOLIACEAE			
<i>Lonicera subspicata</i>	southern honeysuckle	NI	Shrub/Vine; N
<i>Symphoricarpos mollis</i>	creeping snowberry	NI	SS/Shrub; N
CRASSULACEAE			
<i>Crassula aquatica</i>	<i>Crassula aquatica</i>	OBL	Herb (A); N
FABACEAE			
<i>Acmispon glaber</i> (syn. <i>Lotus scoparius</i>)	common deerweed	NI	SS (P); N
<i>Vicia villosa</i>	winter vetch	NI	Herb (A/P); I
FAGACEAE			
<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>	California live oak	NI	Tree/Shrub; N
GERANIACEAE			
<i>Erodium botrys</i>	longbeak stork's bill	NI	Herb (A/B); I
GROSSULARIACEAE			
<i>Ribes malvaceum</i>	chaparral current	NI	Shrub; N
LAMIACEAE			
<i>Salvia mellifera</i>	black sage	NI	SS/Shrub; N
LAURACEAE			
<i>Umbellularia californica</i>	California laurel	FAC	Tree/Shrub; N
MALVACEAE			
<i>Malacothamnus fasciculatus</i>	Mendocino bushmallow	NI	SS/Shrub; N
MYRSINACEAE			
<i>Anagallis arvensis</i>	scarlet pimpernel	FAC	Herb (A/B); I
PHRYMACEAE			
<i>Mimulus aurantiacus</i>	orange bush monkeyflower	NI	Shrub/SS; N

APPENDIX H
List of Plant Species Observed

Scientific Name ¹	Common Name ²	Wetland Indicator Status ³	Habit and Origin ⁴
PLANTAGINACEAE			
<i>Keckiella cordifolia</i>	heartleaf Keckiella	NI	Shrub/SS; N
<i>Veronica peregrina</i>	Purslane speedwell	OBL	Herb (A); N
PLATANACEAE			
<i>Platanus racemosa</i>	California sycamore	FACW	Tree; N
POLYGONACEAE			
<i>Eriogonum fasciculatum</i> var. <i>fasciculatum</i>	Eastern Mojave buckwheat	NI	SS/Shrub; N
<i>Rumex crispus</i>	curly dock	FACW	Herb (P); I
<i>Rumex salicifolius</i>	willow dock	OBL	Herb (P); N
RHAMNACEAE			
<i>Ceanothus crassifolius</i>	hoaryleaf ceanothus	NI	Shrub; N
<i>Ceanothus oliganthus</i>	hairy ceanothus	NI	Shrub; N
<i>Ceanothus spinosus</i>	redheart	NI	Shrub; N
ROSACEAE			
<i>Adenostoma fasciculatum</i>	chamise	NI	Shrub ; N
<i>Cercocarpus betuloides</i>	birchleaf mountain mahogany	NI	Shrub/Tree; N
<i>Herteromeles arbutifolia</i>	toyon	NI	Shrub ; N
<i>Rosa californica</i>	California wildrose	FAC+	Shrub; N
<i>Rubus ursinus</i>	California blackberry	FAC+	SS (P); N
RUBIACEAE			
<i>Galium angustifolium</i>	narrowleaf bedstraw	NI	Herb/SS (P); N
<i>Galium aparine</i>	stickywilly	FACU	Herb (A); N
<i>Galium cliftonsmithii</i>	Santa Barbara bedstraw	NI	Shrub; N
<i>Galium nuttallii</i>	climbing bedstraw	NI	SS/Shrub ; N
<i>Galium parisiense</i>	wall bedstraw	FACU	Herb (A);I
SALICACEAE			
<i>Salix lasiolepis</i>	arroyo willow	FACW	Tree/Shrub; N
MONOCOTS			
CYPERACEAE			
<i>Cyperus eragrostis</i>	tall flatsedge	FACW	Graminoid (P); N
<i>Eleocharis macrostachya</i>	pale spikerush	OBL	Graminoid (P); N
<i>Schoenoplectis</i> sp.	tule	OBL	Graminoid (P); N

APPENDIX H
List of Plant Species Observed

Scientific Name ¹	Common Name ²	Wetland Indicator Status ³	Habit and Origin ⁴
JUNACEAE			
<i>Juncus bufonius</i>	toad rush	FACW+	Graminoid (P); N
POACEAE			
<i>Avena barbata</i>	slender oat	NI	Graminoid (A); I
<i>Bromus diandrus</i>	ripgut brome	NI	Graminoid (A); I
<i>Bromus hordeaceus</i>	soft brome	NI	Graminoid (A); I
<i>Bromus madritensis ssp. rubens</i>	red brome	UPL	Graminoid (A); I
<i>Leymus condensatus</i>	giant ryegrass	FACU	Graminoid (P); N
<i>Pennisetum setaceum</i>	crimson fountaingrass	NI	Graminoid (P); I
<i>Piptatherum miliaceum</i>	smilgrass	NI	Graminoid (P); I
<i>Poa secunda</i>	Sandberg bluegrass	NI	Graminoid (P); N
<i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i>	annual rabbitsfoot grass	FACW+	Graminoid (A); I
TYPHACEAE			
<i>Typha domingensis</i>	southern cattail	OBL	Herb (P); N

Notes:

N = Native

I = Introduced (non-native species that have become naturalized)

(A) = Annual (B) = Biennial (P) = Perennial SS = Sub-Shrub

¹Taxonomy follows the currently accepted nomenclature for plant species occurring in California as indicated on the Jepson On-Line Interchange for California Floristics (University of California, 2011).

²Species common name, origin and grow habitat from the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Plants Database (2011).

³Wetland Indicator Status is taken from 1998 National List of Plants that Occur in Wetlands (Region 0: California) (Reed, 1988)

Wetland Indicator Status Codes:

OBL = Obligate Wetland. Occurs with an estimated 99 probability in wetlands

FACW = Facultative Wetland. Estimated 67 to 99 percent probability of occurrence in wetlands

FAC = Facultative. Equally likely to occur in wetlands and non-wetlands

NI = No indicator. Insufficient information available to determine an indicator status

FACU = Facultative Upland. Estimated 67 to 99 percent probability of occurrence in uplands

UPL = Obligate Upland. Occurs with an estimated 99 probability in uplands

(+) = Positive sign indicates a frequency toward higher end of category (i.e., more frequently found in wetlands)

(-) = Negative sign indicates a frequency toward lower end of category (i.e., more frequently found in uplands)