

NATIONAL AVIATION OPERATIONS MONITORING SERVICE (NAOMS)

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Background

- **White House Commission on Aviation Safety and Security (Gore Commission)**
 - Called for 80% reduction in fatal accidents in 10 years
 - Encouraged NASA to actively participate
- **NASA initiated multi-year aviation safety program to support the Commission goal**
- **Focused Aviation Safety Program (AvSP)**



Challenge

**We need to be able to accurately
measure progress towards the
National Safety goal**



Desired Measurement Characteristics

- ⌘ **System-wide**
- ⌘ **Operationally focused**
- ⌘ **Timely**
- ⌘ **Reliable**
- ⌘ **Valid**
- ⌘ **Flexible**
- ⌘ **User accepted**



Measurement Objectives

- **Better, more comprehensive numbers**
- **Better and more rapid feedback on technological and procedural change**
- **Escape from event-driven safety policy**
- **Create a data-driven basis for safety decisions**



NAOMS will measure the frequency of NAS safety events. NAOMS measures will be comprehensive and statistically valid. They will be used to develop data-driven safety agendas; identify and track NAS safety trends; and assess the effectiveness of new aviation technologies and procedures.

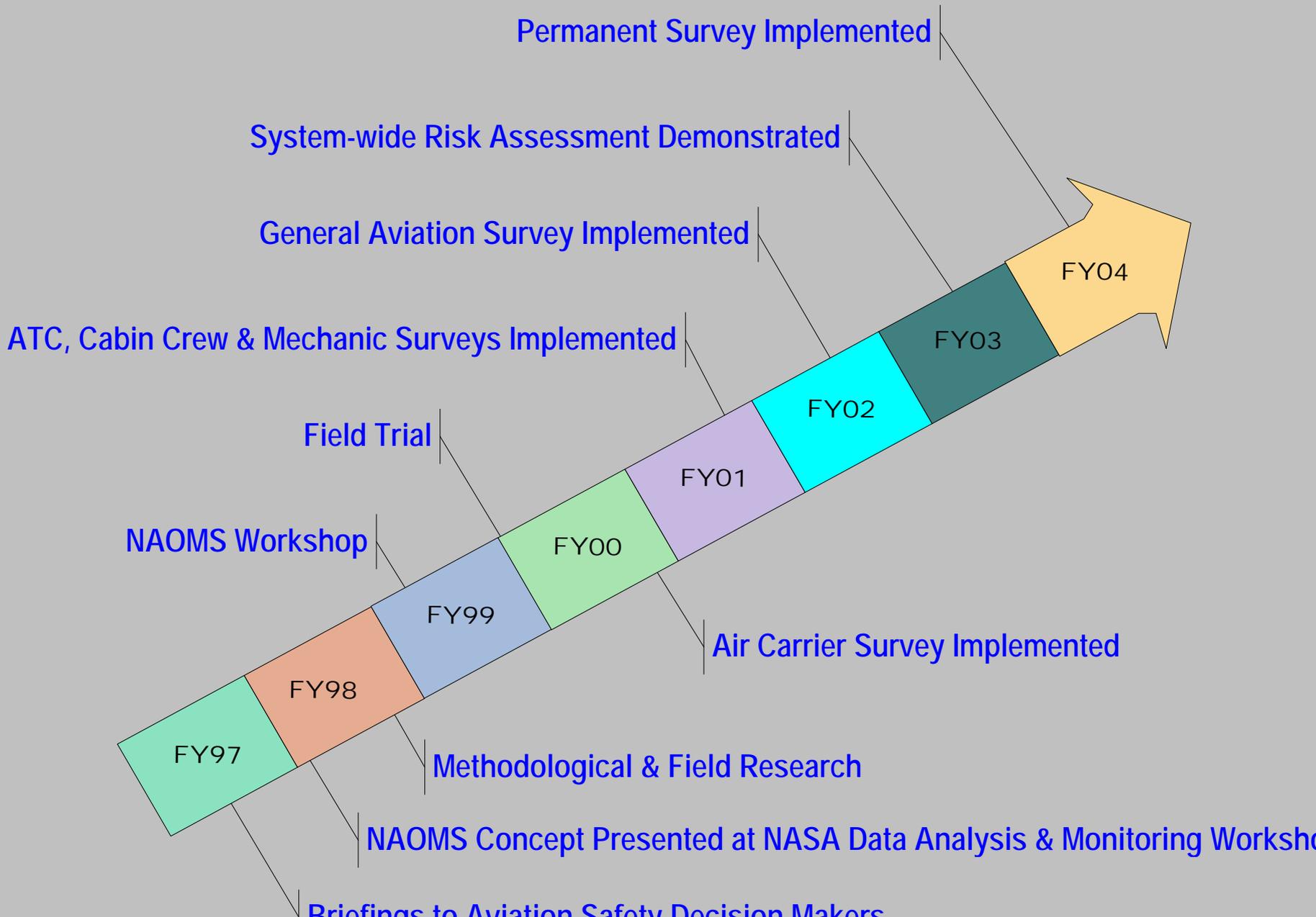
NAOMS Approach



- Regularly survey pilots, controllers, mechanics, flight attendants and others who operate the national aviation system (NAS)
- Achieve scientific integrity by using well crafted survey instruments and carefully designed statistical sampling methods

Insert Other Federal Surveys Slides

NAOMS Development Timeline





Pre-Implementation Activities

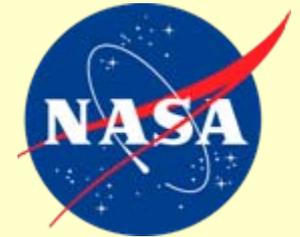
- Engagement of Aviation Community
- Demographic Research
- Focus Group Sessions
- Methodological Research
- Field Trial



Purposes of Field Trial

- **Evaluate methods and survey questionnaire**
 - Response rates
 - Data quality and completeness
 - Data reliability and validity
 - Collection modes
 - Question wording
 - Respondent feedback on survey

- **Estimate scale of a fully operational system**
 - Costs
 - Required sample sizes



Field Trial Specifics

- **Desired Sample Size: 642**

- Randomly selected from Medical Certificate database

- **Alternative Data Collection Methods**

- Mail
- Telephone
- Face-to-Face

- **Survey Sections**

- Flight Experience
- Core Questions (incident experiences)
- Focus Questions
- Questionnaire Feedback

Core Question Subsections
Airborne Spatial Deviations
Airborne Conflicts
Ground Events
Weather and Turbulence Events
Flight Crew Events
Equipment-Related Events
Aircraft Handling Events
Cabin- and Passenger-Related Events
ATC-Interaction Events



Field Trial Status

- Most data have been collected
- Analysis begun
- Interim summary report drafted
- Analysis will continue through February 2000



Field Trial Findings*

Mode	Current Response Rate	Status Unknown	Actual Refusal Rate
Mail	64%	31%	5%
Telephone	67%	24%	9%
Face-to-face	37%	60%	3%

Total number of surveys completed =519

* Findings are of 14 Jan 2000. Data collection will continue to mid-February 2000.

Field Trial Findings: Pilot Comments



■ Confidence that they reported events accurately

- Extremely Confident = 47.3 %
- Very confident = 39.5 %
- Confident = 8.5 %
- Moderately confident = 4.1 %
- Not at all confident = 0.5 %

■ Are the questions relevant to long-term trends in aviation safety?

- Yes = 86.4 %
- No = 13.6 %

Field Trial Findings: Pilot General Comments



- **Positive comments include:**

- “Enthusiasm for the concept”
- “Great concept”
- “Great you are doing it”
- “Good but will it make a difference?”
- “We need more of this”
- “It’s about time”

**TO BE REPLACED
WITH TABULATIONS**

- **No concerns expressed about confidentiality**



Conclusions

- **Methodology validated**
- **Pilots very positive**
- **Response rates high**
- **Data quality goals appear achievable**
- **Confidentiality not cited as a problem**



Next Steps

- **March 1, 2000 Workshop**
 - Present field trial findings
 - Obtain critical input from industry / government partners
 - Discuss future focus
- **Implement survey for air carrier population**
 - FY2000 milestone
- **Initiate development steps with next participant groups**

Current Data System Limitations



- **A number of publicly available data collection programs already exist**
 - SDR / OpError / AIDS
 - ASRS
 - NTSB accident database
 - And others
- **They do not provide**
 - An adequate top down view of NAS safety trends
 - Measure of new technologies and procedures impact



NAOMS Benefits

- Framework for understanding NAS safety performance
- Supplements current and future data systems (FOQA, ASAP)
- Tracks safety trends
- Monitors impacts of technological and procedural changes



NAOMS Products

■ EXPECTED OUTPUTS

- Summarized aviation operational experience data
- Statistically reliable estimates of safety event incident rates
- Near real-time feedback on impacts of new technology and procedures
- Structured NAOMS data sets

■ PRODUCT CONSUMERS

- Decision makers (government and industry)
- Safety professionals and research organizations



Field Trial Findings: Cost

Mode	Cost per Survey
Mail	\$ 60
Telephone	\$ 75
Face-to-face	\$ 225