

NASA

SECTION 30

STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

	Presenter:
Organization/Date: Orbiter 01-09-03	

FLIGHT READINESS STATEMENT

107foms.rpt 01/07/03 4:00pm



FRRS-1





BOEING®



USA
United Space Alliance

SSVEO Is Ready to Fly STS-107

ORBITER FLIGHT SOFTWARE FLIGHT CREW EQUIPMENT	/s/ P. E. Shack 12/29/02 with constraints noted P. E. Shack, Program Manager Shuttle Engineering Office	D. E. Stampel, TMR Software	P. A. Pelete, Acting TMR Orbiter and Flight Crew Equipment
ORBITER/FLIGHT EQUIPMENT	/s/ S. Higson 12/03/02 S. Higson, Program Director, SRMS The Boeing Company	N/A Search, Program Manager, SVS NEPTEC	N/A Search, Program Manager, SVS NEPTEC
FLIGHT SOFTWARE EQUIPMENT	/s/ James Wilder **4 J. Wilder, Associate Program Manager Flight Software Element United Space Alliance	T. F. Peterson, Associate Program Manager Flight Software Element United Space Alliance	/s/ D. McCormack 12/09/02 D. L. McCormack, Ferry Flight Manager

Ralph R. Roe, Manager
Space Shuttle Vehicle Engineering

FRRS-2

STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

	Presenter:
Organization/Date: Orbiter 01/09/03	

BACKUP INFORMATION

107fbu.ppt 01/09/03 9:30am



BU-1



STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

	<p>Presenter:</p> <p>Organization/Date: Orbiter 01/09/03</p>
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**PREVIOUS FLIGHT
ANOMALIES
BACKUP**

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BU-2



STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

	<p>Presenter:</p> <p>Organization/Date: Orbiter 01/09/03</p>
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**STS-113 PREVIOUS FLIGHT
ANOMALIES
BACKUP**

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BU-3



STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

	<p>Presenter:</p> <p>Organization/Date: Orbiter 01/09/03</p>
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**STS-109 PREVIOUS FLIGHT
ANOMALIES
BACKUP**

107fpu.gpt 01/09/03 9:30am



BU-4



STS-109-V-01: FREON COOLANT LOOP 1 DEGRADED AFT COLD PLATE FLOW	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Observation:

- Freon coolant loop (FCL) 1 aft cold plate (ACP) flow dropped from 305 to 225 lbs/hr after MECO

Concern:

- Flow rate reduction could result in loss of a FCL and early mission termination

Discussion:

- Approximately ten minutes after lift-off, the FCL 1 ACP flow rate dropped from 305 lbs/hr to 225 lbs/hr, then to 195 lbs/hr when the FCL was reconfigured to rad flow
 - Data review confirmed that the flow reduction was caused by a restriction in the ACP leg
- The flow rate stabilized, and analysis determined that adequate flow would still be available to provide sufficient cooling for the remainder of STS-109

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BU-5



STS-109-V-01: FREON COOLANT LOOP 1 DEGRADED AFT COLD PLATE FLOW	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Actions Taken:

- During post-flight troubleshooting, a piece of debris was found stuck in the upstream side of the orifice between the FES and the aft coldplate network
- FCL 1 was de-serviced and de-brazed to allow extraction of the contaminant
 - Laboratory analysis confirmed that segment of braze preform became detached during brazing
- More x-rays were taken at other suspected locations after power-down to ensure no additional FOD is present in either loop 1 or 2 (see next slides)
 - Included x-rays of three potential traps in the RFCAs
- Visual inspections of FCL 1 FPM & pump inlet filters were also performed
 - FPM 1 and pump inlet filters replaced

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BU-6



STS-109-V-01: FREON COOLANT LOOP 1 DEGRADED AFT COLD PLATE FLOW

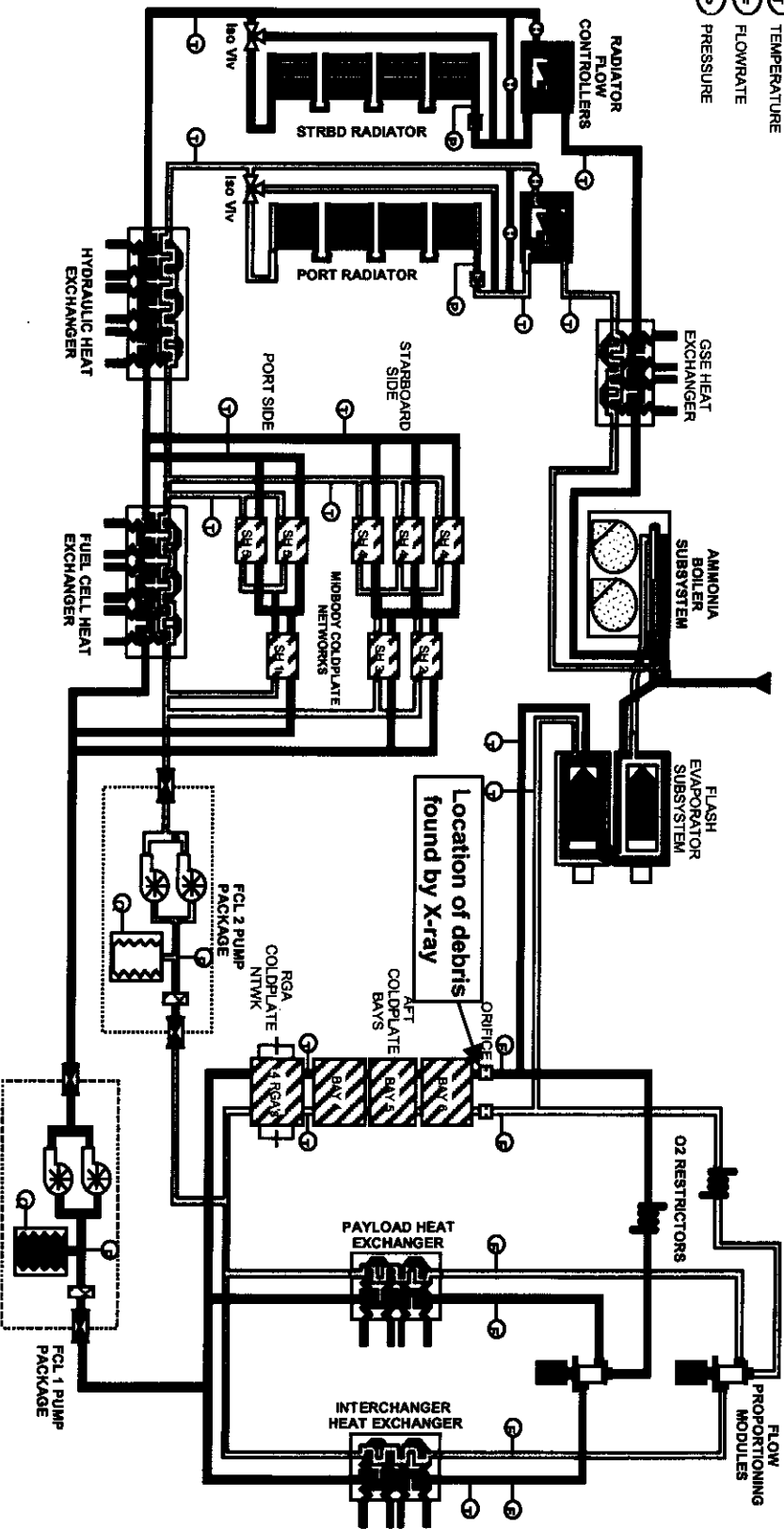
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Orbiter 01/09/03

ORBITER ACTIVE THERMAL CONTROL SYSTEM (ATCS)

- Q QUANTITY
- T TEMPERATURE
- F FLOWRATE
- P PRESSURE



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BU-7



STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

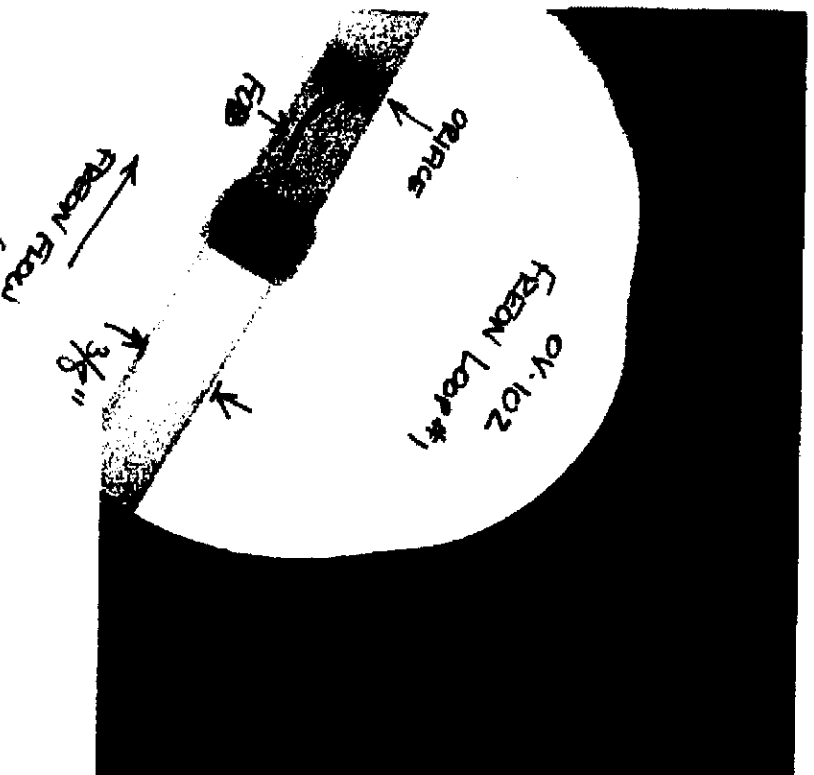
**STS-109-V-01: FREON COOLANT
LOOP 1 DEGRADED AFT COLD
PLATE FLOW**

Presenter:

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**Braze Preform Debris Found in the Upstream Side of
the Orifice Between the FES and the Aft Coldplate
Network**



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BU-8



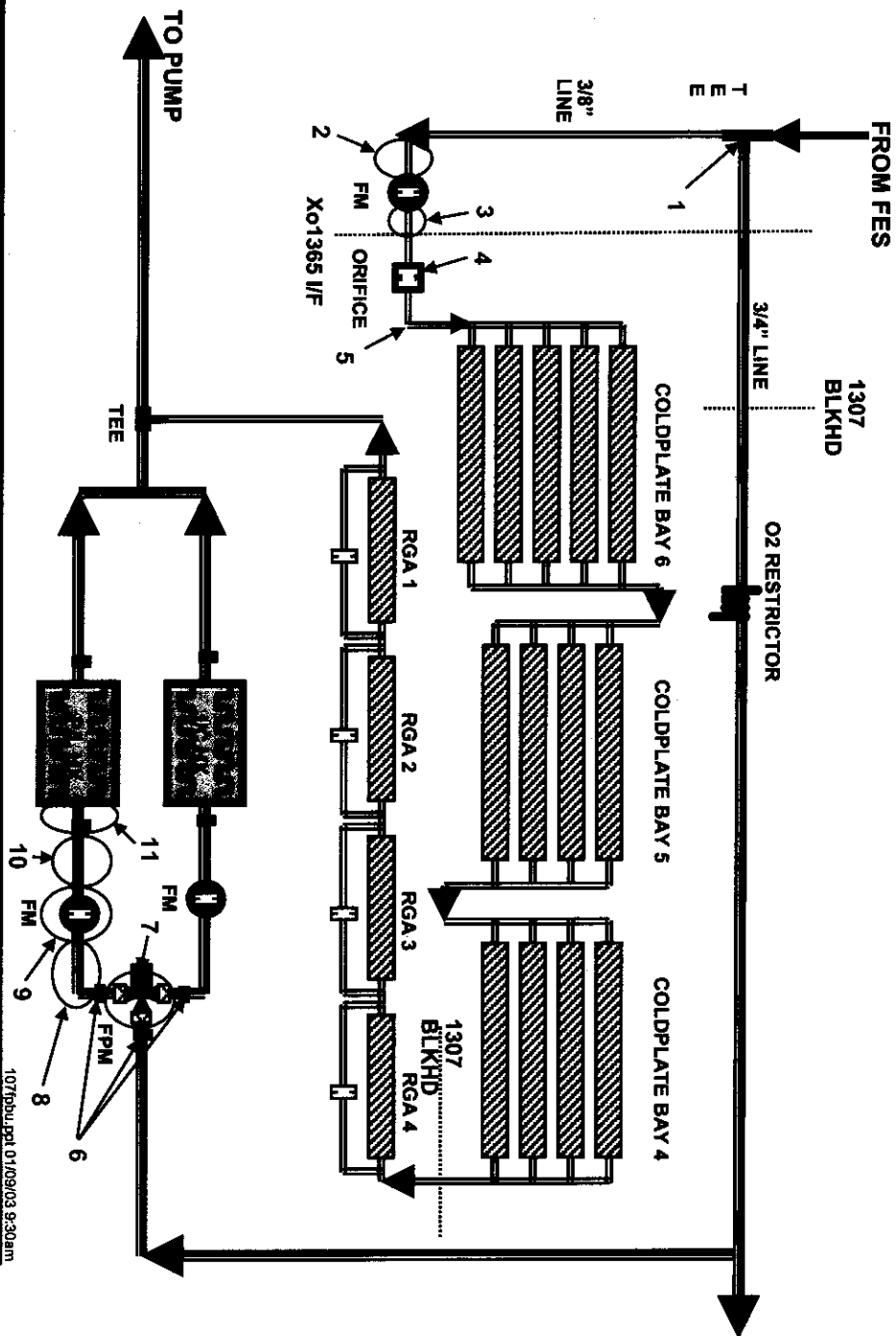
**STS-109-V-01: FREON COOLANT
LOOP 1 DEGRADED AFT COLD
PLATE FLOW**

X-rayed Locations for Coldplate Network

Presenter:

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BU-9



Presenter:

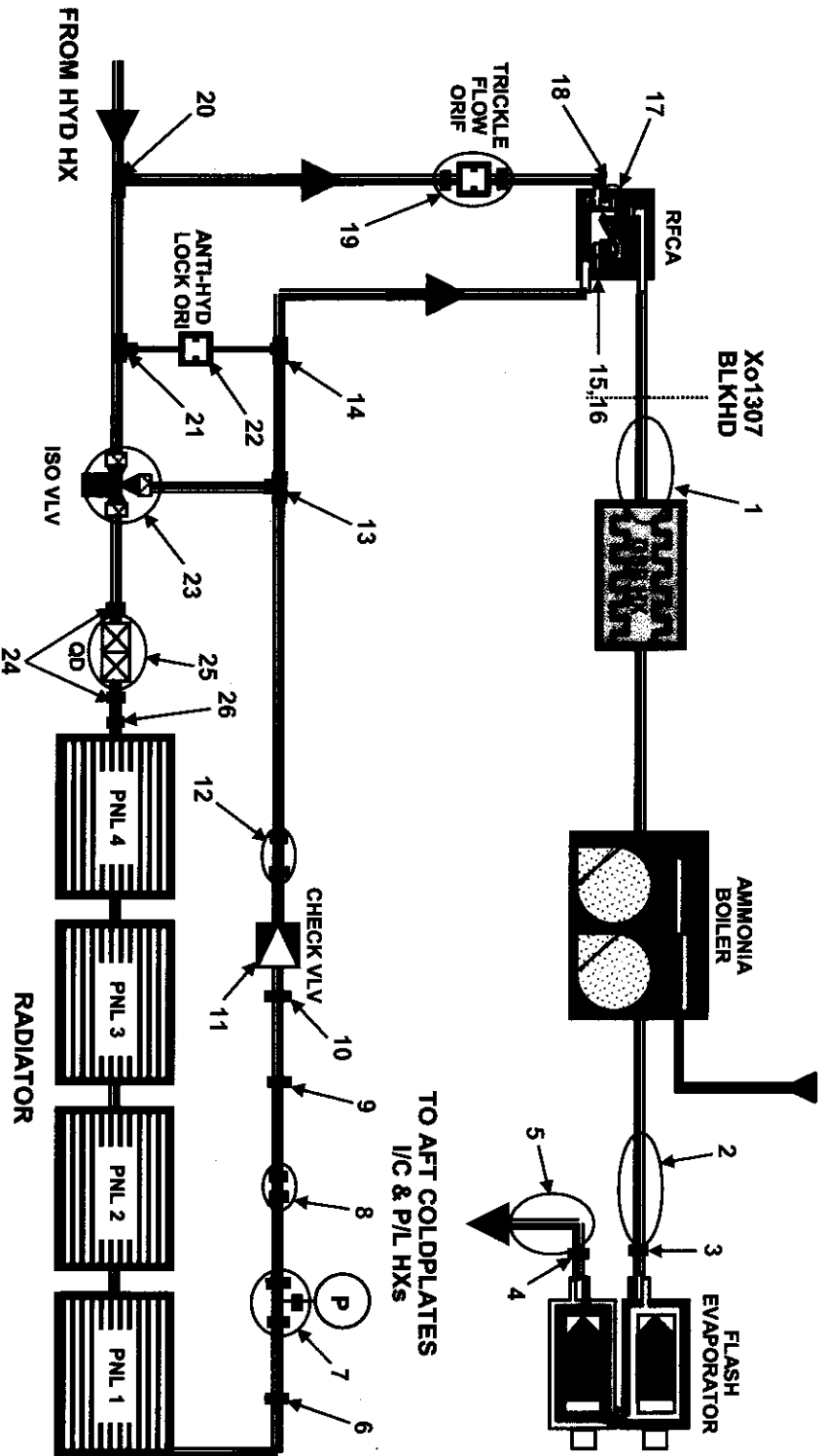
Organization/Date:

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STS-109-V-01: FREON COOLANT LOOP 1 DEGRADED AFT COLD PLATE FLOW

PLATE FLOW

X-rayed Locations for FES, Radiator and RFCA



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BU-10



**STS-109-V-01: FREON COOLANT
LOOP 1 DEGRADED AFT COLD
PLATE FLOW**

Presenter:

Organization/Date:

Orbiter 01/09/03

Risk Assessment:

- Freon coolant system is criticality 1R2
- Two FCLs are required to support normal vehicle operations
- Loss of one loop results in next PLS
- Procedure for single FCL loop abort is documented

Flight Rationale:

- The debris that caused the flow restriction was removed
- Additional x-rays taken at potential debris traps in both loops and visual inspection of FCL 1 FPM & pump inlet filters verified acceptable system cleanliness
 - FPM 1 and pump inlet filters replaced
- Freon systems have been verified through OMRSD testing

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BU-11



**STS-109-V-01: FREON COOLANT
LOOP 1 DEGRADED AFT COLD
PLATE FLOW**

Presenter:

Organization/Date:

Orbiter 01/09/03

X-rayed Locations for Coldplate Network:

- 1 – 3/4" – 3/8" reducer tee
- 2 – Coldplate flow sensor inlet braze/180 deg inlet tube bend
- 3 – Coldplate flow sensor outlet braze/90 deg outlet bend to X_o1365 bulkhead
- 4 – Coldplate flow orifice (debris lodged here)
- 5 – Avionics bay 6 inlet tube (90 deg bend) [FCL 1 only]
- 6 – FPM (Flow Proportioning Module) inlet/outlet brazes
- 7 – FPM inlet/outlet filters (3 each)
- 8 – FPM outlet tube bend including entire line to P/L flow sensor inlet
- 9 – Payload flow sensor including inlet/outlet brazes
- 10 – Entire line from payload flow sensor to inlet of P/L HX
- 11 – P/L HX inlet header and braze

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BU-12



**STS-109-V-01: FREON COOLANT
LOOP 1 DEGRADED AFT COLD
PLATE FLOW**

Presenter:

Organization/Date:

Orbiter 01/09/03

FCL 1 X-rayed Locations for FES, Radiator and RFCA:

- 1 – GSE HX inlet header/tube run upstream to 1st clamp
- 2 – FES inlet line from 1st line clamp upstream to inlet
braze
- 3 – FES inlet braze
- 4 – FES outlet braze
- 5 – FES outlet line down to 1st clamp (including
male/female mechanical fittings)
- 6 – Tube/tube braze
- 7 – Tee (3 brazes)
- 8 – Elbow to tube/flexline (2 brazes)
- 9 – Flexline braze to tube flange support
- 10 – Tube flange support outlet braze to dynatube braze
TP231B

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BU-13



United States Alliance

<p align="center">STS-109-V-01: FREON COOLANT LOOP 1 DEGRADED AFT COLD PLATE FLOW</p>	
<p>Presenter:</p>	
<p>Organization/Date: Orbiter 01/09/03</p>	

X-rayed Locations for FES, Radiator and RFCA: (cont)

- 11 – Isolation check valve
 - 12 – Elbow brazes to check valve/tube*
 - 13 – Tee (3 brazes)*
 - 14 – Tee (2 brazes), brazed to item 13 tee*
 - 15 – RFCA flow control valve inlet filter (cold)
 - 16 – RFCA flow control valve inlet filter (hot)
 - 17 – RFCA bypass valve inlet filter
 - 18 – RFCA bypass leg inlet braze*
 - 19 – Bypass orifice including inlet/outlet brazes
 - 20 – Tee (3 brazes)*
 - 21 – Tee (2 brazes), brazed to item 20 tee
 - 22 – Anti-hydraulic lock up orifice*
 - 23 – Iso valve body and inlet/outlet brazes (3)
 - 24 – QD inlet braze at flexline interface/QD outlet braze*
 - 25 – QD interface male/female
 - 26 – Tube to tube braze*
- * Indicates FCL 1 only

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BU-14



STS-109-V-02: AIRLOCK A HATCH LOCKING DEVICE DIFFICULT TO ACTUATE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Observation:

- When the crew first attempted to open the internal airlock "A" hatch during STS-109, they reported that the actuator would not unlock when the lock tab was moved to the unlocked position
- The crew noticed that the removable handle was partially disengaged from the actuator, so they reseated it and were then able to unlock and unlatch the hatch successfully

Concern:

- Inability to unlock the hatch actuator prevents the crew from unlatching the hatch and entering the airlock for EVAs (crit 1R/2)

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BU-15



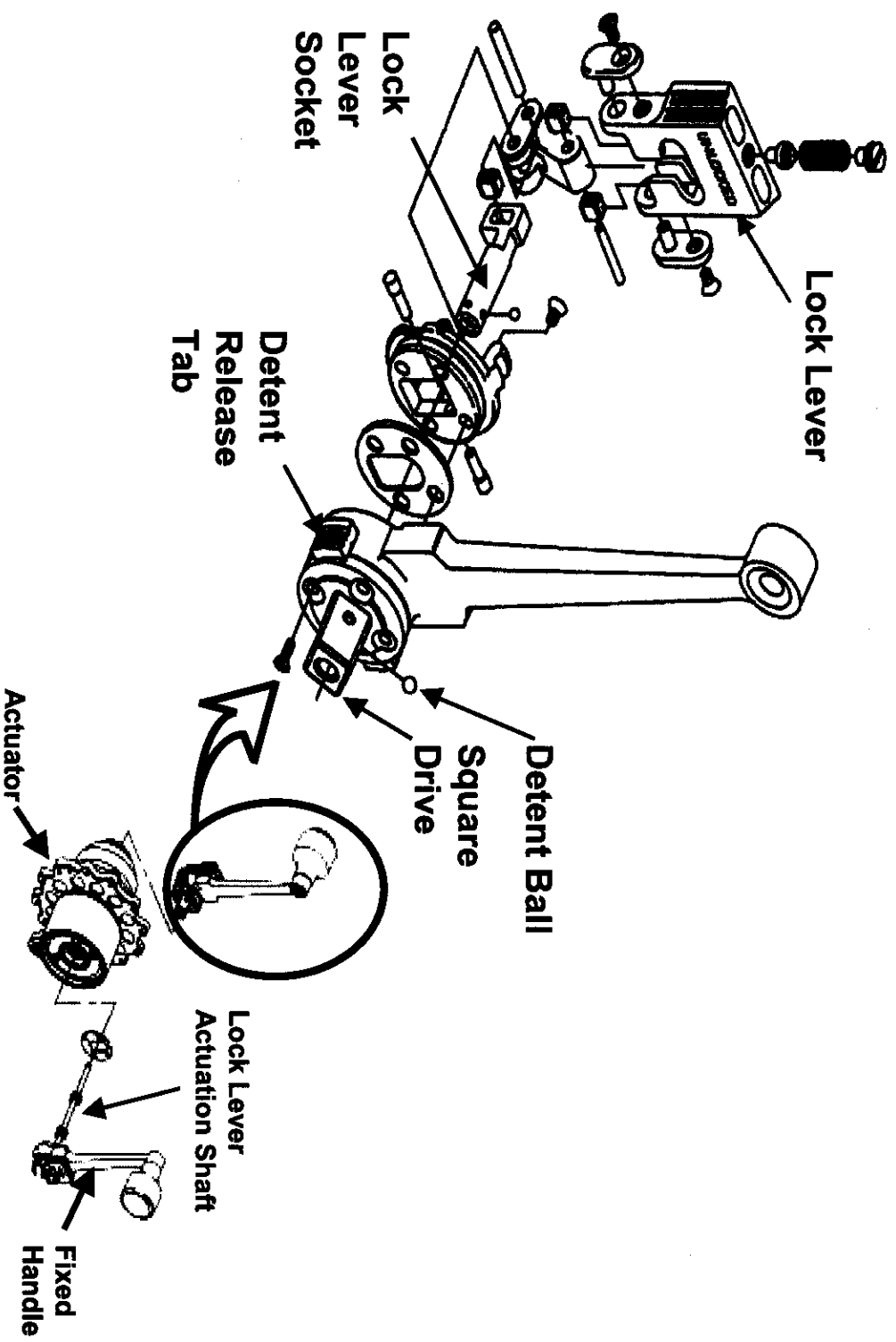
STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

STS-109-V-02: AIRLOCK A HATCH
LOCKING DEVICE DIFFICULT TO
ACTUATE

Presenter:

Organization/Date:

Orbiter 01/09/03



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BU-16



STS-109-V-02: AIRLOCK A HATCH LOCKING DEVICE DIFFICULT TO ACTUATE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Discussion:

- The removable handle on the crew module side of this actuator must be fully seated in order for the lock lever socket to be properly engaged
 - With the handle unseated, lock lever can move separately from the rest of the lock mechanism
- During final hatch closeout for flight, handle was noted to be fully seated, and actuator functioned properly

Actions Taken:

- On-vehicle post-flight troubleshooting revealed that the actuator handle release tabs did not spring back after being depressed
 - Handle became unseated when lock lever was moved
- Removed the handle/actuator assembly and sent it to the NSLD for TT&E and repair

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BU-17



STS-109-V-02: AIRLOCK A HATCH LOCKING DEVICE DIFFICULT TO ACTUATE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Actions Taken / Planned:

- Installed the spare assembly and successfully performed functional testing
- Will re-verify proper handle engagement after platforms are removed before launch
- Will consider adding permanent OMRSD requirement to verify proper handle engagement after platforms removed

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BU-18



**STS-109-V-02: AIRLOCK A HATCH
LOCKING DEVICE DIFFICULT TO
ACTUATE**

Presenter:

Organization/Date:

Orbiter 01/09/03

Risk Assessment:

- All hatch actuators on OV-102 have been functionally tested, with emphasis placed on verifying proper handle release tab operation
- Worst case, inability to unlock the "A" hatch actuator is a crit 1R/2 failure because it results in losing the ability to perform a contingency EVA if required

Flight Rationale:

- The actuator/handle was replaced, and functional verification has been completed
- Permanent OMRSD requirement being considered

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BU-19



STS-109-V-03: MPS 4-INCH RECIRCULATION DISCONNECT SLOW TO CLOSE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Observation:

- MPS LH2 4" disconnect failed to close pneumatically when commanded at MECO
 - Closed via back-up mechanical mode at ET/Orbiter umbilical separation

Concern:

- Failure of the 4" disconnect to close pneumatically in the case of a pre-MECO SSME shutdown or pad-abort results in inability to isolate the affected SSME from the hydrogen in the ET
 - No concern for nominal mission
 - Minor helium loss during entry if disconnect fails to close in back-up mechanical mode

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BU-20

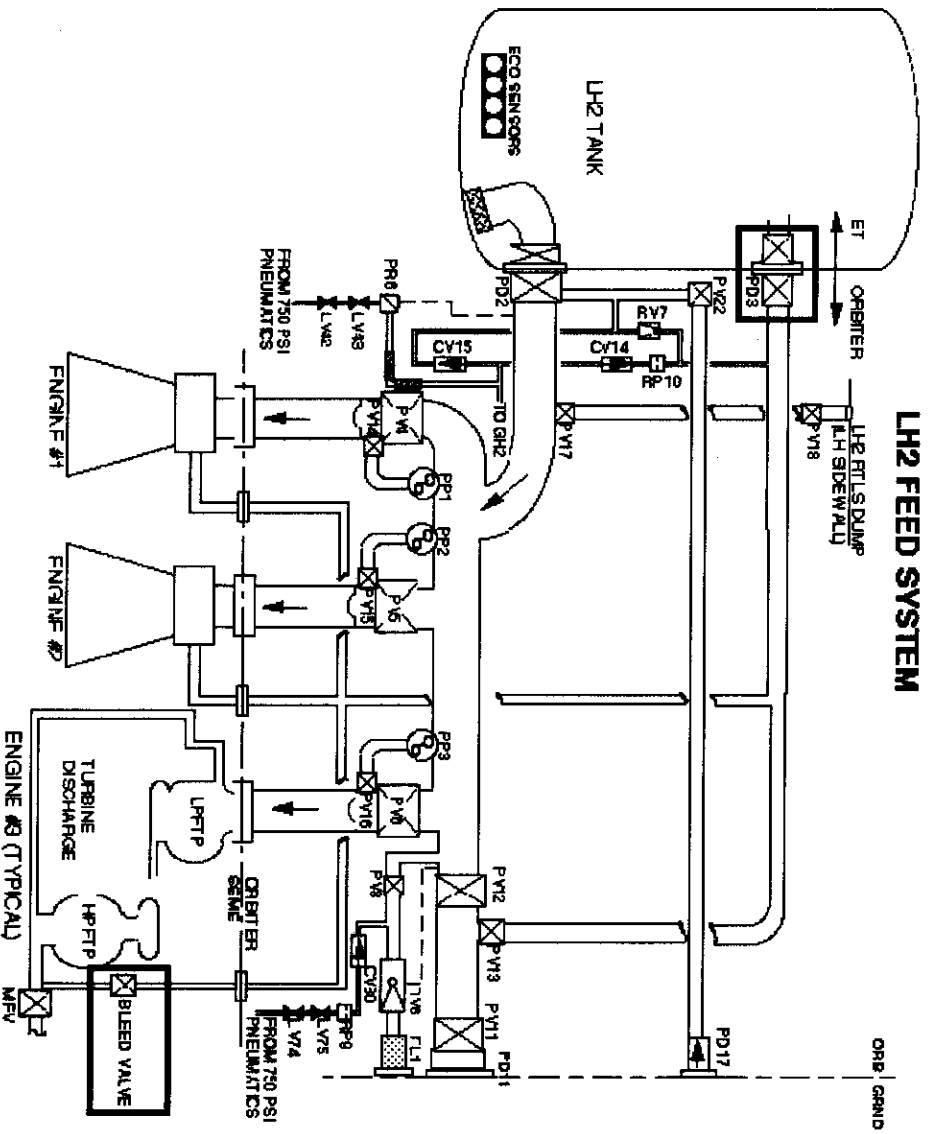


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STS-109-V-03: MPS 4-INCH
RECIRCULATION DISCONNECT
SLOW TO CLOSE

Presenter:

Organization/Date:
Orbiter 01/09/03



BU-21



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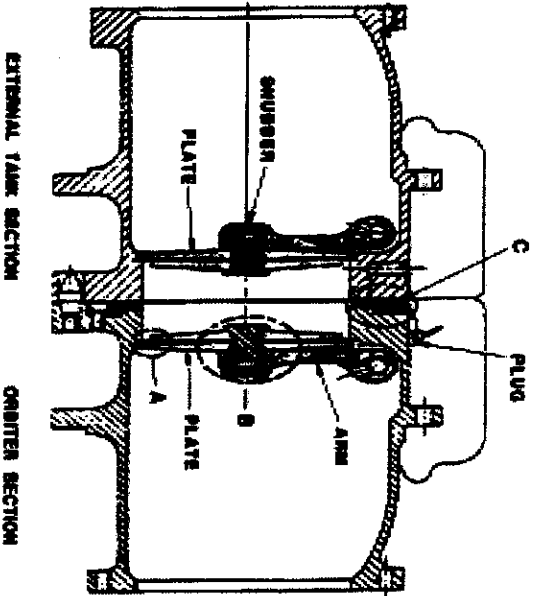
**STS-109-V-03: MPS 4-INCH
RECIRCULATION DISCONNECT
SLOW TO CLOSE**

Presenter:

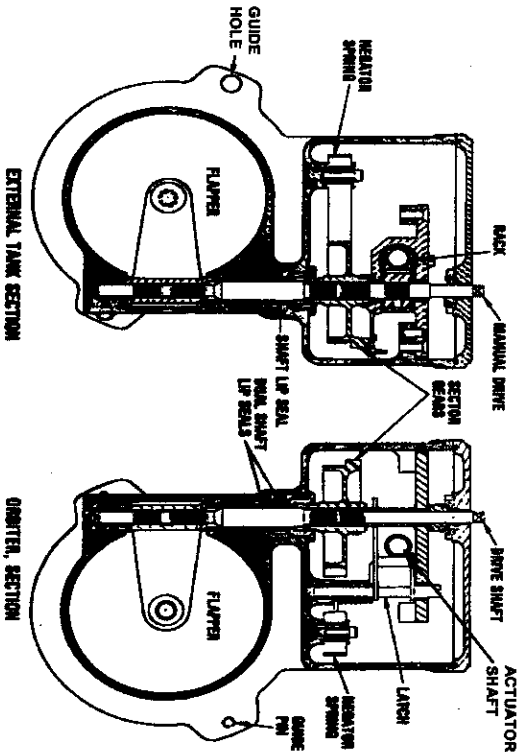
Organization/Date:

Orbiter 01/09/03

Orbiter/ET 4" Disconnect



MATED 4" DISCONNECT



DISCONNECT HALVES SEPARATED



BU-22



STS-109-V-03: MPS 4-INCH RECIRCULATION DISCONNECT SLOW TO CLOSE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Discussion:

- Previous failures of 4" disconnect to close pneumatically:
 - STS-29 – Disconnect failed to close pneumatically, closed at umbilical retract
 - Attributed to icing on ET side rack mechanism
 - STS-55 – Disconnect failed to close following a pad abort until LH₂ topping valve was opened
 - Actuator was replaced
 - During ascent, disconnect failed to close until umbilical retract
 - F/A could not repeat failure – closed as UA
 - STS-89 – Disconnect failed to close pneumatically, closed at umbilical retract
 - F/A could not repeat – closed as UA

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BU-23



STS-109-V-03: MPS 4-INCH RECIRCULATION DISCONNECT SLOW TO CLOSE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Actions Taken:

- Inspection of Orbiter disconnect post-landing for indications of failure
 - Initial runway inspection revealed nothing unusual
 - Borescope inspection found Flourogold spacer (spool which negator spring slides/rotates on) cut and bent in towards springs
 - Scuff mark found on back of housing
- Disconnect R&R complete
 - Borescoped new disconnect and verified no damage
 - Leak checks complete and good
 - Removed PD3 failure analysis to follow
 - Ambient & cryo cycle tests

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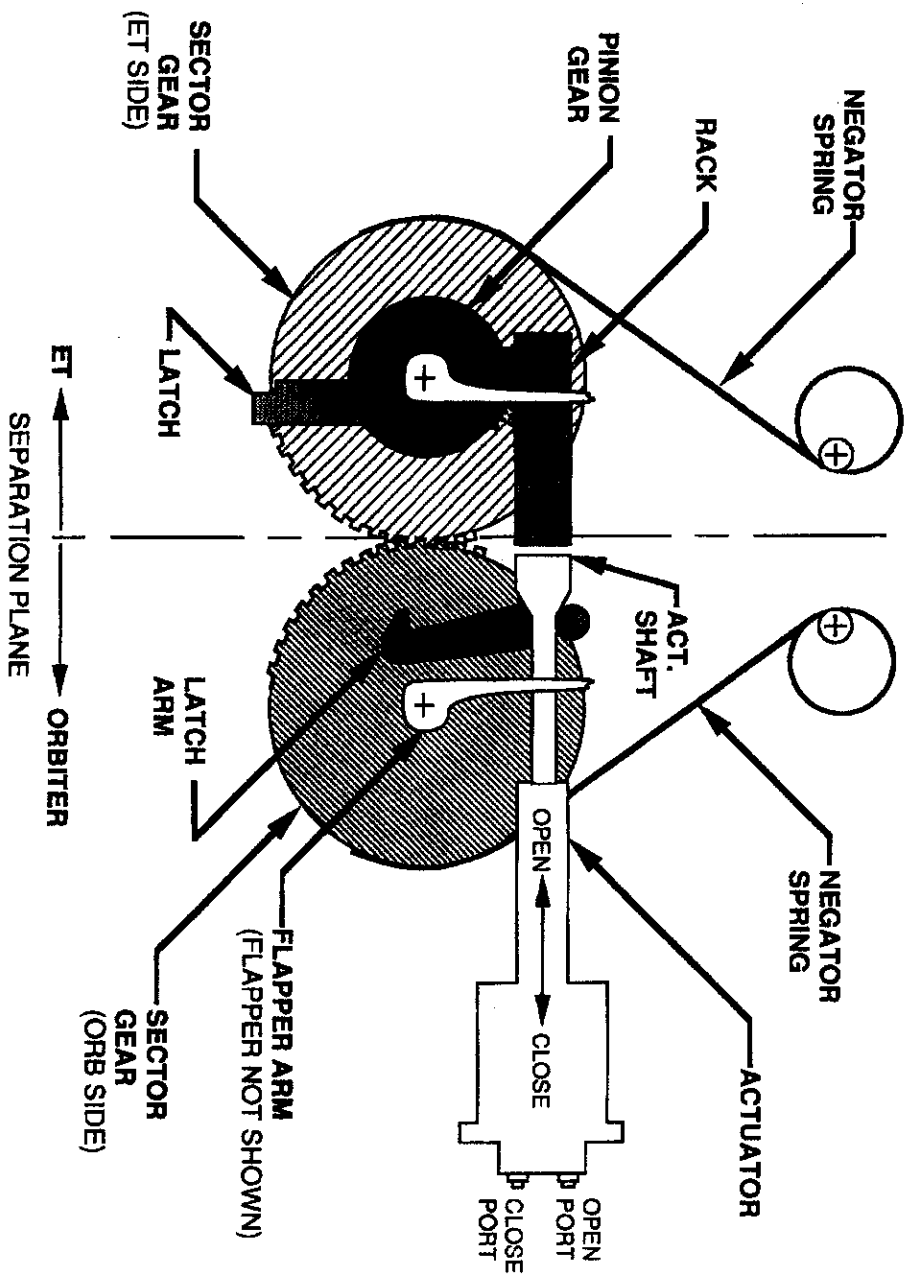


BU-24



STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

<p>STS-109-V-03: MPS 4-INCH RECIRCULATION DISCONNECT SLOW TO CLOSE</p>	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03



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BU-25



STS-109-V-03: MPS 4-INCH RECIRCULATION DISCONNECT SLOW TO CLOSE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Risk Assessment / Flight Rationale:

- Disconnect failure to close pneumatically is only critical for uncontained SSME shutdown
 - Probability of SSME catastrophic shutdown is remote
- Borescoped new disconnect and verified no damage
- OMRS verification of disconnect function accomplished prior to propellant loading
- No history of disconnect failure to close via mechanical back-up separation mode
 - Prevents helium loss during entry

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BU-26



**STS-109-V-04: FORWARD
TRANSLATION HAND CONTROL -X
CONTACT LOSS ANOMALY**

Presenter:

Organization/Date:

Orbiter 01/09/03

Observation:

- During an STS-109 -X NC2 burn (MET 00:17:50), Channel C output from the forward Translation Hand Control (THC) dropped from logic one to zero three seconds before channels A and B

Concern:

- Loss of redundancy due to failure of one output channel on one axis of THC output

Discussion:

- Each of the six axis outputs of the THC has three electrically independent channels
- ATP requirement calls for the three output channels (A, B & C) of each axis to activate within 18 milliseconds of each other
- Observed time difference between state changes of the three channels was considered to be abnormal THC operation

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BU-27



**STS-109-V-04: FORWARD
TRANSLATION HAND CONTROL -X
CONTACT LOSS ANOMALY**

Presenter:

Organization/Date:

Orbiter 01/09/03

Actions Taken:

- OV-102 and OV-105 forward and aft THCs were tested
 - All THCs operated normally during the Off-to-On grip movement in all axes
 - All axes showed little variation in switch-to switch tracking times when the grip was released normally
 - Each THC showed measurable variations in de-activation time between channels on some axes - when the grip was released slowly
- Three spare THCs showed similar operating characteristics when tested at NSLD under ATP conditions
 - All three spare THCs passed ATP requirements

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BU-28



STS-109-V-04: FORWARD TRANSLATION HAND CONTROL -X CONTACT LOSS ANOMALY	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Conclusions:

- The THC anomaly on STS-109 was unexpected, but not unique to the OV-102 forward THC (S/N 002)
- On-to-Off switch tracking time variation larger than the Off-to-On requirement is a normal characteristic of the THCs
- All THCs switch normally when the grip is moved to hard stop, and released cleanly
- A "User Note" should be added by the using organizations to document the possibility of significant switching time differences IF the grip is held somewhere between null and hard stop

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BU-29



**STS-109-V-04: FORWARD
TRANSLATION HAND CONTROL -X
CONTACT LOSS ANOMALY**

Presenter:

Organization/Date:

Orbiter 01/09/03

Risk Assessment:

- For the reported anomaly, the THC is Criticality 1R/3
 - Each of the six axis outputs of the THC has three electrically independent and redundant channels
- The THC is Criticality 1R/2 only for the ET separation maneuver
 - In the event of the failure of the automatic -Z firing to provide ET separation, a manual command input using the THC would be necessary
- 1R/2 Criticality is for a physically jammed THC which would be unable to provide any -Z firing command channels

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BU-30



STS-109-V-04: FORWARD TRANSLATION HAND CONTROL -X CONTACT LOSS ANOMALY	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Flight Rationale:

- Post flight testing has shown that the reported anomaly is an unexpected, but normal, characteristic of the THCs
- Adequate system redundancy is in place
 - THC has three redundant outputs for each axis
- THCs have been functionally verified per OMRS requirements

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BU-31



STS-109-V-05: FES ACCUMULATOR/HI-LOAD FEEDLINE B HEATER SYSTEM 2 FAILURE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Observation:

- FES accumulator/hi-load H₂O feedline B (starboard) heater system 2 zone 4 failed off

Concern:

- Without corrective action, loss of a second heater may result in FES feedline freezing and potential loss of one of the FES water supply systems

Discussion:

- Accumulator line temperature (V63T1894A) and hi-load feed line temperature (V63T1896A) dropped to 50 °F & 60 °F respectively at MET 008:15:15 indicating a heater failure
- The crew switched to heater string 1 and the system performed nominally for the remainder of the mission

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STS-109-V-05: FES ACCUMULATOR/HI-LOAD FEEDLINE B HEATER SYSTEM 2 FAILURE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Actions Taken:

- Post-flight troubleshooting isolated the problem to a bad thermal switch
- Switch (S0V63S51) was replaced and successfully retested
- In addition, the feedline B accumulator line temp sensor (V63T1894A) was not responding during troubleshooting
 - Sensor was also replaced and successfully retested

Risk Assessment:

- Heater is criticality 1R3
 - There are two redundant heater strings per feedline, providing temperature control to prevent freezing
 - In the event of a second heater string failure, a contingency line purging procedure is also in place to prevent freezing and recover the line for entry

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STS-109-V-05: FES ACCUMULATOR/HI-LOAD FEEDLINE B HEATER SYSTEM 2 FAILURE

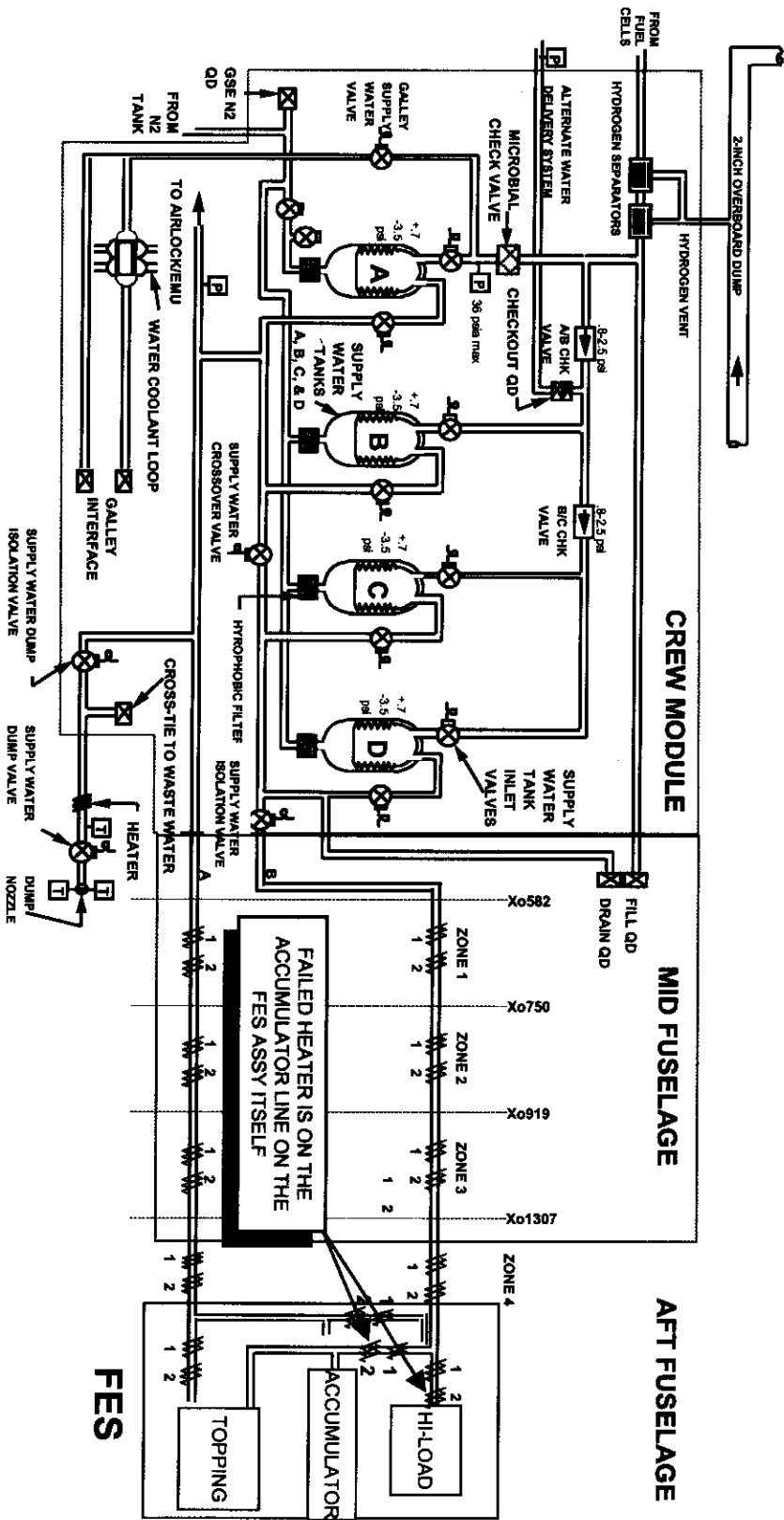
STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

Presenter:

Organization/Date:

Orbiter 01/09/03

SUPPLY WATER SYSTEM



BU-34



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STS-109-V-05: FES ACCUMULATOR/HI-LOAD FEEDLINE B HEATER SYSTEM 2 FAILURE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Flight Rationale:

- Problem was isolated to a bad thermal switch which has been replaced
- Post-repair verification - good results
- There are two redundant heater strings per feedline, providing temperature control to prevent freezing
- With loss of both heater strings, a contingency procedure is in place to purge the affected line to prevent freezing (safing) and allow recovery of the system for entry
- Redundant feedline (A) maintains FES capability

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BU-35



STS-109-V-06: RCS THRUSTER R3R FAILED OFF	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Observation:

- Thruster R3R failed off during RCS hotfire

Concern:

- Loss of RCS thruster redundancy

Discussion:

- R3R (S/N 635) failed off during first commanded firing
 - Chamber pressure (Pc) reached max value of 11.2 psia
 - RM deselected thruster
- Fuel and ox flow was evident by drop in injector temps
- Low Pc and injector temp drop indicate partial flow on one valve and full flow on other valve
- First flight for this thruster since last installation / flushing
- Most likely causes are fuel valve extrusion or ox valve nitrates
- Thruster was deselected for remainder of mission

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BU-36



STS-109-V-06: RCS THRUSTER R3R FAILED OFF	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Actions Taken:

- Failed thruster R3R has been removed and replaced
 - Required entire manifold R&R to prevent sympathetic failures
- Failed thruster sent to WSTF for TT&E
 - Ox and fuel valves passed GN2 response test
 - No contamination found in Pc tube
 - Pc transducer functioned normally
 - Analysis of water flush effluent showed relatively low quantities of metallic contamination
- Cause of failure not conclusively determined, however most likely cause is failure of ox valve to open due to nitrate contamination
 - Evidence of minor ox leakage seen during ground turnaround
- Bellows R&R on other manifold 3 thruster inlet line could potentially allow moisture into system

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BU-37



STS-109-V-06: RCS THRUSTER R3R FAILED OFF	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Risk Assessment:

- Failed off thruster is Crit 1R/3
- Redundant thrusters exist in all firing directions
- Extensive flight history of failed off thrusters
 - Well documented and understood failure mode
- Risk mitigation actions are in place
- Preventative maintenance flushing performed on all primary thrusters at OMM, as well as those used for in-flow replacements
- Full manifold R&R required for any thruster removal to preclude collateral damage
- GN2 chamber purge implemented during turnaround operations to reduce propellant vapor build-up
- Molecular sieve of oxidizer implemented at KSC

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BU-38



STS-109-V-06: RCS THRUSTER R3R FAILED OFF	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Flight Rationale:

- Manifold 3 thrusters were removed and replaced
- Redundant thrusters exist for each firing direction
- Flight rules exist for failed off thrusters
- Not a safety of flight issue
 - RM provides protection by deselecting thruster
- Risk mitigation actions in place to reduce failures

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BU-39



STS-109-V-07: EV1 EMU WATER LEAK & SUSPECT DPS & BC VOLTAGE SPIKE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date: Orbiter 01/09/03	

Observation:

- During the STS-109 mission, the EV1 EMU experienced a water leak of ~1 gallon when the feedwater shutoff valve that feeds the sublimator opened inadvertently

Concern:

- Impact to the crew's on-orbit timeline
- Risk associated with water intrusion

Discussion:

- EMU 1 data indicated a sublimator pressure of 11.8 psia (s/b same as cabin pressure ~10.2 psia) indicating a feedwater shutoff valve leak
- EV1 was powered by EMU Dual Power Supply & Battery Charger (DPS & BC) side 1 and EV2 was powered by EMU DPS & BC side 2
- The two sides of the EMU DPS & BC are independent

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STS-109-V-07: EV1 EMU WATER LEAK & SUSPECT DPS & BC VOLTAGE SPIKE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Discussion (cont):

- EMU DPS & BC may have induced a voltage spike which caused the water valve to open
 - Previous occurrence prior to STS-77
 - Troubleshooting showed that the condition could occur with a specific combination of EMU and DPS & BC
 - DPS & BC output voltage transients were caused by greater than LCD load from the EMU fan when in the speed control mode
 - STS-109 data review did not reveal a spike, however voltage is only sampled at 1 sample/second
- EMU DPS & BC was redesigned in 1997 to limit output voltage overshoot, preventing inadvertent energizing of an EMU shutoff solenoid valve
 - Output voltage is limited to 22 vdc using a "clamp down" feature
- Prototype unit has been tested with EMU suits

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**STS-109-V-07: EV1 EMU
WATER LEAK & SUSPECT DPS
& BC VOLTAGE SPIKE**

Presenter:

Organization/Date:
Orbiter 01/09/03

Discussion (cont):

- Installation of upgraded units across the fleet was delayed to resolve a concern over low charge current status (vehicle instrumentation) during OMRSD testing
 - Issue surfaced during first on-vehicle checkout of new unit
 - Lab testing and analysis determined that a summation of tolerances within the vehicle instrumentation system would cause the low charge current status
 - OMRSD was revised to account for system "losses"
 - New unit has successful missions on STS-110, -111, -112 and -113

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STS-109-V-07: EV1 EMU WATER LEAK & SUSPECT DPS & BC VOLTAGE SPIKE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date: Orbiter 01/09/03	

Actions Taken:

- The new EMU DPS & BC was installed
- Testing to determine cause of anomaly is in work
 - EMU testing indicated no anomaly
 - DPS & BC was tested at the NSLD with no anomalies
- EPD&C PRT concluded that the most probable cause of the STS-109 anomaly was output voltage spikes induced by the old configuration EMU DPS & BC

Risk Assessment:

- No risk for STS-107
- New DPS & BC installed which will prevent a voltage spike causing EMU feedwater shutoff valve to open

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STS-109-V-07: EV1 EMU WATER LEAK & SUSPECT DPS & BC VOLTAGE SPIKE	
Presenter:	
Organization/Date:	Orbiter 01/09/03

Flight Rationale:

- Installation of an upgraded unit addresses the most probable cause of the STS-109 anomaly
 - No EVAs scheduled for STS-107
- Operation of the upgraded DPS & BC with the EMUs will be verified prior to flight
- Upgraded unit has performed successfully on past four shuttle orbiter missions

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STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

	<p>Presenter:</p> <p>Organization/Date: Orbiter 01/09/03</p>
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**CONFIGURATION CHANGES AND
CERTIFICATION STATUS**

BACKUP

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STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

**CONFIGURATION CHANGES
AND CERTIFICATION STATUS**

Presenter:

Organization/Date:
Orbiter 01/09/03

OV-102 STS-107 Modifications and Certification

Mission Requirements

MCRMmodification	Certification Method			Certification Approval Request No.	Approval Date	Remarks
	Test	Analysis	Similarity			
MCR 19240 ET Yoke Assembly Part Number Change				N/A		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updates Orbiter/ET forward attach installation drawing to reflect -510 yoke for light weight ET
MCR 19627 EDO Pallet Logo Update Mission Kit MV0458A				N/A		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adds Boeing/U.S. flag logos on pallet insulation blanket assembly
MCR 23061 New SCM Battery Mission Kit MV0221A FIRST FLIGHT	X	X		01-20-39115204	5/1/02	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replaces expended obsolete 2.8 vdc battery (Catalyst Research 3440) with a new 3.6 vdc battery (Tadtran TL 5134)

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STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

**CONFIGURATION CHANGES
AND CERTIFICATION STATUS**

Presenter:

Organization/Date:
Orbiter 01/09/03

OV-102 STS-107 Modifications and Certification

Corrective Action

MCR/Modification	Certification Method		Certification Approval Request No.	Approval Date	Remarks
	Test	Analysis			
MCR 11618 Hydraulic Pump Washer Change Out	X		04-30-580100-001F	3/26/02	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replaces (18) washers with improved fitting washers and relaxes torque to preclude washer damage
MCR 17177 MPS Helium Tank Gap Verification			N/A		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verifies gap between anti-rotation arm and the adjusting bolt head is between 0.000" and 0.002"
MCR 18755 Sky Gentle Installation Mission Kit MV0807A	X		05-25-661607-001E	5/3/02	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation provides new fastening provisions for attaching the Sky Gentle bags to the flight deck ceiling
MCR 18755 CDR/PLT Seat Actuator Cap Retention Cover Mission Kit MV0225A			07-25-39129185-301F	9/24/02	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adds cover to retain the manual drive mechanism actuator hex cap, which is susceptible to becoming de-bonded
MCR 18755 MA9N Frame Assembly Redesign Mission Kit MV0689A	X		03-25-000907-001B	6/24/02	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fabricates new frame assembly to eliminate interference with the MA16N locker door

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STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

**CONFIGURATION CHANGES
AND CERTIFICATION STATUS**

Presenter:

Organization/Date:
Orbiter 01/09/03

OV-102 STS-107 Modifications and Certification

Corrective Action (cont)

MCR/Modification	Certification Method			Certification Approval Request No.	Approval Date	Remarks
	Test	Analysis	Similarity			
MCR 19285 OMS/RCS Cross-feed Line Heater Installation Modifications				N/A		• Relocates temp sensor & reduces heater wrap concentration correcting off-nominal temperature response observed during the previous flight (STS-109)
MCR 19309 Crew Hatch Carrier Panel FRSI Plugs				N/A		• Installs crew compartment side hatch door external insulation FRSI plugs in open insert holes preventing airflow erosion of sub insulation (filler bar)
MCR 19376 Milison Fastener Redesign			X X	07-25-661612-001F 09-25-660511-001H	7/5/01 6/25/01	• Installs redesigned Milison fasteners on the avionics bays 1, 2, & 3A thermal debris panels (3) and orbiter structure

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STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

**CONFIGURATION CHANGES
AND CERTIFICATION STATUS**

Presenter:

Organization/Date:
Orbiter 01/09/03

OV-102 STS-107 Modifications and Certification

Process Improvements

MCR/Modification	Certification Method			Certification Approval Request No.	Approval Date	Remarks
	Test	Analysis	Similarity			
MCR 11618 Removal of Inactive DFI Tile				N/A		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Completes removal of two Inactive DFI temperature measurements above crew compartment window #2 (deferred from flight 27)
MCR 18224 Flipper Door Material Change Dimensional Check				N/A		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Completes remaining gap measurement dimensional checks confirming proper spacing (no preload) between all castellated nuts and clevis fittings
MCR 19427 Removal of Seal Leak Check Extension from F1 Joint				N/A		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Removes seal leak check extension stem from the leak check port on F1 joint • Improves installation of F1 foam insulation segments
MCR 19555 Flipper Door #1 Blade Seal Spring Modification	X			20-07-198000-001Q	11/16/01	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replaces inboard elevon aerothermal blade seal springs with stiffer springs allowing improved reseal against the elevon mating surface

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STS-107 FLIGHT READINESS REVIEW

**CONFIGURATION CHANGES
AND CERTIFICATION STATUS**

Presenter:

Organization/Date:
Orbiter 01/09/03

OV-102 STS-107 Modifications and Certification

Process Improvements (cont)

MCR/Modification	Certification Method			Certification Approval Request No.	Approval Date	Remarks
	Test	Analysis	Similarity			
MCR 19560 FRCS Thermal Clip Deletion		X		137-01-320101-058H	1/8/03	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deletes thermal transfer clips from interface between FRCS module and lower forward fuselage • Thermal analysis determined that the clips are not required • Deletion reduces ground processing time
MCR 19563 Micro-WIS 12 th Strain Gauge Measurement Addition Mission Kit MV0886A				N/A		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Installation of 12th GFE Micro-WIS strain gauge unit assembly in support of orbiter life certification
MCR 19648 Aft Ballast Shim Modification				N/A		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adds thicker shim configuration and positive stops to preclude shims from sliding out of the ballast containers

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CONFIGURATION CHANGES AND CERTIFICATION STATUS

Presenter:

Organization/Date:
Orbiter 01/09/03

FRCS Dynatube B-nut Retainers Installed by MR:

- Low “break-away” torques noted on LP01 (OV-103) thruster Dynatube fittings lead to pre-load relaxation concern
 - Seal saver from L1A found damaged due to incorrect installation
- OMS/RCS PRT recommended removal of FRC2 to install retainers, ultimately to protect against joint separation due to an improperly installed seal saver
 - FRC2 is only pod/module without safety wire on thruster Dynatube fittings
- Retainers were designed to capture Dynatube fittings with provision for installation of safety cable
- Stress/Dynamics assessment verified acceptability for flight
- FRC2 to be modified to OV-103 & subs safety-wire configuration at next OMDP

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