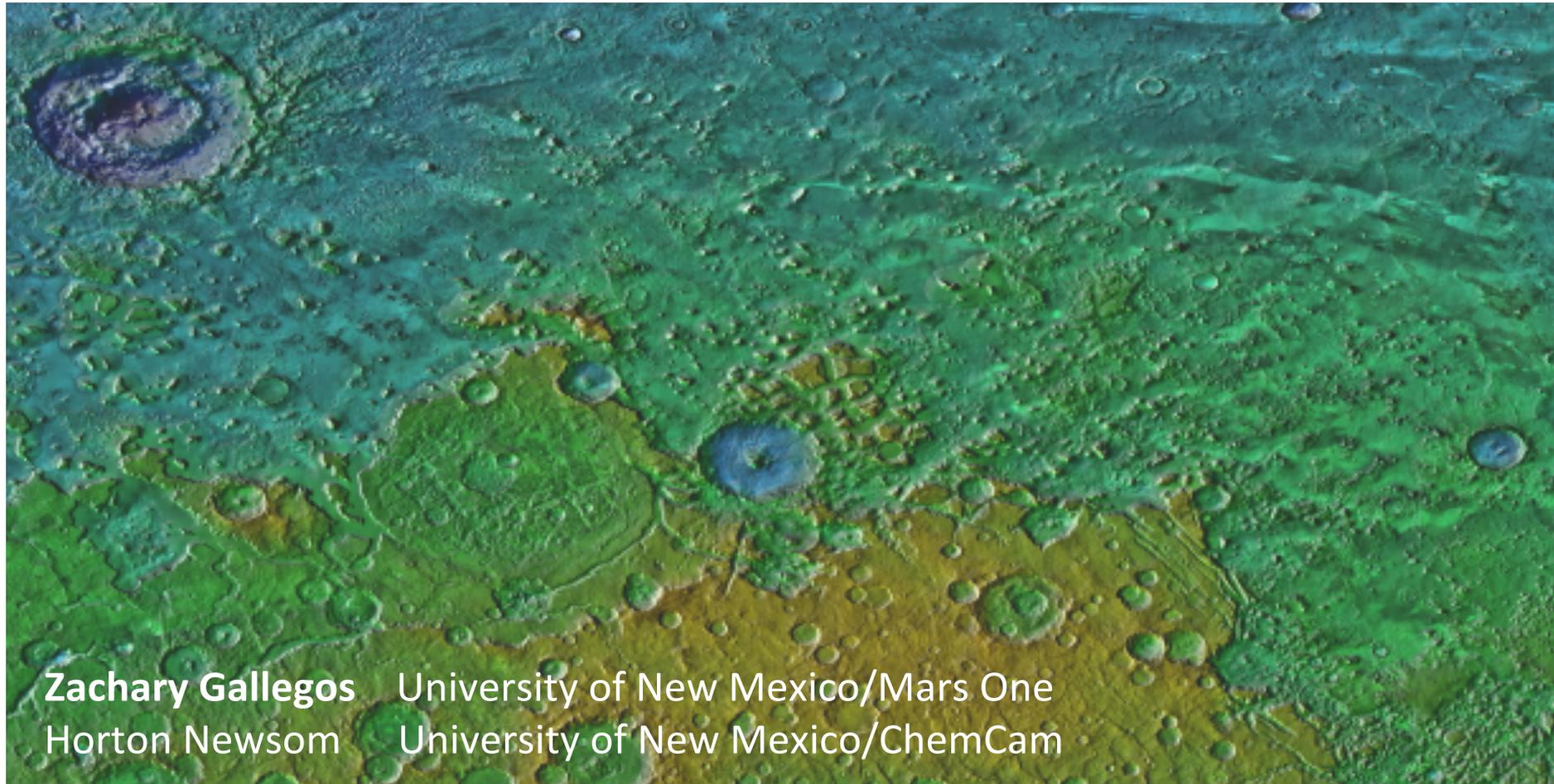


# Protonilus Mensae



Abstract #1053

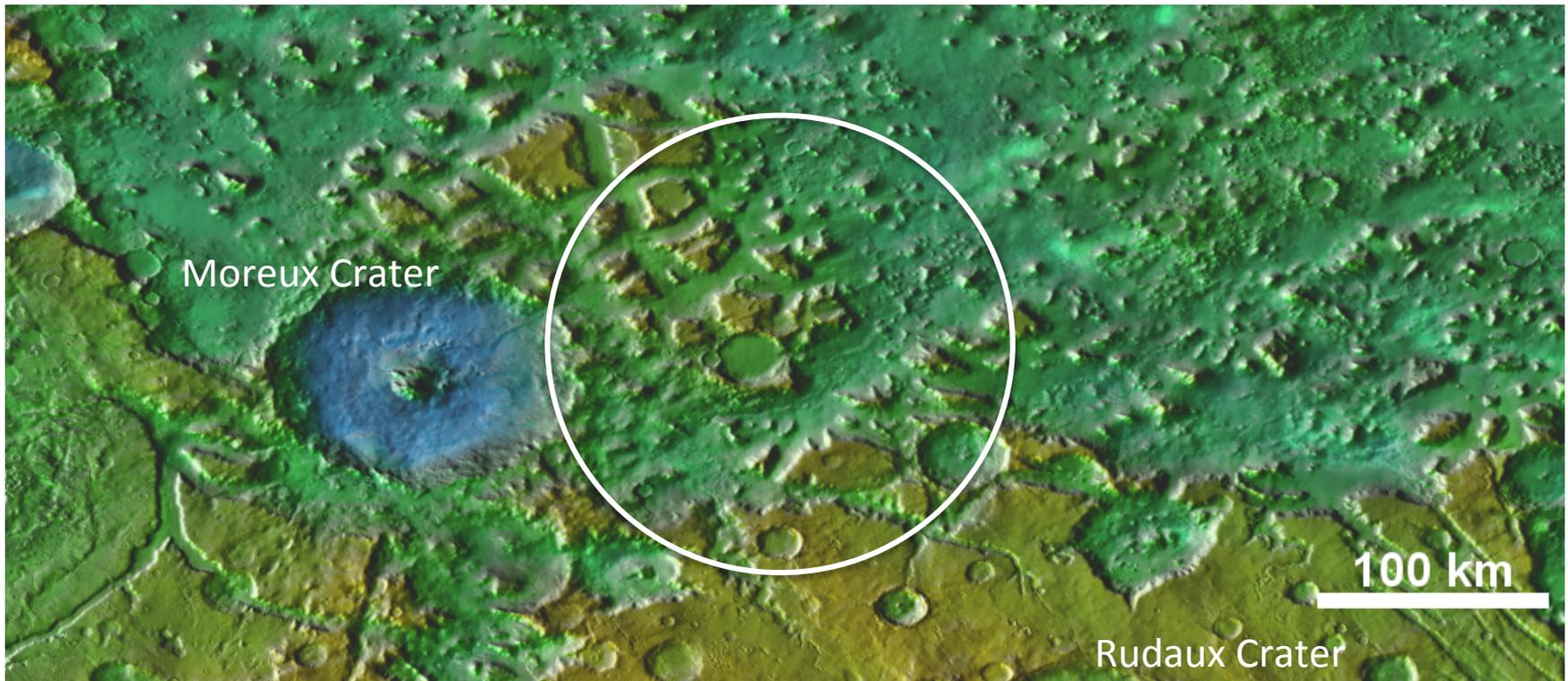
1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



**Zachary Gallegos** University of New Mexico/Mars One  
**Horton Newsom** University of New Mexico/ChemCam

# Local Features

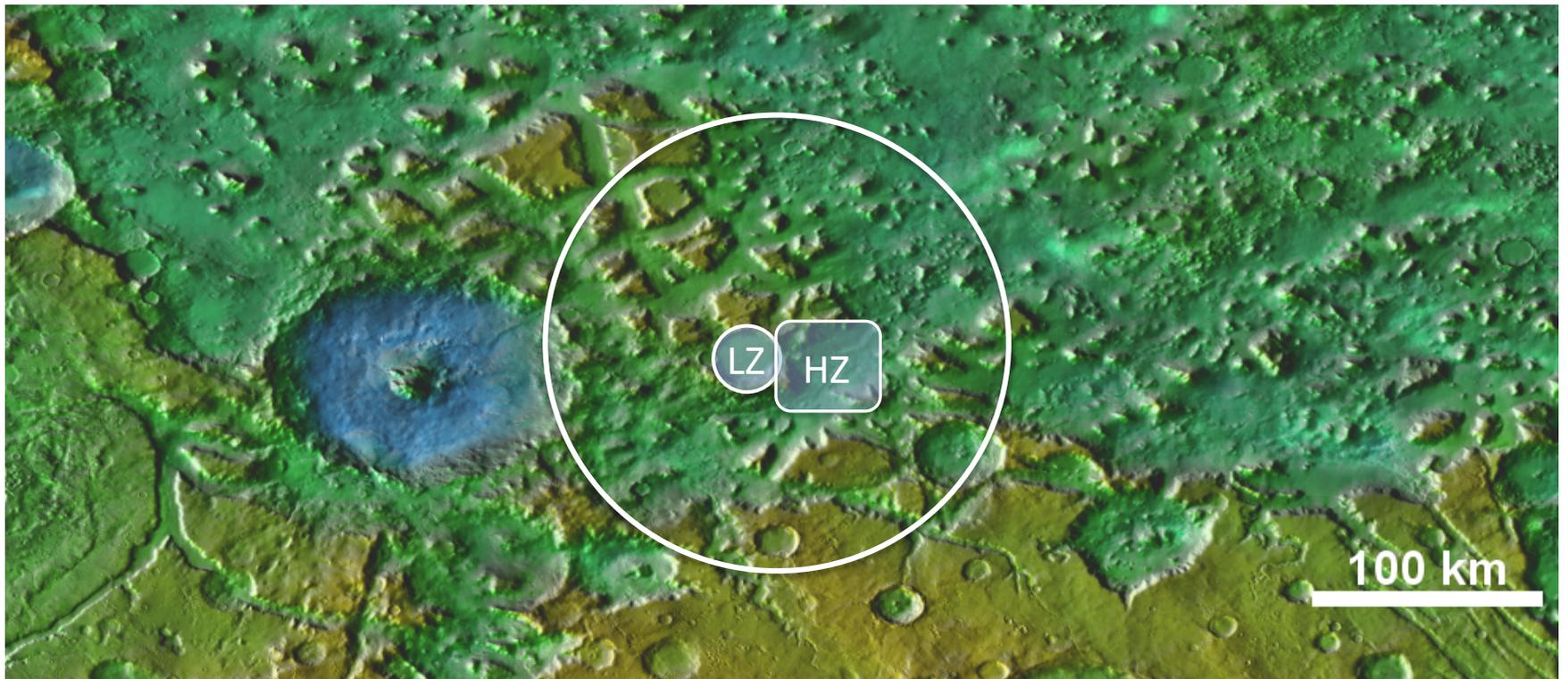
1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



# EZ Close-up

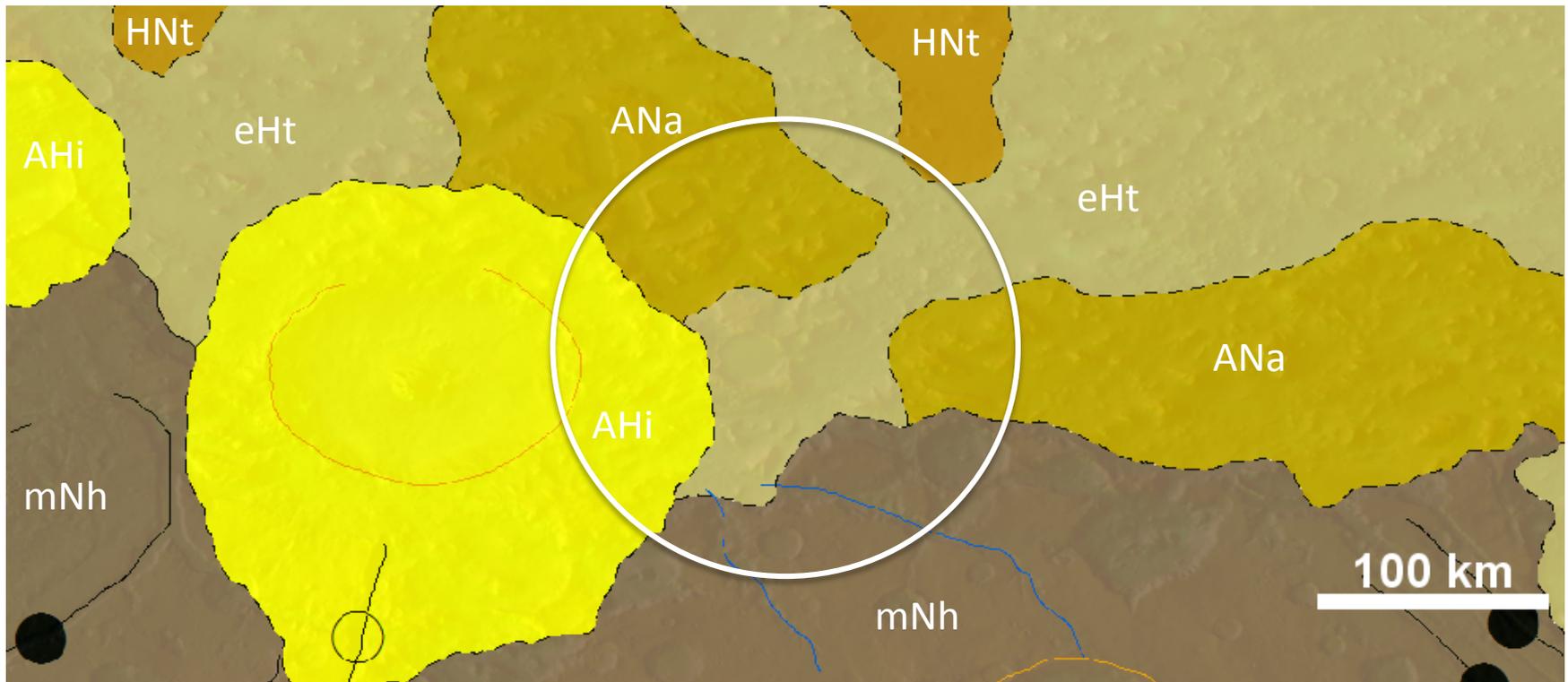
1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

- 48.062E, 42.187N



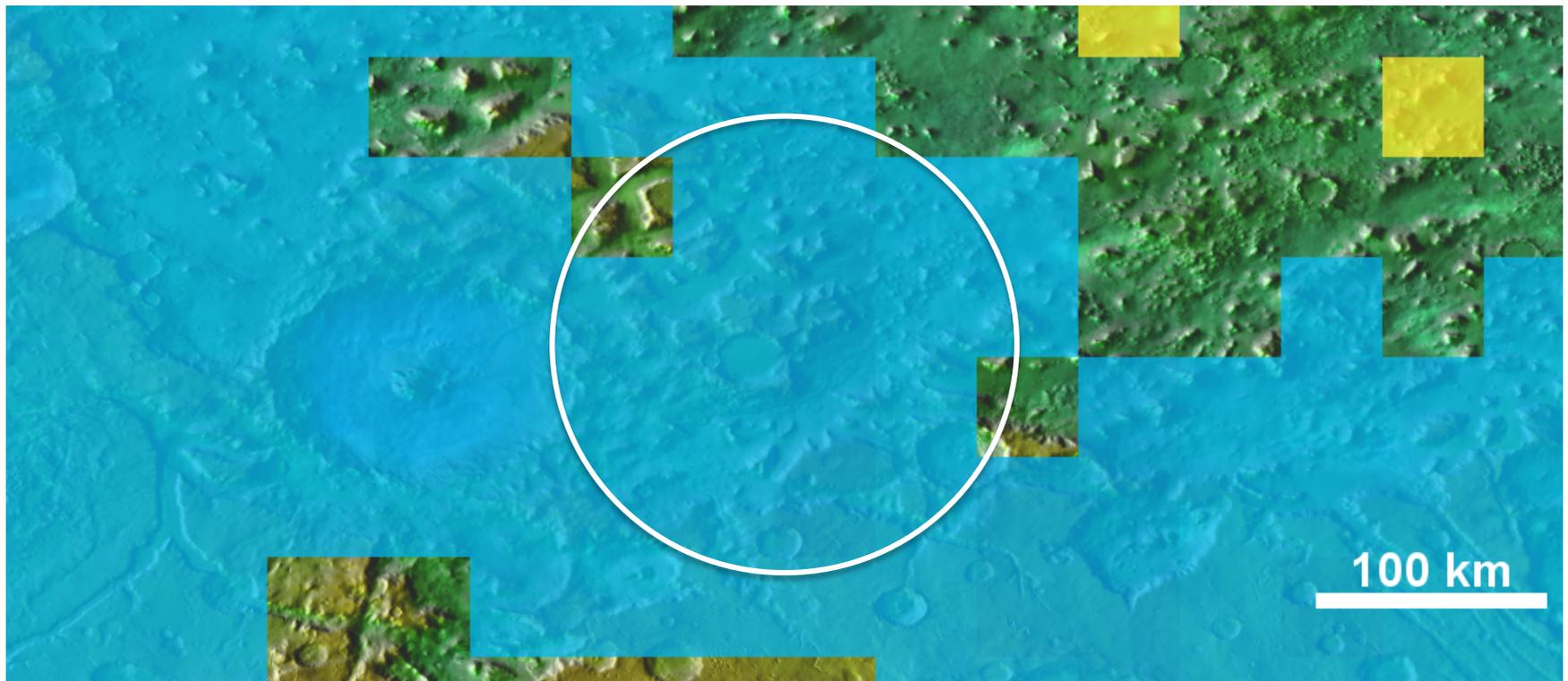
# Geologic Context

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



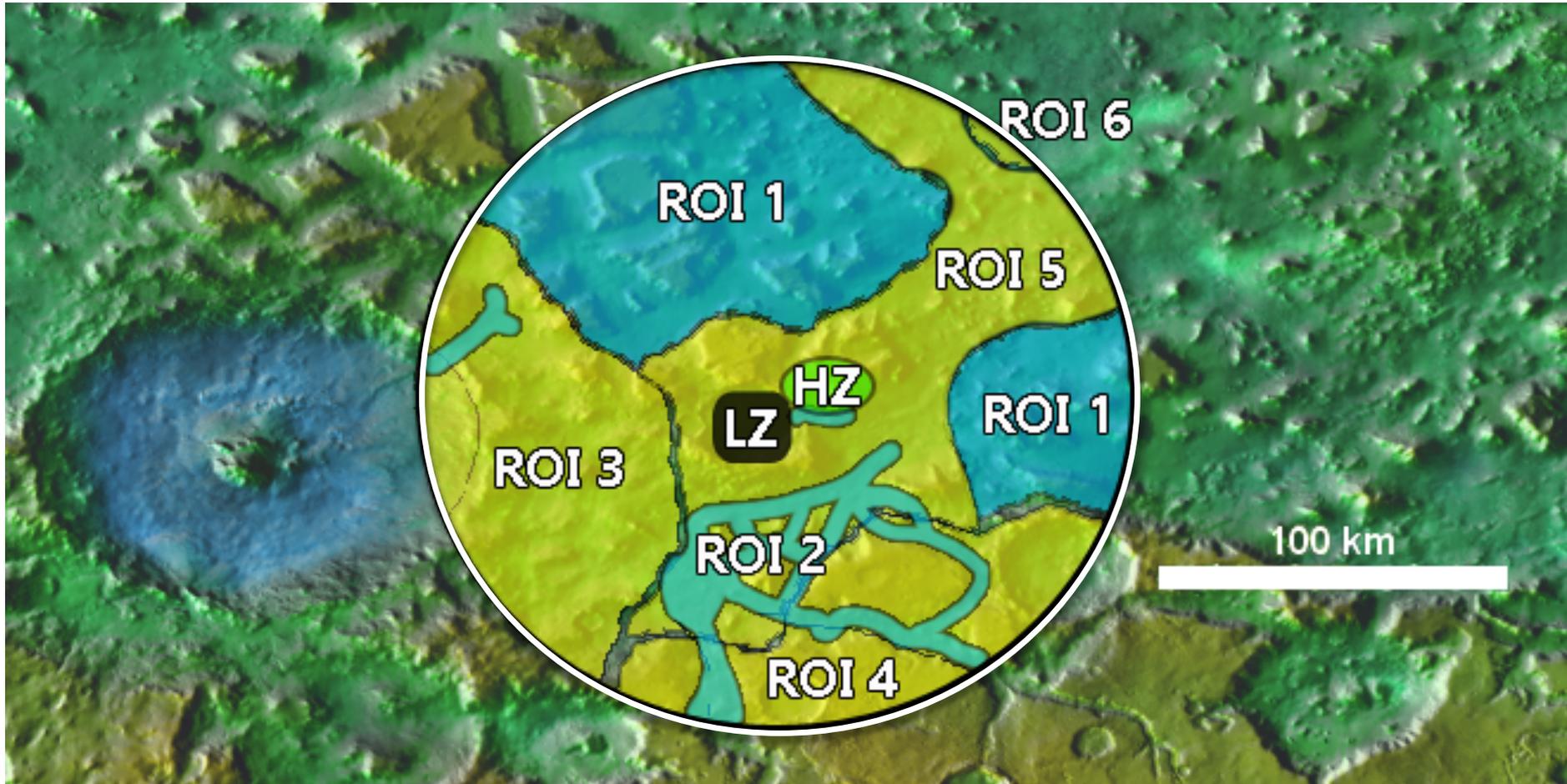
# Remnant Magnetism

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



# Exploration Zone Map

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

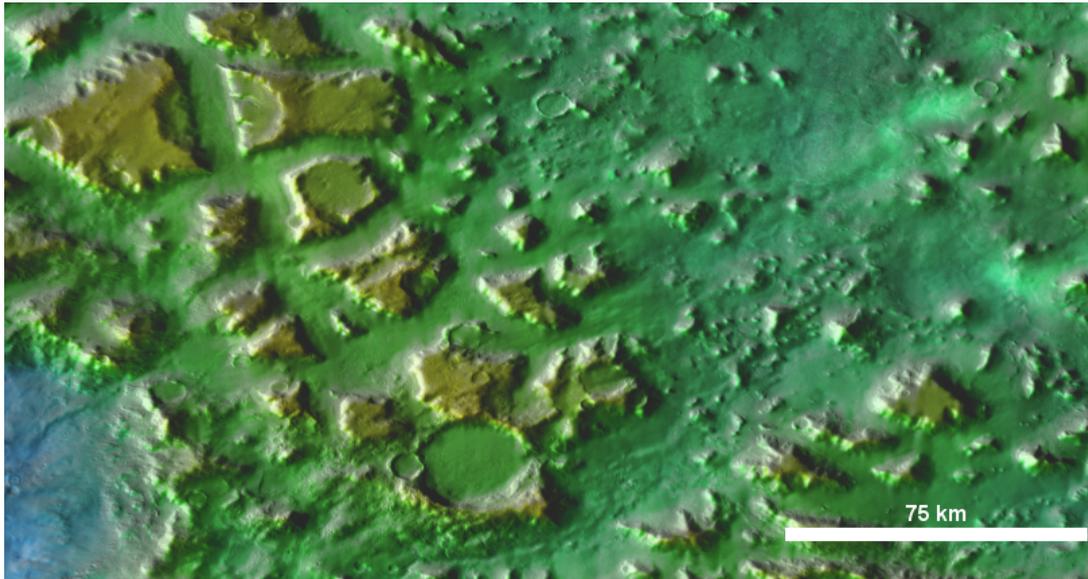


# SCIENCE ROI<sub>s</sub>

# Science ROI1

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

## Amazonian-Noachian apron unit (ANa)



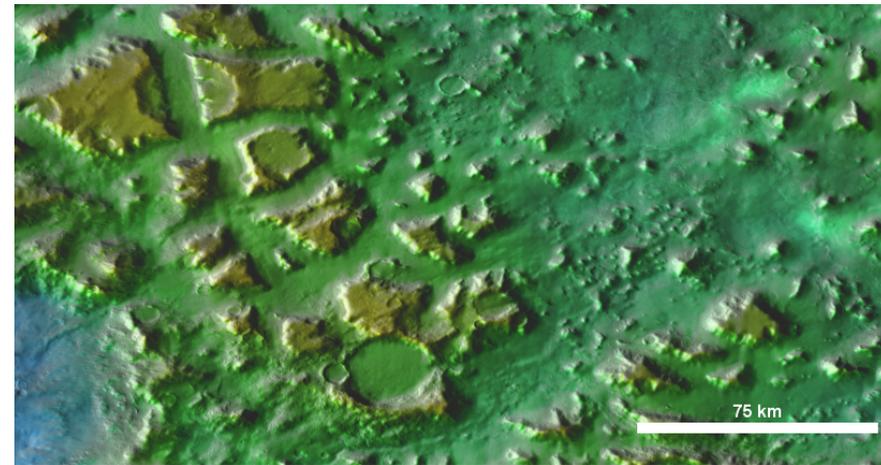
- 46.961E, 43.555
- 50.141E, 42.109
- Fretted terrain
- Amazonian water ice
- Noachian bedrock

# Science ROI1 Rubric

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

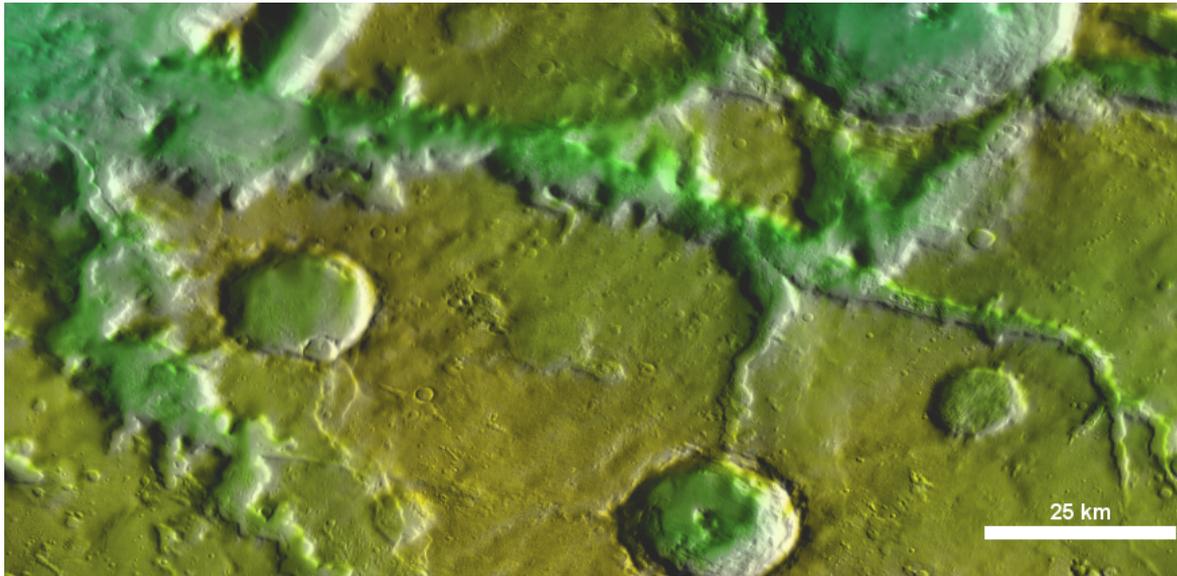


Site Factors				SROI1	
Science Site Criteria	Astrobio	Threshold	AND/OR	Potential for past habitability	●
				Potential for present habitability/refugia	●
		Qualifying	Potential for organic matter, w/ surface exposure		?
	Atmospheric Science	Threshold	Noachian/Hesperian rocks w/ trapped atmospheric gases		●
			Meteorological diversity in space and time		●
		Qualifying	High likelihood of surface-atmosphere exchange		●
			Amazonian subsurface or high-latitude ice or sediment		●
		High likelihood of active trace gas sources		?	
	Geoscience	Threshold	Range of martian geologic time; datable surfaces		●
			Evidence of aqueous processes		●
Potential for interpreting relative ages			●		
Qualifying		Igneous Rocks tied to 1+ provinces or different times		●	
		Near-surface ice, glacial or permafrost		●	
		Noachian or pre-Noachian bedrock units		●	
		Outcrops with remnant magnetization		●	
		Primary, secondary, and basin-forming impact deposits		●	
	Structural features with regional or global context		●		
	Diversity of aeolian sediments and/or landforms		?		



Key	
●	Yes
○	Partial Support or Debated
	No
?	Indeterminate

## Outflow channels



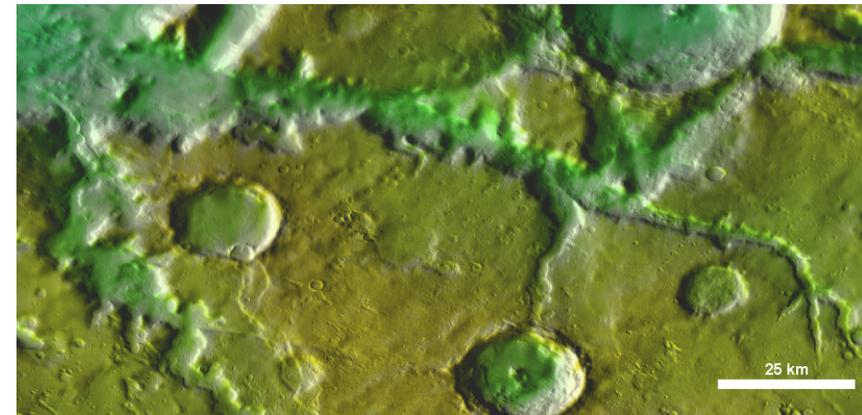
- 47.527E, 40.305
- 49.336E, 40.32
- Aqueous processes
- Past habitability
- Water ice

# Science ROI2 Rubric

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

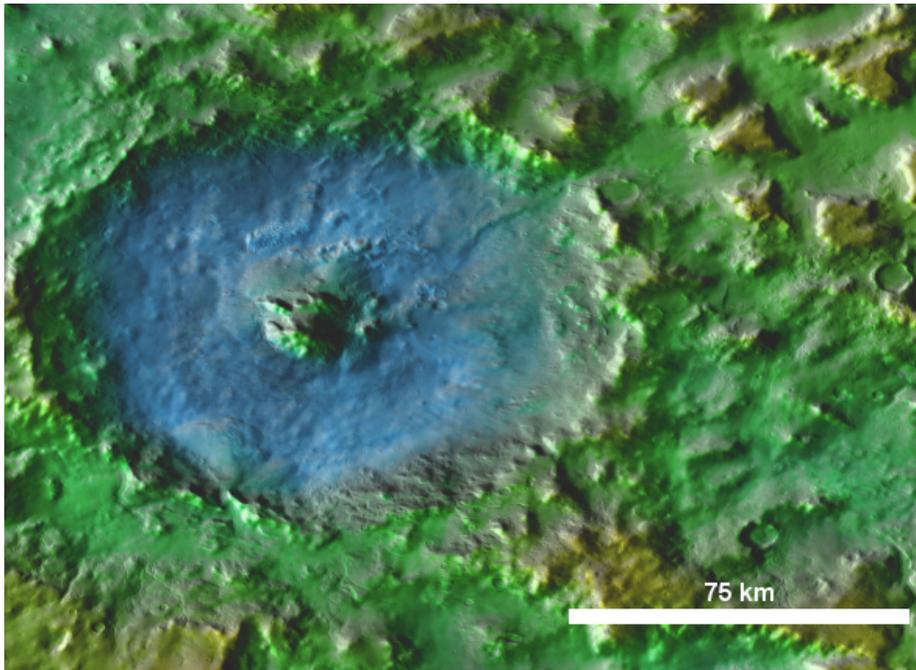


Site Factors				SROI2	
Science Site Criteria	Astrobio	Threshold	AND/OR	Potential for past habitability	●
				Potential for present habitability/refugia	●
		Qualifying	Potential for organic matter, w/ surface exposure		?
	Atmospheric Science	Threshold	Noachian/Hesperian rocks w/ trapped atmospheric gases		●
			Qualifying	Meteorological diversity in space and time	
		High likelihood of surface-atmosphere exchange		●	
		Amazonian subsurface or high-latitude ice or sediment		●	
		High likelihood of active trace gas sources		?	
	Geoscience	Threshold	Range of martian geologic time; datable surfaces		●
			Evidence of aqueous processes		●
			Potential for interpreting relative ages		●
		Qualifying	Igneous Rocks tied to 1+ provinces or different times		●
			Near-surface ice, glacial or permafrost		●
Noachian or pre-Noachian bedrock units			●		
Outcrops with remnant magnetization			●		
Primary, secondary, and basin-forming impact deposits			●		
Structural features with regional or global context			●		
Diversity of aeolian sediments and/or landforms			?		



Key	
●	Yes
○	Partial Support or Debated
	No
?	Indeterminate

## Moreux Crater (AHi)



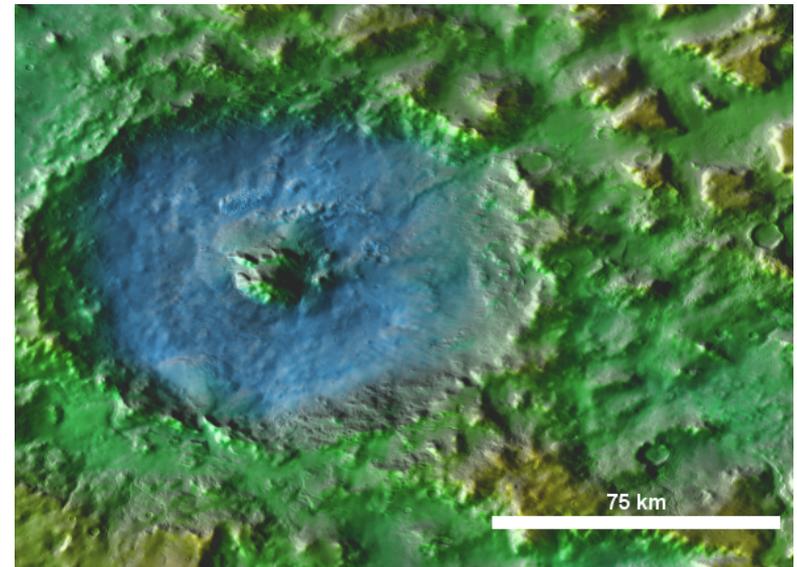
- 46.727E, 41.703
- Impact deposits
- Datable surfaces
- Trapped gasses
- Water ice

# Science ROI3 Rubric

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

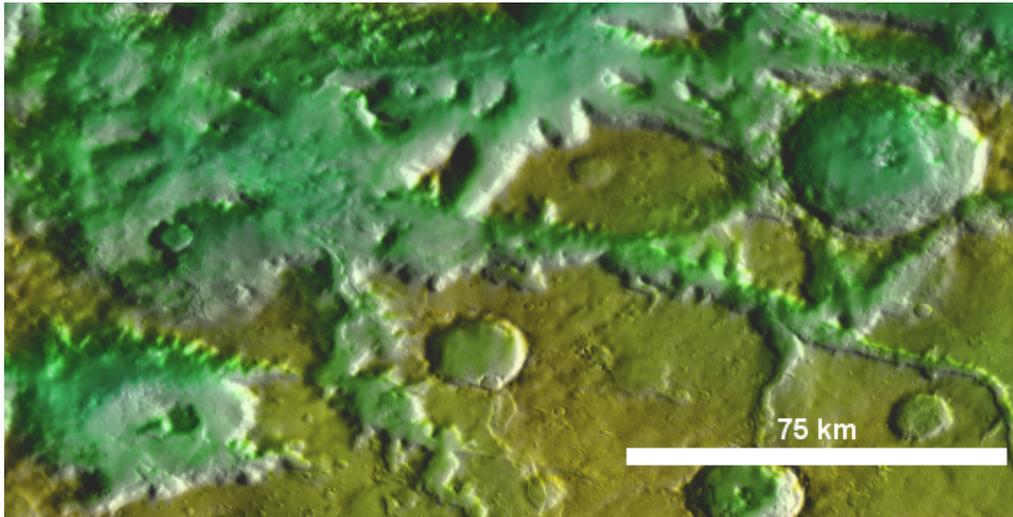


Site Factors				SROI3	
Science Site Criteria	Astrobio	Threshold	AND/OR	Potential for past habitability	●
				Potential for present habitability/refugia	●
		Qualifying	Potential for organic matter, w/ surface exposure		?
	Atmospheric Science	Threshold	Noachian/Hesperian rocks w/ trapped atmospheric gases		●
			Qualifying	Meteorological diversity in space and time	●
		High likelihood of surface-atmosphere exchange		●	
		Amazonian subsurface or high-latitude ice or sediment		●	
		High likelihood of active trace gas sources	?		
	Geoscience	Threshold	Range of martian geologic time; datable surfaces		●
			Evidence of aqueous processes		●
			Potential for interpreting relative ages		●
		Qualifying	Igneous Rocks tied to 1+ provinces or different times		●
			Near-surface ice, glacial or permafrost		●
			Noachian or pre-Noachian bedrock units		●
Outcrops with remnant magnetization			●		
Primary, secondary, and basin-forming impact deposits			●		
Structural features with regional or global context			●		
Diversity of aeolian sediments and/or landforms			?		



Key	
●	Yes
○	Partial Support or Debated
	No
?	Indeterminate

## Noachian Highlands (mNh)



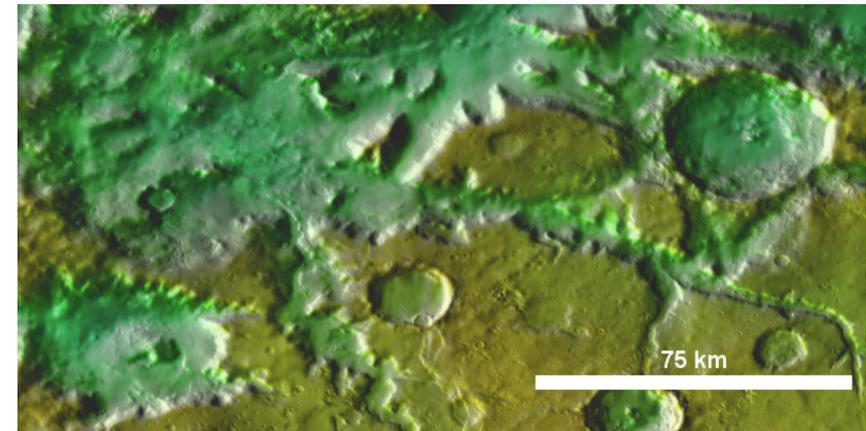
- 48.766E, 39.977
- Igneous rocks
- Datable surfaces
- Trapped gasses

# Science ROI4 Rubric

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

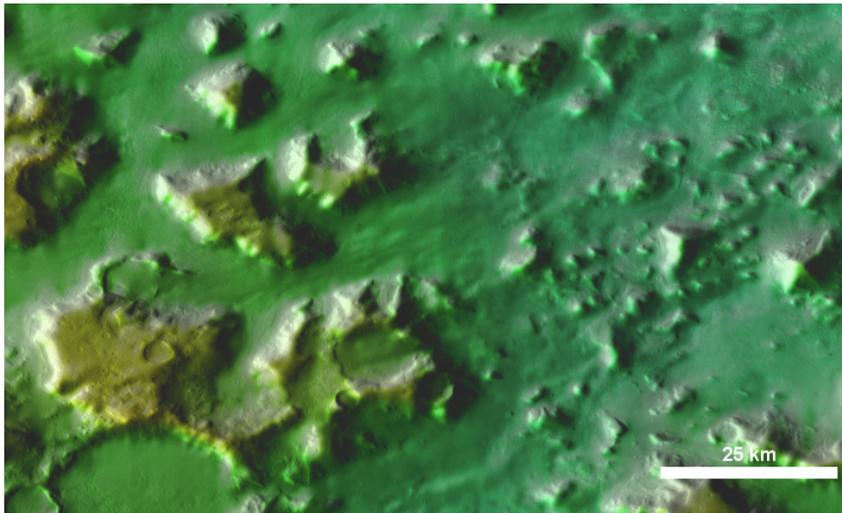


Site Factors				SROI4	
Science Site Criteria	Astrobio	Threshold	AND/OR	Potential for past habitability	
				Potential for present habitability/refugia	
		Qualifying		Potential for organic matter, w/ surface exposure	?
	Atmospheric Science	Threshold	Noachian/Hesperian rocks w/ trapped atmospheric gases		●
			Meteorological diversity in space and time		
		Qualifying	High likelihood of surface-atmosphere exchange		
			Amazonian subsurface or high-latitude ice or sediment		
		High likelihood of active trace gas sources		?	
	Geoscience	Threshold	Range of martian geologic time; datable surfaces		●
			Evidence of aqueous processes		●
			Potential for interpreting relative ages		●
		Qualifying	Igneous Rocks tied to 1+ provinces or different times		●
			Near-surface ice, glacial or permafrost		
			Noachian or pre-Noachian bedrock units		●
Outcrops with remnant magnetization			●		
Primary, secondary, and basin-forming impact deposits			●		
	Structural features with regional or global context		●		
	Diversity of aeolian sediments and/or landforms		?		



Key	
●	Yes
○	Partial Support or Debated
	No
?	Indeterminate

## Early Hesperian transition unit (eHt)



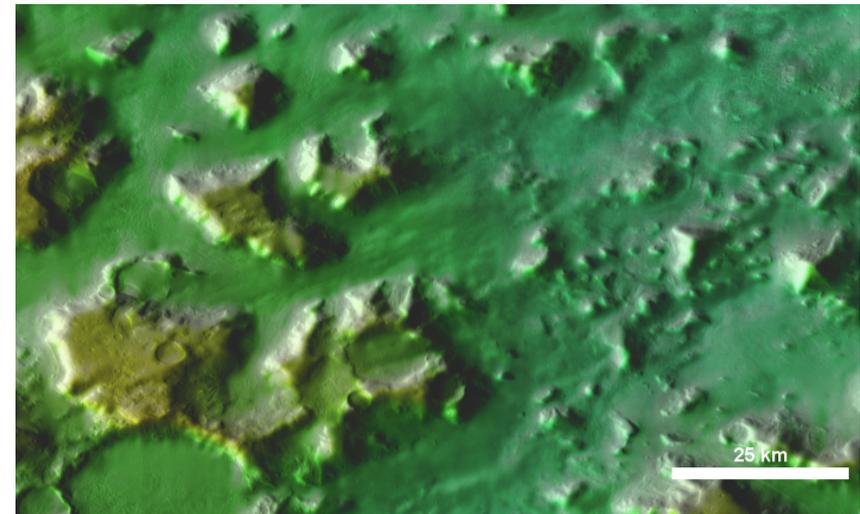
- 49.312E, 42.898
- Igneous rocks
- Datable surfaces
- Trapped gasses

# Science ROI5 Rubric

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

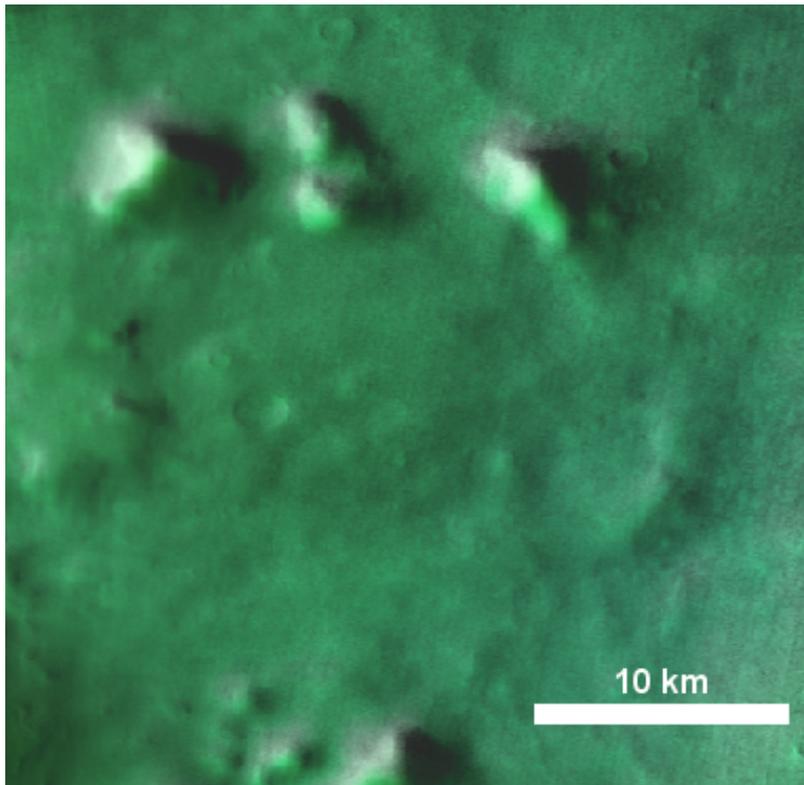


Site Factors				SROI5	
Science Site Criteria	Astrobio	Threshold	AND/OR	Potential for past habitability	
				Potential for present habitability/refugia	
		Qualifying	Potential for organic matter, w/ surface exposure		?
	Atmospheric Science	Threshold	Noachian/Hesperian rocks w/ trapped atmospheric gases		●
			Meteorological diversity in space and time		●
		Qualifying	High likelihood of surface-atmosphere exchange		●
			Amazonian subsurface or high-latitude ice or sediment		●
		High likelihood of active trace gas sources		?	
	Geoscience	Threshold	Range of martian geologic time; datable surfaces		●
			Evidence of aqueous processes		●
			Potential for interpreting relative ages		●
		Qualifying	Igneous Rocks tied to 1+ provinces or different times		●
			Near-surface ice, glacial or permafrost		●
			Noachian or pre-Noachian bedrock units		●
Outcrops with remnant magnetization			○		
Primary, secondary, and basin-forming impact deposits					
Structural features with regional or global context					
Diversity of aeolian sediments and/or landforms			?		



Key	
●	Yes
○	Partial Support or Debated
	No
?	Indeterminate

## Hesperian and Noachian transition unit (HNT)



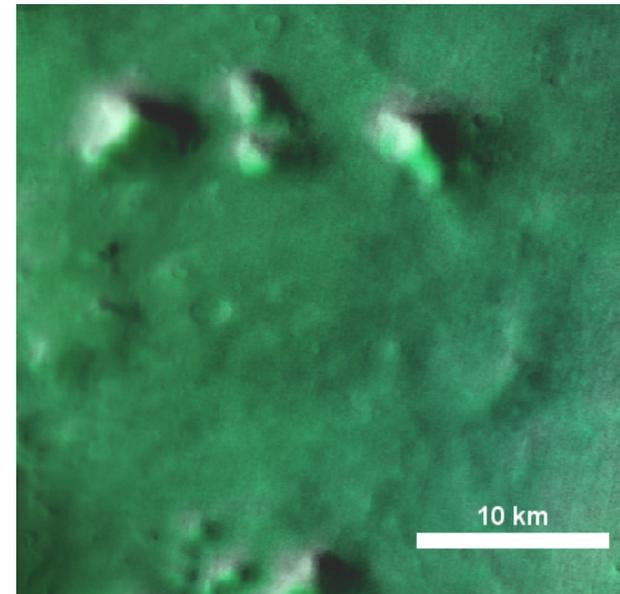
- 49.383E, 43.937
- Igneous rocks
- Datable surfaces
- Trapped gasses

# Science ROI6 Rubric

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



Site Factors				SROI5	
Science Site Criteria	Astrobio	Threshold	AND/OR	Potential for past habitability	
				Potential for present habitability/refugia	
		Qualifying	Potential for organic matter, w/ surface exposure		?
	Atmospheric Science	Threshold	Noachian/Hesperian rocks w/ trapped atmospheric gases		●
			Meteorological diversity in space and time		
		Qualifying	High likelihood of surface-atmosphere exchange		
			Amazonian subsurface or high-latitude ice or sediment		●
		High likelihood of active trace gas sources		?	
	Geoscience	Threshold	Range of martian geologic time; datable surfaces		●
			Evidence of aqueous processes		●
			Potential for interpreting relative ages		●
		Qualifying	Igneous Rocks tied to 1+ provinces or different times		●
			Near-surface ice, glacial or permafrost		●
			Noachian or pre-Noachian bedrock units		●
Outcrops with remnant magnetization			○		
Primary, secondary, and basin-forming impact deposits			●		
Structural features with regional or global context					
Diversity of aeolian sediments and/or landforms			?		



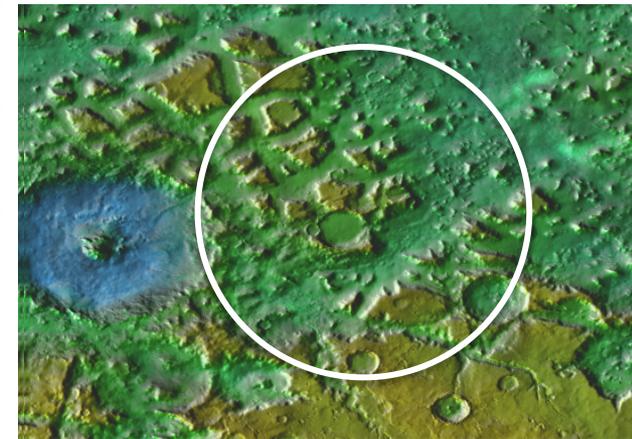
Key	
●	Yes
○	Partial Support or Debated
	No
?	Indeterminate

# Science Rubrics

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



Site Factors				SROI1	SROI2	SROI3	SROI4	SROI5	SROI6	EZ SUM
Astrobio	Threshold	AND/OR	Potential for past habitability	●	●	●				(3,0)
			Potential for present habitability/refugia	●	●	●				(3,0)
	Qualifying	Potential for organic matter, w/ surface exposure	?	?	?	?	?	?		
Atmospheric Science	Threshold	Noachian/Hesperian rocks w/ trapped atmospheric gases		●	●	●	●	●	●	(6,0)
	Qualifying	Meteorological diversity in space and time		●	●	●		●		(4,0)
		High likelihood of surface-atmosphere exchange		●	●	●		●		(4,0)
		Amazonian subsurface or high-latitude ice or sediment		●	●	●		●	●	(5,0)
		High likelihood of active trace gas sources		?	?	?	?	?	?	
Geoscience	Threshold	Range of martian geologic time; datable surfaces		●	●	●	●	●	●	(6,0)
		Evidence of aqueous processes		●	●	●	●	●	●	(6,0)
		Potential for interpreting relative ages		●	●	●	●	●	●	(6,0)
	Qualifying	Igneous Rocks tied to 1+ provinces or different times		●	●	●	●	●	●	(6,0)
		Near-surface ice, glacial or permafrost		●	●	●		●	●	(5,0)
		Noachian or pre-Noachian bedrock units		●	●	●	●		●	(5,0)
		Outcrops with remnant magnetization		●	●	●	●	○	○	(4,2)
		Primary, secondary, and basin-forming impact deposits		●	●	●	●		●	(5,0)
		Structural features with regional or global context		●	●	●	●			(4,0)
		Diversity of aeolian sediments and/or landforms		?	?	?	?	?	?	



Key	
●	Yes
○	Partial Support or Debated
	No
?	Indeterminate

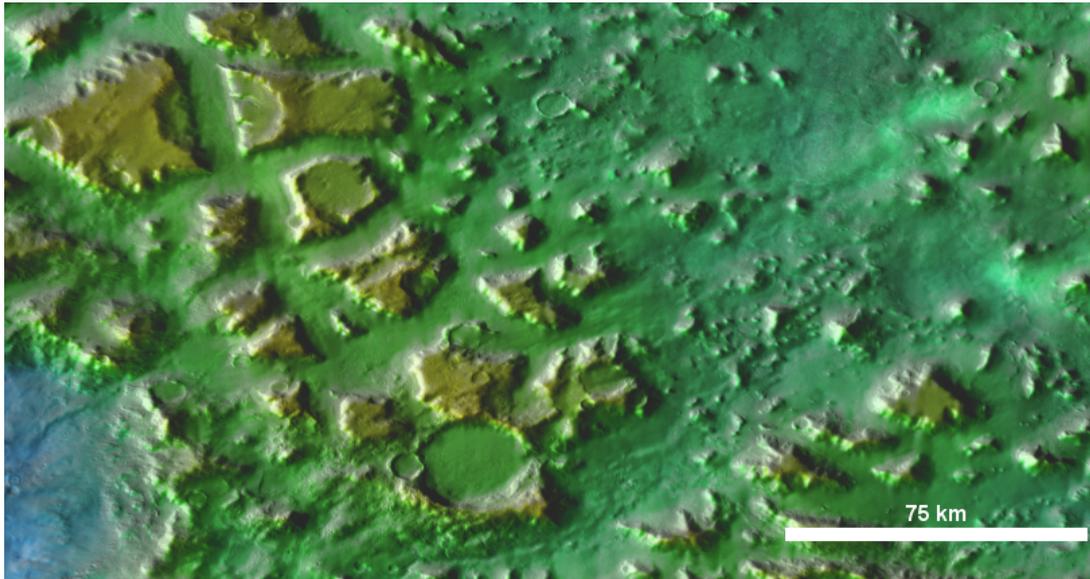
Science Site Criteria

# RESOURCE ROIs

# Resource ROI1

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

## Amazonian-Noachian apron unit (ANa)



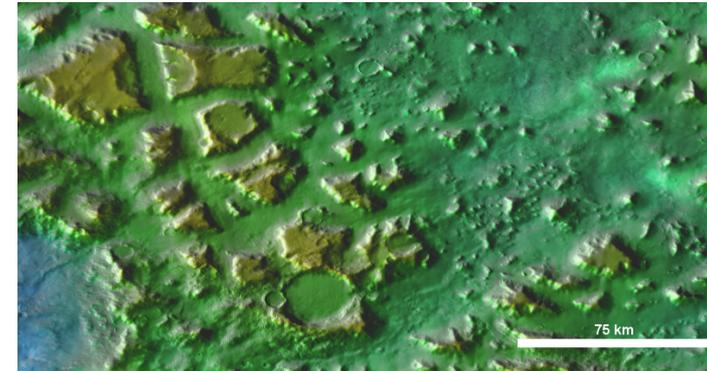
- 46.961E, 43.555
- 50.141E, 42.109
  
- Amazonian water ice

# Resource ROI1 Rubric

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



Site Factors			RROI1	
ISRU and Civil Engineering Criteria	Engineering	Meets First Order Criteria (Latitude, Elevation, Thermal Inertia)	●	
	Water Resource	Threshold	AND/OR Potential for ice or ice/regolith mix	●
			Potential for hydrated minerals	
			Quantity for substantial production	●
			Potential to be minable by highly automated systems	●
			Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site	○
			Located no more than 3 meters below the surface	○
			Accessible by automated systems	●
			Qualifying	Potential for multiple sources of ice, ice/regolith mix <b>and</b> hydrated minerals
	Distance to resource location can be >5 km	●		
	Route to resource location must be (plausibly) traversable	●		
	Civil Engineering	Threshold	~50 sq km region of flat and stable terrain with sparse rock distribution	●
			1-10 km length scale: <10°	●
			Located within 5 km of landing site location	●
		Qualifying	Located in the northern hemisphere	
	Food Production	Qualifying	Evidence of abundant cobble sized or smaller rocks and bulk, loose regolith	○
			Utilitarian terrain features	●
			Low latitude	
			No local terrain feature(s) that could shadow light collection facilities	
	Metal/Silicon Resource	Threshold	Access to water	●
Access to dark, minimally altered basaltic sands				
Potential for metal/silicon				
Potential to be minable by highly automated systems				
Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site				
Located no more than 3 meters below the surface				
Accessible by automated systems				
Qualifying		Potential for multiple sources of metals/silicon		
	Distance to resource location can be >5 km			
	Route to resource location must be (plausibly) traversable			

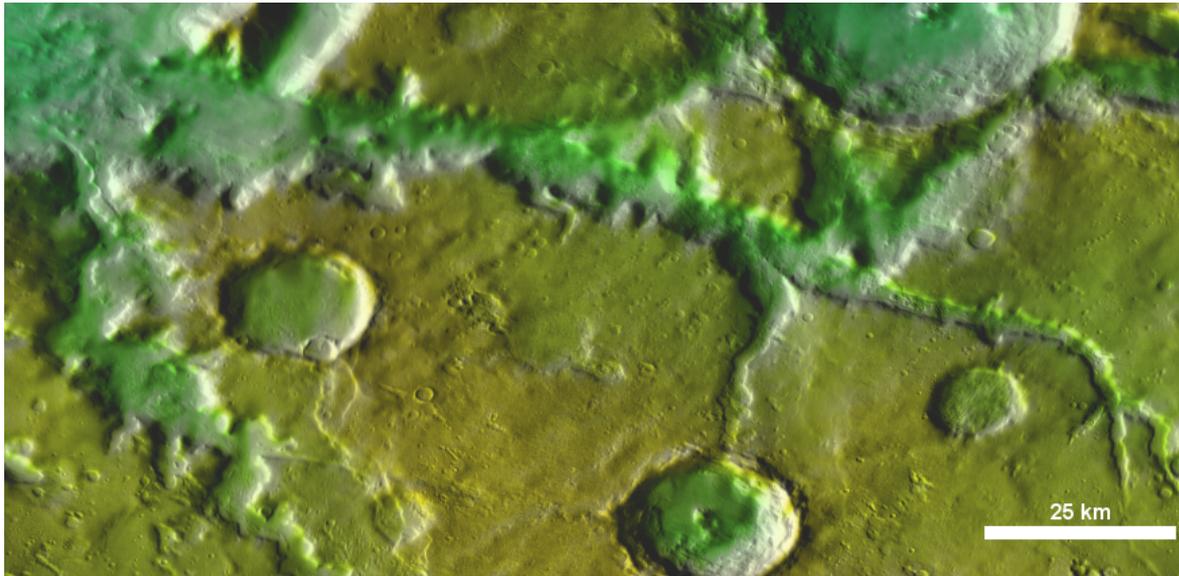


Key	
●	Yes
○	Partial Support or Debated
	No
?	Indeterminate

# Resource ROI2

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

## Outflow channels



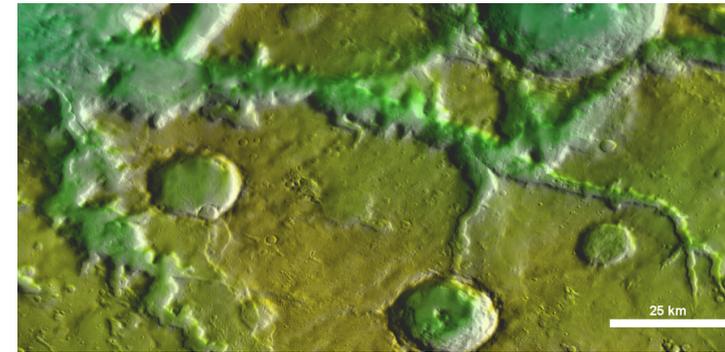
- 47.527E, 40.305
- 49.336E, 40.32
  
- Water ice
- Hydrated minerals

# Resource ROI2 Rubric

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



Site Factors			RROI2		
ISRU and Civil Engineering Criteria	Engineering	Meets First Order Criteria (Latitude, Elevation, Thermal Inertia)	●		
	Water Resource	Threshold	AND/OR Potential for ice or ice/regolith mix	●	
			Potential for hydrated minerals	●	
			Quantity for substantial production	●	
			Potential to be minable by highly automated systems	●	
			Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site	○	
			Located no more than 3 meters below the surface	○	
			Accessible by automated systems	●	
			Qualifying	Potential for multiple sources of ice, ice/regolith mix <b>and</b> hydrated minerals	●
				Distance to resource location can be >5 km	●
				Route to resource location must be (plausibly) traversable	●
	Civil Engineering	Threshold	~50 sq km region of flat and stable terrain with sparse rock distribution		
			1-10 km length scale: <10°		
			Located within 5 km of landing site location		
		Qualifying	Located in the northern hemisphere		
	Food Production	Qualifying	Evidence of abundant cobble sized or smaller rocks and bulk, loose regolith	●	
			Utilitarian terrain features	●	
			Low latitude		
			No local terrain feature(s) that could shadow light collection facilities		
	Metal/Silicon Resource	Threshold	Access to water	●	
			Access to dark, minimally altered basaltic sands		
			Potential for metal/silicon		
			Potential to be minable by highly automated systems		
			Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site		
Qualifying		Located no more than 3 meters below the surface			
		Accessible by automated systems			
		Potential for multiple sources of metals/silicon			
Qualifying	Distance to resource location can be >5 km				
	Route to resource location must be (plausibly) traversable				

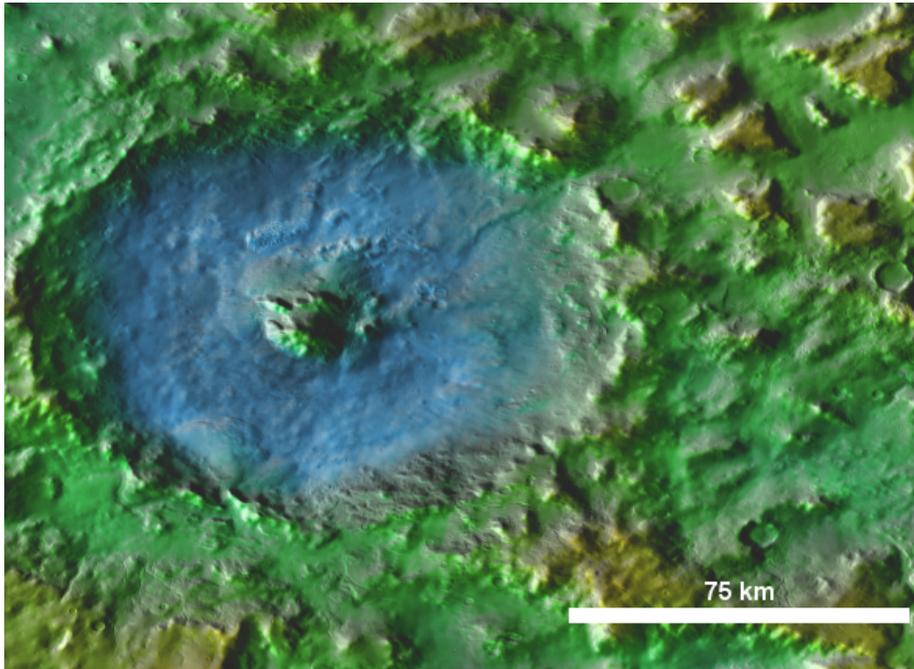


Key	
●	Yes
○	Partial Support or Debated
	No
?	Indeterminate

# Resource ROI3

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

## Moreux Crater (AHi)



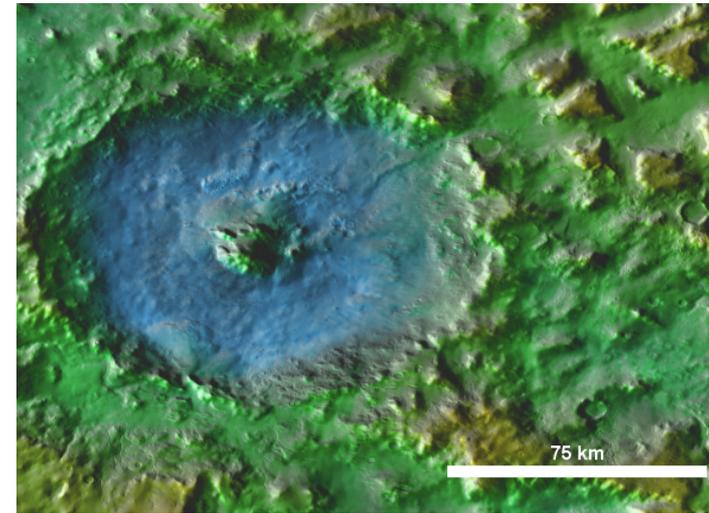
- 46.727E, 41.703
- Impact glass
- Water ice

# Resource ROI3 Rubric

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



Site Factors			RROI3		
ISRU and Civil Engineering Criteria	Engineering	Meets First Order Criteria (Latitude, Elevation, Thermal Inertia)	●		
	Water Resource	Threshold	AND/OR Potential for ice or ice/regolith mix	●	
			Potential for hydrated minerals	●	
			Quantity for substantial production	●	
			Potential to be minable by highly automated systems	●	
			Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site	○	
			Located no more than 3 meters below the surface	○	
			Accessible by automated systems	●	
			Qualifying	Potential for multiple sources of ice, ice/regolith mix <b>and</b> hydrated minerals	●
				Distance to resource location can be >5 km	●
				Route to resource location must be (plausibly) traversable	●
	Civil Engineering	Threshold	~50 sq km region of flat and stable terrain with sparse rock distribution		
			1-10 km length scale: <10°		
			Located within 5 km of landing site location		
		Qualifying	Located in the northern hemisphere		
	Food Production	Qualifying	Evidence of abundant cobble sized or smaller rocks and bulk, loose regolith	●	
			Utilitarian terrain features		
			Low latitude		
			No local terrain feature(s) that could shadow light collection facilities		
	Metal/Silicon Resource	Threshold	Access to water	●	
			Access to dark, minimally altered basaltic sands		
			Potential for metal/silicon	●	
			Potential to be minable by highly automated systems	●	
			Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site	○	
		Qualifying	Located no more than 3 meters below the surface	○	
			Accessible by automated systems	●	
			Potential for multiple sources of metals/silicon	●	
Distance to resource location can be >5 km			●		
Route to resource location must be (plausibly) traversable			○		

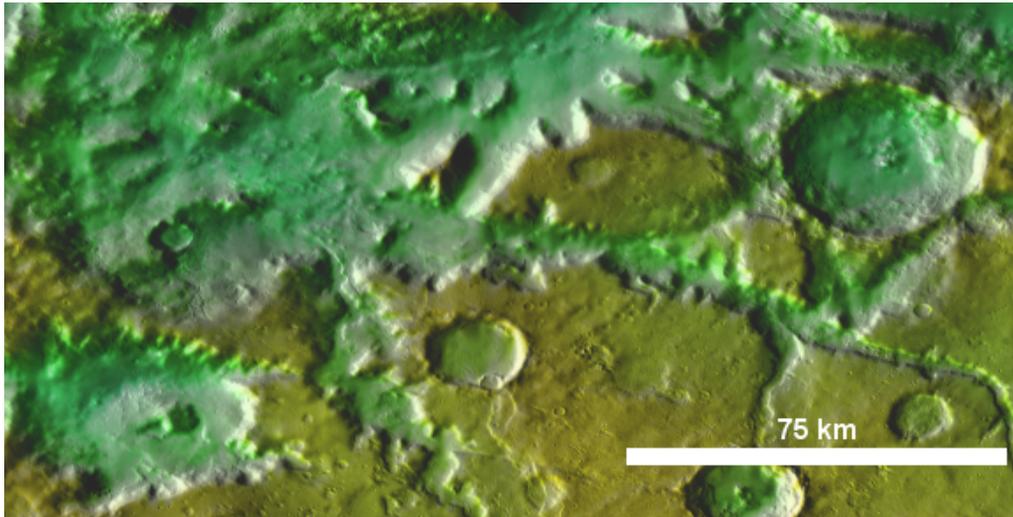


Key	
●	Yes
○	Partial Support or Debated
	No
?	Indeterminate

# Resource ROI4

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

## Noachian Highlands (mNh)



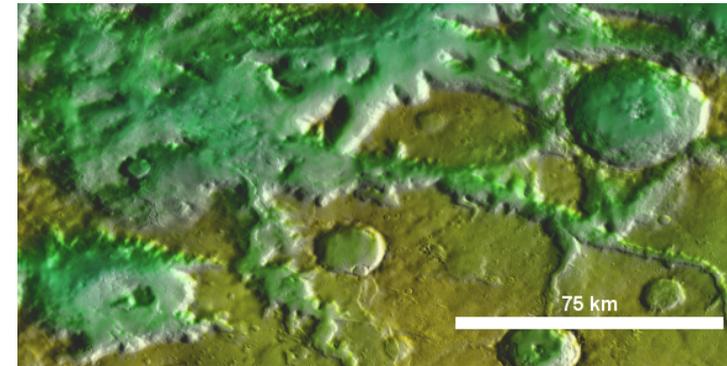
- 48.766E, 39.977
- Cobbles, rocks, regolith
- Metals?

# Resource ROI4 Rubric

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



Site Factors			RROI4	
ISRU and Civil Engineering Criteria	Engineering	Meets First Order Criteria (Latitude, Elevation, Thermal Inertia)	●	
	Water Resource	Threshold	AND/OR Potential for ice or ice/regolith mix	
			Potential for hydrated minerals	
			Quantity for substantial production	
			Potential to be minable by highly automated systems	
			Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site	
			Located no more than 3 meters below the surface	
			Accessible by automated systems	
	Qualifying	Potential for multiple sources of ice, ice/regolith mix <b>and</b> hydrated minerals		
		Distance to resource location can be >5 km		
		Route to resource location must be (plausibly) traversable		
	Civil Engineering	Threshold	~50 sq km region of flat and stable terrain with sparse rock distribution	
			1-10 km length scale: <10°	
			Located within 5 km of landing site location	
	Qualifying	Located in the northern hemisphere		
		Evidence of abundant cobble sized or smaller rocks and bulk, loose regolith	●	
	Food Production	Qualifying	Utilitarian terrain features	
			Low latitude	
			No local terrain feature(s) that could shadow light collection facilities	
			Access to water	
Metal/Silicon Resource	Threshold	Access to dark, minimally altered basaltic sands		
		Potential for metal/silicon	●	
		Potential to be minable by highly automated systems	●	
		Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site	○	
		Located no more than 3 meters below the surface	○	
	Accessible by automated systems	●		
	Qualifying	Potential for multiple sources of metals/silicon	●	
Distance to resource location can be >5 km		●		
Route to resource location must be (plausibly) traversable		●		

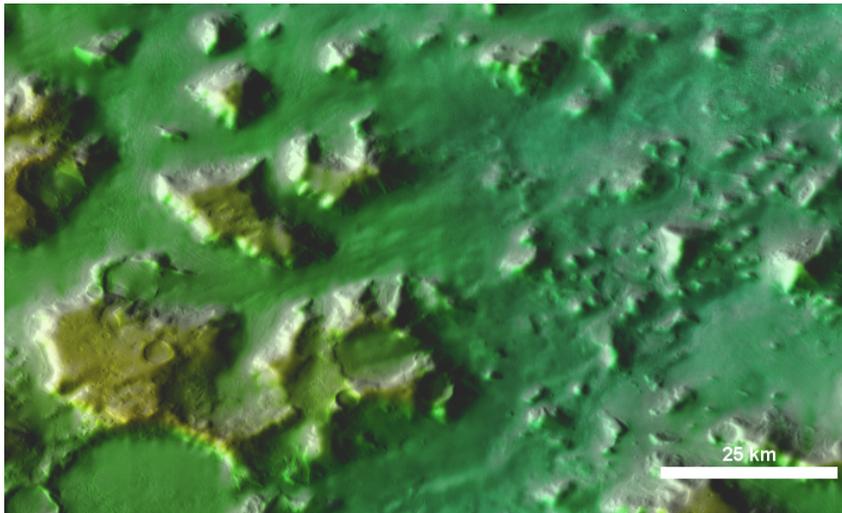


Key	
●	Yes
○	Partial Support or Debated
	No
?	Indeterminate

# Resource ROI5

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

## Early Hesperian transition unit (eHt)



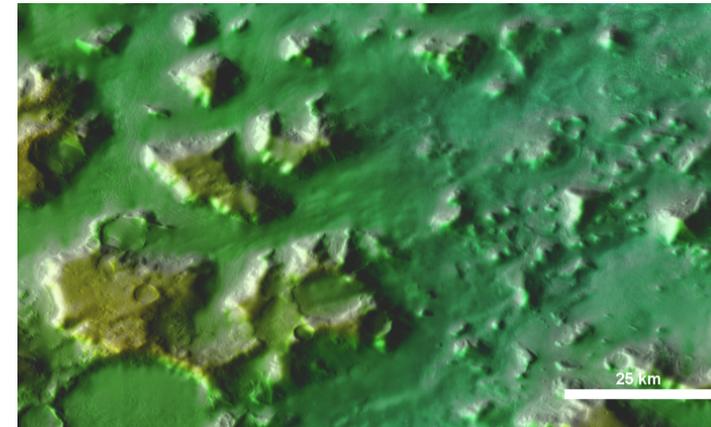
- 49.312E, 42.898
- Cobbles, rocks, regolith
- Metals?

# Resource ROI5 Rubric

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



Site Factors			RROI5		
ISRU and Civil Engineering Criteria	Engineering	Meets First Order Criteria (Latitude, Elevation, Thermal Inertia)	●		
	Water Resource	Threshold	AND/OR Potential for ice or ice/regolith mix	●	
			Potential for hydrated minerals	●	
			Quantity for substantial production	●	
			Potential to be minable by highly automated systems	●	
			Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site	●	
			Located no more than 3 meters below the surface	●	
			Accessible by automated systems	●	
			Qualifying	Potential for multiple sources of ice, ice/regolith mix <b>and</b> hydrated minerals	●
				Distance to resource location can be >5 km	●
				Route to resource location must be (plausibly) traversable	●
	Civil Engineering	Threshold	~50 sq km region of flat and stable terrain with sparse rock distribution	●	
			1-10 km length scale: <10°	●	
			Located within 5 km of landing site location	●	
		Qualifying	Located in the northern hemisphere		
	Food Production	Qualifying	Evidence of abundant cobble sized or smaller rocks and bulk, loose regolith	●	
			Utilitarian terrain features		
			Low latitude		
			No local terrain feature(s) that could shadow light collection facilities		
	Metal/Silicon Resource	Threshold	Access to water	●	
			Access to dark, minimally altered basaltic sands		
			Potential for metal/silicon		
			Potential to be minable by highly automated systems		
			Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site		
		Qualifying	Located no more than 3 meters below the surface		
			Accessible by automated systems		
			Potential for multiple sources of metals/silicon		
	Qualifying	Qualifying	Distance to resource location can be >5 km		
Route to resource location must be (plausibly) traversable					



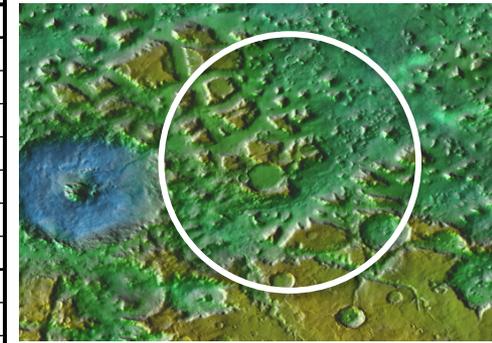
Key	
●	Yes
○	Partial Support or Debated
	No
?	Indeterminate

# Resource Rubrics

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



Site Factors			RROI1	RROI2	RROI3	RROI4	RROI5	EZ SUM		
ISRU and Civil Engineering Criteria	Engineering	Meets First Order Criteria (Latitude, Elevation, Thermal Inertia)	●	●	●	●	●	(5,0)		
	Water Resource	Threshold	AND/OR Potential for ice or ice/regolith mix	●	●	●		●	(4,0)	
			Potential for hydrated minerals		●	●		●	(3,0)	
			Quantity for substantial production	●	●	●		●	(4,0)	
			Potential to be minable by highly automated systems	●	●	●		●	(4,0)	
			Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site	○	○	○		●	(1,3)	
			Located no more than 3 meters below the surface	○	○	○		●	(1,3)	
			Accessible by automated systems	●	●	●		●	(4,0)	
	Qualifying	Potential for multiple sources of ice, ice/regolith mix <b>and</b> hydrated minerals	●	●	●		●	(4,0)		
		Distance to resource location can be >5 km	●	●	●		●	(4,0)		
		Route to resource location must be (plausibly) traversable	●	●	●		●	(4,0)		
	Civil Engineering	Threshold	~50 sq km region of flat and stable terrain with sparse rock distribution	●				●	(2,0)	
			1-10 km length scale: <10°	●				●	(2,0)	
			Located within 5 km of landing site location	●				●	(2,0)	
	Qualifying	Located in the northern hemisphere								
		Evidence of abundant cobble sized or smaller rocks and bulk, loose regolith	○	●	●	●	●		(4,1)	
	Food Production	Qualifying	Utilitarian terrain features	●	●					(2,0)
			Low latitude							
			No local terrain feature(s) that could shadow light collection facilities							
			Access to water	●	●	●		●		(4,0)
Metal/Silicon Resource	Threshold	Access to dark, minimally altered basaltic sands								
		Potential for metal/silicon			●	●			(2,0)	
		Potential to be minable by highly automated systems			●	●			(2,0)	
		Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site			○	○			(0,2)	
		Located no more than 3 meters below the surface			○	○			(0,2)	
	Accessible by automated systems			●	●			(2,0)		
	Qualifying	Potential for multiple sources of metals/silicon			●	●			(2,0)	
Distance to resource location can be >5 km				●	●			(2,0)		
Route to resource location must be (plausibly) traversable				○	●			(1,1)		



Key	
●	Yes
○	Partial Support or Debated
	No
?	Indeterminate

# EZ Rubrics

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

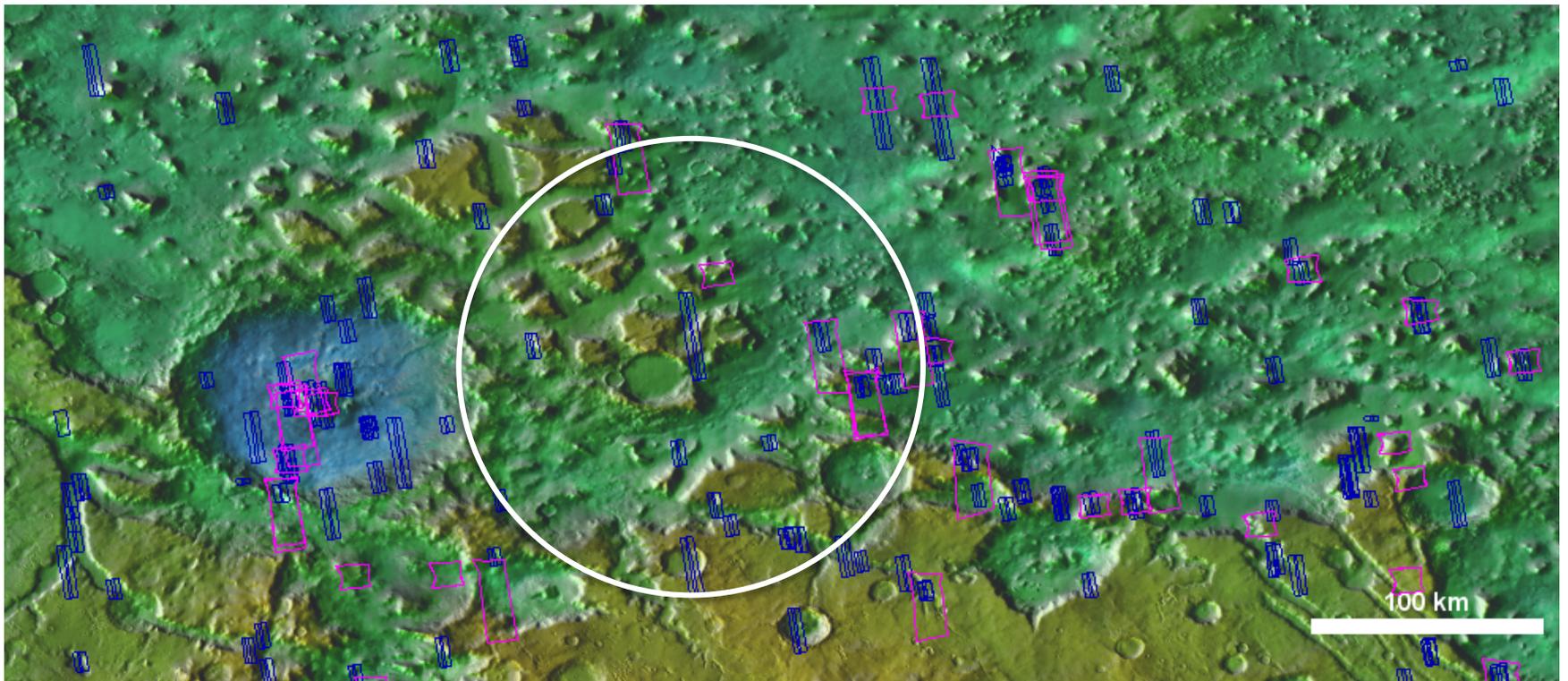


Science Site Criteria				Site Factors	EZ	ISRU and Civil Engineering Criteria				Site Factors	EZ		
Science Site Criteria	Astrobio	Threshold	AND/OR	Potential for past habitability	●	ISRU and Civil Engineering Criteria	Engineering	Meets First Order Criteria (Latitude, Elevation, Thermal Inertia)			●		
			Potential for present habitability/refugia	●	AND/OR			Potential for ice or ice/regolith mix	●				
	Qualifying	Potential for organic matter, w/ surface exposure			?		Water Resource	Threshold	Potential for hydrated minerals			●	
		Atmospheric Science	Threshold	Noachian/Hesperian rocks w/ trapped atmospheric gases					●	Quantity for substantial production			●
	Meteorological diversity in space and time			●	Potential to be minable by highly automated systems			●					
	High likelihood of surface-atmosphere exchange			●	Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site			○					
	Amazonian subsurface or high-latitude ice or sediment			●	Located no more than 3 meters below the surface			○					
	Qualifying	High likelihood of active trace gas sources			?		Accessible by automated systems			●			
		Range of martian geologic time; datable surfaces			●		Civil Engineering	Threshold	~50 sq km region of flat and stable terrain with sparse rock distribution			●	
		Evidence of aqueous processes			●				1-10 km length scale: <10°			●	
		Potential for interpreting relative ages			●		Qualifying	Located within 5 km of landing site location			●		
	Igneous Rocks tied to 1+ provinces or different times			●	Located in the northern hemisphere			●					
	Geoscience	Qualifying	Near-surface ice, glacial or permafrost				●	Food Production	Qualifying	Evidence of abundant cobble sized or smaller rocks and bulk, loose regolith			●
			Noachian or pre-Noachian bedrock units				●			Utilitarian terrain features			●
			Outcrops with remnant magnetization				●	Low latitude			●		
			Primary, secondary, and basin-forming impact deposits				●	No local terrain feature(s) that could shadow light collection facilities			●		
			Structural features with regional or global context				●	Access to water			●		
			Diversity of aeolian sediments and/or landforms				○	Access to dark, minimally altered basaltic sands			●		
			Metal/Silicon Resource	Threshold	Potential for metal/silicon			●	Potential for metal/silicon			●	
					Potential to be minable by highly automated systems			●	Distance to resource location can be >5 km			●	
Located less than 3 km from processing equipment site					○	Route to resource location must be (plausibly) traversable			●				
Located no more than 3 meters below the surface					○								
Accessible by automated systems			●	Qualifying									

# Current HIRISE and CRISM coverage



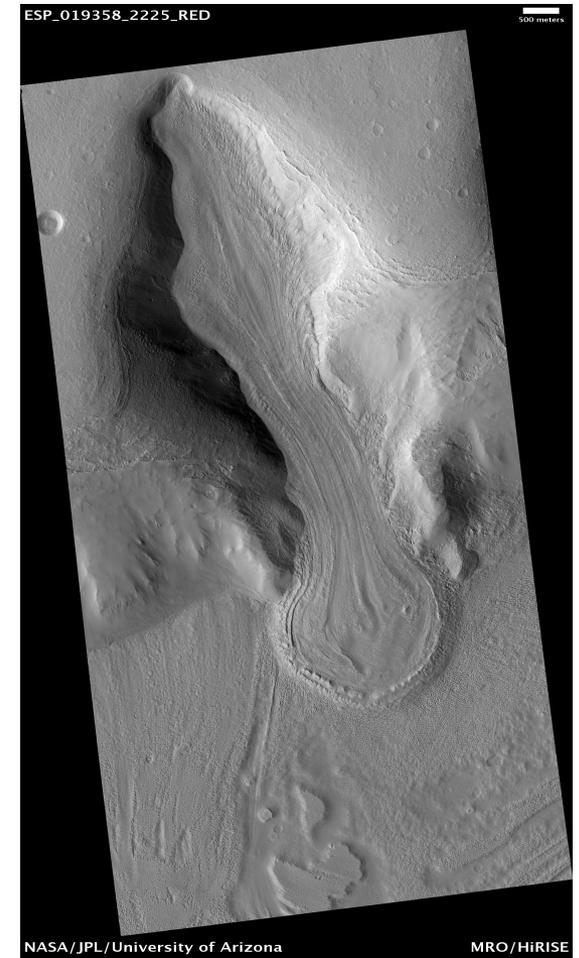
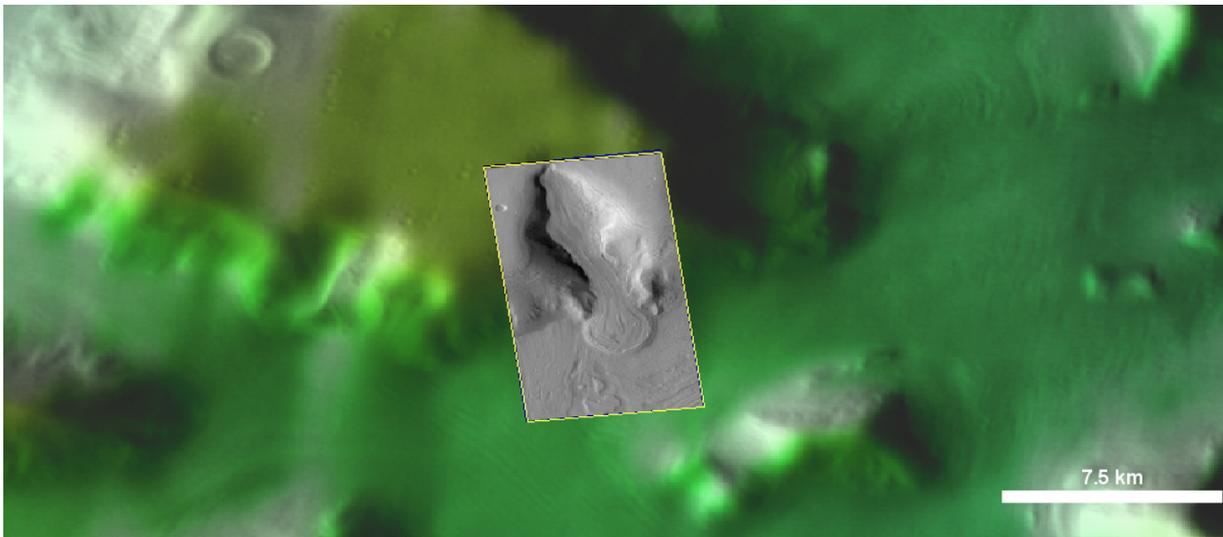
1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



# HIRISE and CRISM

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

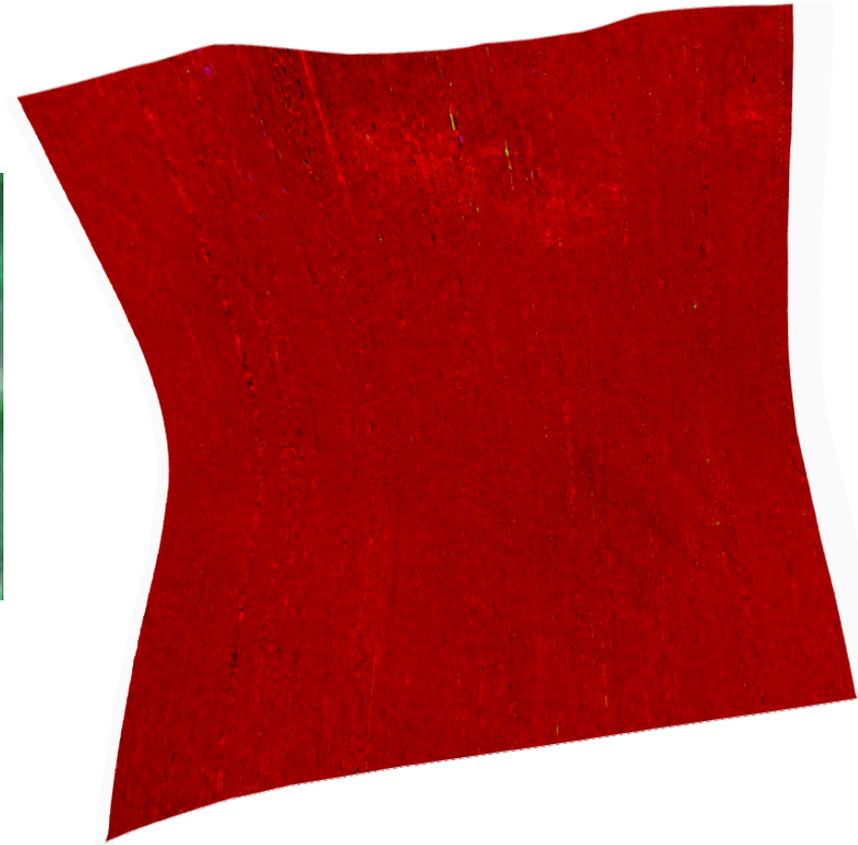
- Amazonian Noachian apron unit



# HIRISE and CRISM

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

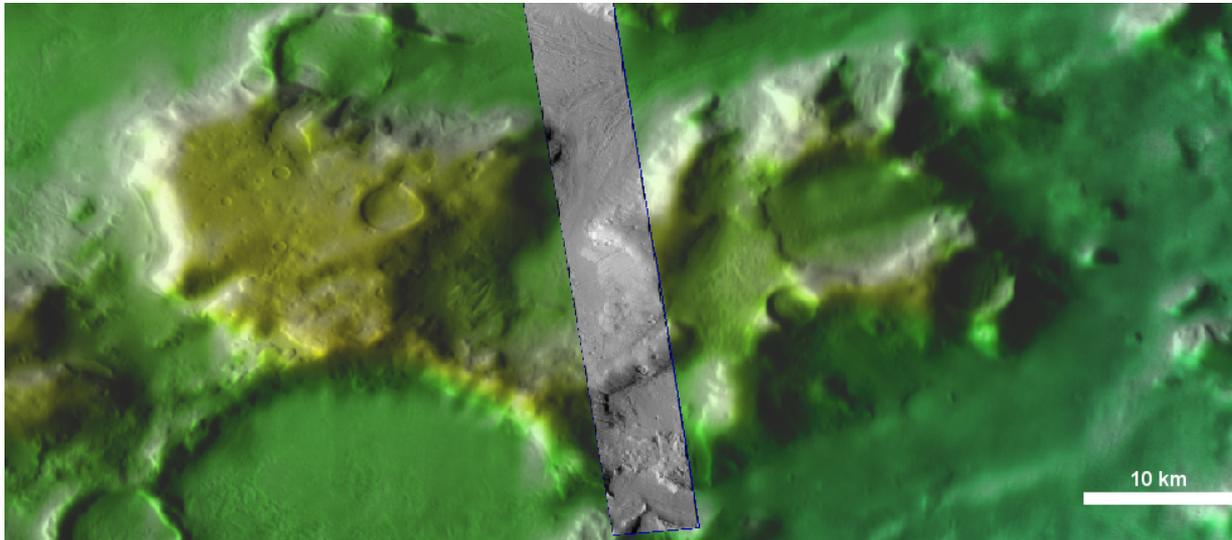
- Amazonian Noachian apron unit
- Bound water



# HIRISE and CRISM

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

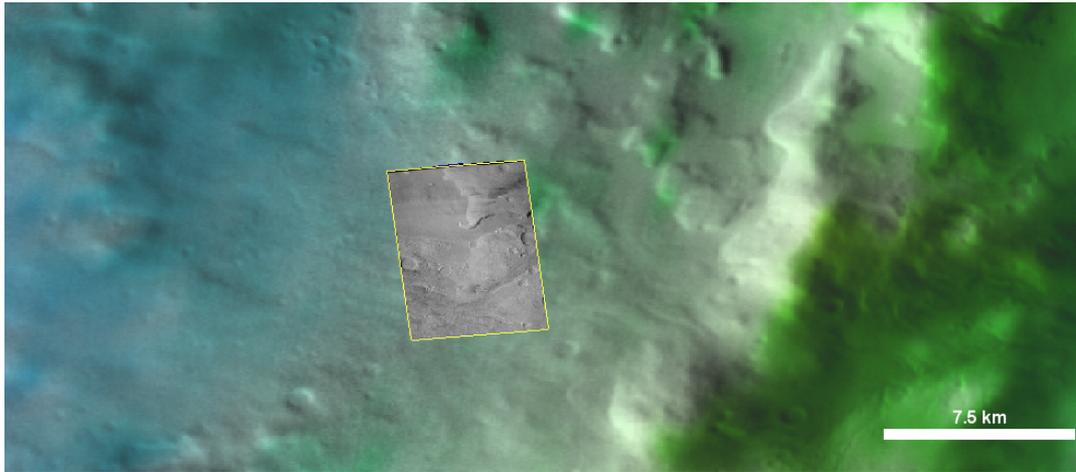
- Landing site crater outlet
- Amazonian Noachian apron unit



# HIRISE and CRISM

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

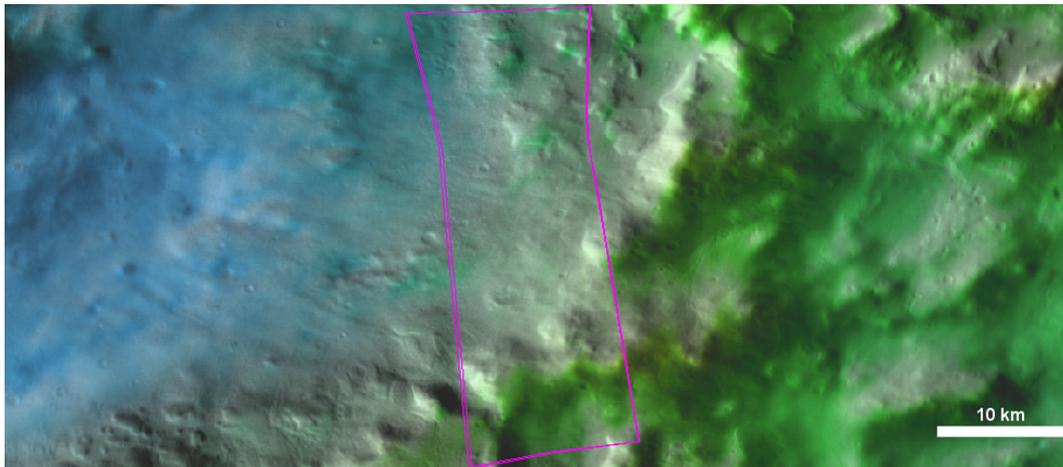
- Inside Moreux Crater



# HIRISE and CRISM

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

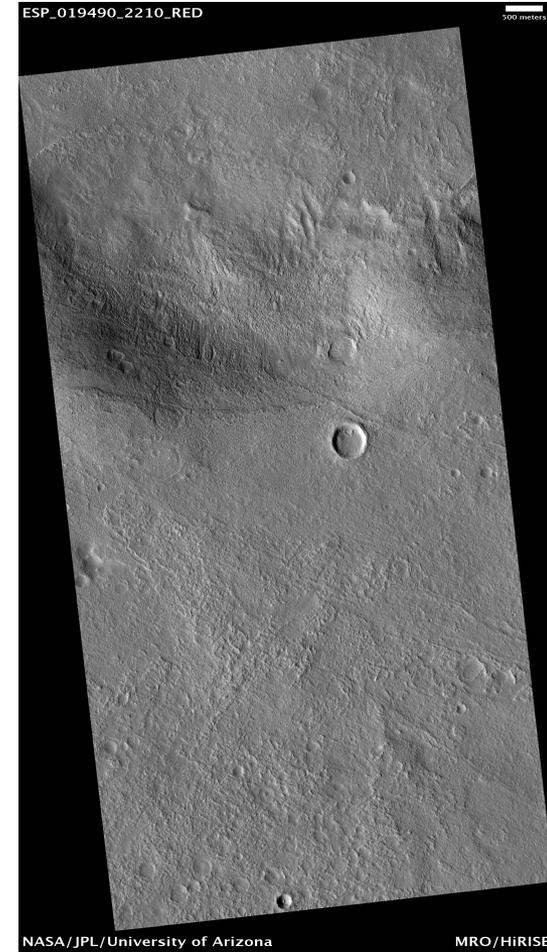
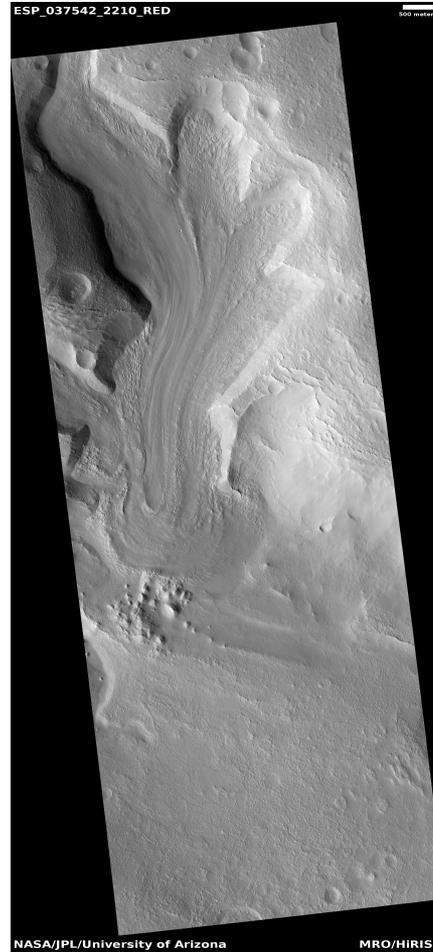
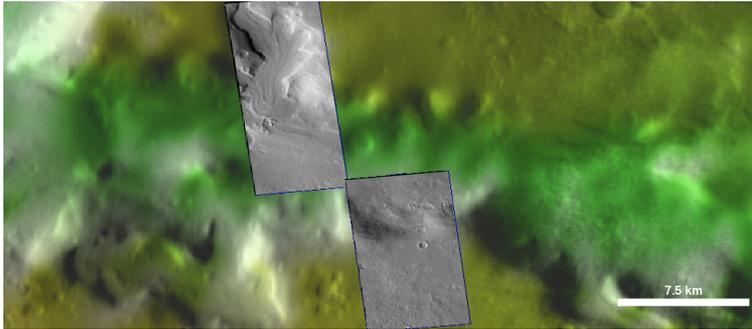
- Inside Moreux Crater
- Bound water



# HIRISE and CRISM

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

- Highlands outflow channel



# EZ Science Data Needs

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

## 1. Orbital data

- High-resolution imagery
- Spectroscopy

## 2. MSL class rover

- Science reconnaissance

# EZ Resource Data Needs

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

## 1. MSL class rover

- Resource reconnaissance
  - ANa ice (sell the mission as exploring Mars glaciers!)
  - Impact glass and metals

## 2. Orbital data

- High-resolution imagery
- Spectroscopy
- More radar data?

# EZ Engineering Data Needs .

A small image of an astronaut in a white spacesuit standing on the reddish, rocky surface of Mars, looking towards the horizon under a blue sky.

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

## 1. High-resolution orbital imagery

- Landing site conformation
- Traverse capabilities
- Rock abundance

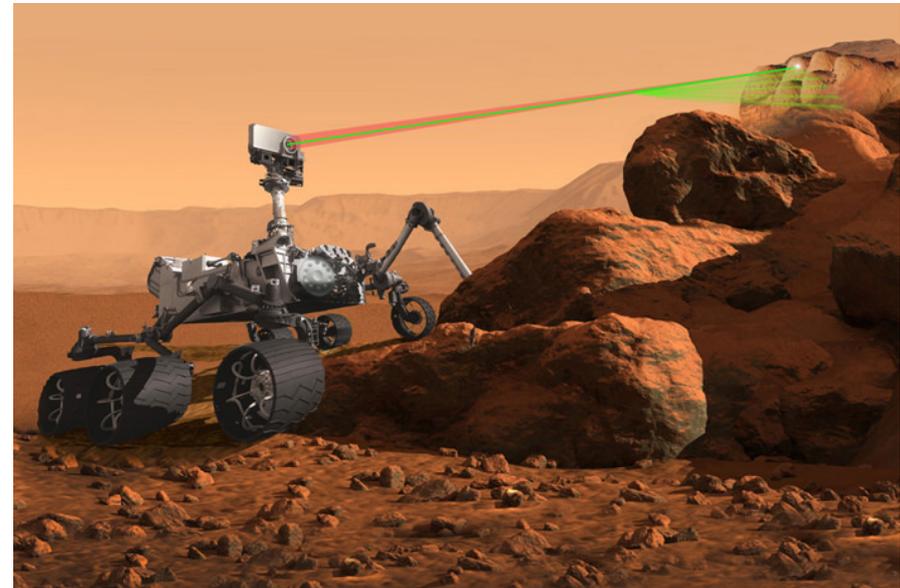
# Rover Tele-operations

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



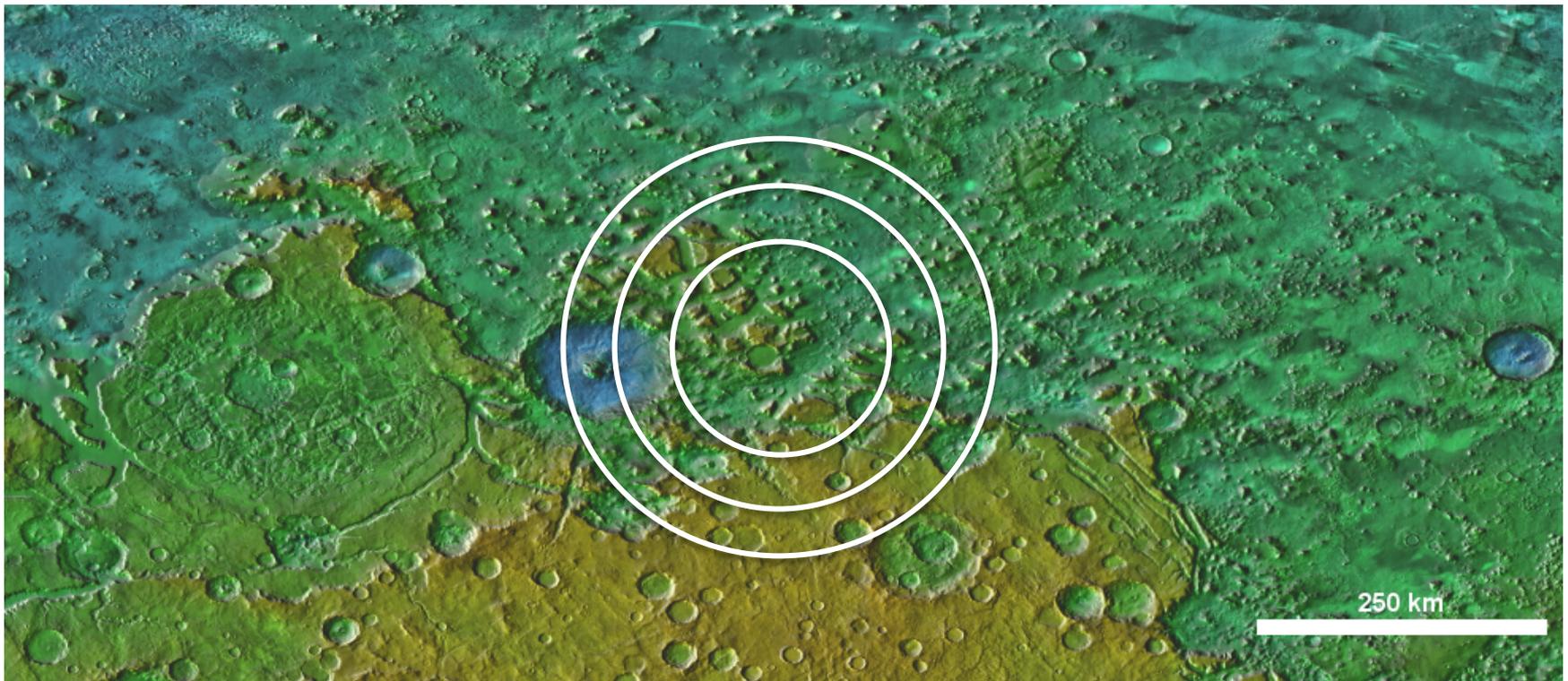
- Gives astronauts something to do
- Faster, more capable than Earth-based operation

- Increases EZ area/radii
- More science potential for every site



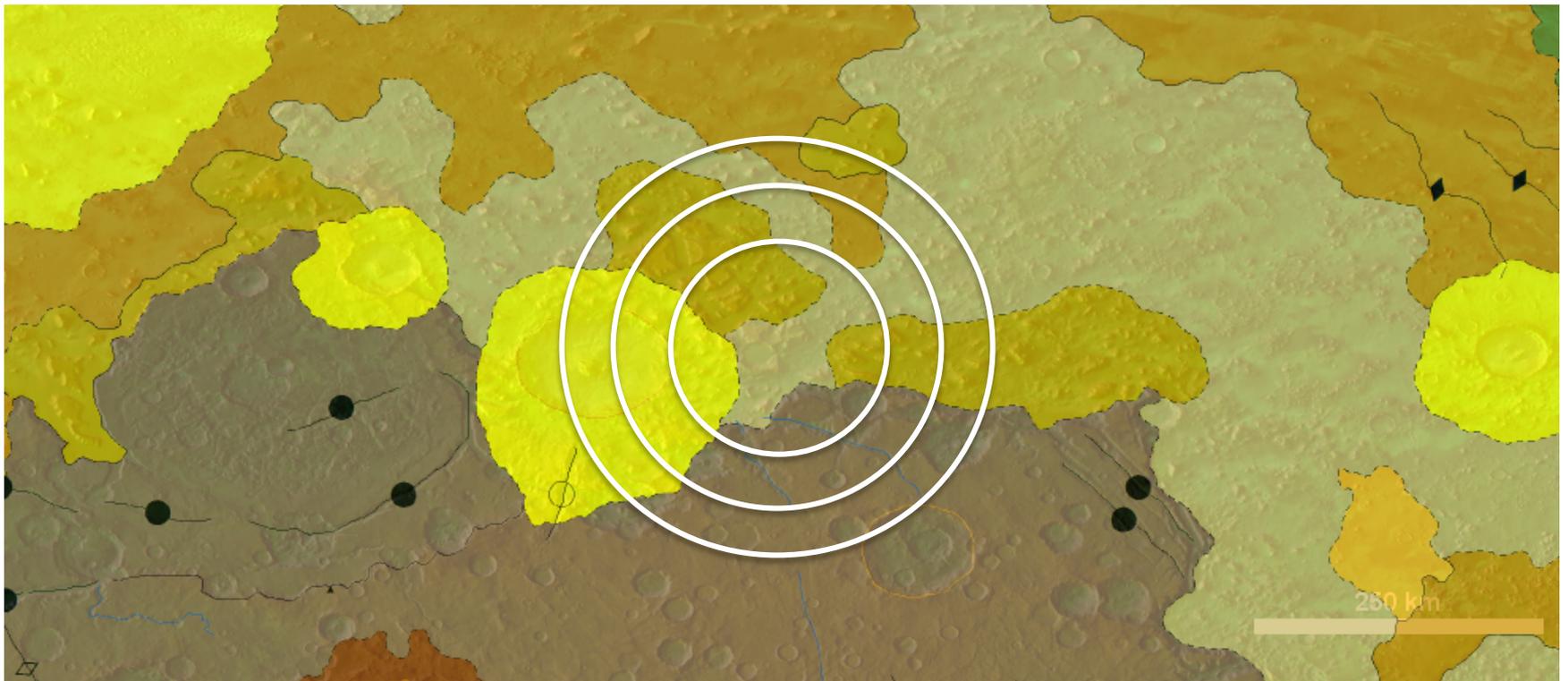
# Extended Rover EZ

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



# Extended Rover EZ

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

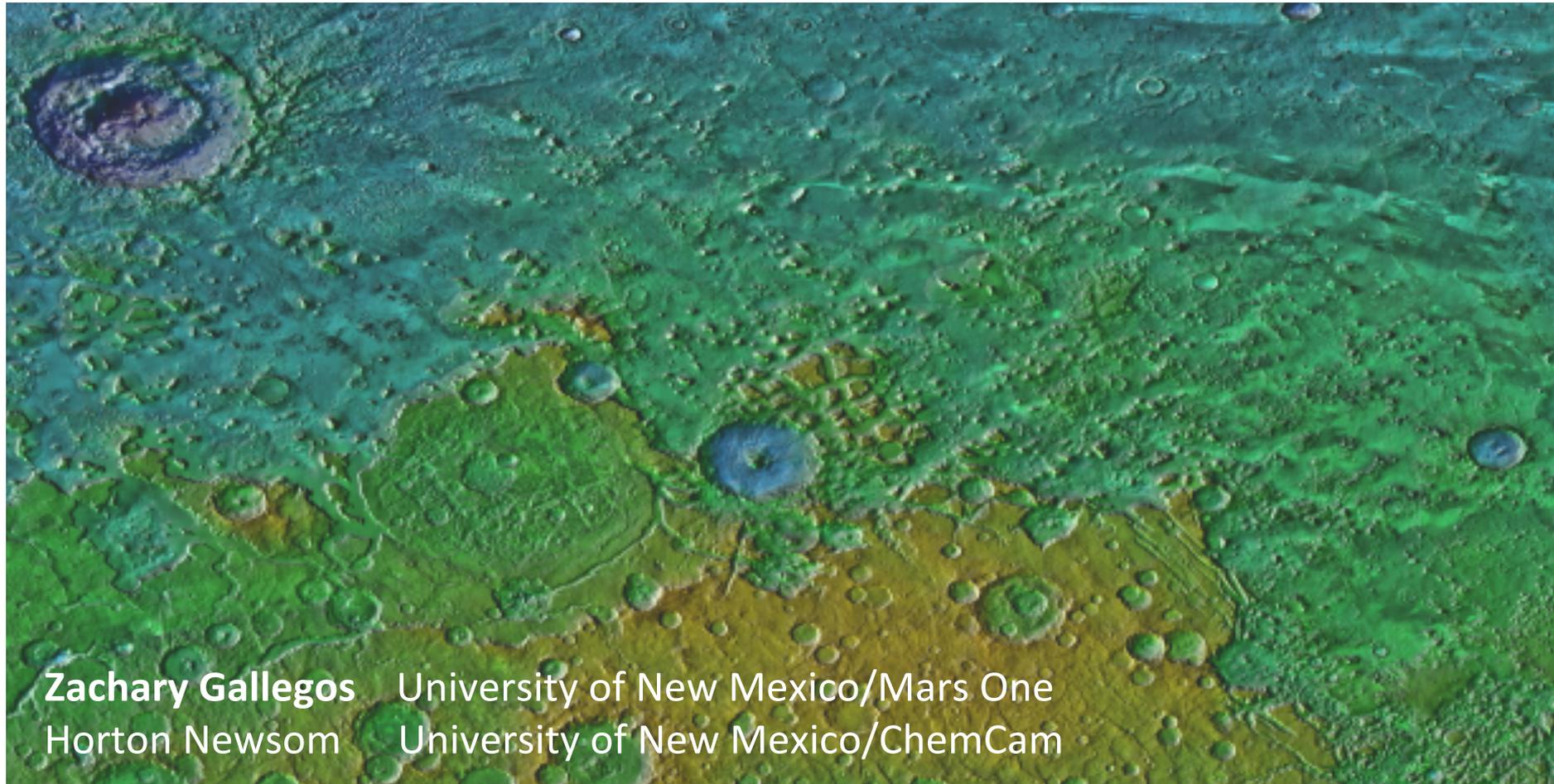


# Protonilus Mensae



Abstract #1053

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars



Zachary Gallegos University of New Mexico/Mars One  
Horton Newsom University of New Mexico/ChemCam

# Extra Slides



1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

# Communications Blimp

1<sup>st</sup> EZ Workshop for Human Missions to Mars

